

3M 2018

# **Presentation of results**

Grupo Catalana Occidente



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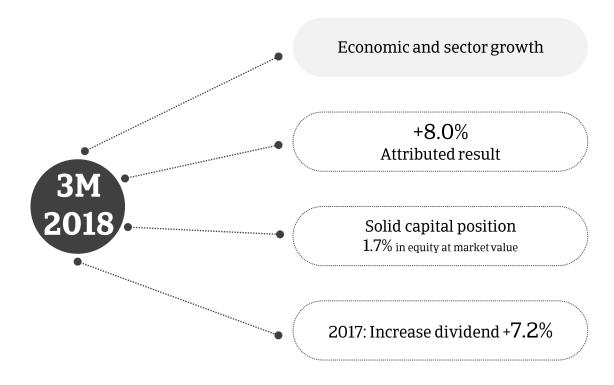


# Keys for the period

At the end of the first quarter of 2018. the Group manages to increase turnover. profit and capital.

01

# Favourable behaviour in the main figures



# Macroeconomic environment

"Higher growth in all markets and a certain rebound in inflation"

#### Global

 $_{GDP} \quad +3.7\% \ _{17} \quad +3.9\% \ _{18e}$ 

 ${\rm Inflation} + 3.1\% ~{\rm 17} \quad + 3.3\% ~{\rm 18e}$ 

#### **United States**

GDP +2.3% 17 +2.9% 18e Inflación +2.1% 17 +2.6% 18e

#### Eurozone

GDP +2.4% 17 +2.5% 18e Inflation +1.6% 17 +1.4% 18e

#### Spain

GDP +3.1% <sub>17</sub> +2.8% <sub>18e</sub> Inflación +2.0% <sub>17</sub> +1.5% <sub>18e</sub>

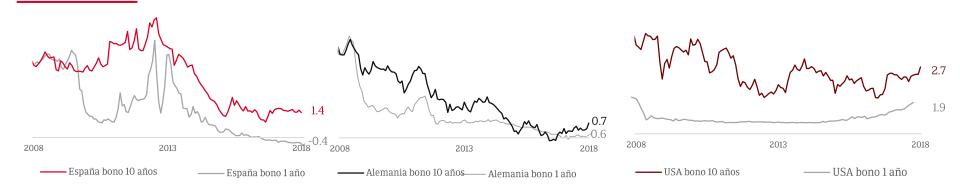
#### Pacific Asia

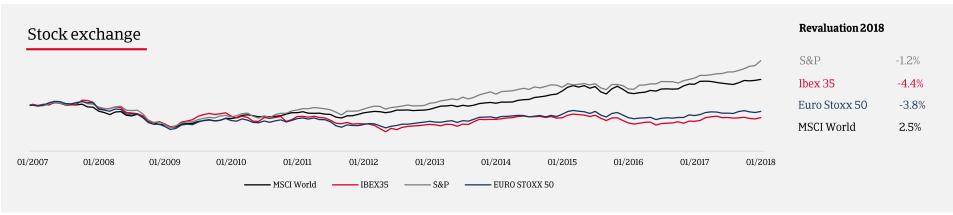
GDP +5.2% 17 +6.5% 18e Inflación +2.5% 17 +3.6% 18e

# Financial markets

Interest rates at minimums and stock exchange

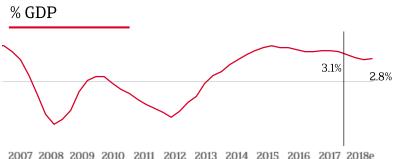
#### Interest rates





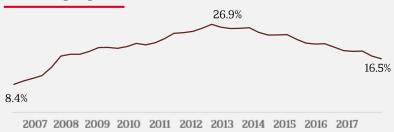
# Situation in Spain

Fundamental solids in Spain with recognition from rating agencies



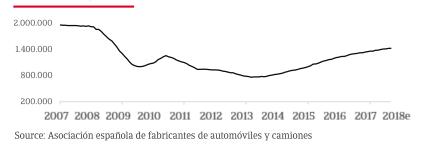
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018e Source: FMI

#### % Unemployment rate

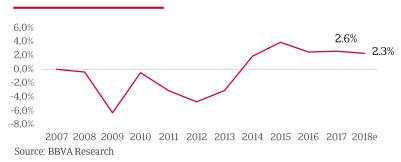


#### Vehicle registrations

Source: Instituto nacional de estadísticas



#### % domestic demand

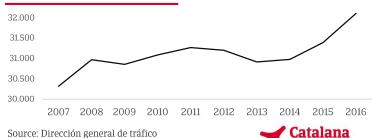


#### Mortgages number



Source: Instituto nacional de estadísticas

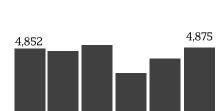
#### Automobile park



# Insurance sector in Spain

Maintains growth in non-life and remains under pressure in life savings

# Insurance sector premiums (€M) 63,393 57,384 -5.3% -2.8% -0.7% 2.1% 12.2% -0.7% 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 **Employees**

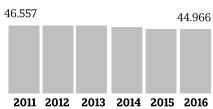


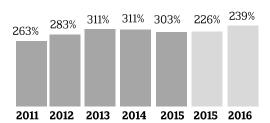
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

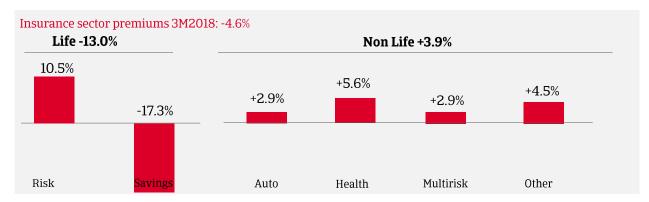
Insurance sector net result (€M)

### % margin solvency I

% solvency II



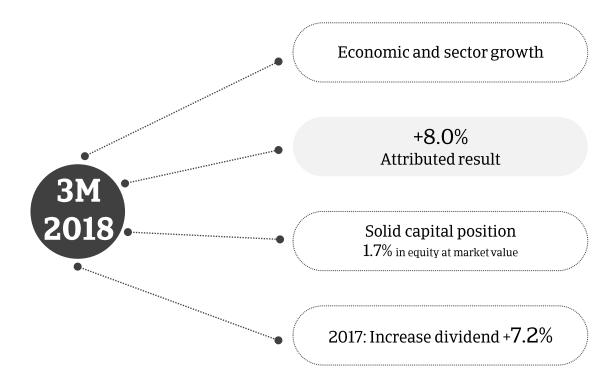






Source: ICEA.

# Favourable behaviour in the main figures





# Grupo Catalana Occidente in 3M 2018

(figures in million of euros)

Income	3M2017	3M2018	% Chg. 17-18
Traditional Business	706.5	711.7	0.7%
Recurring premiums	601.9	619.5	2.9%
Single premiums life	104.6	92.2	-11.9%
Credit Insurance Business	531.6	558.1	5.0%
Turnover	1,238.1	1,269.8	2.6%

+4.0%

Recurring premiums

(figures in million of euros)

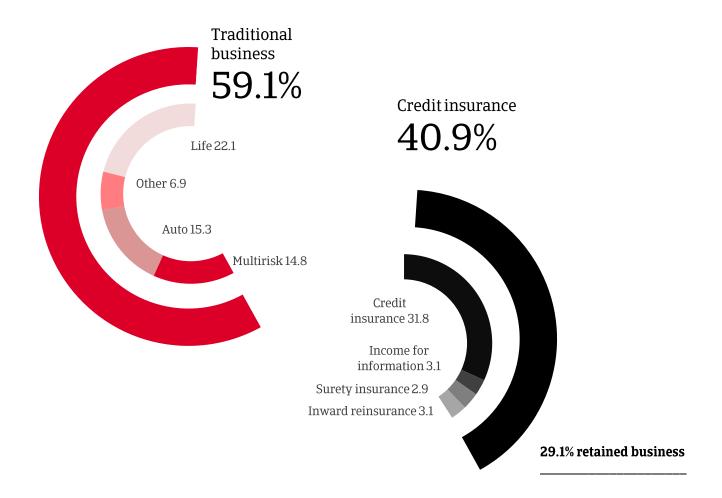
Results	3M2017	3M2018	% Chg. 17-18
Recurring Results Traditional Business	43.0	47.0	9.3%
Recurring Results from Credit Insurance Business	53.5	58.0	8.4%
Non-Recurring Result	-3.8	-4.8	
Consolidated result	92.6	100.1	8.1%
Attributed result	83.4	90.1	8.0%

90.1 M€ +8.0% Attributed result



# Diversification in 12M2017

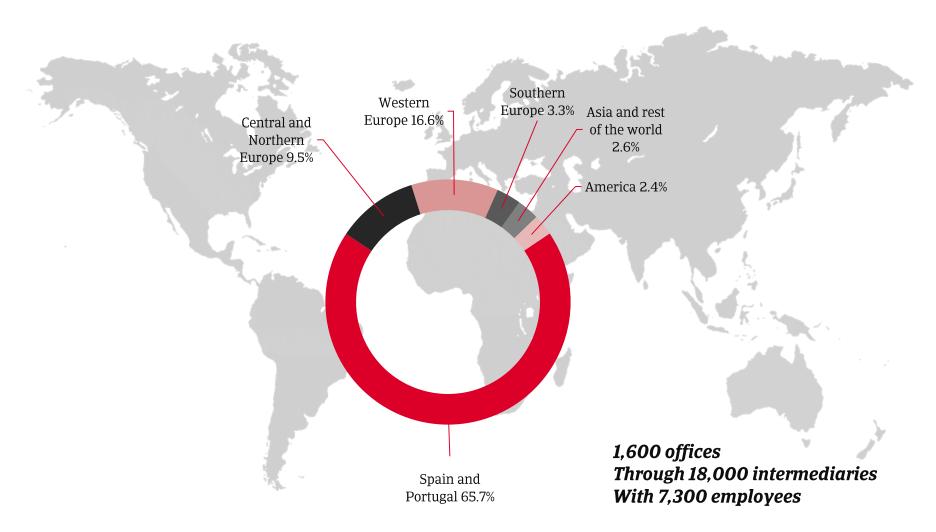
balanced portfolio, complete offer





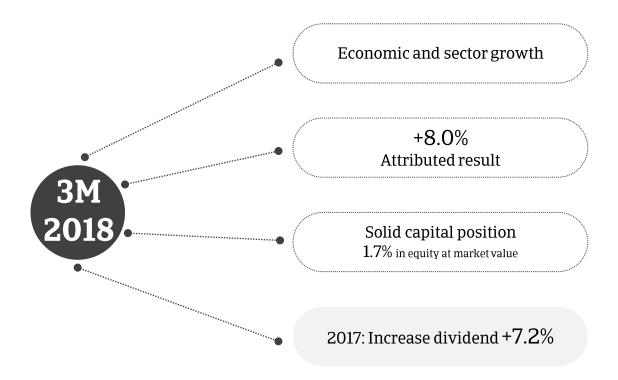
# **Global Presence**

*In over 50 countries* 





# Favourable behaviour in the main figures



# Evolution of the price



Profitability	2015	2016	2017	3M2018	TACC 02-3M18
GCO (%)	33.5	-2.84	18.74	-4.23	16.8%
Ibex 35 (%)	-7.15	-2.00	-2.00	-4.44	4.2%
EuroStoxx Insurance (%)	14.12	-5.60	-5.60	-1.71	4.4%



#### Increase of 7.2% on the dividend

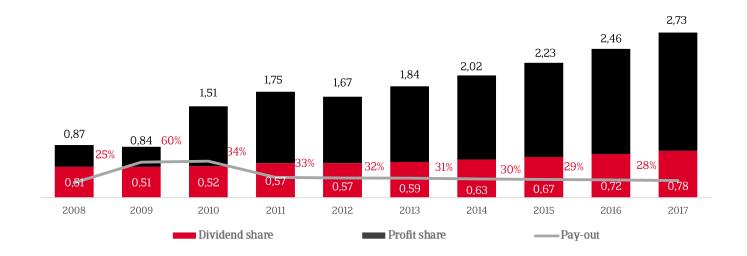
"In the last 10 years, Grupo Catalana Occidente has maintained a growing dividend policy"

Jul. 2017: 0.1440 €/a
+5%

Oct. 2017: 0.1440 €/a +5%

Feb. 2018: 0.1440 €/a
+**5%** 

May. 2018: 0.3431 €/a complementary **+10%** 



# Economic results 3M2018

At the end of March the attributed result increases 8.0%. supported by the growth of turnover and a stable combined ratio

02

# Income statement Traditional business

Credit insurance business Capital, investments and solvency

02

# Traditional business

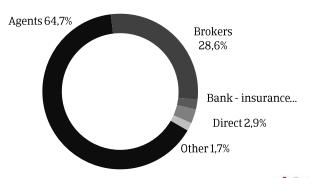
(figures in million of euros)

	3M2017	3M2018	% Chg. 17-18	12M 2017
Multirisk	177.8	179.3	0.8%	631.3
Motor	184.7	190.6	3.2%	651.8
Other non-life	86.4	91.8	6.3%	293.9
Non-life	448.9	461.7	2.9%	1,577.0
Health	17.4	18.6	6.9%	54.5
Funeral	34.0	35.5	4.4%	127.7
Periodic	101.6	103.7	2.1%	394.0
Single	104.6	92.2	-11.9%	362.9
Life	257.6	250.0	-3.0%	939.1
Written premiums	706.5	711.7	0.7%	2,516.1
Written premiums ex. single	601.9	619.5	2.9%	2,153.2

#### **Distribution business**

# Single premiums 13,0% Funeral 5,0% Health 2,6% Periodic premiums 14,6% Motor 26,8% Other 12,9%

#### **Distribution channels**

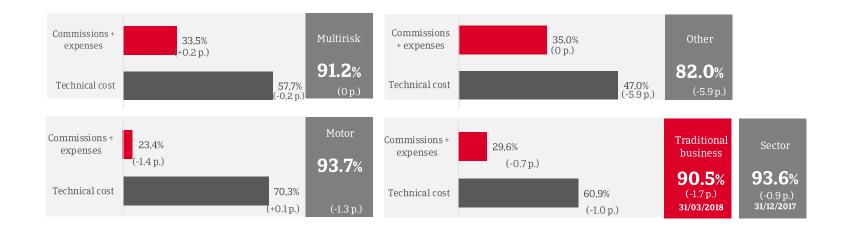


# Traditional business

(figures in million of euros)

	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	12M 2017
Technical result non life	30.1	37.6	24.9%	135.1
Technical result	10.6	12.0	13.2%	47.6
Technical result	40.7	49.6	21.9%	182.8

#### **Combined ratio 3M2018**



# Traditional business

(figures in million of euros)

	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	12M 2017
Written premiums	706.5	711.7	0.7%	2,516.1
Recurring premiums	601.9	619.5	2.9%	2,153.2
Premiums acquired	632.1	633.3	0.2%	2,506.2
Technical result	40.7	49.6	21.9%	182.8
% of premiums acquired	6.4%	7.8%		7.3%
Financial result	17.5	15.6	-10.9%	72.5
% of premiums acquired Complementary act. funeral	2.8%	2.5%		2.9%
business	1.3	1.0		3.6
Recurring result	43.0	47.0	9.3%	179.1
Non-recurring result	-1.8	-4.6		1.44
Total result	41.2	42.4	2.9%	180.5



See annexes: expenses, financial result and non-recurring

#### **Income statement**

Traditional business

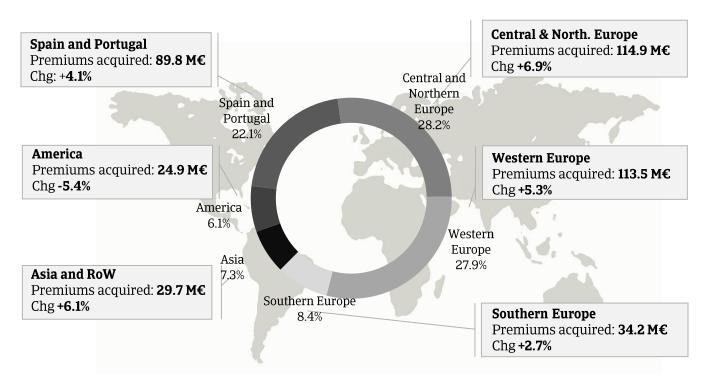
# **Credit insurance business**

Capital, investments and solvency

02

407.1 M€ +4.6%

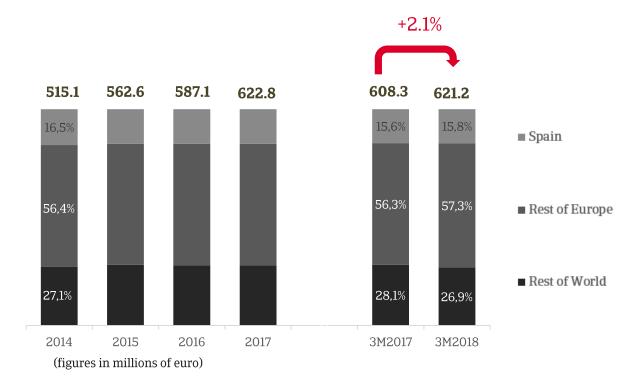
Premiums acquired



558.1 M€ +5.0%

Written premiums and information services

#### **Evolution of cumulative risk (TPE)**





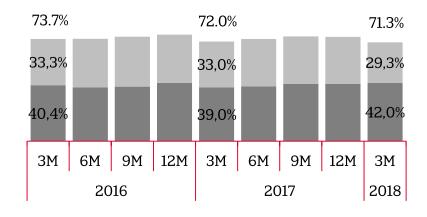
Combined ratio at minimum levels

igures			

	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18
Technical result after expenses	110.3	109.6	-0.6%
% of income	25.0%	24.9%	
Net technical result	76.4	84.1	10.1%
% of income	17.3%	19.1%	

12M 2017
392.9
22.9%
259.2
15.1%

#### Performance of the net combined ratio



Increase in business retention Transfer rate of 40.0% (2.5 p.p less than in previous years)

■ Coste técnico ■ Gastos + comisiones



(figures in million of euros)

	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	12M 2017
Premiums acquired	389.3	407.1	4.6%	1,558.0
Income from information	51.6	52.0	0.8%	130.8
Credit insurance income	440.9	459.1	4.1%	1,718.8
Technical result after expenses	110.3	109.6	-0.6%	392.9
% of income	25.0%	23.9%		22.9%
Reinsurance result	-34.0	-25.6	-24.7%	-133.7
% of income	-7.7%	-5.8%		-8.4%
Net technical result	76.4	84.1	10.1%	259.2
% of income	17.3%	18.3%		15.1%
Financial result	0.0	-1.3		3.3
% of income	0.0%	-0.3%		0.2%
Result complementary act.	1.3	0.0		6.8
Company income tax	-21.6	-22.8	5.6%	-69.9
Adjustments	-2.7	-2.0		-9.6
Recurring result	53.5	58.0	8.4%	190.0
Non-recurring result	-2.0	-0.2		-13.2
Total result	51.5	57.8	12.2%	176.8



See annexes: expenses, financial result and non-recurring

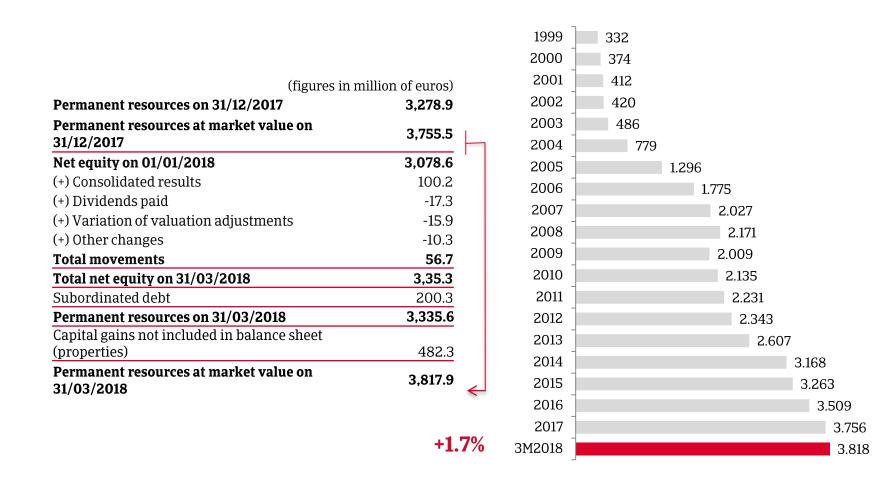
Income statement
 Traditional business
 Credit insurance business

Capital, investments and solvency

02

# Financial strength

At the end of the first quarter of 2018, the Group's capital increased 1.7%, supported by the improvement in results

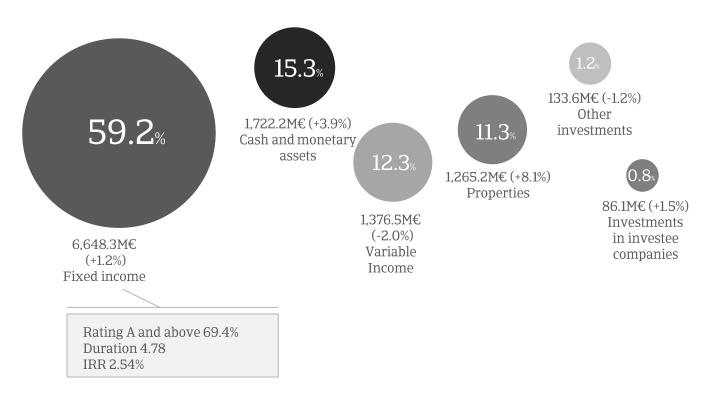


#### **Investments**

The Group invests in traditional assets through prudent and diversified management

# 12,206.9 M€

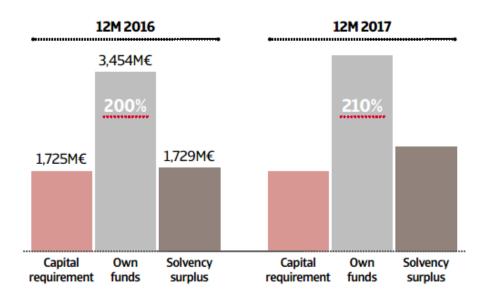
(+1.8% compared to funds under management at the end of 2017)



# Solid solvency position: 210% at the end of 2017

"Grupo Catalana Occidente has a solid financial and solvency position to withstand adverse situations"

Approval of the partial internal model in solvency II



\*Data 2016 standard formula and data 2017 internal model (unaudited)

Maximum quality of own funds (more than 94% of tier 1)

"A2"

Moody's rating upgrade "A2" with stable outlook



Presentation of the solvency and financial condition reporting

May: Group entities

June: Grupo Catalana Occidente



# Calendar and annexes

03

# Calendar

# **Relationships with Analysts and Investors**

January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
	22		26			<b>26</b> 16:00			<b>25</b> 16:00		
	Results 12M2017		Results 3M2018			Presentation Results 6M2018			Presentation Results 9M2018		
	<b>23</b> 11:00		26								
	Presentation Results 12M2017		General Meeting of Shareholders Financial year 2017								
			27 11:00 Presentation Results 3M2018								
	Dividend dividend 2017			Dividend Complemen- tary 2017		Dividend dividend 2018			Interim dividend 2018		

#### **Contact**

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https://www.grupocatalanaoccidente.com/accionistas-e-inversores





# Income statement

(figures in million of euros)

				million of euros)
	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17 -18	12M 2017
Written premiums	1,186.5	1,217.8	2.6%	4,123.5
Premiums acquired	1,021.3	1,040.4	1.9%	4,094.2
Income from information	51.6	52.0	0.8%	130.8
Net income from insurance	1,072.9	1,092.4	1.8%	4,225.0
Technical cost	650.3	652.3	0.3%	2,548.4
% of net income	60.6%	59.7%		60.3%
Commissions	130.0	131.5	1.1%	521.9
% of net income	12.1%	12.0%		12.4%
Expenses	179.3	175.2	-2.3%	717.3
% of net income	16.7%	16.0%		17.0%
Technical result	113.2	133.4	17.8%	437.4
% of net income	10.6%	12.2%		10.4%
Financial result	14.9	9.9	-33.6%	61.2
% of net income	1.4%	0.9%		1.4%
Non-financial non-technical account result	-4.3	-5.5		-23.1
% of net income	-0.4%	-0.5%		-0.6%
Result before tax	125.2	137.7	10.0%	475.5
% of net income	11.7%	12.6%		11.3%
Consolidated result	92.6	100.1	8.1%	357.3
Result attributable to minorities	9.2	10.0	8.7%	31.9
Attributed result	83.4	90.1	8.0%	325.4
% of net income	7.8%	8.2%		7.7%

# Business income from credit insurance

(figures in million of euros)

	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	12M 2017
Written premiums (€M)	480.0	506.1	5.4%	1,607.4
Credit insurance	348.1	366.0	5.2%	1,353.7
Surety insurance	33.9	35.3	4.1%	122.5
Inward Reinsurance	98.0	104.8	6.9%	131.2
Income from information	51.6	52.0	0.8%	130.8
Total income from insurance	531.6	558.1	5.0%	1,738.2
Income from complementary act.	30.3	28.8	-5.0%	121.9
Total income from credit insurance	561.9	586.9	4.4%	1,860.1

	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	12M 2017
% Gross technical cost	40.3%	42.8%	2.5	41.7%
% Gross commissions + expenses	34.7%	33.3%	-1.4	35.4%
% Gross combined ratio	<b>75.0</b> %	76.1%	1.1	77.1%
% Net technical cost	39.0%	42.0%	3.0	41.4%
% Net commissions + expenses	33.0%	29.3%	-3.7	33.8%
% Net combined ratio	<b>72.0</b> %	<b>71.3</b> %	-0.7	75.2%

# Credit insurance business - TPE

(figures in million of euros)

Cumulative risk per country	2014	2015	2016	2017	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	% total
Spain and Portugal	85.165	89.601	93.437	98.714	94.975	98.159	3.4%	15.8%
Germany	77.297	80.398	82.783	86.430	85.194	86.103	1.1%	13.9%
Australia and Asia	69.210	79.668	79.013	84.233	85.790	85.448	-0.4%	13.8%
Americas	59.491	65.464	71.970	73.188	72.045	68.763	-4.6%	11.1%
Eastern Europe	45.925	50.805	55.098	59.253	56.842	60.317	6.1%	9.7%
UK	40.332	45.782	43.794	48.009	45.282	48.650	7.4%	7.8%
France	39.170	40.917	43.323	44.854	43.541	45.264	4.0%	7.3%
Italy	26.929	32.735	37.208	42.242	41.323	41.284	-0.1%	6.6%
Nordic and Baltic countries	23.261	25.883	26.964	28.738	27.894	29.265	4.9%	4.7%
Netherlands	23.152	23.914	25.268	27.636	26.155	28.127	7.5%	4.5%
Belgium and Luxembourg	14.229	14.662	15.708	16.701	15.997	16.762	4.8%	2.7%
Rest of the world	10.954	12.817	12.538	12.830	13.254	13.083	-1.3%	2.1%
Total	515.114	562.644	587.104	622.829	608.291	621.226	2.1%	100%

# Credit insurance business - TPE

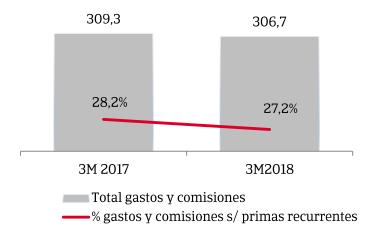
(figures in million of euros)

Cumulative risk per sector	2014	2015	2016	2017	3M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18	% s/ total
Chemicals	63.915	69.797	70.510	74.476	81.935	81.879	-0.1%	13.2%
Electronics	67.007	74.538	78.593	82.783	72.498	73.290	1.1%	11.8%
Durable consumer goods	56.347	60.940	65.324	68.442	66.138	66.954	1.2%	10.8%
Metals	56.286	59.888	58.855	63.419	61.401	64.670	5.3%	10.4%
Food	48.188	52.056	55.640	58.608	57.568	58.782	2.1%	9.5%
Transport	43.705	50.612	53.434	56.930	55.802	56.685	1.6%	9.1%
Construction	37.238	41.147	43.133	46.896	45.371	47.422	4.5%	7.6%
Machinery	31.629	33.902	34.734	37.137	36.163	38.243	5.8%	6.2%
Agriculture	25.932	28.327	30.907	33.318	32.093	33.551	4.5%	5.4%
Construction materials	21.981	24.425	25.387	27.058	26.509	27.313	3.0%	4.4%
Services	21.180	24.113	25.276	26.994	26.278	26.216	-0.2%	4.2%
Textiles	17.722	19.065	19.855	20.562	20.090	20.264	0.9%	3.3%
Paper	12.275	12.747	13.590	13.929	14.122	13.876	-1.7%	2.2%
Finance	11.711	11.088	11.867	12.277	 12.323	12.080	-2.0%	1.9%
Total	515.114	562.644	587.104	622.829	608.291	621.226	2.1%	100%

# General expenses and commissions

(figures in million of euros)

			% Chg.	
	3M 2017	3M 2018	17-18	12M 2017
Traditional business	74.2	73.8	-0.6%	311.6
Credit insurance business	100.9	100.8	-0.1%	400.8
Non-recurring expenses	4.2	0.6		4.8
Total expenses	179.3	175.2	-2.3%	717.3
Commissions	130.0	131.5	1.1%	521.9
Total expenses and commissions	309.3	306.7	-0.8%	1.239.2
% expenses and commissions out recurring premiums	28.2%	27.2%		32.8%





## Financial result

(figures in million of euros)

		1	` 0	I
			% Chg.	
	3M 2017	3M 2018	17-18	12M 2017
Financial income net of expenses	59.2	47.6	-19.6%	221.1
Exchange Differences	0.0	0.0		-0.5
Subsidiary companies	0.2	0.0		0.7
Interests applied to life	-41.9	-32.0	-23.7%	-148.7
Recurring financial results traditional business	17.5	15.6	-10.9%	72.5
% of premiums acquired	2.8%	2.5%		2.9%
Financial income net of expenses	4.2	2.6	-38.1%	15.3
Exchange Differences	-0.7	-1.2	71.4%	0.5
Subsidiary companies	0.7	1.6	128.6%	4.3
Interests subordinated debt	-4.2	-4.2	0.0%	-16.9
Recurring financial results from credit	0.0	-1.3		3.3
insurance				
% of net income from insurance	0.0%	-0.3%		0.2%
Intra-group interest adjustment	-1.9	-1.6		-7.0
Adjusted recurring financial results from credit insurance	-1.9	-2.9		-3.7
Recurring financial results	15.6	12.7	-19.1%	68.9
% of total Group Income	1.5%	1.2%		1.6%
Non-recurring financial results	-0.7	-2.9		-7.7
Financial result	14.9	9.9	-33.6%	61.2

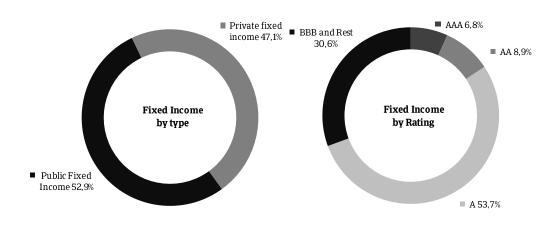
# Non-recurring result

(figures in million of euros)

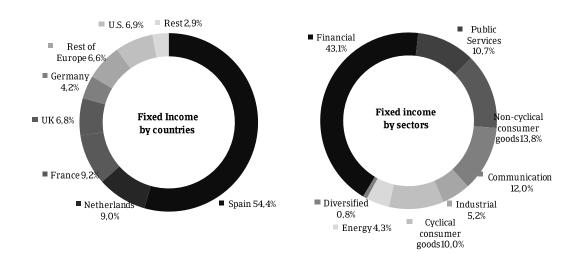
	3M 2017	3M 2018	12M 2017
Financial	-1.8	-3.8	6.2
Expenses and other	0	-0.8	-4.8
Non-recurrent from traditional business	-1.8	-4.6	1.4
Financial	1.2	0.3	-8.8
Expenses and other	-3.2	-0.5	-4.4
Non-recurring from credit insurance business	-2.0	-0.2	-13.2
Non-recurring result net of taxes	-3.8	-4.8	-11.8

## **Investments**

# High quality fixed income portfolio



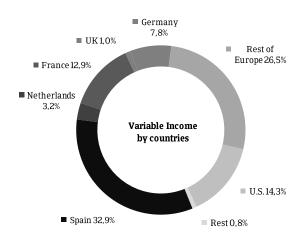
Duration 4.78 IRR 2.54%

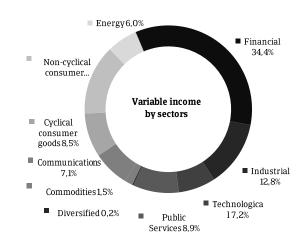




## Investments in cash equivalents

# High liquidity 12.3% variable income





## Balance sheet

		(figures in	million of euros)
Assets	12M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18
Intangible assets and property	1,218.8	1,237.8	1.6%
Investments	10,596.9	10,808.5	2.0%
Investment property	382.8	470.6	22.9%
Financial investments	8,957.9	9,187.0	2.6%
Cash and short-term assets	1,256.2	1,150.9	-8.4%
Reinsurer participation in technical provisions	842.5	867.9	3.0%
Other assets	1,543.2	1,658.8	7.5%
Deferred tax assets	84.3	86.8	3.0%
Credits	946.4	983.5	3.9%
Other assets	512.5	588.4	14.8%
Total assets	14,201.4	14,572.9	2.6%

Net liabilities and equity	12M 2017	3M 2018	% Chg. 17-18
Permanent resources	3,278.9	3,335.6	1.7%
Net equity	3,078.6	3,135.3	1.8%
Parent company	2,752.6	2,803.5	1.8%
Minority interests	326.0	331.8	1.8%
Subordinated liabilities	200.3	200.3	0.0%
Technical Provisions	9,425.2	9,598.9	1.8%
Other liabilities	1,497.3	1,638.4	9.4%
Other provisions	165.2	164.7	-0.3%
Deposits received on buying reinsurance	57.7	56.7	-1.7%
Deferred tax liabilities	332.6	340.9	2.5%
Liabilities	618.7	728.0	17.7%
Other liabilities	323.1	348.1	7.7%
Total net liabilities and equity	14,201.4	14,572.9	2.6%



## Challenges for 2018

"The guidelines for the financial year 2018 are based on the three strategic pillars of the Group: growth, profitability and solvency. We understand that the best way to give continuity to the achievements we are achieving is to reaffirm our strategic principles"

#### growth

- Increase the size of agencies and strengthen specialized networks
- Advance accessibility: digitization / connectivity
- Prioritize the "client concept" in management



#### **Profitability**

Incorporate variables and processes that deepen customer segmentation Adapt the management of investments to liabilities and obligations of the business Advance in the systems integration project



#### Solvency

- Make the company attractive for employees
- Advancing innovation by incorporating it into management Strengthen the brand, associated with our values and as an element of connection





## Grupo Catalana Occidente

The business model of the Group is based on leadership in protection and long-term welfare for families and companies in Spain and on the coverage of commercial credit risks at the international level, seeking growth, profitability and solvency.

### Insurance specialist



- Over 150 years of experience
- Complete offer
- Sustainable and socially responsible model

### Closeness – global presence



- Distribution of intermediaries
- Over 18,000 agents
- 7,300 employees
- Over 1,600 offices
- Over 50 countries

#### Solid financial structure



- Listed on the Stock exchange
- "A" Rating
- Stable, committed shareholders

### Technical rigour



- Excellent combined ratio:
- Strict cost control
- 1999-2017: profitable multiplied by 10
- Prudent and diversified investment portfolio

### Global Presence

SaudiArabia Dubai(\*\*) Europe

Austria Belgium

Vienna NamurAntwerp

CzechRepublic

Prague

Denmark Finland

CopenhagerArhus Helsinki

Amsterdan0mmen

France ParisBordeauxCompiègnd.ille.Lyon.MarseilleNancyOrléansRennesStrasbourgCoulouse

Germany

CologneBerlinBidefeldBremenDortmund FrankfurEreiburgHamburgHanoverKassel.

MunichNurember&tuttgart

Greece Hungary Ireland

Italy

Athens Budapest Dublin RomeMilan Luxembourg Luxembourg

Netherlands

Norway Oslo Poland

WarsawKrakowPoznanJelen&ora Portugal LisbonPorto Moscow(\*\*\*) Russia

Slovakia Bratislava

Spain País Vasco. Cataluña. Galicia. Andalucía. Asturias. Cantabria. La Rioja. Murcia.

Comunidad Valenciana. Aragón. Castilla la Mancha. NaChgra. Extremadura. Madrid.

Castilla-Leon. Islas Baleares. Islas Canarias. Ceuta y Melilla.

Sweden Stockholm

Switzerland ZurichLausann Lugano

Turkey Istanbul

UnitedKingdom CardiffBelfastBirmingharhondonManchester

Middle East

Israel Tel Aviv(\*) Lebanon Beiru(\*) UnitedArabEmirateBubai \*\*)

Saudi Arabia Dubai (\*\*) Asia

China Shangha(\*\*\*) HongKong HongKong India Mumba(\*\*\*) Indonesia Jakart(\*\*) Japan Tokyo KualaLumpuf\*\*) Malaysia Philippines Manila(\*\*) Singapore Singapore

Taipei(\*\*) Taiwan Thailand Bangkok\*\*) Vietnam Hanoi(\*\*) Africa

Kenva Nairob(\*) SouthAfrica Johannesbu(g\*)

Tunisia Tunis(\*)

Americas

Argentina BuenosAires(\*) Brazil SãoPaulo

Canada Almont@Ontario)Mississaug@Ontario)Duncan

(BritishColumbia) Santiagode Chile(\*)

Chile Mexic City. Guadalajar Monterrey. Mexico

Peru Lima(\*)

USA HuntValley(Maryland)Chicago(Illinois)Los

Angeles(California)NewYork(NewYork)

Oceania

Australia SydneyBrisbaneMelbournePerth

NewZealand Wellington

(\*) Asociación y acuerdos colaboración

(\*\*\*) Servicios establecido con partners locales



# Corporate structure

### Grupo Catalana Occidente - Sociedad dominante

Sociedades de seguros	Sociedades complementarias de seguros	Sociedades de inversión
Crédito y Caución Seguradora de Crédito e Grantias Brazil		
Atradius Rus Credit Insurance	Graydon	
Atradius Seguros de Crédito México	Iberinform Internacional	Atradius Finance
Atradius ATCI	Atradius Information Services	Atradius Participations Holding
Atradius Re	Atradius Duch State Business	Atradius NV
Atradius Crédito y Caución	Atradius Collections	Grupo Compañía Española Crédito y Caución S.L.
	Arroita 1878	
	Grupo Funeuskadi	
	Calboquer	
	Asitur Asistencia	
	GCO Contact Center	
	Prepersa, AIE	
	GCO Tecnología y Servicios	GCO Activos inmobiliarios
	Cosalud Servicios	Previsora Inversiones SICAV
Previsora Bilbaina Vida	CO Capital Ag. Valores	Hercasol SICAV
Previsora Bilbaina Seguros	Inversions Catalana Occident	Gesiuris
GCO Re	Bilbao Telemark	Sogesco
Plus Ultra Seguros	Previsora Bilbaina Agencia de Seguros	Bilbao Hipotecaria
NorteHispana Seguros	5. Órbita	Catoc SICAV
Seguros Bilbao	Bilbao Vida	GCO Gestora de Pensiones
eguros Catalana Occidente	Tecniseguros	GCO Gestión de Activos

NEGOCIO TRADICIONAL

NEGOCIO SEGURO DE CRÉDITO



## Risk strategy

Grupo Catalana Occidente defines its risk strategy based on the risk appetite and tolerance, and ensures that integration of the same with the business plan permits compliance with the risk appetite approved by the board.

The risk strategy consists of:

### 

Risk assumed in terms of solvency.

### 

Risk in terms of solvency that the entity intends to accept in order to reach its objectives.

#### 

Maximum deviation with regards to the Appetite that the company is willing to assume (tolerate).

#### 

Operative limits established in order to comply with the Risk Strategy.

#### ▶ Alert indicators

In addition, the Group avails of a series of early warning indicators that serve as a base, both for monitoring the risks and for compliance with the risk appetite approved by the board of administrators.

Risk map

Risk map	Description	Management	Mitigation	
Subscription risk Non-Life	Control of underwriting and claims through strict control of the combined ratio and the <i>default</i> risk in the credit area, supported by the reinsurance policies too.	Subscription and reserve policies. Reinsurance policy. Manual and technical regulations for subscription.	Reinsurance and strict control of the combined ratio.	
Subscription risk for life, health and funeral.	Control of subscription, claims and value of the portfolio, also supported by the reinsurance policies.	Subscription and reserve policies. Reinsurance policy. Manual and technical regulations for subscription.	Reinsurance and strict control of the subscription of risks.	
Market risk	Detailed analysis of the asset-liability management (ALM), as well as sensitivity analysis for future scenarios.	Investment policy. Management based on the principle of prudence.	Asset management based on the principle of prudence.  *Control of the different types of portfolio and the management objectives of each one.  *Liability commitments to cover.  *Type of investments considered appropriate for investment.  *Credit diversification and rating limits to maintain	
Counterparty risk	Control of credit rating of the principal financial counterparties and rating of the reinsurance table. Exposure from commercial credit risk with agents and the age of the debt is also monitored.	Reinsurance policy. Investment policy.	Reinsurance with counterparties with good credit rating. Diversified investment portfolio with high rating	
Operational risk	Control of the inherent risk and residual risk through the implementation of preventative controls and mitigation in the case of an event.	Contingency plans. Data quality and safety policy. Code of Ethics. Procedure in cases of irregularities and fraud (report channel).	Implementation of an efficient internal control system.	
Liquidity risk	Control of company liquidity and obligations.	Investment policy.	Low debt ratio	
Strategic risk	Controlled by the Board of Directors and the steering committee through the strategic plan and the guidelines of the Group.	Strategic plan and Medium term plan	Continuous surveillance of the regulatory frameworks allowing the entity to adopt best	
Regulatory non- compliance risk	Guidance and control for regulatory compliance and evaluation of the impact of any modification on the legal environment.	Code of Conduct. Regulatory compliance policy.	practices and the most efficient and rigorous criteria for implementation.  Frequent contact with the rating agencies	
Reputational risk	Continuous improvement of customer service and the image of the Group and of the risks that may have an impact on the Group.	Procedure in the case of irregularities. Code of Conduct. Code of Ethics. Skill and honour policy.	Implementation of an efficient internal control system.	



# Fundación Jesús Serra



Fundación Jesús Serra is the institution through which the social action of Grupo Catalana Occidente is channelled.

Its activities follow the humanist values of its founder, Jesús Serra Santamans

Research and teaching







## More than just insurance...

... participates in **over 60 projects** in the areas of the company, education, research, culture, sport and social action

# Glossary

Concept	Definition	Formulation
Technical result	Result of the insurance activity	<b>Technical result</b> = Income from insurance - Technical cost - Commissions - Expenses
Reinsurance result	Result of transferring business to the reinsurer or accepting business from other entities.	<b>Reinsurance result</b> = Result of inward reinsurance + Result of ceded reinsurance
Financial result	Result of the financial investments.	<b>Financial result =</b> income from financial assets (coupons, dividends, actions) - financial expenses (commissions and other expenses) + result of subsidiary companies - interest accrued on the debt - interest paid to the insured parties of the life insurance business
Technical/financial result	Result of the insurance activity, including the financial result. This result is particularly relevant for Life insurance.	<b>Technical/financial result =</b> Technical result + Financial result
Result of non- technical non- financial account	Income and expenses that cannot be assigned to the technical or financial results.	<b>Result of non-technical non-financial account =</b> Income - expenses that cannot be assigned to the technical or financial results.
Result of credit insurance complementary activities	Result of activities that cannot be assigned to the purely insurance business.  Mainly distinguishes the activities of:     Information services     Collections     Management of the export account of the Dutch state.	Result of credit insurance complementary activities = income - expenses
Recurring result	Result of the normal activity of the entity	<b>Recurring result =</b> technical/financial result + non-technical account result - taxes, all resulting from normal activity
Non-recurring result	Extraordinary or atypical movements that may undermine the analysis of the income statement.  These are classified depending on their nature (technical, expenses and financial) and by business type (traditional and credit insurance)	<b>Non-recurring result =</b> technical/financial result + non- technical account result - taxes, all resulting from extraordinary or atypical activity
Turnover	Turnover is the business volume of the Group. It includes premiums that the Group generates in each of the business lines and the income from services pertaining to the credit insurance.	<b>Turnover =</b> Premiums invoiced + Income from information <b>Premiums invoiced =</b> premiums issued from direct insurance + premiums from inward reinsurance



Managed funds	Amount of the financial and property assets managed by the Group	Managed funds = Financial and property assets entity risk + Financial and property assets policyholder risk + Pension funds managed Funds managed = fixed income + variable income + property + deposits in credit entities + treasury + investee companies
Financial strength	This shows the debt and solvency situation. This is principally measured through the debt ratio, the interest coverage ratio and the credit rating.	Debt ratio = Net equity + Debt / Debt  Interest coverage ratio = result before taxes / interest
Technical cost	Direct costs of accident coverage. See claims.	<b>Technical cost</b> = total claims - claims covered by reinsurance + cost of reinsurance + increase of technical provisions
Dividend yield	The profitability per dividend or dividend yield shows the relationship existing between the dividends distributed in the previous year with the value of the share upon closing. Indicator used to value the shares of an entity.	<b>Dividend yield</b> = dividend paid in the year per share / value of the price of the share upon closing
Modified duration	Sensitivity of the value of the assets to movements in interest rates	<b>Modified duration=</b> Represents an approximation of the value of the percentage variation in the value of the financial assets for each percentage point (100 basic points) of variation in the interest rates.
Expenses	The general expenses include the costs incurred for management of the business, excluding those that can be assigned to claims.	<b>Expenses =</b> personnel expenses + commercial expenses + various expenses and services (allowance, training, management rewards, material and other office expenses, leases, external services, etc.)
Prevalence rate	This measures the customer's expectations of continuing with the entity Scale from less than one year to over 5 years	<b>Retention index=</b> how long do you think that you will remain a customer?
Satisfaction index	This measures the general satisfaction of the customer with the entity Scale from 1 to 10	General satisfaction index = (Satisfied – unsatisfied) / surveyed Satisfied responses with result from 7 to 10 Unsatisfied responses with result from 1 to 4
Service satisfaction index	This measures the evaluation of the service received Scale from 1 to 10	<b>Service satisfaction index</b> = (Satisfied – unsatisfied) / surveyed Satisfied responses with result from 7 to 10 Unsatisfied responses with result from 1 to 4



Income from insurance	Concept used in the credit insurance business This measures the income obtained from the main activity of the credit insurance entity	<pre>Income from insurance = premiums acquired + income from information</pre>
Investments in associated / subsidiary entities	Non-dependant entities where the Group has significant influence	Investments in associated / subsidiary entities = accounting value of the economic investment
Net Promoter Score		Net Promoter Score = Would you recommend the
NPS		company to family and friends? = (promoters - critics)/surveyed Promoters: responses with results from 9 to 10 Critics: responses with results from 1 to 6
Pay out	Ratio that indicates the part of the result distributed among investors through dividends	<b>Pay out</b> = dividend distributed in the year / attributed result
Price Earnings Ratio PER	······································	<b>PER =</b> Market price of the share / result attributed per share
Ex. single premiums	Total premiums without considering non-periodic premiums in the Life business	<b>Ex. single premiums =</b> Invoiced premiums - single premiums in the life business
Technical	Amount of the obligations assumed that are derived from insurance	
Provisions	and reinsurance contracts.	
Combined ratio	Indicator that measures the technical profitability of the Non Life insurances.	<b>Net combined ratio</b> = ((Claims + increase in technical provisions) + Commissions + Expenses) / Income from insurance
Net combined ratio	Indicator that measures the technical profitability of the Non Life insurances net of the reinsurance effect	<b>Net combined ratio</b> = ((Claims - claims covered by the reinsurance + reinsurance cost + increase in technical provisions) + Commissions + Expenses) / (Income from insurance - Premiums acquired transferred to reinsurance)
Expenses ratio	Ratio that reflects the part of the income from premiums dedicated to expenses.	Expenses ratio = Expenses / Income from insurance
Net expenses ratio	Ratio that reflects the part of the income from premiums dedicated to expenses, net of the reinsurance effect	<b>Expenses ratio</b> = (Expenses - commission of transferred reinsurance) / (Income from insurance - Premiums acquired transferred to reinsurance)



Claims ratio	Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and premiums acquired.	<b>Claims ratio</b> = (Claims + increase in technical provisions) / Income from insurance
Net claims ratio	Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and premiums acquired, net of the reinsurance effect.	<b>Net claims ratio =</b> (Claims - claims covered by the reinsurance + increase in technical provisions) / (Income from insurance - Premiums acquired transferred to reinsurance)
Permanent resources	Resources that can be included in own funds.	Permanent resources = Net equity + subordinate debt
Permanent resources at market value	Resources that can be included in own funds at market value	<b>Permanent resources at market value =</b> Net equity + Subordinate debt + capital gains not included in the balance
Resources transferred to society	Amount that the Group returns to the main groups of interest.	<b>Resources transferred to the company =</b> claims paid + taxes + commissions + personnel expenses + dividends
Return On Equity ROE	Financial profitability or return rate This measures the capital performance	<b>ROE</b> = Attributed result / Attributed net equity
Claims	See technical cost. Economic evaluation of claims.	<b>Claims</b> = Payments for claims + Variation of the provision for services
Total Potential Exposure TPE	This is the potential exposure to risk, also "cumulative risk". Term of the credit insurance business	<b>TPE</b> = the sum of the credit risks underwritten by the Group for each buyer



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# Thanks

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