



# **Consolidated Annual financial report 2025**

Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A.



# Consolidated Annual Financial Report Grupo Catalana Occidente, S. A. 2025

Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (GCO) has published its 2025 Annual Report, which was favorably reviewed by the Audit Committee during its session on February 24, 2026, and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors during its session on February 26, 2026. Specifically, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the European Union and audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores S.L.

On March 27, 2025, INOC, S.A., as the controlling shareholder of GCO, announced a voluntary public takeover bid for 100% of GCO's shares. Additionally, the CNMV authorized the offer on October 29, 2025, and an acceptance period was established from October 30, 2025, to November 28, 2025. On December 5, the results of the voluntary public takeover bid launched by INOC, S.A. were published. The offer was accepted for 42,950,434 shares, representing 94.27% of the shares targeted by the offer and 35.79% of GCO's share capital. This level of acceptance led INOC, S.A., on December 5, 2025, to exercise the right of compulsory purchase (squeeze-out) of all GCO shares that it did not own directly or indirectly.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) framework, adhering to the principles of reliability, relevance, and comparability. It provides an overview of the environment, the business model, the strategic approach, and future orientation, as well as the key risks faced by the Group. Additionally, it outlines the Group's governance-related activities.

The scope of the information presented in the report encompasses Grupo Catalana Occidente and its constituent entities. The business evolution in recent years has been closely tied to corporate transactions, which have been formally communicated to the market through the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) publications.

Furthermore, the report includes GCO's Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information (hereinafter Sustainability report), which complies with the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) at the European level, replacing Directive 2014/95/EU. This document addresses Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) topics in detail. Since the Company was delisted effective January 5, 2026, following the notification issued on January 2, 2026 by the Governing Bodies of the Barcelona and Madrid Stock Exchanges, the Company has lost its status as a listed entity. Consequently, the Company considers that, as of the date of preparation of the consolidated management report, the Group is not required to prepare or publish the annual corporate governance report or the annual report on the remuneration of the members of the board of directors corresponding to the 2025 fiscal year.

The Alternative Performance Measures (APM) used in this report correspond to the financial measures that are not defined or detailed in the framework of the applicable financial information. Their definition, calculation and reformulation regarding the financial statements can be consulted in the glossary section and the corporate website.

The report is available on the Group's website.



## **I. Letter from the Chairman**

Dear clients, partners, and shareholders:

Once again, I am pleased to share with you the annual report for the 2025 fiscal year, the first year of our 2025-2027 Strategic Plan.

On January 1, 2025, we opened this new chapter with the integration of NorteHispana de Seguros Reaseguros, S.A. ("NorteHispana Seguros") into Occident GCO S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros ("Occident"), thus completing the corporate simplification process that began in 2022. After achieving this milestone, a cornerstone of the previous strategic cycle, we have begun to move forward with our new roadmap for the 2025-2027 period, designed to consolidate GCO's leadership position in the insurance and funeral services markets, as well as to respond to the new demands of an ever-changing and increasingly competitive environment. To this end, the Plan sets out three strategic priorities: growth, supported by commercial momentum; progress in the digitalization of the three companies that make up GCO (Occident, Atradius, and Mémora); and the promotion of cross-functional collaboration within the organization when developing planned initiatives and projects.

### **Voluntary public takeover bid (VTOB)**

The past year was also marked by another key moment for GCO. On March 27, INOC, S.A., the controlling shareholder of GCO, announced a voluntary takeover bid for all of GCO's shares. The process resulted in an acceptance rate of 94.27% and concluded with GCO's delisting from the continuous market.

### **2025 Highlights**

This new chapter in GCO's more than 160-year history, as is customary within our organization, calls for self-analysis and continuous evaluation.

Regarding growth, the first pillar of the Plan, GCO ended the year having achieved growth across its three business lines. At Occident, developing a comprehensive customer vision is fundamental in this new strategic cycle. Through active listening, our aim is to better understand our policyholders and adapt our value proposition to their specific needs, providing excellent service and omnichannel support for agile service through the customer's preferred channel. In this context, the intermediary plays a key role in the relationship with the insured, ensuring personalized and high-quality service. In line with this, one of Occident's highlights in 2025 was the renewal of our agent recruitment and training program—a pioneering sector-wide initiative that has driven the growth of our mediation network for over 40 years. Now called the Entrepreneurs Program (Empowering Agents for Professional Success), its renewal consolidates it as a



fundamental driver of Occident's growth and successful business model, while reaffirming our commitment to talent and the professionalization of our sales network.

In digitalization and efficiency, the second strategic priority, GCO has continued to invest in new technologies, advancing, among other areas, in the use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) within our business. This has enabled us to achieve more efficient processes, greater agility, and an improved customer experience.

Atradius, the world's second-largest credit insurance provider, has once again demonstrated its strength and growth capacity in 2025, with a business and risk management model that is validated year after year. A particularly noteworthy milestone is that Atradius obtained approval from Lloyd's to underwrite through the Atradius Syndicate 1864, providing a unique and robust solution to both new and existing clients in the European financial sector. In an increasingly volatile global environment, Atradius continues to play a key role within GCO, contributing geographic diversification, risk expertise, and proven management capabilities.

In the funeral business, Mémora made significant progress in its territorial expansion in 2025, integrating Servicios Funerarios Sever, which manages 11 facilities in the province of Zamora, and repurchasing 26 funeral homes previously operated under lease from a U.S. fund. Both operations reflect the company's long-term vision and firm commitment to sustainable growth and providing close, professional support to families during farewells. With the close of this fiscal year, Mémora also begins a new chapter under the leadership of Xavier Fontanet, who takes over as the company's new CEO. I would also like to express my sincere gratitude to Augusto Huesca for his significant contribution to consolidating Mémora as the leader in the Iberian funeral services market.

Elsewhere, GCO Ventures, which celebrated its second anniversary in 2025, has enabled us to advance our goal of driving innovative projects that make a difference in key sectors for the Group. This year, through our corporate venturing vehicle, two new startups were launched: Musky, which provides health and liability coverage for pets; and Aurela, which promotes access to mental health services with a digital and human-centred approach.

### **A Solid Management Endorsed by Leading Rating Agencies**

The excellent results achieved across our three business lines—Occident, Atradius and Mémora—have once again demonstrated that GCO is a solid group and capable of adapting at all times to a changing economic environment. Once again, the main rating agencies have endorsed our business model.

In the past year, GCO received a public credit rating for the first time. Subsequently, in a context of improved sovereign rating for Spain, Moody's upgraded the Group's rating to A3 with a stable outlook. GCO's rating reflects the Group's strong financial position and the benefits of its business diversification. Specifically, the agency highlighted Occident's strong credit profile due to its solid capitalization and resilience to potential sovereign stress, as well as its strong position in the Spanish market and low business risk profile, focused on individual and SME clients. For Atradius, its geographic diversification was noted.

Similarly, A.M. Best once again confirmed the "A" (excellent) financial strength rating and the long-term credit rating of "a+" (excellent), both with a stable outlook, for Occident and Atradius. For Occident, A.M. Best highlighted the strength of its balance sheet, supported by liquidity and low dependence on DL reinsurance, while for credit insurance, the agency emphasized Atradius's sound risk management and positively assessed both its conservative investment portfolio and the geographic and sectoral diversification of its exposures.

### **Committed to Sustainability**

We are at the midpoint of our Sustainability Master Plan, which sets the course for sustainability through 2026 under four main pillars: Good Governance, sustainable Business, social Commitment, and environmental responsibility.

Under good governance, GCO once again linked a portion of senior management's variable remuneration to the achievement of ESG objectives in 2025.

Regarding sustainable business, the sustainable investment target was improved from 10% to 12%. In the area of Social Commitment, we launched new sustainability training for Occident employees, as well as a training program focused on AI. The Group also promoted the "Clean-up Day" volunteer initiative, focused on cleaning up natural environments in various countries where we operate. In Spain, this initiative involved a total of 721 hours of corporate volunteering for cleaning beaches and reservoirs in Madrid, Barcelona, and Getxo (Bizkaia), in collaboration with the ECOMAR Foundation, setting a new record by collecting over 1.4 tons of waste.

In environmental responsibility, one of the most significant milestones of the year was setting various CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction targets for 2030. Specifically, by that year, our commitment is to reduce operational emissions (scope 1 and 2) by 10%, mainly by reducing electricity consumption emissions by 46% and fleet emissions by 15%.



Fundación Occident, for its part, has continued for another year to promote its work in the fields of research, education, culture, sports, and social action. One of the new developments in 2025 was the launch of the first edition of the Jesús Serra EcoSocial Call, which aims to identify and support two innovative projects capable of generating, respectively, a positive and lasting impact in the areas of social action and environmental sustainability.

We have also continued to support the Jesús Serra Undergraduate Scholarships, one of the most recent initiatives of our foundation, through which we aim to promote access to university by facilitating opportunities for students without university role models and for women in the STEM fields. In the second edition, 10 girls and 2 boys from 9 autonomous communities were selected, joining the 12 recipients from the first call. Fundación Occident will accompany them throughout their university journey, providing academic, personal, and professional support to foster their talent and employability.

The year 2025 was also marked by celebrations and recognitions. In this context, GCO was honored by the Spanish Association of Offices for its strong commitment to modernizing and adapting workspaces. The association awarded the Best Implementation prize to our new Madrid headquarters in the Méndez Álvaro area, recognizing our efforts to create modern, functional spaces that contribute to attracting talent, projecting corporate values, and enhancing productivity.

Finally, as always, I would like to thank our employees and partners, without whom these results would not have been possible. Their efforts drive us to continue growing and evolving. I would also like to thank our stakeholders for their trust in GCO as we continue on this path of continuous improvement and promising challenges.

**José María Serra**

**Chairman of GCO**

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## **II. Consolidated management report**





# 01.

## **Annual panorama**

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## Key financial figures

Turnover and business distribution



€6,260.4 M +4.4%

55.6% Occident

40.0% Atradius

4.4% Mémora

Combined ratio



90.3%

-0.6 p.p. Occident

76.4%

+0.1 p.p. Atradius

Consolidated result

€742.4 M

Shareholder remuneration

€639.3 M\*

Permanent resources at market value

€6,862.0 M

\*Dividends charged to 2025 earnings

Solid financial structure



Rating A3 (Moody's) GCO.

Rating A (AM Best) Occident and Atradius operating entities.

Rating A1 (Moody's) Atradius operating entities.

Technical rigor



Excellent Non-Life combined ratio.

Strict expense control.

Prudent and diversified investment portfolio.

## Strategic purpose

To be leaders in protecting and supporting people and companies at all stages of their lives, to ensure their peace of mind in the present and their confidence in the future.

## Global Presence

GCO is present in more than 50 countries and has a significant presence in Spain.

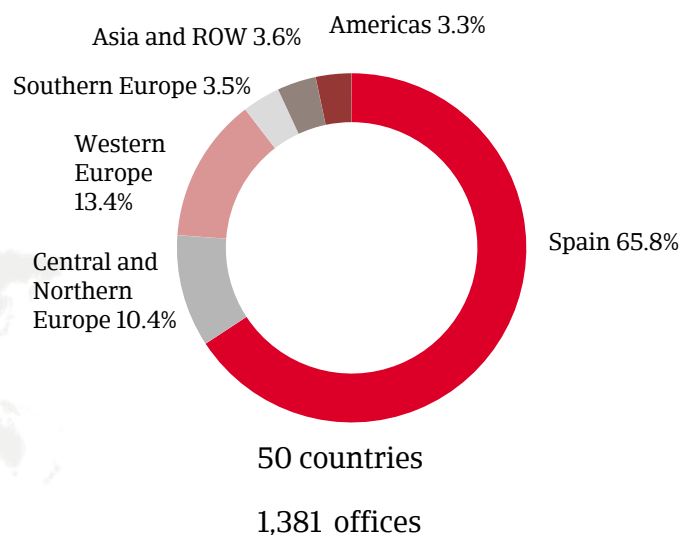
 **Occident**

 **Atradius**

 **Crédito y Caución**  
Atradius

 **m**  
mémora

## Diversification by countries



## Key financial figures

**The Group achieved solid results with improvements in its three strategic pillars.**

### Growth

- Increase of +4.4% in business turnover, reaching €6,260.4 million.

### Profitability

- Increase of +7.8% in the consolidated profit, reaching €742.4 million.
- Ordinary profits:
  - Occident, at €336.6 million, +15.1%.
  - Atradius, at €412.9 million, +5.3%.
  - Mémora, at €23.7 million, +31.2%.
- Combined ratio:
  - 90.3% in Occident (Non Life) (-0.6 p.p.).
  - 76.4% in Atradius (+0.1 p.p.).
- Commitment to shareholders during the year. The first three interim dividends for the 2025 fiscal year amounted to €30.00 million, €24.00 million, and €27.32 million, paid in July, October 2025, and February 2026, respectively, representing a cumulative increase of 9.1% compared to the same periods in the previous fiscal year. Additionally, GCO distributed an extraordinary dividend of €558.00 million in December 2025.

### Solvency

- The Group's estimated Solvency II ratio at the end of 2025 is 231.4%.
- In September 2025, following the upgrade of Spain's sovereign rating, Moody's raised GCO's issuer credit rating to "A3" with a stable outlook. On the other hand, in May 2025, Moody's affirmed the "A1" rating with a stable outlook for the main Atradius entities. For its part, A.M. Best maintained the "A" rating with a stable outlook for the main operating entities of both Occident and Atradius in July.

| Key financial figures (€million)          | 2021     | 2022     | 2023     | 2024     | 2025     | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|
| <b>Growth</b>                             |          |          |          |          |          |                |
| Insurance turnover                        | 4,882.5  | 5,245.6  | 5,565.6  | 5,734.9  | 5,981.4  | 4.3%           |
| – Occident                                | 2,801.0  | 2,842.9  | 3,064.6  | 3,239.8  | 3,479.3  | 7.4%           |
| – Atradius                                | 2,081.5  | 2,402.7  | 2,500.9  | 2,495.0  | 2,502.1  | 0.3%           |
| Mémora                                    | 29.9     | 32.8     | 227.0    | 262.8    | 279.0    | 6.1%           |
| Total turnover                            | 4,912.3  | 5,278.4  | 5,792.6  | 5,997.7  | 6,260.4  | 4.4%           |
| <b>Profitability</b>                      |          |          |          |          |          |                |
| Consolidated profit/(loss)                | 468.3    | 542.5    | 615.5    | 688.7    | 742.4    | 7.8%           |
| – Occident                                | 239.9    | 257.8    | 261.1    | 292.3    | 336.6    | 15.1%          |
| – Atradius                                | 241.8    | 354.6    | 365.6    | 392.3    | 412.9    | 5.3%           |
| – Mémora                                  | 4.3      | 4.8      | 13.6     | 18.1     | 23.7     | 31.2%          |
| – Non-ordinary                            | -17.8    | -74.7    | -24.9    | -14.0    | -30.9    | ---            |
| Attributable profit/(loss)                | 427.2    | 486.5    | 551.8    | 623.2    | 674.4    | 8.2%           |
| Combined ratio Occident*                  | 88.9%    | 90.8%    | 92.6%    | 90.9%    | 90.3%    | -0.6 p.p.      |
| Combined ratio Atradius                   | 64.2%    | 72.3%    | 74.1%    | 76.3%    | 76.4%    | +0.1 p.p.      |
| Dividend                                  | 0.95     | 1.03     | 1.12     | 1.22     | 5.33     | 336.9%         |
| Pay-out**                                 | 26.6%    | 25.4%    | 24.3%    | 23.4%    | 94.8%    | 305.1%         |
| Share price***                            | 30.0     | 29.6     | 30.9     | 35.9     | 45.0     | 25.3%          |
| PER                                       | 8.4      | 7.3      | 6.7      | 6.9      | 8.0      | 15.9%          |
| ROE                                       | 10.5%    | 12.9%    | 12.1%    | 11.8%    | 12.0%    | +0.2 p.p.      |
| <b>Solvency</b>                           |          |          |          |          |          |                |
| Permanent resources at market value       | 5,191.5  | 4,916.3  | 5,738.8  | 6,562.2  | 6,862.0  | 4.6%           |
| Technical provisions                      | 11,294.5 | 11,730.1 | 12,035.6 | 12,633.8 | 13,123.3 | 3.9%           |
| Managed funds                             | 15,575.3 | 14,854.7 | 15,364.7 | 16,876.4 | 17,769.9 | 5.3%           |
| Solvency II Ratio****                     | 220%     | 247%     | 232%     | 241%     | 231%     |                |
| <b>Non-financial data</b>                 |          |          |          |          |          |                |
| Number of employees*****                  | 7,305    | 7,143    | 8,614    | 8,671    | 8,596    | -0.9%          |
| % Permanent contracts                     | 97.0%    | 97.1%    | 96.9%    | 97.5%    | 97.0%    | -0.5%          |
| Number of offices Occident                | 1,312    | 1,355    | 1,288    | 1,215    | 1,229    | 1.2%           |
| Number of intermediaries in Occident***** | 15,562   | 15,032   | 14,709   | 14,438   | 13,430   | -7.0%          |
| Net Promoter Score (NPS) Occident         | 48.5%    | 49.1%    | 49.1%    | 43.5%    | 41.5%    | -2.0%          |

\* Combined ratio does not include Health and Funeral; \*\* The increase in the 2025 pay-out is due to the payment of the extraordinary dividend; \*\*\* The 2025 share price corresponds to December 16, the last trading day for GCO; \*\*\*\* Data with partial internal model. Pending audit; \*\*\*\*\* Considered in the concept of full time employees (FTE). Mémora Group employees joined in 2023; \*\*\*\*\* During the merger process, redundant mediator codes have been removed.



# 02.

## **GCO in 2025**

|                                        |           |
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## Macroeconomic environment 2025

**Growth of 3.3% in 2025 (3.3% in 2024). Deceleration and divergences: The global economy faces uncertainties in trade and monetary policy.**



### United States 2.1% GDP 2025 (2.8%)

- Stronger growth supported by a more accommodative fiscal and monetary policy.
- Easing of trade tensions



### Spain 2.9% GDP 2025 (3.5%)

- Recovery of tourism and internal consumption
- Weak performance of the industrial sector
- Increase in public investment



### Latin America 2.4% GDP 2025 (2.4%)

- Uncertainty due to geopolitical tensions
- Weak external demand



### United Kingdom 1.4% GDP 2025 (1.1%)

- Restrictive fiscal policies
- Increase in energy costs
- Gradual recovery of internal consumption



### Eurozone 1.4% GDP 2025 (0.9%)

- Moderate growth
- Persistent weaknesses in the manufacturing sector
- Significant investment in defense that will have an impact in the coming years



### Asia Pacific 5.4% GDP 2025 (5.3%)

#### China 5.0% GDP 2025 (5.0%):

- Higher growth driven by improved bank lending policies for investment

#### Japan 1.1% GDP 2025 (-0.2%):

- Strong growth

\* Source: International Monetary Fund. January 2026 review

| Fixed income                     |        |          | Equity                                                    |          |       | Raw materials/currencies                                                                                       |         |        |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| Interest rates remain unchanged. |        |          | Stock indices have rebounded with annual growth at highs. |          |       | The price of a barrel of oil has fallen by 18.5%.<br>The dollar is losing its appeal as a safe haven currency. |         |        |
| Interest rates                   | 1 year | 10 years |                                                           | 2025     | %Chg. |                                                                                                                | 2025    | %Chg.  |
| Spain                            | 2.07   | 3.29     | Ibex35                                                    | 17,307.8 | 49.3% | Oil (\$/barrel)                                                                                                | 60.85   | -18.5% |
| Germany                          | 2.01   | 2.86     | MSCI World                                                | 385.2    | 5.4%  | Gold (\$)                                                                                                      | 4,319.4 | 64.6%  |
| USA                              | 3.47   | 4.17     | Eurostoxx50                                               | 5,791.4  | 18.3% | €/ \$                                                                                                          | 1.2     | 13.4%  |
|                                  |        |          | S&P                                                       | 6,845.5  | 16.4% | €/L                                                                                                            | 0.90    | 5.4%   |

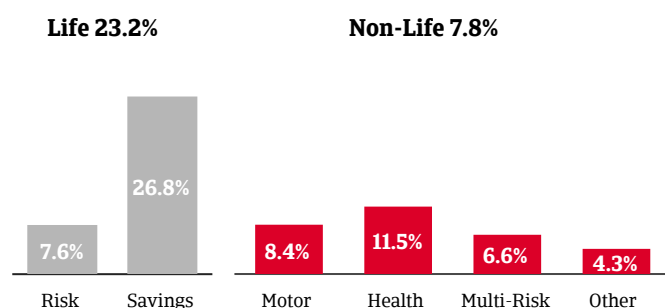
Source: Bloomberg. As of year end 2025



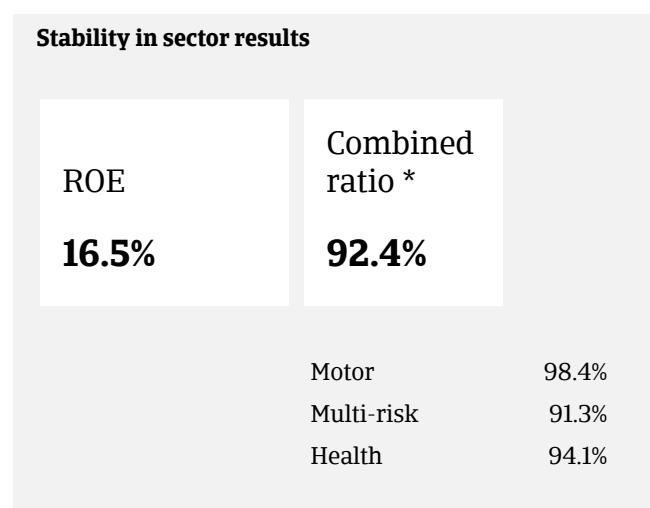
## Sector environment

The insurance sector in Spain increased its turnover by +13.8%, with a +7.8% growth in the Non-Life insurance and a +23.2% rise in the Life insurance, driven by the growth in savings products.

### Turnover evolution



Source: ICEA as of year end 2025



Source: ICEA, as of December 31, 2025

\*Combined ratio includes Health & Funeral

The sector's technical account profit at the end of 2025 was 10.5% of retained premiums, which is similar to the result obtained in the previous year.

The result of the Non-life technical account increases to 10.8%, one and a half percentage points higher than in the previous year, mainly due to the strong performance of the motor and health.

In 2016, Solvency II came into effect, with the first official data emerging in 2017. The published figures continue to reflect a consistent sectoral position. The average coverage ratio in Spain at the end of 2025 was 238.8%, which is three percentage points and one tenth lower than the previous year.

## Credit insurance business

The 2025 fiscal year has been characterized by a context of increasing trade and geopolitical tensions, resulting in global economic growth that has been more moderate and uneven than initially anticipated. In response to this environment, the main central banks have opted to implement gradual reductions in interest rates, although the magnitude and pace of these cuts have varied significantly across regions and countries.

These more favourable financial conditions have contributed to stimulating investment and reducing financing costs for both companies and individuals, thereby supporting economic activity in certain sectors and geographies.

Looking ahead to 2026, forecasts point to a gradual easing of geopolitical tensions, which is expected to lead to a moderation of inflationary pressures and further improvement in the international monetary environment. In this context, global GDP growth is projected to reach 3.3% in 2026 and 3.2% in 2027.

## Group performance

**The Group's consolidated profit was €742.4 million and turnover increased by +4.4%.**

The Group's attributed profit increased by +8.2% to €674.4 million.

### Favourable performance of the three businesses

Total turnover increased by +4.4% driven by growth at Occident with an increase of +7.4%. Atradius, for its part, grew by +0.3%. Regarding Mémora business volume grew by +6.1%.

The technical result after expenses, amounting to €723.5 million, increase by +5.2%, driven by the positive performance of the two insurance businesses.

In Occident, positive developments were observed across all lines of business, with notable growth in multi-risk by +9.7% and in motor by +9.6%. The technical result, despite the increase in claims costs due to inflationary effects, has risen by +5.2%.

At Atradius, the claim ratio decreased by -2.3 percentage points, although the inflow of claims is gradually returning to normal levels. In this regard, Atradius has continued to maintain the prudent level of provisions observed in recent years.

| Income statement (€ million)               | 2021           | 2022           | 2023           | 2024           | 2025           | % Chg.<br>24-25 |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Written premiums                           | 4,746.9        | 5,103.7        | 5,421.8        | 5,584.8        | 5,830.6        | 4.4%            |
| Income from information                    | 135.6          | 141.9          | 143.8          | 150.1          | 150.8          | 0.5%            |
| <b>Insurance turnover</b>                  | <b>4,882.5</b> | <b>5,245.6</b> | <b>5,565.6</b> | <b>5,734.9</b> | <b>5,981.4</b> | <b>4.3%</b>     |
| Technical cost                             | 2,853.3        | 3,063.8        | 3,218.3        | 3,297.3        | 3,424.5        | 3.9%            |
| % on total insurance income                | 59.2%          | 59.4%          | 59.2%          | 58.9%          | 58.4%          |                 |
| Commissions                                | 588.6          | 670.8          | 719.9          | 776.1          | 856.9          | 10.4%           |
| % on total insurance income                | 12.2%          | 13.0%          | 13.3%          | 13.9%          | 14.6%          |                 |
| Expenses                                   | 847.7          | 816.5          | 866.6          | 836.3          | 858.3          | 2.6%            |
| % on total insurance income                | 17.6%          | 15.8%          | 16.0%          | 14.9%          | 14.6%          |                 |
| <b>Technical result</b>                    | <b>528.2</b>   | <b>608.8</b>   | <b>628.2</b>   | <b>687.9</b>   | <b>723.5</b>   | <b>5.2%</b>     |
| % on total insurance income                | 11.0%          | 11.8%          | 11.6%          | 12.3%          | 12.3%          |                 |
| Financial result                           | 98.3           | 209.0          | 175.9          | 224.2          | 269.9          | 20.4%           |
| % on total insurance income                | 2.0%           | 4.1%           | 3.2%           | 4.0%           | 4.6%           |                 |
| Non-technical non-financial account result | -34.2          | -135.2         | -54.0          | -58.9          | -82.9          | -40.7%          |
| % on total insurance income                | -0.7%          | -2.6%          | -1.0%          | -1.1%          | -1.4%          |                 |
| Result from Atradius compl. activities     | 9.9            | 8.8            | 16.7           | 16.1           | 18.4           | 14.4%           |
| % on total insurance income                | 0.2%           | 0.2%           | 0.3%           | 0.3%           | 0.3%           |                 |
| Mémora technical result                    | 5.2            | 5.8            | 31.4           | 37.8           | 37.6           | -0.6%           |
| <b>Result before taxes</b>                 | <b>607.3</b>   | <b>697.2</b>   | <b>798.2</b>   | <b>907.1</b>   | <b>966.6</b>   | <b>6.6%</b>     |
| % on total insurance income                | 12.6%          | 13.5%          | 14.7%          | 16.2%          | 16.5%          |                 |
| Taxes                                      | 139.0          | 154.7          | 182.7          | 218.5          | 224.2          | 2.6%            |
| % on result                                | 22.9%          | 22.2%          | 22.9%          | 24.1%          | 23.2%          |                 |
| <b>Consolidated result</b>                 | <b>468.3</b>   | <b>542.5</b>   | <b>615.5</b>   | <b>688.7</b>   | <b>742.4</b>   | <b>7.8%</b>     |
| Result attributed to minorities            | -41.1          | -56.0          | -63.7          | -65.5          | -67.9          | -3.8%           |
| <b>Attributable result</b>                 | <b>427.2</b>   | <b>486.5</b>   | <b>551.8</b>   | <b>623.2</b>   | <b>674.4</b>   | <b>8.2%</b>     |
| % on total insurance income                | 8.9%           | 9.4%           | 10.2%          | 11.1%          | 11.5%          |                 |
| <b>Ordinary result</b>                     | <b>486.1</b>   | <b>617.2</b>   | <b>640.3</b>   | <b>702.7</b>   | <b>773.3</b>   | <b>10.0%</b>    |
| <b>Non-ordinary result</b>                 | <b>-17.8</b>   | <b>-74.7</b>   | <b>-24.9</b>   | <b>-14.0</b>   | <b>-30.9</b>   | <b>-120.3%</b>  |

\* Total insurance income = total earned premiums plus income from information

## Technical profit after expenses

The combined ratio of Occident (excluding health and funeral) slightly decreased by -0.6 p.p. percentage points to 90.3%, 2.1 percentage points below that of the sector. Notably, the autos combined ratio decreased by -1.7 percentage points to 94.7%, due to the increase in earned premiums.

In Atradius, the gross combined ratio closed the year at 76.4%, increasing by +0.1 percentage points, mainly due to the normalization of claims inflow.

## Focus on efficiency

In Occident, the effort to contain expenses and a greater operational efficiency, has reduced expenses to 269.16 million euros, a decrease of -3.4% compared to the same period of the previous year, even with the investment in technology and communication (advertising). In Atradius, expenses increased by +5.8% to €558.1 million, due to a significant increase in commissions and higher investment in technology. The Group's efficiency ratio reached 29.3%.

## Financial profit/(loss) and complementary activities

The financial result, amounting to 269.9 million, increased by +20.4% compared to the previous year. This growth is mainly attributable to the strong performance of financial returns, primarily from fixed-income investments. To a lesser extent, at Mémora, the repurchase of certain funeral homes also contributed to the improvement in the financial result. For its part, complementary activities in credit insurance (such as information services, debt collection, and export credit management in the Netherlands) contributed €18.4 million to the result.

## Corporate tax

In the year 2025, the expense for corporate tax reached €224.2 million, which represents an effective rate of +23.2% on profit before taxes.

## Financial strength

Permanent resources increased by +4.9% to €6,309.8 million. Adding the capital gains not included in the balance sheet (from real state), the permanent resources at market value stand at €6,862.0 million, up +4.6% more than in 2024.

In September 2025, following the upgrade of Spain's sovereign rating, Moody's raised GCO's issuer credit rating to "A3" with a stable outlook. On the other hand, in May 2025, Moody's affirmed the "A1" rating with a stable outlook for the main Atradius entities. For its part, A.M. Best maintained the "A" rating with a stable outlook for the main operating entities of both Occident and Atradius in July.

## Solid Solvency ratio

In terms of solvency, GCO calculates the capital requirement in accordance with the standard formula provided for in the insurance regulations, except in the credit and surety branch, for which, in order to reflect the specific nature of the business, it applies a partial internal model for the calculation of underwriting risk approved by the Group's college of insurance supervisors.

The Group's estimated Solvency ratio at year-end 2025 stands, at 231.4% The Solvency ratio, even in adverse scenarios, remains at around 175% on a sustained basis.

## Consolidating sustainability in the business strategy

In 2023, GCO updated its materiality analysis with the aim of identifying the issues most relevant to the Group and its stakeholders. This analysis was conducted in accordance with the double materiality approach promoted by the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), taking into account both impact materiality and financial materiality. Through this double materiality assessment, the Group was able to identify the sustainability topics that are most important to its stakeholders, which enabled the design of the Sustainability Master Plan for the 2024-2026 period.

This Master Plan is structured around four pillars, under which ten strategic lines have been defined, representing the areas where the Group seeks to create value. Based on these, 23 objectives have been set, along with 44 actions necessary to achieve them. Additionally, the Group has complied with the requirements of the Taxonomy Regulation and the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR), thereby contributing to the development of a sustainable global financial system. In this regard, the Group's offering of investment funds, unit-linked products, pension plans, and EPSVs explicitly incorporates environmental and/or social considerations into their management, going beyond the mere integration of sustainability risks (Article 8 category under the SFDR).

|                     |                          |                           |              |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 01. Annual panorama | 03. Results in 2025      | 05. Business Model        | 07. Glossary |
| 02. GCO in 2025     | 04. Corporate Governance | 06. Sustainability Report |              |

## Events after the close of 2025.

In addition to the definitive delisting of GCO shares mentioned in Note 1.d, the takeover bid process referenced in Note 5.a, and the interim dividend based on results mentioned in Note 16, no other events not already explained in the previous notes have occurred after the end of the fiscal year and up to the date of preparation of these annual accounts that would significantly affect them.

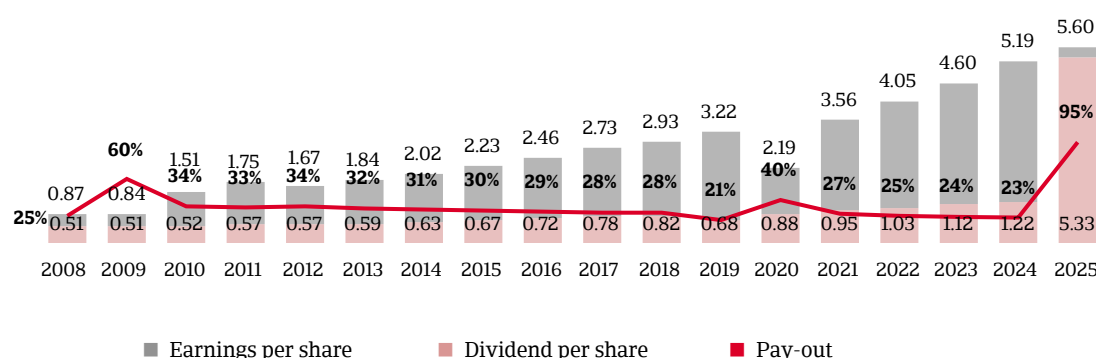
## Shareholder remuneration

The Group's historical pattern of dividend distribution has clearly demonstrated its strong commitment to shareholder remuneration.

### Dividends

**In 2025, the Group increased the ordinary dividend distributed for the 2025 fiscal year by 9.1%. Additionally, the Group paid an extraordinary dividend of 558.00 million euros in December, bringing the total dividends distributed for 2025 to 639.32 million euros.**

The Group has made three ordinary cash dividend payments for the 2025 fiscal year, amounting to €0.25, €0.20, and €0.2277 per share. These payments were made on July 9, 2025, October 8, 2025, and February 5, 2026, respectively. Additionally, the Group distributed an extraordinary dividend on December 17, 2025, amounting to €4.65 per share, with a total value of €558.00 million. As a result, the Group has distributed a total of €5.3277 per share (€639.32 million) for 2025. This dividend represents a pay-out ratio of 94.8% of the attributable net income for the 2025 fiscal year and a yield of 11.48% based on the average share price in 2025.



### Shareholding structure

On March 27, 2025, INOC, S.A., as the controlling shareholder of GCO, announced a voluntary public takeover bid for 100% of GCO's shares. The CNMV authorized the offer on October 29, 2025, establishing an acceptance period from October 30, 2025, to November 28, 2025. On December 5, the results of the voluntary public takeover bid launched by INOC, S.A. were published. The offer was accepted for 42,950,434 shares, representing 94.27% of the shares targeted by the offer and 35.79% of GCO's share capital.

Given the acceptance data of the takeover bid, and having verified the possibility for the Company to exercise the squeeze-out right provided for in the bid prospectus, the Company notified the CNMV of its decision to execute the squeeze-out for the remaining 2,608,524 shares. Upon completion of the squeeze-out, effective January 5, 2026, GCO's shares were definitively delisted, following the notice issued on January 2, 2026, by the Governing Companies of the Barcelona and Madrid Stock Exchanges. Previously, GCO's shares had been suspended from trading after the market close on December 16, 2025.

Consequently, following the voluntary public takeover bid, the shareholders of GCO are mainly INOC, S.A., holding 74.90%, and La Previsión 96, S.A., holding 25.09%.

### Relationship with the financial market

During 2025, the Group has been in contact with its analysts, investors, and shareholders through specific channels such as telephone calls and emails. The shareholders and investors portal has been regularly updated with the share's performance, as well as key information regarding results and presentations.

Additionally, the Group has submitted to the CNMV all information that, in accordance with current legislation, was considered privileged or relevant, as well as periodic financial and non-financial information, and the corporate information required by law.

In this same regard, the information submitted to the CNMV was made publicly available on its website immediately, and was subsequently also published on the Company's website.



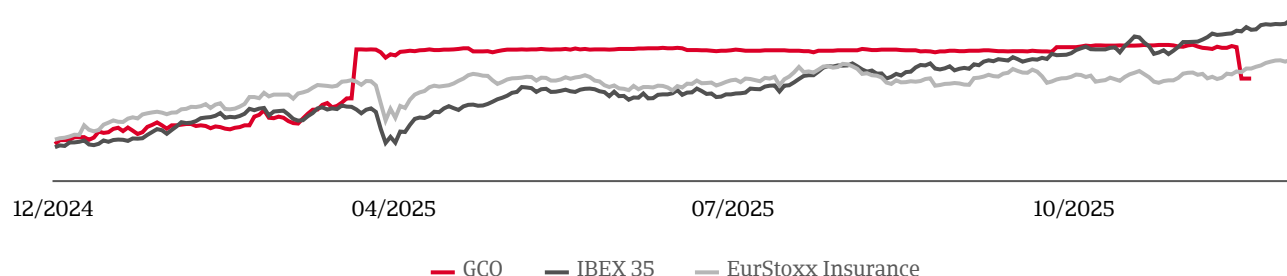
## Share performance

During the fiscal year, the average share price was €46.39/share.

Taking into account the voluntary public takeover bid discussed in the section on shareholding structure, as of December 16, 2025, GCO's shares were suspended from trading on the Continuous Market. Subsequently, the Governing Companies of the Madrid and Barcelona Stock Exchanges announced the delisting of GCO's shares, effective January 5, 2026.

In this way, throughout the 2025 fiscal year and up to the aforementioned suspension, GCO's share has outperformed the Eurostoxx Insurance and Ibex 35 indices.

### Share evolution in 2025



Note: The data regarding GCO's share price is as of December 16, the date on which trading was suspended.

| Share data                                    | 2021        | 2022        | 2023        | 2024        | 2025        |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Minimum (€/s)                                 | 27.75       | 24.90       | 27.60       | 30.85       | 36.45       |
| Maximum (€/s)                                 | 36.35       | 30.60       | 32.20       | 40.20       | 49.70       |
| Period end (€/s)                              | 30.00       | 29.55       | 30.90       | 35.90       | 45.00       |
| Number of shares                              | 120,000,000 | 120,000,000 | 120,000,000 | 120,000,000 | 120,000,000 |
| Nominal share value (€/s)                     | 0.30        | 0.30        | 0.30        | 0.30        | 0.30        |
| Average daily underwriting (number of shares) | 55,165      | 26,835      | 54,781      | 21,379      | 80,692      |
| Average daily underwriting (euro)             | 1,745,406   | 762,716     | 1,618,314   | 783,859     | 3,900,013   |
| Market capitalisation (€ million)             | 3,600       | 3,546       | 3,708       | 4,308       | 5,400       |
| Ratios                                        | 2021        | 2022        | 2023        | 2024        | 2025        |
| Profit per share                              | 3.56        | 4.05        | 4.60        | 5.19        | 5.62        |
| Book Value per Share*                         | 37.27       | 34.86       | 41.79       | 48.07       | 50.51       |
| PER                                           | 8.43        | 7.29        | 6.72        | 6.91        | 8.01        |
| ROE                                           | 10.48       | 12.86       | 12.10       | 11.78       | 12.02       |
| Dividend Yield                                | 2.98        | 3.60        | 3.75        | 3.32        | 11.48       |

\*The theoretical book value is calculated using management information. The Company's Equity is taken as the reference, without deducting minority interests. Note: the 2025 figures correspond to data up to December 16th, 2025.

| Profitability           | 2002   | 2007   | 2012  | 2023  | 2024  | 2025  | CAGR* 02-25 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|
| Closing price 31/12     | 3.99   | 22.91  | 13.77 | 30.90 | 35.90 | 45.00 |             |
| GCO (%)                 | -7.21  | -16.54 | 12.22 | 4.57  | 16.18 | 25.35 | 11.10       |
| IBEX 35 (%)             | -28.11 | 7.32   | -4.66 | 22.76 | 14.78 | 49.27 | 4.68        |
| EUROSTOXX Insurance (%) | -51.23 | -11.92 | 32.92 | 8.76  | 8.28  | 18.29 | 5.79        |

\*Compound annual growth rate. Closing prices are as of December 31, except for GCO in 2025, which are as of December 16, 2025.

## Outlook and challenges for 2026

In the 2025 fiscal year, GCO launched its new 2025–27 Strategic Plan. During this year, new projects were initiated with a focus on the three Strategic Pillars: growth, profitability and solvency.

The 2026 fiscal year is expected to remain set within a complex environment, where geopolitical uncertainty persists and there is an ongoing need to monitor developments in the markets, inflation, and interest rates.

For GCO, the main challenges are:

- **Economic environment marked by geopolitical tensions and inflation.** Although inflation is expected to moderate during 2026, the average global level is estimated to be around 3.8%, according to the IMF, which will mainly impact business costs.
- **Stabilization of interest rates.** As anticipated, 2025 was a year in which interest rates in the eurozone began to gradually decline. Following these reductions, interest rates are expected to remain relatively stable in 2026, although this will depend on economic developments.
- **Digital transformation.** The use of technology and AI continues to shape the digitalization roadmap, enriching the customer experience and improving operational efficiency.
- **Strengthening sustainability already integrated into the strategy.** In 2026, initiatives to promote sustainability are expected to intensify further.
- **Development of a global customer vision.** The development of a global customer vision is a key element in the new Strategic Plan 25-27. Building on ongoing active listening, the value proposition will continue to be adapted to meet customer needs, ensuring excellent service and omnichannel support according to the policyholder's preferences.

### Priorities 25-27



**Growth**



**Efficiency**



**Digitalization**



**Transversally**



# 03.

## Results in 2025

|                                         |           |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>Occident</b>                         | <b>22</b> |
| <b>Atradius</b>                         | <b>25</b> |
| <b>Mémora</b>                           | <b>27</b> |
| <b>General expenses and commissions</b> | <b>28</b> |
| <b>Non-ordinary profit/(loss)</b>       | <b>28</b> |
| <b>Reinsurance profit/(loss)</b>        | <b>29</b> |
| <b>Financial profit/(loss)</b>          | <b>30</b> |
| <b>Balance sheet</b>                    | <b>31</b> |
| <b>Investments and managed funds</b>    | <b>32</b> |
| <b>Capital management</b>               | <b>34</b> |
| <b>Solvency II</b>                      | <b>36</b> |
| <b>IFRS 17</b>                          | <b>37</b> |

# Occident

**Positive evolution, with a +7.4% in written premiums growth and non ordinary profit of €336.6 million.**

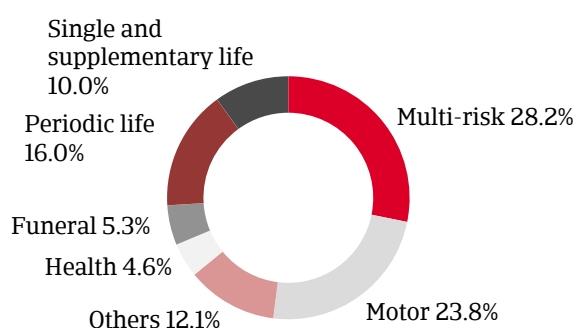
Recurring turnover (excluding single Life premiums) increased by +7.3% supported mainly by Non Life insurance, where the increase in multi-risk and motor is noteworthy. Life business developed favourably with a +6.5% growth in turnover thanks to the good performance of single premiums.

The technical profit after expenses, amounting to €327.6 million, increased by +10.2%. Non-Life technical profit contributed €209.0 million, growing by +15.8%, mainly due to a -0.6 p.p. improvement in the combined ratio, which decreased to 90.3%. The technical cost increases by +0.2 p.p., as did commissions, which also rose by +0.2 p.p. as did commissions, which also rose by -1.0 p.p.. Meanwhile, the Life business increases its technical result by +1.6%, reaching € 118.6 million.

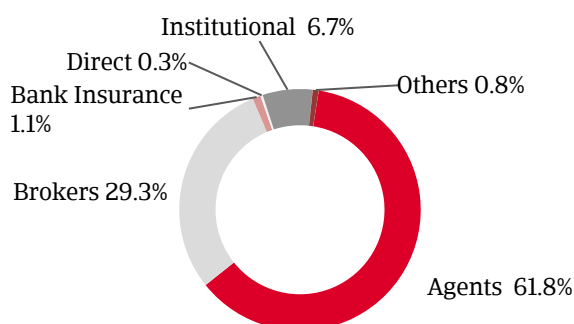
The financial profit, at €125.9 million increases by +20.2%. Ordinary profit after expenses increases at +15.1% with €336.6 million. During the year, non-ordinary results to €-13.1 million were recorded, consequently, the total result is €323.5 million, increasing by +9.3%.

| Occident (€ millones)                         | 2021           | 2022           | 2023           | 2024           | 2025           | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Written premiums</b>                       | <b>2,801.0</b> | <b>2,842.9</b> | <b>3,064.6</b> | <b>3,239.8</b> | <b>3,479.3</b> | <b>7.4%</b>    |
| Recurring premiums                            | 2,473.2        | 2,606.4        | 2,741.3        | 2,918.4        | 3,130.1        | 7.3%           |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b> | <b>257.6</b>   | <b>263.0</b>   | <b>245.8</b>   | <b>297.2</b>   | <b>327.6</b>   | <b>10.2%</b>   |
| % on earned premiums                          | 9.3%           | 9.4%           | 8.2%           | 9.4%           | 9.6%           |                |
| <b>Financial profit/(loss)</b>                | <b>60.6</b>    | <b>84.7</b>    | <b>109.8</b>   | <b>104.7</b>   | <b>125.9</b>   | <b>20.2%</b>   |
| % on earned premiums                          | 2.2%           | 3.0%           | 3.6%           | 3.3%           | 3.7%           |                |
| Non technical profit/(loss)                   | -18.4          | -21.3          | -24.7          | -34.7          | -28.6          | 17.7%          |
| Corporate tax                                 | -59.9          | -68.3          | -69.7          | -74.9          | -88.3          | -18.0%         |
| <b>Ordinary profit/(loss)</b>                 | <b>239.9</b>   | <b>257.8</b>   | <b>261.1</b>   | <b>292.3</b>   | <b>336.6</b>   | <b>15.1%</b>   |
|                                               | -12.5          | -50.6          | -22.5          | 3.6            | -13.1          | ---            |
| <b>Total profit/(loss)</b>                    | <b>227.4</b>   | <b>207.2</b>   | <b>238.6</b>   | <b>295.9</b>   | <b>323.5</b>   | <b>9.3%</b>    |
| Earned premiums                               | 1,674.6        | 1,744.6        | 1,849.9        | 1,984.5        | 2,158.1        | 8.8%           |

**Distribution by business**



**Distribution channels**



## Combined ratio (does not include health and funeral)

Commissions + expenses 27.7% (-0.8 p.p.)

Technical cost 62.6% (+0.2 p.p.)

**Occident**

**90.3%**

(-0.6 p.p.)



## Multi-risk

Turnover growth of +9.7%, reaching 980.6 million euros. The combined ratio has decreased by -0.1 percentage points, standing at 88.7%. This improvement is mainly due to the increase in earned premiums along with a reduction in expenses.

| Multi-risk (€million)                         | 2021          | 2022          | 2023         | 2024         | 2025         | % Chg<br>24-25   |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| <b>Written premiums</b>                       | <b>721.8</b>  | <b>774.3</b>  | <b>827.5</b> | <b>894.2</b> | <b>980.6</b> | <b>9.7%</b>      |
| Number of claims                              | 877,630       | 977,166       | 1,071,172    | 1,079,802    | 1,151,686    | <b>6.7%</b>      |
| <b>Technical provisions</b>                   | <b>559.0</b>  | <b>619.5</b>  | <b>633.1</b> | <b>707.8</b> | <b>774.2</b> | <b>9.4%</b>      |
| % Technical cost                              | 56.3%         | 59.4%         | 60.3%        | 56.5%        | 57.0%        | +0.5 p.p.        |
| % Commissions                                 | 21.0%         | 21.6%         | 21.7%        | 22.1%        | 23.0%        | +0.9 p.p.        |
| % Expenses                                    | 12.8%         | 11.8%         | 11.1%        | 10.2%        | 8.8%         | -1.4 p.p.        |
| <b>% Combined ratio</b>                       | <b>90.1 %</b> | <b>92.8 %</b> | <b>93.1%</b> | <b>88.8%</b> | <b>88.7%</b> | <b>-0.1 p.p.</b> |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b> | <b>69.9</b>   | <b>54.1</b>   | <b>55.3</b>  | <b>95.8</b>  | <b>105.8</b> | <b>10.4%</b>     |
| on earned premiums                            | 9.9%          | 7.2%          | 6.9%         | 11.2%        | 11.3%        |                  |
| <b>Earned premiums</b>                        | <b>705.3</b>  | <b>750.7</b>  | <b>797.7</b> | <b>855.3</b> | <b>939.3</b> | <b>9.8%</b>      |



## Motor

Turnover increase of +9.6% to €828.2 million. The combined ratio stood at 94.7%, decreasing by -1.7 percent points. The increase in the cost of claims due to inflationary effects has been offset by the higher incoming earned premium.

| Written premiums                              | 2021         | 2022         | 2023         | 2024         | 2025           | % Chg<br>24-25   |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| <b>Written premiums</b>                       | <b>641.1</b> | <b>658.6</b> | <b>690.8</b> | <b>755.5</b> | <b>828.2</b>   | <b>9.6%</b>      |
| Number of claims                              | 703,262      | 734,804      | 756,168.0    | 733,483.0    | 736,556        | 0.4%             |
| <b>Technical provisions</b>                   | <b>862.7</b> | <b>880.5</b> | <b>898.8</b> | <b>977.5</b> | <b>1,101.8</b> | <b>12.7%</b>     |
| % Technical cost                              | 65.5%        | 68.7%        | 72.7%        | 75.1%        | 73.9%          | -1.2 p.p.        |
| % Commissions                                 | 11.2%        | 11.8%        | 11.9%        | 12.0%        | 12.1%          | +0.1 p.p.        |
| % Expenses                                    | 12.6%        | 12.2%        | 11.7%        | 9.2%         | 8.6%           | -0.6 p.p.        |
| <b>% Combined ratio</b>                       | <b>89.3%</b> | <b>92.7%</b> | <b>96.3%</b> | <b>96.4%</b> | <b>94.7%</b>   | <b>-1.7 p.p.</b> |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b> | <b>69.6</b>  | <b>47.7</b>  | <b>24.8</b>  | <b>26.1</b>  | <b>42.5</b>    | <b>63.2%</b>     |
| on earned premiums                            | 10.7%        | 7.3%         | 3.7%         | 3.6%         | 5.3%           |                  |
| <b>Earned premiums</b>                        | <b>650.4</b> | <b>651.2</b> | <b>677.2</b> | <b>722.6</b> | <b>796.1</b>   | <b>10.2%</b>     |



## Other

Turnover growth of +1.0%, reaching €419.9 million. The combined ratio stood at 85.6%, remaining at the same level as in the previous period despite the increase in claims. This increase has been offset by a higher inflow of earned premium.

| Other (€million)                              | 2021         | 2022         | 2023         | 2024         | 2025         | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| <b>Written premiums</b>                       | <b>330.8</b> | <b>359.0</b> | <b>390.1</b> | <b>415.7</b> | <b>419.9</b> | <b>1.0%</b>    |
| Number of claims                              | 98,193       | 94,421       | 90,402       | 89,694       | 85,445       | -4.7%          |
| <b>Technical provisions</b>                   | <b>595.4</b> | <b>664.9</b> | <b>680.5</b> | <b>733.9</b> | <b>787.2</b> | <b>7.3%</b>    |
| % Technical cost                              | 52.3%        | 49.1%        | 50.3%        | 52.1%        | 53.7%        | +1.6 p.p.      |
| % Commissions                                 | 18.4%        | 20.5%        | 22.9%        | 23.5%        | 22.9%        | -0.7 p.p.      |
| % Expenses                                    | 14.7%        | 13.3%        | 11.8%        | 9.9%         | 9.1%         | -0.8 p.p.      |
| <b>Combined ratio</b>                         | <b>85.4%</b> | <b>82.9%</b> | <b>85.0%</b> | <b>85.6%</b> | <b>85.6%</b> | <b>0 p.p.</b>  |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b> | <b>46.6</b>  | <b>58.5</b>  | <b>56.2</b>  | <b>58.6</b>  | <b>60.7</b>  | <b>3.5%</b>    |
| % on earned premiums                          | 14.6%        | 17.1%        | 15.0%        | 14.4%        | 14.4%        |                |
| <b>Earned premiums</b>                        | <b>318.9</b> | <b>342.7</b> | <b>374.9</b> | <b>406.6</b> | <b>422.7</b> | <b>4.0%</b>    |



## Life

Turnover in Life business grows by +6.5% to €1,250.5 million because of the strong performance of recurring premiums. The technical-financial result increases by +9.9% to reach €205.9 million. In funeral business the combined ratio stands at 74.3%, decreasing by -1.4 percentage points. Meanwhile, health business combined ratio has increased by +4.5 percentage points, reaching 95.4% due to an increase in claims.

| Life (€million)                               | 2021           | 2022           | 2023           | 2024           | 2025           | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Life insurance turnover</b>                | <b>1,107.3</b> | <b>1,050.9</b> | <b>1,156.2</b> | <b>1,174.4</b> | <b>1,250.5</b> | <b>6.5%</b>    |
| Health                                        | 145.0          | 149.0          | 151.3          | 154.1          | 159.9          | 3.8%           |
| Funeral                                       | 147.4          | 155.3          | 160.9          | 174.5          | 184.2          | 5.6%           |
| Periodic Life                                 | 487.1          | 510.1          | 520.8          | 524.4          | 557.2          | 6.2%           |
| Single Life                                   | 327.7          | 236.5          | 323.3          | 321.4          | 349.2          | 8.7%           |
| Pension plan contributions                    | 61.0           | 51.3           | 48.7           | 57.0           | 60.1           | 5.5%           |
| Net contributions to investment funds         | 3.0            | -10.7          | -10.1          | -6.4           | -10.0          | -55.4%         |
| <b>Volume of managed funds</b>                | <b>6,771.7</b> | <b>6,620.1</b> | <b>6,588.2</b> | <b>6,704.4</b> | <b>6,901.1</b> | <b>2.9%</b>    |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b> | <b>71.4</b>    | <b>102.6</b>   | <b>109.4</b>   | <b>116.7</b>   | <b>118.6</b>   | <b>1.6%</b>    |
| % on earned premiums                          | 6.4%           | 9.8%           | 9.4%           | 9.9%           | 9.5%           |                |
| <b>Technical-financial profit/(loss)</b>      | <b>98.2</b>    | <b>150.4</b>   | <b>185.3</b>   | <b>187.4</b>   | <b>205.9</b>   | <b>9.9%</b>    |
| % on earned premiums                          | 2.4%           | 4.6%           | 16.0%          | 16.0%          | 16.5%          |                |
| <b>Earned premiums</b>                        | <b>1,107.3</b> | <b>1,048.9</b> | <b>1,160.8</b> | <b>1,174.3</b> | <b>1,247.5</b> | <b>6.2%</b>    |

# Atradius

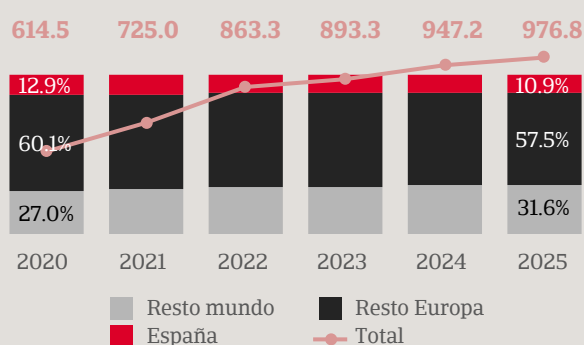
## Growth in net insurance income of +0.8%, with an ordinary profit of €412.9 million.

Net income (earned premiums and information services) increased by +0.8% reaching €2,457.6 million. The earned premiums, at €2,306.9 million, have increased by +0.8%. In turn, income from information services has increased by +0.5%, contributing €150.8 million.

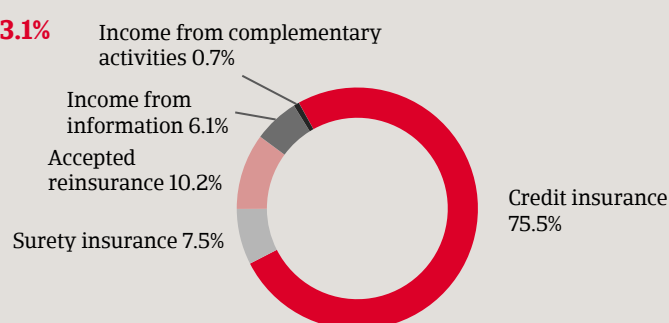
Risk exposure (TPE) increased by +3.1% compared to the end of 2024.

Atradius selects risks in a rigorous and prudent manner, especially in sectors and countries that may be affected by adverse geopolitical situations.

### Evolution of cumulative risk (TPE)

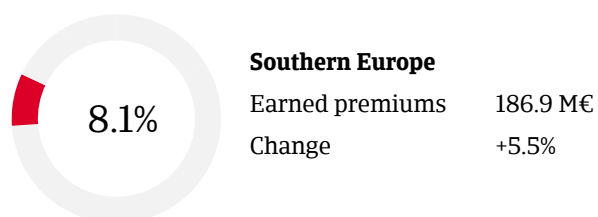
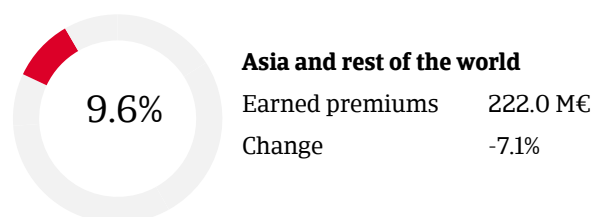
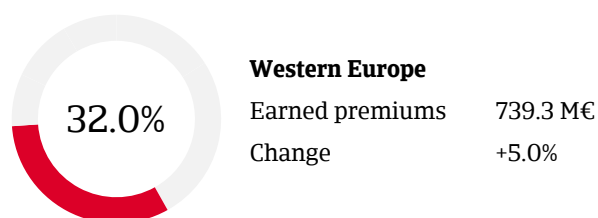
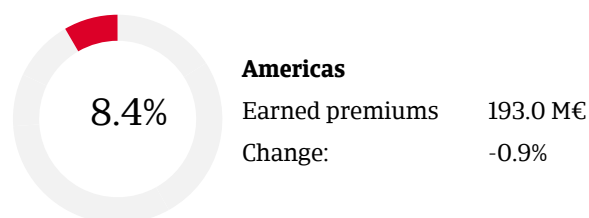
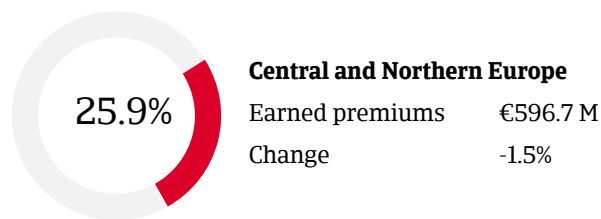
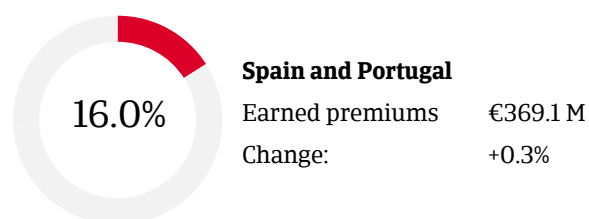


### Diversification business (earned premiums)



## Increase of +0.8% in earned premiums reaching €2,306.9 million.

### Distribution of earned premiums by region:





The technical profit after Atradius expenses was €579.3 million, +0.1% more than in the previous year.

The gross combined ratio was 76.4%, +0.1 p.p. higher than at the close of 2024, mainly due to the normalization of claims, slower premium growth and an increase in commissions and expenses. However, we continue to maintain the same prudent level of provisions as in previous years.

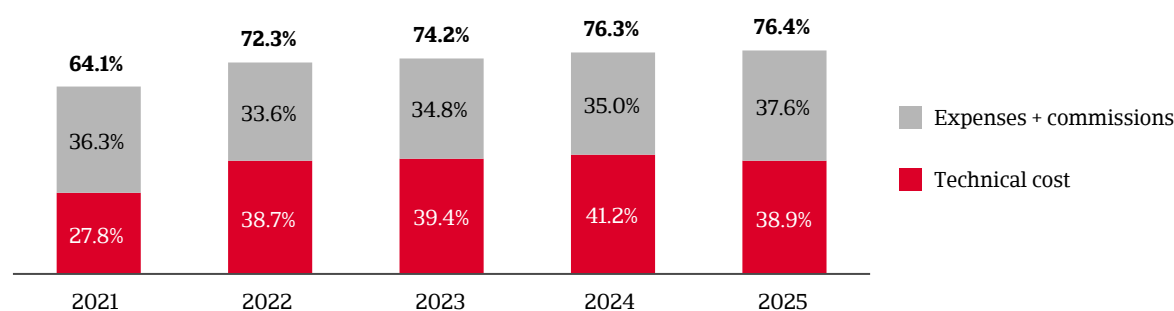
The profit ceded to reinsurance was €-152.1 million, 3.4% less than in the same period of the previous year, maintaining the quota share cession ratio at 35.0%.

Meanwhile, the financial result at €108.7 million is higher than in the previous year, mainly due to financial income from its portfolio. The result from complementary activities amounts to €18.4 million.

As a result, ordinary profit stands at €412.9 million, a +5.3% increase compared to the previous year. During 2025, there were negative non-recurring results amounting to €-17.2 million. In total, this business contributed a result of 395.7 million, representing an increase of +4.8%.

| Atradius (€ million)                               | 2021           | 2022           | 2023           | 2024           | 2025           | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Earned premiums                                    | 1,900.3        | 2,224.5        | 2,278.5        | 2,288.7        | 2,306.9        | 0.8%           |
| Income from information                            | 135.6          | 141.9          | 143.8          | 150.1          | 150.8          | 0.5%           |
| <b>Net income</b>                                  | <b>2,035.9</b> | <b>2,366.4</b> | <b>2,422.3</b> | <b>2,438.8</b> | <b>2,457.6</b> | <b>0.8%</b>    |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b>      | <b>729.5</b>   | <b>655.4</b>   | <b>626.4</b>   | <b>578.5</b>   | <b>579.3</b>   | <b>0.1%</b>    |
| % on income                                        | 35.8%          | 27.7%          | 25.9%          | 23.7%          | 23.6%          |                |
| Reinsurance profit/(loss)                          | -419.8         | -244.8         | -212.5         | -157.5         | -152.1         | 3.4%           |
| Reinsurance transfer ratio                         | 37.0%          | 37.0%          | 37.0%          | 35.0%          | 35.0%          | —%             |
| <b>Net technical profit/(loss)</b>                 | <b>309.7</b>   | <b>410.6</b>   | <b>413.9</b>   | <b>421.0</b>   | <b>427.1</b>   | <b>1.5%</b>    |
| % on income                                        | 15.2%          | 17.4%          | 17.1%          | 17.3%          | 17.4%          |                |
| <b>Financial profit/(loss)</b>                     | <b>17.7</b>    | <b>44.8</b>    | <b>59.4</b>    | <b>101.1</b>   | <b>108.7</b>   | <b>7.7%</b>    |
| % on income                                        | 0.9%           | 1.9%           | 2.5%           | 4.1%           | 4.4%           |                |
| <b>Profit/(loss) from complementary activities</b> | <b>9.9</b>     | <b>8.8</b>     | <b>16.7</b>    | <b>16.1</b>    | <b>18.4</b>    | <b>14.4%</b>   |
| Corporate tax                                      | -90.0          | -104.3         | -117.7         | -140.7         | -136.8         | 2.8%           |
| Adjustments                                        | -4.7           | -5.3           | -6.7           | -5.1           | -4.6           | 11.0%          |
| <b>Ordinary profit/(loss)</b>                      | <b>241.8</b>   | <b>354.6</b>   | <b>365.6</b>   | <b>392.3</b>   | <b>412.9</b>   | <b>5.3%</b>    |
| Non-ordinary profit/(loss)                         | -5.3           | -23.8          | 0.1            | -14.6          | -17.2          | -18.1%         |
| <b>Total profit/(loss)</b>                         | <b>236.5</b>   | <b>330.8</b>   | <b>365.7</b>   | <b>377.7</b>   | <b>395.7</b>   | <b>4.8%</b>    |

### Performance of the gross combined ratio



# Mémora

## Income increases by +6.1% to reach €279.0 million with an EBITDA margin of +23.2%.

Mémora is the first group in the Iberian Peninsula regarding the organization of funeral services, and in the management of funeral parlours, cemeteries and crematoriums with presence in 25 provinces and in Portugal.

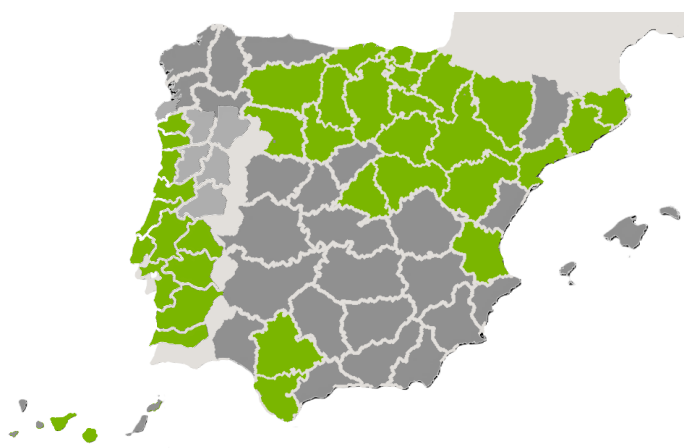
Incomes has increased by +6.1% to €279.0 million. Meanwhile, EBITDA stands at €64.7 million, +1.6% higher than in 2024 fiscal year, reflecting an EBITDA margin of +23.2%. Ordinary profit has grown by +31.2% reaching €23.7 million. During 2025, there were negative non recurring results amounting to -0.6 million. Overall, this business contributes a result of €23.2 million, which means an increase of +53.6% compared to 2024.

Mémora continues with its inorganic growth strategy through the acquisition of local companies in the Iberian Peninsula. During 2025 fiscal year, it has increased its presence in Spain, specifically in provinces such as Zamora, and in Portugal in regions such as Cascais.

| Mémora (€million)                             | 2022         | 2023*        | 2024         | 2025          | % Chg<br>24-25   | 12M2023      |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| <b>Income</b>                                 | <b>32.8</b>  | <b>227.0</b> | <b>262.8</b> | <b>279.0</b>  | <b>6.1%</b>      | <b>249.2</b> |
| EBITDA                                        | 8.1          | 54.2         | 63.7         | 64.7          | 1.6%             | 61.2         |
| <b>Margin on EBITDA</b>                       | <b>24.7%</b> | <b>23.9%</b> | <b>24.2%</b> | <b>23.2 %</b> | <b>-1.0 p.p.</b> | <b>24.5%</b> |
| Amortisations                                 | 2.1          | 21.3         | 23.6         | 25.6          | 8.4%             | 23.1         |
| <b>Technical profit/(loss) after expenses</b> | <b>6.0</b>   | <b>32.9</b>  | <b>40.0</b>  | <b>39.1</b>   | <b>-2.4%</b>     | <b>38.1</b>  |
| Financial profit/(loss)                       | -0.3         | -16.3        | -17.1        | -9.7          | 43.3%            | -20.2        |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                      | 5.7          | 16.6         | 23.0         | 29.4          | 27.9%            | 17.9         |
| Corporate tax                                 | -1.0         | -3.0         | -4.9         | -5.7          | -15.6%           | 4.1          |
| <b>Ordinary profit/(loss)</b>                 | <b>4.8</b>   | <b>13.6</b>  | <b>18.1</b>  | <b>23.7</b>   | <b>31.2%</b>     | <b>13.8</b>  |
| Non-ordinary profit/(loss)                    | -0.2         | -2.4         | -3.0         | -0.6          | 80.4%            | -2.5         |
| <b>Total profit/(loss)</b>                    | <b>4.6</b>   | <b>11.1</b>  | <b>15.1</b>  | <b>23.2</b>   | <b>53.6%</b>     | <b>11.3</b>  |

\*Data from Mémora is included starting from February 2023.

## MÉMORA'S PRESENCE IN SPAIN AND PORTUGAL



## General expenses and commissions

**The efficiency ratio stands at 29.3%.**

The Group's structure allows for consistent sharing of best business practices and process efficiencies across corporate departments and common operating platforms.

In particular, expenses in Occident have decreased by -3.4%. In turn, Atradius expenses it have increased +5.8%. In relative terms, the efficiency ratio increases slightly by +0.4 p.p., reaching 29.3%.

| Expenses and commissions (€million)   | 2021           | 2022           | 2023           | 2024           | 2025           | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Occident                              | 315.0          | 306.6          | 304.2          | 278.6          | 269.1          | -3.4%          |
| Atradius                              | 492.4          | 497.3          | 530.8          | 527.5          | 558.1          | 5.8%           |
| Non-ordinary expenses                 | 40.3           | 12.6           | 31.6           | 30.2           | 31.1           | 3.0%           |
| <b>Total expenses</b>                 | <b>847.7</b>   | <b>816.5</b>   | <b>866.6</b>   | <b>836.3</b>   | <b>858.3</b>   | <b>2.6%</b>    |
| <b>Commissions</b>                    | <b>588.6</b>   | <b>670.8</b>   | <b>719.9</b>   | <b>776.1</b>   | <b>856.9</b>   | <b>10.4%</b>   |
| <b>Total expenses and commissions</b> | <b>1,436.3</b> | <b>1,487.3</b> | <b>1,586.5</b> | <b>1,612.4</b> | <b>1,715.2</b> | <b>6.4%</b>    |
| % of Total insurance incomes*         | 29.8%          | 28.8%          | 29.2%          | 28.8%          | 29.3%          |                |

\* Total insurance incomes = total acquired premiums and information incomes.

## Non-ordinary profit/(loss)

**During this fiscal year, negative non-recurring results were recorded, mainly due to non-recurring expenses.**

In Occident, the main impact is due to the realization of financial investments, given the positive performance of the markets, as well as non-recurring expenses related to investments in technology, advertising expenses, and efficiency improvements. In the case of Atradius, the impact is mainly attributable to expenses associated with internally developed technology software.

| Non-ordinary profit/(loss) (net of taxes) (€million) | 2021         | 2022         | 2023         | 2024         | 2025         |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Financial                                            | 11.8         | 98.4         | -1.7         | 36.4         | 37.2         |
| Expenses and other non-ordinary                      | -33.4        | -168.6       | -26.8        | -27.5        | -48.0        |
| Taxes                                                | 9.1          | 19.6         | 6.0          | -5.4         | -2.2         |
| <b>Non ordinary Occident</b>                         | <b>-12.5</b> | <b>-50.6</b> | <b>-22.5</b> | <b>3.6</b>   | <b>-13.1</b> |
| Financial                                            | 8.0          | -18.2        | 26.2         | 0.7          | 9.3          |
| Expenses and other non-ordinary                      | -16.4        | -4.6         | -26.1        | -19.8        | -32.2        |
| Taxes                                                | 3.1          | -1.0         | 0.0          | 4.6          | 5.7          |
| <b>Non ordinary Atradius</b>                         | <b>-5.3</b>  | <b>-23.8</b> | <b>0.1</b>   | <b>-14.6</b> | <b>-17.2</b> |
| Non recurring                                        | 0.0          | -0.3         | -3.0         | -4.1         | -2.2         |
| Taxes                                                | 0.0          | 0.1          | 0.5          | 1.1          | 1.6          |
| <b>Non ordinary Mémora</b>                           | <b>0.0</b>   | <b>-0.2</b>  | <b>-2.4</b>  | <b>-3.0</b>  | <b>-0.6</b>  |
| <b>Non-ordinary profit/(loss) (net of taxes)</b>     | <b>-17.8</b> | <b>-74.7</b> | <b>-24.9</b> | <b>-14.0</b> | <b>-30.9</b> |

## Reinsurance profit/(loss)

**The transfer to reinsurance is a consequence of the direct application of the Group's risk management policy.**

In Atradius, proportional transfers are made that bring greater stability to the results over the business cycle, as well as non proportional transfers to mitigate the potential impact of relevant claims. The Group has maintained its business retention ratio, setting at 35% with private reinsurers.

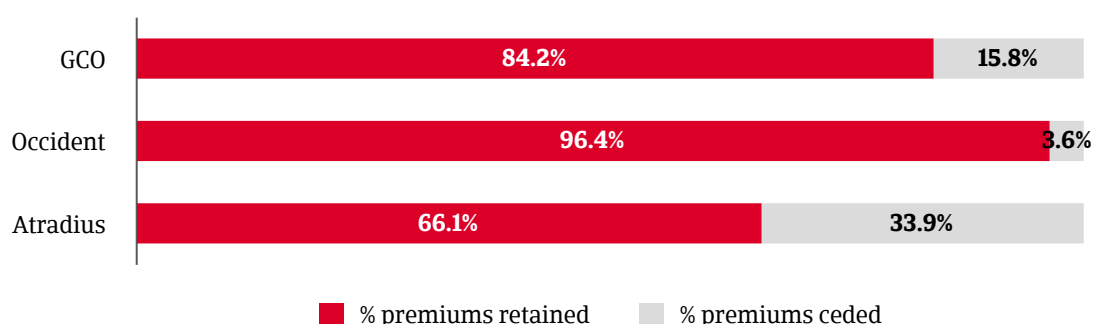
In Occident, there is a strong retention of insured business, and reinsurance protection is primarily provided through excess of loss contracts for relevant claims.

Overall, the reinsurance result amounted to €-180.0 million, with €-25.6 million coming from Occident and €-154.4 million from Atradius.

The major reinsurance brokers for both Occident and Atradius are Munich Re, Sompo International, Hannover Re, Partner RE, SCOR, Swiss Re, Nacional de Reaseguros and Mapfre Re. All of them hold a credit rating of "A" or higher.

| Reinsurance (€million)                 | 2021          | 2022          | 2023          | 2024          | 2025          | % Chg<br>24-25 | Occident     | Atradius      |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Premiums ceded                         | -1,055.5      | -987.9        | -992.5        | -940.2        | -903.6        | 3.9%           | -121.1       | -782.5        |
| Net premiums ceded                     | -1,078.2      | -990.1        | -984.9        | -932.1        | -901.9        | 3.2%           | -125.0       | -776.9        |
| % on earned premiums                   | -23.0%        | -19.7%        | -18.6%        | -17.1%        | -15.8%        | 7.7%           | -3.7%        | -33.7%        |
| Commissions                            | 390.9         | 349.7         | 377.3         | 371.3         | 371.2         | —%             | 22.3         | 348.9         |
| Claims                                 | 245.3         | 640.4         | 370.3         | 367.4         | 350.6         | -4.6%          | 77.1         | 273.6         |
| <b>Ceded reinsurance profit/(loss)</b> | <b>-442.0</b> | <b>-273.9</b> | <b>-237.3</b> | <b>-193.3</b> | <b>-180.0</b> | <b>6.9%</b>    | <b>-25.6</b> | <b>-154.4</b> |

### Reinsurance distribution between lines of business



## Financial profit/(loss)

### Financial investments have provided €269.9 million.

The financial result has contributed €269.9 million to the Group's income statement, representing an increase of +20.4%, mainly due to higher financial income in Occident. This increase is primarily explained by the strong performance of financial returns, mostly from fixed-income investments. In the Mémora business, the financial result also increased due to the buyback of certain funeral homes that were previously leased.

The ordinary financial result of Occident increases to €125.9 million and that of Atradius to €108.8 million. Meanwhile, Mémora improved its ordinary financial result, reaching €-9.7 million.

Finally, non-recurring items improve the financial result by €44.6 million.

| Financial profit/(loss) (€million)              | 2021        | 2022         | 2023         | 2024         | 2025         | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| Financial income net of expenses                | 186.7       | 189.0        | 269.4        | 295.2        | 310.6        | 5.2%           |
| Exchange-rate differences                       | -0.7        | -0.8         | 0.2          | -1.2         | 0.3          | 123.6%         |
| Subsidiary companies                            | 2.2         | 1.9          | 1.7          | 1.7          | 1.4          | -17.8%         |
| Interest applied to life                        | -127.6      | -105.5       | -161.5       | -190.8       | -186.4       | 2.3%           |
| <b>Ordinary profit/(loss) of Occident</b>       | <b>60.6</b> | <b>84.7</b>  | <b>109.8</b> | <b>104.7</b> | <b>125.9</b> | <b>20.2%</b>   |
| <i>% on earned premiums</i>                     | <i>2.2%</i> | <i>3.0%</i>  | <i>3.6%</i>  | <i>3.3%</i>  | <i>3.7%</i>  |                |
| Financial income net of expenses                | 8.5         | 28.7         | 64.4         | 100.9        | 107.8        | 6.8%           |
| Exchange-rate differences                       | 8.9         | 11.0         | -3.1         | 3.5          | 3.2          | -9.6%          |
| Subsidiary companies                            | 16.0        | 17.8         | 11.3         | 13.8         | 13.1         | -4.6%          |
| % on net income from insurance                  | -15.9       | -12.7        | -13.4        | -17.1        | -15.2        | 11.0%          |
| Adjustment                                      | 0.0         | 0.0          | 0.0          | 0.0          | 0.0          | -394.7%        |
| <b>Ordinary profit/(loss) from Atradius</b>     | <b>17.7</b> | <b>44.8</b>  | <b>59.4</b>  | <b>101.1</b> | <b>108.8</b> | <b>7.6%</b>    |
| <i>% on net income from insurance</i>           | <i>0.9%</i> | <i>1.9%</i>  | <i>2.5%</i>  | <i>4.1%</i>  | <i>4.4%</i>  |                |
| Intra-group interest adjustment                 | -0.4        | -0.4         | 0.0          | 0.3          | 0.2          | -17.6%         |
| <b>Adjusted ordinary profit/(loss) Atradius</b> | <b>17.3</b> | <b>44.4</b>  | <b>59.5</b>  | <b>101.3</b> | <b>109.0</b> | <b>7.6%</b>    |
| <b>Financial profit/(loss) Mémora</b>           | <b>0.5</b>  | <b>-0.3</b>  | <b>-16.3</b> | <b>-17.1</b> | <b>-9.7</b>  | <b>43.3%</b>   |
| <b>Ordinary profit</b>                          | <b>78.5</b> | <b>128.8</b> | <b>153.0</b> | <b>189.0</b> | <b>225.2</b> | <b>19.2%</b>   |
| <i>% on net income from insurance</i>           | <i>1.6%</i> | <i>2.5%</i>  | <i>2.8%</i>  | <i>3.4%</i>  | <i>3.8%</i>  |                |
| <b>Non-ordinary profit/(loss)</b>               | <b>19.8</b> | <b>80.2</b>  | <b>23.0</b>  | <b>35.2</b>  | <b>44.6</b>  | <b>26.9%</b>   |
| <b>Financial profit/(loss)</b>                  | <b>98.3</b> | <b>209.0</b> | <b>175.9</b> | <b>224.2</b> | <b>269.9</b> | <b>20.4%</b>   |

## Balance sheet

### GCO closes the 2025 fiscal year with total assets of €21,714.3 million.

GCO closes the balance sheet for the 2025 fiscal year with total assets of 21,714.3 million euros, representing an +3.6% increase compared to 2024.

The main items explain the increase in the size of the balance sheet are:

- Technical provisions, with a increase of 489.5 million euros due to the growth in business.
- Financial investments, with a increase of 453.2 million euros.

The Group's attributable equity amounted to €5,610.9 million.

Note that the item "cash" does not reflect the Group's liquidity position as investments in deposits and money market funds are included in Financial Investments (See Investments and Managed funds table).

Likewise, it should be noted that GCO does not record the capital gains on its properties, so these appear at amortized cost rather than at market value.

| Assets (€million)                          | 2021            | 2022            | 2023            | 2024            | 2025            | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| <b>Intangible assets and property,</b>     | <b>1,358.2</b>  | <b>1,312.0</b>  | <b>2,102.4</b>  | <b>2,239.3</b>  | <b>2,311.9</b>  | <b>3.2%</b>    |
| <b>Investments</b>                         | <b>13,955.5</b> | <b>13,312.4</b> | <b>13,664.6</b> | <b>15,003.1</b> | <b>15,629.3</b> | <b>4.2%</b>    |
| Property investments                       | 718.3           | 749.3           | 731.9           | 790.1           | 782.4           | -1.0%          |
| Financial investments                      | 11,504.0        | 10,436.7        | 11,559.0        | 12,786.3        | 13,239.5        | 3.5%           |
| Cash and short-term assets                 | 1,733.2         | 2,126.4         | 1,373.7         | 1,426.7         | 1,607.4         | 12.7%          |
| <b>Reinsurance of technical provisions</b> | <b>1,101.5</b>  | <b>1,200.0</b>  | <b>1,245.2</b>  | <b>1,290.0</b>  | <b>1,270.3</b>  | <b>-1.5%</b>   |
| <b>Other assets</b>                        | <b>1,857.7</b>  | <b>2,146.4</b>  | <b>2,394.8</b>  | <b>2,434.7</b>  | <b>2,502.8</b>  | <b>2.8%</b>    |
| Deferred tax assets                        | 226.8           | 282.3           | 300.0           | 278.1           | 283.2           | 1.8%           |
| Credits                                    | 1,006.6         | 1,084.3         | 1,275.9         | 1,312.0         | 1,341.2         | 2.2%           |
| Other assets                               | 624.3           | 779.8           | 819.0           | 844.5           | 878.3           | 4.0%           |
| <b>Total assets</b>                        | <b>18,272.9</b> | <b>17,970.8</b> | <b>19,407.0</b> | <b>20,967.0</b> | <b>21,714.3</b> | <b>3.6%</b>    |

| Net liabilities and equity (€million)   | 2021            | 2022            | 2023            | 2024            | 2025            | % Chg<br>24-25 |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| <b>Permanent resources</b>              | <b>4,667.7</b>  | <b>4,374.0</b>  | <b>5,170.4</b>  | <b>6,016.5</b>  | <b>6,309.8</b>  | <b>4.9%</b>    |
| <b>Net equity</b>                       | <b>4,472.8</b>  | <b>4,182.6</b>  | <b>5,014.2</b>  | <b>5,768.6</b>  | <b>6,061.6</b>  | <b>5.1%</b>    |
| Parent company                          | 4,076.6         | 3,782.4         | 4,560.6         | 5,288.0         | 5,610.9         | 6.1%           |
| Minority interests                      | 396.2           | 400.2           | 453.6           | 480.6           | 450.7           | -6.2%          |
| <b>Subordinated liabilities</b>         | <b>194.9</b>    | <b>191.3</b>    | <b>156.2</b>    | <b>247.9</b>    | <b>248.1</b>    | <b>0.1%</b>    |
| <b>Technical provisions</b>             | <b>11,294.5</b> | <b>11,730.1</b> | <b>12,035.6</b> | <b>12,633.8</b> | <b>13,123.3</b> | <b>3.9%</b>    |
| <b>Other liabilities</b>                | <b>2,310.7</b>  | <b>1,866.7</b>  | <b>2,201.0</b>  | <b>2,316.7</b>  | <b>2,281.2</b>  | <b>-1.5%</b>   |
| Other provisions                        | 196.1           | 258.3           | 267.1           | 196.2           | 208.4           | 6.2%           |
| Deposits for ceded reinsurance          | 21.1            | 14.3            | 15.3            | 12.8            | 11.1            | -13.0%         |
| Deferred tax liabilities                | 504.2           | 308.7           | 469.2           | 563.2           | 685.5           | 21.7%          |
| Debts                                   | 1,145.6         | 1,026.7         | 1,242.6         | 1,330.1         | 1,188.2         | -10.7%         |
| Other liabilities                       | 443.7           | 258.7           | 206.9           | 214.4           | 188.1           | -12.3%         |
| <b>Total net liabilities and equity</b> | <b>18,272.9</b> | <b>17,970.8</b> | <b>19,407.0</b> | <b>20,967.0</b> | <b>21,714.3</b> | <b>3.6%</b>    |

## Investments and managed funds

**At the end of 2025 fiscal year, the Group manages funds amounting to €17,769.9 million, which represents an increase of €893.5 million compared to the previous year.**

The Group primarily invests in fixed income, represents 52.6% of the total portfolio, amounting to €8,110.5 million. The main asset is sovereign debt, representing 56.0%. The distribution of the portfolio's rating is shown graphically below. At the end of the period, 64.3% of the portfolio has an "A" rating. The portfolio's duration at year-end is 3.93 years, with a yield of 3.10%.

The investment in real estate amounts to €2,019.2 million, representing 13.2% of the total portfolio. Most of the properties are located in "prime" areas of major Spanish cities. All properties intended for third-party use are situated in these areas and have a very high occupancy rate. Every two years, the properties are appraised by entities authorized by the regulator. The capital gains from the properties amount to €552.2 million.

Equity represents 17.8% of the portfolio and have increased by +11.4%, reflecting the positive performance of the financial markets. The security portfolio is highly diversified and focused on large-cap stocks, mainly from the Spanish market (30.0%) and the rest of the Europe (53.5%), which offer attractive dividend yields.

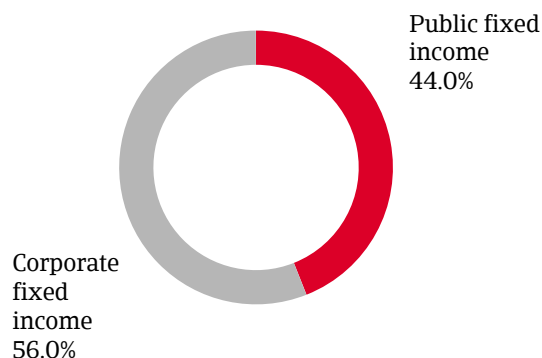
The Group maintains a liquidity position in deposits at credit institutions of €624.1 million, mainly at Banco Santander and BBVA, and a significant level of cash of €1,644.4 million.

| <b>Investments and managed funds<br/>(€millions)</b> | <b>2021</b>     | <b>2022</b>     | <b>2023</b>     | <b>2024</b>     | <b>2025</b>     | <b>% Chg<br/>24-25</b> | <b>% on inv.<br/>R. Co.</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Real Estate Property                                 | 1,595.9         | 1,626.1         | 1,702.8         | 1,826.7         | 2,019.2         | 10.5%                  | 13.2%                       |
| Fixed income                                         | 7,469.2         | 6,926.7         | 7,400.0         | 8,067.0         | 8,110.5         | 0.5%                   | 52.6%                       |
| Equity                                               | 2,122.0         | 1,768.2         | 2,160.2         | 2,461.6         | 2,741.3         | 11.4%                  | 17.8%                       |
| Deposits with credit institutions                    | 620.8           | 429.3           | 612.0           | 623.4           | 624.1           | 0.1%                   | 4.1%                        |
| Other investments                                    | 249.1           | 243.7           | 236.5           | 239.0           | 192.1           | -19.6%                 | 1.3%                        |
| Cash and monetary assets                             | 1,841.5         | 2,250.4         | 1,435.5         | 1,526.1         | 1,644.4         | 7.8%                   | 10.7%                       |
| Investment in associated companies                   | 99.1            | 112.3           | 119.1           | 125.0           | 128.7           | 3.0%                   | 0.9%                        |
| <b>Total investments, risk to entity</b>             | <b>13,997.6</b> | <b>13,356.7</b> | <b>13,666.0</b> | <b>14,868.8</b> | <b>15,460.3</b> | <b>4.0%</b>            | <b>100.0%</b>               |
| Investments on behalf of policyholders               | 757.2           | 750.6           | 872.1           | 1,076.7         | 1,307.6         | 21.4%                  | 8.5%                        |
| Pension plans and investment funds                   | 820.5           | 747.4           | 826.7           | 931.0           | 1,002.0         | 7.6%                   | 6.5%                        |
| <b>Total investments, risk to policy holders</b>     | <b>1,577.7</b>  | <b>1,498.0</b>  | <b>1,698.7</b>  | <b>2,007.7</b>  | <b>2,309.6</b>  | <b>15.0%</b>           |                             |
| <b>Investments and managed funds</b>                 | <b>15,575.3</b> | <b>14,854.7</b> | <b>15,364.7</b> | <b>16,876.4</b> | <b>17,769.9</b> | <b>5.3%</b>            |                             |

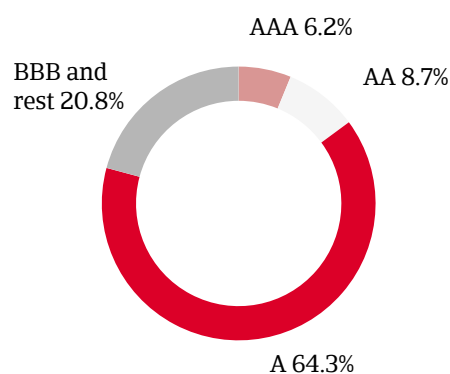


## Portfolio breakdown

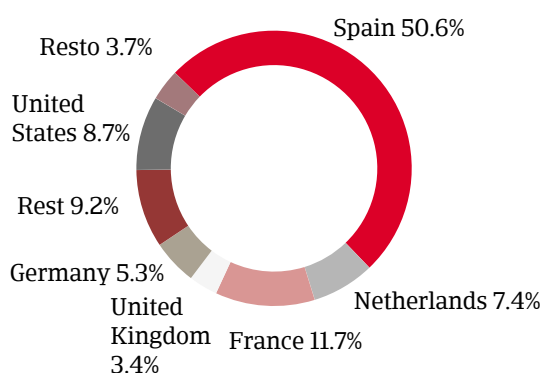
### Fixed income by type



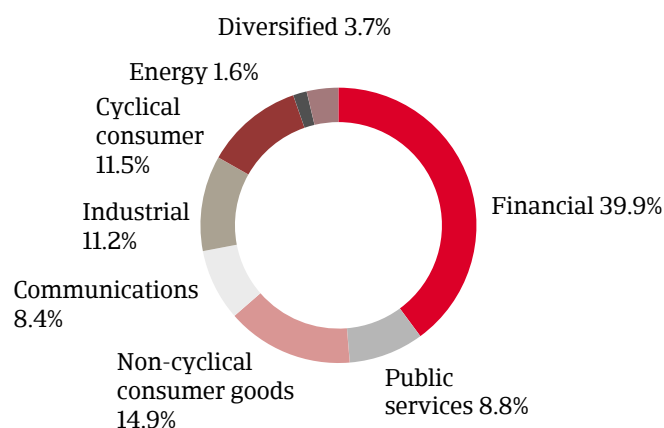
### Fixed income by rating



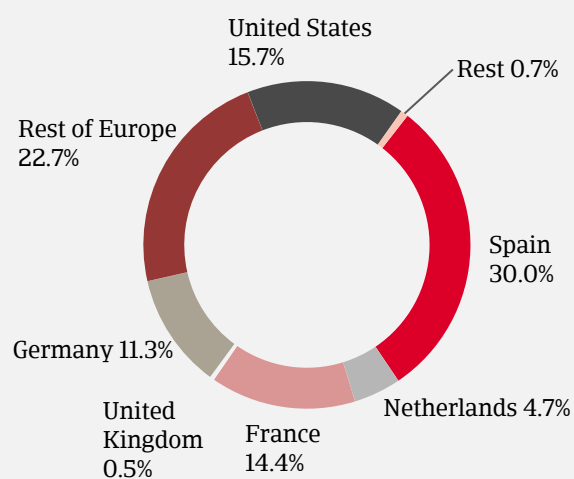
### Fixed income by countries



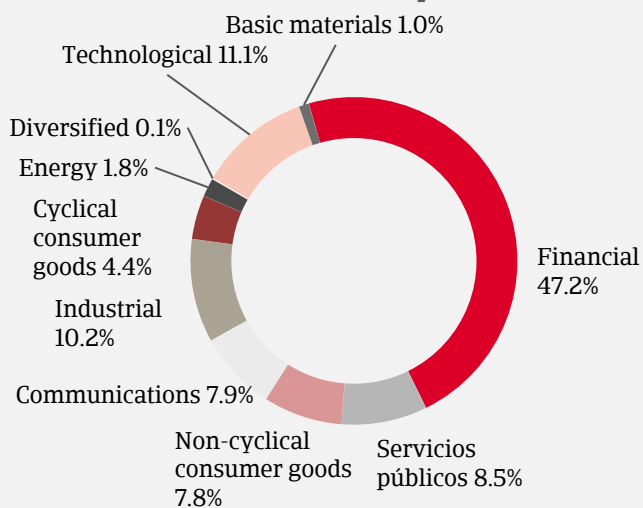
### Fixed income by sectors



### Variable income by countries



### Variable income by sectors



# Capital management

**GCO manages its capital with the goal of maximising value for all its interest groups, maintaining a solid position through obtaining long-term results and a prudent policy for remunerating shareholders.**

All Group entities maintain the necessary financial strength to develop the business strategy, taking risks prudently and meeting the required solvency needs.

In the capital planning, the Group takes into account the following aspects:

- The Solvency ratio of the Group and its individual entities in accordance with the risk appetite.
- Any change in the Group's risk profile.
- The asset-liability management (ALM) of Life and cash business of each of the entities.

## Principles of capital management:

- Ensuring that Group companies have sufficient capital to meet their obligations, even when faced by extraordinary events.
- Managing capital taking into account the economic vision, as well as the objectives established in the risk appetite.
- Optimising the capital structure through the efficient allocation of resources between entities, ensuring financial flexibility.

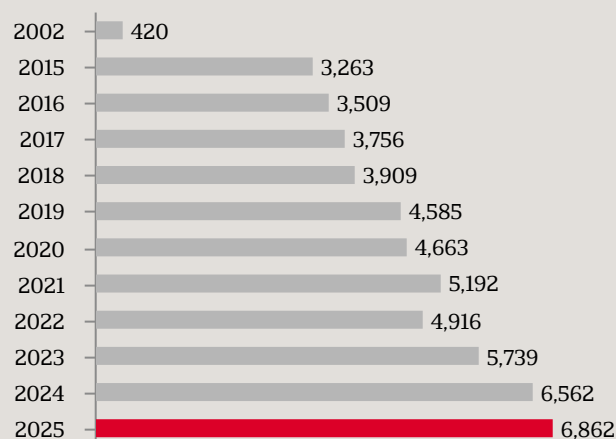
The Group defines the strategic plan and the risk strategy considering the capital management policy, using the solvency projections made in the internal evaluation process of risks and solvency (ORSA). Capital quantification is carried out at the Group level and at the level of each of the entities, using different models for monitoring: ORSA, rating agencies, economic and regulatory models.

## Capital performance

**“At the end of 2025 fiscal year, the Group's capital increased by +4.6% of the permanent resources at market value.”**

|                                                       |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Permanent resources at 12/31/24</b>                | <b>5,768.6</b> |
| <b>Permanent resources at market value 12/31/2024</b> | <b>6,562.2</b> |
| <b>Net equity on 01/01/25</b>                         | <b>5,768.6</b> |
| (+) Consolidated profits                              | 742.4          |
| (+) Dividends paid                                    | -708.1         |
| (+) Change in treasury shares                         | 98.4           |
| (+) Change in valuation adjustments                   | 260.1          |
| Other changes                                         | -99.7          |
| <b>Total movements</b>                                | <b>293.1</b>   |
| <b>Total net equity on 12/31/25</b>                   | <b>6,061.6</b> |
| Subordinated debt                                     | 248.1          |
| <b>Permanent resources at 12/31/25</b>                | <b>6,309.8</b> |
| Capital gains not included in balance sheet           | 552.2          |
| <b>Permanent resources at market value</b>            | <b>6,862.0</b> |

## Evolution of permanent resources at market value.



The consolidated profit has contributed to the Group's financial strength. Market movements have led to an increase in the value of investments, with a positive impact of €260.1 million. Also, dividends have been paid, amounting to €708.1 million, thus reducing equity by the same amount.

On September 23, 2014, Atradius Finance BV issued subordinated debt in the amount of €250 million, replacing the €120 million bond issued in 2004. On April 8, 2024, Atradius Finance BV announced a tender offer for the bonds issued in September 2014, which mature in 2044. Following the transaction, in September 2024, the call option provided for in the bond was exercised on the bonds that had not been tendered in the buyback offer.

Additionally, on April 17, 2024, Atradius Crédito y Caucción S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros issued subordinated notes with a nominal amount of €300 million, maturing in 10 years and bearing a fixed annual coupon of 5%.

## Credit rating

In September 2025, following the upgrade of Spain's sovereign rating, Moody's raised the Group's rating to "A3" with a stable outlook. The financial strength and diversification benefits of the Group's two main entities (Occident and Atradius) were highlighted.

Additionally, in May 2025, Moody's affirmed the 'A1' rating with a stable outlook for Atradius's main operating entities. This affirmation reflects Moody's confidence in the strength of the Atradius brand, even in times of economic uncertainty. It is attributed to the high quality of risk exposure, strong economic capitalization, and solid positioning as the world's second-largest credit insurance provider.

Meanwhile, in July 2025, A.M. Best maintained the 'A' (excellent) financial strength rating with a stable outlook for the Group's main operating entities, both in Occident and Atradius. This rating reflects the robust balance sheet, strong operating results, and appropriate capitalization of the Group's principal operating entities. Additionally, exposure to natural catastrophes is considered limited due to the existence of a national coverage system in Spain (Consorcio de Compensación de Seguros).

### Rating of Group entities

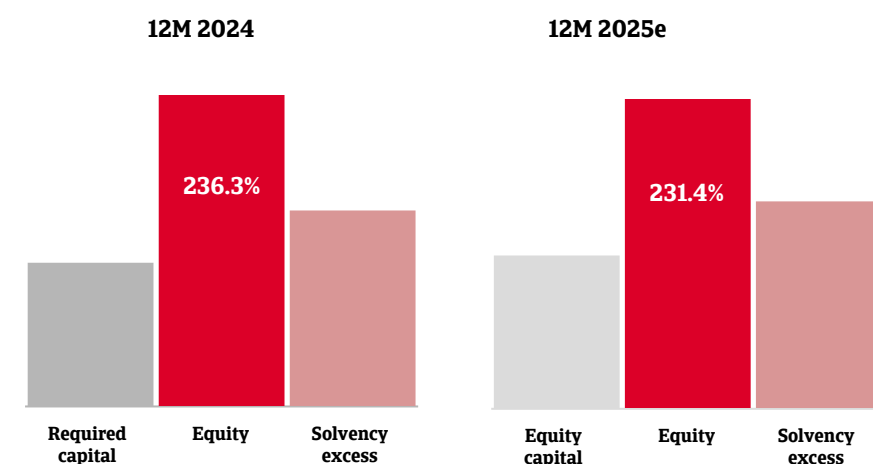
|                                          | A.M. Best         | Moody's     |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| GCO                                      |                   | 'A3' stable |
| Occident                                 | 'A' stable (FSR)  |             |
|                                          | 'a+' stable (ICR) |             |
| Atradius Crédito y<br>Caución Seg Reas   | 'A' stable (FSR)  | 'A1' stable |
|                                          | 'a+' stable (ICR) | (IFS)       |
| Atradius Trade Credit<br>Insurance, Inc. | 'A' stable (FSR)  | 'A1' stable |
|                                          | 'a+' stable (ICR) | (IFS)       |
| Atradius Seguros de<br>Crédito, S.A.     | 'A' stable (FSR)  |             |
|                                          | 'a+' stable (ICR) |             |

## Solvency II

The estimated Solvency II ratio at the close of 2025 for the Group is 231.4%. The entities of the Group present average Solvency II ratios of above 200%. The Solvency ratio at year end 2024 was 236.3%.

GCO has a robust financial and solvency position to with stand adverse situations; in fact, the ratio of Solvency II is maintained around 175% even in adverse scenarios. Furthermore, it is worth noting that the equity is of high quality, with 96.5% of it being tier 1.

### Evolution Solvency ratio



\* Data with partial internal model, estimated as of the end of 2025.

### Stress scenarios and sensitivity analysis based on the SFCR 2024 published in May 2025.

|                                                                  |               |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Main ratio scenario</b>                                       | <b>236.3%</b> |
| <b>Underwriting scenarios</b>                                    |               |
| Lowering premiums -5%                                            | -1.0%         |
| Increased claims ratio*                                          | -11.5%        |
| Set of scenarios                                                 | -12.3%        |
| <b>Market scenarios</b>                                          |               |
| Equity -10%                                                      | 10.1%         |
| Real Estate -5%                                                  | -1.4%         |
| Set of scenarios                                                 | 8.6%          |
| ' -25% equity                                                    | 11.7%         |
| Rates curve +100 bps                                             | -1.8%         |
| Rates curve -100 bps                                             | 0.3%          |
| Spread +100 bps                                                  | -5.6%         |
| Impairment rating -10%                                           | -0.7%         |
| <b>Adverse scenario**</b>                                        | <b>-43.0%</b> |
| <b>No volatility adjustment and no transitional PPTT measure</b> | <b>-0.9%</b>  |

\* Fire and other property damage, motor OG +10 p.p and Motor CL +5 p.p.

Credit insurance claims ratio +10 p.p.

\*\* -5% vol. premiums Fire and Other Damage to Goods, Motor CL and OG.

+10 p.p claims ratio of Fire and Other Damage to Goods and Motor OG.

+5 p.p claims ratio of Motor CL.

Low interest rate environment.

-35% of equity.

-15% of properties

+200 bps credit spreads

Credit insurance claims ratio 101.6%

**\*In note 4 of the report, the scenarios for the yield curve, equities, and real estate are updated with 2025 year-end figures.**

# IFRS 17

**IFRS17: International accounting standard establishing a new methodology for the calculation of provisions.**

## Treatment of insurance liabilities

| IFRS17 Accounting |  LIFE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  NON LIFE                                                                   |  CREDIT                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Savings: General methodology (BBA). Methodology analogous to Solvency and Embedded Value. With market assumptions and valuation.</li> <li>In addition, the term CSM is introduced as an estimate of future business performance.</li> </ul>                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No significant change from the current one, based on a best estimate with risk adjustment and discounting.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We have chosen the general methodology (BBA):</li> <li>It applies to all products and countries.</li> <li>It is consistent with reinsurance.</li> <li>It is suitable for the management and volatility of the credit insurance business.</li> </ul> |
|                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Risk (annual): The methodology for short-term insurance, known as PAA, will be followed. No significant changes from the current one (best estimate, risk adjustment and discounting).</li> <li>Only affects the consolidated accounts.</li> <li>Entry into force 1 January 2023.</li> </ul> |                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## Impacts on Ordinary Management

| FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>No impact</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assets at market value against equity (OCI) similar to current portfolios</li> <li>ALM (Asset-Liability Management) continues to be maintained in order to reduce asymmetries</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>On the business</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No relevant changes in risk appetite are expected.</li> <li>Current business management indicators (ratios and KPIs) are maintained in parallel.</li> </ul> |
| <b>With impact</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Liabilities at market value analogous to Solvency / Embedded Value</li> <li>Recognition of the profit in Life Savings and Loan, different time allocation</li> <li>Equity treatment: Market value through OCI, but without the possibility of recognizing gains or losses on sale. Investment funds at market value with changes recognized in profit or loss</li> </ul> | <b>On the capital</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No change in dividend distribution</li> <li>No change in the solvency position</li> <li>No change in cash generation</li> </ul>                              |

## Comparison IFRS 17 vs IFRS 4

(€million)

|                                                  | 12M2025      |                |              |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
|                                                  | IFRS4        | IFRS17         | Var.         |
| <b>Technical insurance profit/(loss)</b>         | <b>749.5</b> | <b>805.8</b>   | <b>56.3</b>  |
| Non-attributable expenses                        |              | -8.0           | -8.0         |
| <b>Total technical profit/(loss)</b>             | <b>749.5</b> | <b>797.8</b>   | <b>48.3</b>  |
| Investment profit/(loss)                         | 406.1        | 403.4          | -2.6         |
| Insurance financial income or expenses           | -171.4       | -193.4         | -21.9        |
| <b>Total financial profit/(loss)</b>             | <b>234.6</b> | <b>210.1</b>   | <b>-24.6</b> |
| <b>Other results</b>                             | 14.3         | 10.5           | -3.8         |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>                  | <b>998.4</b> | <b>1,018.3</b> | <b>19.9</b>  |
| Corporate tax                                    | -225.1       | -233.1         | -8.0         |
| <b>Ordinary profit after tax</b>                 | <b>773.3</b> | <b>785.3</b>   | <b>12.0</b>  |
| <b>Combined ratio with attributable expenses</b> |              |                |              |
| Occident                                         | 90.3         | 90.2           | -0.1 p.p.    |
| Atradius                                         | 82.6         | 80.9           | -1.8 p.p.    |

|                               | 12M2024      |              |             |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|                               | IFRS4        | IFRS17       | Var.        |
| <b>Ordinary profit/(loss)</b> | <b>702.7</b> | <b>728.7</b> | <b>26.1</b> |
| % Increase                    | 10.0%        | 7.8%         |             |

IFRS4 results are presented with a different breakdown than management information to make them comparable with international accounting standards.

The current management of the business is based on financial information reported under IFRS 4 to the Group's Management. Therefore, the consolidated management report is presented according to the accounting principles established by this regulation, until business management and decision-making are based on financial information reported (including the consolidated management report) under the principles set out in IFRS 17 (the applicable accounting standards for these annual accounts).

For further information, see notes 18 and 19 of the report for the Consolidated Financial Statements.



# 04.

## **Corporate governance**

|                                   |           |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
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|                     |                          |                           |              |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 01. Annual panorama | 03.Results in 2025       | 05. Business Model        | 07. Glossary |
| 02. GCO in 2025     | 04. Corporate Governance | 06. Sustainability Report |              |

# Corporate governance model

**The Board of Directors conducts its activities accordance with the principles of good governance.**

The governing bodies of GCO have the goal of providing management and control structures that are suitable to protect the interests of shareholders, to monitor compliance with the strategy of the Group and to ensure the creation of value and the efficient use of resources in a transparent information framework. During the 2025 fiscal year, the Group has applied almost all of the recommendations of the CNMV's Good Governance Code for Listed Companies, as well as advanced practices in corporate governance.

## General Shareholders' Meeting

The General Shareholders' Meeting is the body that represents the shareholders. Its operation and actions are governed by the company's by laws and, until January 19, 2026, by the Regulations of the General Shareholders' Meeting. One of its main functions is the approval of the financial statements and the allocation of results. At GCO, there are no restrictions on voting rights, and each share entitles the holder to one vote.



## Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is the maximum management and supervision authority at GCO. The guiding principle is to delegate the ordinary management to the management team and to concentrate its activity on the supervisory function, which includes, among others, the following responsibilities:

- Strategic responsibility: direct the policies.
- Supervision responsibility: control management.
- Communication responsibility: serve as a link between shareholders.

Its operation and action is regulated by the articles of association and the Regulation of the Board of Directors. As at 31 December 2025, the Board of Directors consisted of 9 directors, of whom 5 were proprietary, 3 were independent and 1 was executive director. Effective January 13, 2026, board member (Dominical) Ms. María Assumpta Soler Serra resigned from her position.

During the 2025 financial year, the Board of Directors met 14 times, during which it reviewed, was informed about, and, where appropriate, took action regarding the Group's financial and non-financial situation and results, its strategic plan, potential acquisition transactions, and its risk policies and controls, among other matters.

**Board of Directors**

(at 31 December 2025)

**Chairman**

Mr. José María Serra Farré\*

**Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

Mr. Hugo Serra Calderón\*\*

**Vocals**

Mr. Daniel Halpern Serra\*

Mr. Francisco Javier Pérez Farguell\*\*\*

Ms. Maria Assumpta Soler Serra<sup>\*(1)</sup>

Ms. Beatriz Molins Domingo\*\*\*

Ms. Raquel Cortizo Almeida\*\*\*

Mr. Jorge Enrich Serra\*

Mr. Álvaro Juncadella de Pallejá\*

**Non-board member secretary**

Mr. Joaquín Guallar Pérez

\*Board Member (Dominical)

\*\*Executive Board Member

\*\*\*Independents

(1) Ms. Maria Assumpta Soler Serra resigned from her position effective January 13, 2026

**Delegate committees**

In order to ensure greater efficiency in the exercise of its functions, the Board of Directors has two delegated committees: the Audit Committee and the Appointments and Remuneration Committee.

**Audit committee****Chairman**

Mr. Francisco Javier Pérez Farguell

**Board members**

Ms. Beatriz Molins Domingo

Mr. Álvaro Juncadella de Pallejá

The Board of Directors has an audit committee in accordance with the provisions of the Capital Companies Act and Additional Provision 3 of the Audit Act. Its composition and regulation are established in the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

The powers of this committee are those provided for in the aforementioned Capital Companies Act and in article 15 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors. These include:

- Monitor the effectiveness of the internal control system.
- Examine compliance with the Group's internal and external regulations on good governance.
- Submit proposals for the selection, appointment and replacement of auditors to the Board of Directors and evaluate the results of each audit.
- Know and supervise the process of preparing and presenting regulated financial information.
- Inform the Board of Directors about (i) the financial information that the Company must make public periodically and (ii) transactions with related parties.

**Appointments and Remuneration Committee****Chairman**

Mr. Francisco Javier Pérez Farguell

**Board members**

Mr. Jorge Enrich Serra

Ms. Beatriz Molins Domingo

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As in the case of the audit committee, its composition and regulation are established in the Capital Companies Law and in the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

The main powers of this committee are those provided for in the Capital Companies Act and in article 16 of the Regulations of the Board of Directors. These include:

- Inform the Board of Directors about appointments and dismissals of senior management and propose the basic conditions for their contracts.
- Ensure that directors meet the requirements of suitability and integrity established by the Company both at the time of their appointment and during the term of their position.
- Review GCO's remuneration policy and report on its implementation..

## Steering Committee (first line of defense)

GCO has a Corporate management Committee that directs and coordinates the Group's day-to-day management. The main individual entities that form part of the Group also have their own management committees.

These committees meet at least monthly.

## External audit

PriceWaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L., performs the individual external audit of the Company and the consolidated audit of the Group, as well as of most of the entities comprising it. This provides global homogeneity between all audits and, in particular, with respect to the financial information systems.

Note 21b of the notes to the report contain the remuneration paid to the auditors, both for auditing services and for other services. The full content of the annual accounts, the notes to the report and the auditors' report is available at: [www.cnmv.es](http://www.cnmv.es) and at [www.gco.com](http://www.gco.com), in the section dedicated to "Shareholders and Investors", in the "Reports and Results" section.

## Assessment of the Board and the Committees

Following the recommendations included in the Code of Good Governance of listed companies, which recommends that an external expert evaluate the functioning of the Board of Directors every three years, during the 2024 financial year, an external evaluation was carried out by KPMG, in its capacity as independent expert, on the functioning of the Board of Directors, the delegated committees and the performance of its chairman. The result was very positive, with the external expert highlighting both the suitability of the procedures and the functioning of the aforementioned bodies.

## Key functions (2nd and 3rd line of defence)

### Risk management control function

- Supports the Board of Directors and the Management Committee in the identification, assessment, and control of all risks that could materially affect the Group.
- Supports the Board of Directors in the annual definition of the risk appetite and tolerance of the Group and its main businesses.
- Monitors prospective risk assessment (ORSA).
- Regularly monitors the Group's risk profile and threats.

### Compliance verification function

Ensures compliance with the obligations affecting the Group's organization, including both mandatory rules and those assumed voluntarily, including legal, regulatory and administrative provisions affecting the Group, as well as its own internal regulations.

### Actuarial function

Exercises the powers conferred by insurance regulations.

- Expresses an opinion on the technical provisions.

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- It evaluates the quality system of the data used.
- Expresses its opinion on the adequacy of the technical provisions included in the ORSA.
- Expresses its opinion on the underwriting policy.
- Expresses its opinion on the reinsurance policy.

### Internal audit function

The Group reports directly to the Audit Committee as a delegated committee of the Board of Directors and exercises maximum oversight over the Group's internal control. In 2025, the Group has carried out a total of 73 audits, including 5 on Solvency II aspects, 2 on aspects related to the internal control system for the generation of financial information (SCIIF), 4 on the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing and 5 on I.T security.

In total, 95 reviews were issued, 3.2% of which received an unsatisfactory rating.

Likewise, the Internal Audit Function manages irregularities and/or frauds of intermediaries, professionals and employees of which it has become aware. Among the reportable facts are noncompliance with the ethical code established by the Group and the manipulation or falsification of data and, in general, within the framework of the internal control system for financial information, any irregular practice linked to the internal control systems and preparation of financial information.

In this regard, in 2025, 151 internal fraud incidents were recorded (of which 61 were not accepted for processing, and of the remaining cases, 68 were deemed substantiated, 11 were unsubstantiated, and 11 cases were currently under investigation). The operational cost amounted to 3,185,425 euros (in 2024, 97 internal fraud incidents were detected, in total 73,259 euros).

During 2025 fiscal year, no cases of corruption have been confirmed in the Group, nor have any public legal cases related to corruption been registered.

### Remuneration policy

This is oriented towards the recurring generation of value and sustainability of results over time. It also seeks to align the interests of the directors and employees with those of the Group's stakeholders together with prudent risk management in such a way as to be reasonable with the size of the Group, its economic situation and the market standards of comparable companies.

In accordance with the regulations, this policy is approved for periods of three years (unless amended) by the General Shareholders' Meeting. In this regard, it was last approved at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting on 30 April 2025. In addition, the Annual Report on Remunerations of the Board of Directors is published annually, subject to consultative voting by the General Shareholders' Meeting. This report includes the remuneration received by the members of the Board of Directors, both from the company and its subsidiaries during the reporting period.

The remuneration policy is aligned with ESG matters, linking the variable component of compensation to the commitments made in relation to sustainability.

### Principles of the policy

- To create long term value.
- To compensate the achievement of results based on prudent and responsible risk assumption.
- To attract and retain the best professionals.
- To reward the level of responsibility.
- To ensure internal equality and external competitiveness.

The members of the Board of Directors in their roles as such, have perceived remunerations, in the concept of statutory attentions and daily subsistence allowances for attendance at meetings. In turn, the executive directors have signed, in accordance with the trade regulations, their corresponding contracts which include, among other elements, and as appropriate, a fixed remuneration, variable remuneration (of which a part is deferred), payment in kind and a system of complementary social security.

In Note 20b of the notes to the report, the amounts paid to the members of the Board of Directors for all of the above items are listed.

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## Policy of aptitude and integrity

The Group's corporate governance not only involves the Board of Directors and other management bodies, but extends to all aspects of the organization and its teams.

The Group, through an appropriate and transparent remuneration policy and a policy of fitness and propriety, ensures that key positions within the organization are held by suitable individuals (strategic personnel).

### Aptitude

It is understood that the professional is suitable if they have the training and the right profile to perform the functions entrusted to them, as well as practical experience derived from previous jobs with functions similar to those to be undertaken. In order to assess their aptitude, the Human Resources Management defines an ideal type of qualification, knowledge and experience for each role and evaluates the aptitude through the corresponding supporting documentation.

### Honorability

The process for determining good repute is carried out by the Human Resources Department and the Group's Compliance Verification Unit. The evaluation of honorableness includes an assessment of their honesty and financial solvency based on reliable information on their reputation.

In accordance with the applicable regulations, the Group provides both the corresponding insurance supervisor and, where applicable, the CNMV or the Bank of Spain, as corresponding, all of the information regarding appointments and terminations of strategic personnel.

## Ethical framework

**The Group's code of ethics promotes responsible and transparent management, considers people its greatest asset and places the customer at the centre.**

The Group's code of ethics, formulated and approved by the Board of Directors, is the document that establishes the guidelines that must govern the ethical behaviour of GCO's directors, employees, agents and collaborators in their daily work, with regard to the relationships and interactions they maintain with all interest groups.

The code of ethics, developed through different protocols, is reviewed annually to adapt it to the new realities faced by the Group and collects, systematizes and makes public its principles and values of action aligned with the cultural keys of the Group, collecting the commitments assumed in terms of good governance, ethics and regulatory compliance, and, in particular, establishing measures to prevent any form of corruption or bribery, the safeguarding of human rights, respect for people, professional development, equal opportunities, relations with collaborating companies, safety and health at work, and respect for the environment, among others, as well as the commitment to sustainability.

The code of ethics also covers the actions of the person responsible for criminal compliance at GCO, the actions taken when receiving judicial documentation or in the event of an inspection, the detection of conflicts of interest, as well as the manual of procedures and selection of suppliers and the channel for reporting irregularities and fraud.

The Group's general principles and values reflected in the code of ethics are:

- Integrity and honesty
- Impartiality
- Transparency and confidentiality
- Professionalism
- Sustainability
- Social commitment
- Compliance with the law and the corporate governance system
- Respect and safeguarding of human rights
- Brand, image and corporate reputation

Both Atradius and Mémora, due to the uniqueness of their structures and business, have their own code of ethics, which observes the guidelines defined in the Group's code of ethics.

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## Communication and monitoring

The code of ethics is communicated to the entire organization through the intranet of each of the Group's entities, receiving appropriate training on the subject, and must also be assumed by all employees of the Group's entities. This code can be consulted on the Group's corporate website.

The Group has safeguard systems in place to ensure compliance with the code of ethics, including a channel for reporting irregularities and internal fraud through which such complaints and possible violations can be managed.

Once the communication is received, it is managed by the Internal Audit Department of GCO, Atradius, or Mémora, as appropriate, through the "Whistleblowing Channel for Irregularities and Fraud" and its implementing regulations, "Procedure and Methodology for Handling and Analyzing Internal Irregularities and Fraud at GCO." During 2025, the Group received 216 communications through the existing whistleblowing channels, of which 87 were not admitted for processing. Of the remaining 129 communications, 109 were resolved during 2025 (85 substantiated cases and 24 unsubstantiated), and 20 were pending resolution as of December 31, 2025 (in 2024, 188 communications were received through the existing whistleblowing channels).

The first principles included in the Group's code of ethics are integrity and honesty, which implies that any form of corruption will be avoided and the necessary measures will be implemented to combat it.

The whistleblowing channel for irregularities and fraud is aligned with the requirements established in Law 2/2023, of February 20, regulating the protection of individuals who report regulatory violations and the fight against corruption. In 2024, in compliance with this law, the Director of Internal Audit was appointed as the responsible person for the internal information system in each of the businesses (Occident, Atradius, and Mémora).

GCO also has various internal policies and rules of conduct on specific matters such as:

- Internal rules of conduct in the securities market (repealed on January 29, 2026).
- Outsourcing policy and supplier selection procedures manual.
- Manual on the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing.
- Personal data protection.

This management model also establishes that the Audit Committee and the Management Committee receive periodic reports on the actions in all of the above matters.

## Compliance and prevention

### Operating in a highly regulated sector makes the verification of compliance function essential.

The compliance function is responsible for ensuring compliance with the legal obligations affecting the organisation, including both mandatory and voluntary standards, assessing the potential impact of any changes in the legal environment on the Group's operations and the identification and assessment of compliance risk. It also includes advising the GCO Board of Directors and the other individual entities that make up the Group on compliance with the legal, regulatory and administrative provisions that affect the Group, as well as compliance with internal regulations.

The compliance verification function is coordinated through the Compliance Verification Committee, whose main function is to coordinate, supervise and establish common criteria for all the Group's regulated entities in relation to the application of both mandatory and voluntary regulations.

Furthermore, and in particular, this function is responsible for ensuring compliance with the internal regulations developed in relation to the system for the prevention and detection of crimes that may be committed by the Group's legal entities.

Atradius has its own structure that includes both the entity-level compliance function and local compliance functions, and supports the Group in complying with applicable laws, rules, and regulations.

### Prevention of money laundering and financing of terrorism

The Group has a manual for the prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism, which sets out, among other matters, all the internal control measures implemented by the Group entities subject to the regulations on the prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism.

These internal control measures are subject to an annual analysis by an external expert who in his last report considered that the Group has a satisfactory system for preventing money laundering and the financing of terrorism. The Board of

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Directors examines this re-port, together with proposals of necessary measures, to address the incidents identified. No claims on money laundering have been received. As part of the prevention system, the Group has implemented a training plan on the prevention of money laundering and financing of terrorism.

The Group has a Corporate Governance Framework on the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing, which details the commitments and principles promoted by the Group and specifies the organisational structure and policies available in relation to this matter. This Framework is available on the GCO website.

## Data protection and cybersecurity

The Group is committed to ensuring the trust of its stakeholders with regard to the protection, processing and privacy of personal data. In this regard, the Privacy Policy and the Policy for the Protection of Personal Data and the use of ICT resources aim to establish the Group's goals with regard to the protection of personal data and to define a working framework to guarantee and improve such protection, respecting the principles and rights established by the applicable regulations.

In addition, the Group has a Corporate Governance Framework on Personal Data Protection and Information Security which details the commitments and principles promoted by the Group in this area and specifies the organisational structure and policies available in relation to personal data protection and information security. This Framework is available on GCO's website.

As a consequence of the foregoing, GCO has undertaken to process the personal data of individuals who are related to the Group in accordance with the following principles:

- Lawfulness, fairness and transparency in the processing: the personal data of data subjects will be obtained by lawful and transparent means, with clear information provided regarding its subsequent processing, and with the explicit consent of the data subject when required.
- Purpose limitation: personal data will be collected and processed for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes, in accordance with the purpose and aim informed to the data subject at the time of collection.
- Data minimisation: the processing of personal data will be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they were collected.
- Accuracy: the personal data processed must be accurate and kept up to date, and inaccurate data must be deleted or rectified.
- Limitation of the storage period: personal data undergoing processing will be kept for the time necessary for the purposes for which they were collected.
- Integrity and confidentiality: personal data will be processed with appropriate security and protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing, loss or destruction.
- Proactive responsibility and accountability: not only should compliance with the above principles relating to the processing of personal data be ensured, but it should also be possible to demonstrate it.

GCO has a Data Protection Officer (DPO), certified in accordance with the DPO Certification Scheme of the Spanish Data Protection Agency (AEPD), to ensure compliance with the applicable data protection regulations. It also has a Data Protection Committee, as the executive body responsible for the application of the regulations relating to the protection of personal data and the use of information and communication technology resources.

In the case of Atradius, it also has a Data Protection Advisory Committee, which includes its DPO and the directors of various business units and, in each of the countries in which it operates, there is a representative to ensure compliance with the applicable personal data protection regulations in those territories.

Potential cyber attacks are considered one of the principal risks in the sector. For this reason, the Group also has a Chief Information Security Officer with the functions of coordinating and controlling the technical and organisational security measures of the Group's information systems required by the General Data Protection Regulations. Similarly, Atradius have their own Head of Technological Security.

During 2025, the Group has not received any substantiated complaints regarding customer privacy violations by third parties (0 complaints in 2024) and has received 3 requests from regulatory authorities (3 complaints in 2024), which 2 of which were rejected by the Spanish Data Protection Agency (AEPD) and 1 is currently pending resolution. On the other hand, no cases of leaks, theft or loss of customer data have been identified. Likewise, in 2025 there has been 1 cybersecurity incident (4 incidents in 2024) and no security breaches affecting personal data (1 breach in 2024).



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## Fight against fraud, corruption and bribery

The Group has procedures in place in the fight against fraud to help identify possible malicious acts or omissions in the taking out of insurance, in the reporting of claims, or in the proof of damages, which are intended for the purpose of improper gain, money laundering and financing of terrorism or unjust enrichment.

The Group also has a whistleblowing channel for reporting irregularities and fraud, which allows any person to inform the Corporate Internal Audit Department, via the GCO website, of conduct that may constitute criminal offenses.

The Corporate Internal Audit Department handles any irregularities and/or fraud by intermediaries, professionals and employees of which it has become aware. Reportable events include non-compliance with the code of ethics established by GCO and the manipulation or falsification of data and, in general, within the framework of the internal control system for financial information, any irregular practice linked to the internal control systems and the preparation of financial information.

## Reliability of financial information

Following the recommendations of the CNMV regarding the Internal Control System for Financial Information (SCIIF), in fiscal year 2025 work has continued to reinforce the reliability of the financial information communicated to the markets through the documentation of the processes.

## Internal control

The system is based on a solid culture of control where the fundamental principles are clearly defined and notified to all levels of the organisation. The internal control system is subject to a monitoring process that verifies proper operation over time. Comprehensive system monitoring is performed by the management of the Internal Corporate Audit.

Within the Group's control environment, particular emphasis is placed on controls over financial and real estate investments. In this regard, on a monthly basis, the concentration and diversification of fixed income and equity investments are monitored, as well as the average portfolio rating, exposures by rating (including changes and their reasons), the evolution of asset optionality according to interest rates, and the monitoring of underlying assets.

In addition, in 2025 more progress was made regarding improving the quality of the risk map. In total, the Group avails of over 5,000 internal controls.

## Risk management

**The Group's risk management strategy and policies are the responsibility of the Board of Directors of GCO.**

### Control of risk management system

The Group's risk management control system is based on the "three lines of defence" risk management model.

#### 1st Line - Risk assumption and liability

This consists of the business units that are responsible for the risk assumed and their management.

#### 2nd Line - Control and monitoring

This consists of the risk management control function, compliance verification function and actuarial function. Its goal is to define controls to ensure compliance with risk management processes and control policies.

#### 3rd line - Internal audit function

The function of the internal audit is responsible for carrying out an independent evaluation of the effectiveness of the government system, the risk management system and the internal control. From the risk management department, all significant aspects related to risk management are addressed, setting guidelines and reference criteria that are adopted by the entities with the necessary adaptations.



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## Risk strategy

GCO defines its risk strategy as the level of risk that the entities comprising the Group are willing to assume, and ensures that its integration with the business plan allows compliance with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors of GCO.

GCO has defined the following concepts for risk management:

### **Risk profile**

Risk assumed in terms of solvency.

### **Risk appetite**

Risk in terms of solvency that the entities that make up the Group anticipate to accept in order to achieve their goals.

### **Risk tolerance**

Maximum deviation with regards to the appetite they are willing to assume (tolerate).

### **Risk limits**

Operational limits established to comply with the risk strategy.

### **Alert indicators**

Additionally, the Group has a series of early warning indicators that serve as a basis both for risk monitoring and for ensuring compliance with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors of GCO.

## Information and communication

The governing bodies receive information regarding the quantification of the principal risks the Group is exposed to and the capital resources available to address these risks at least once per quarter. Additionally, they receive information on compliance with the limits established for risk appetite.

Since 2016, and on an annual basis, the Group and its insurance entities have published a specific report on the financial and solvency situation, detailing and quantifying the risks to which they are exposed.

## Self-assessment process of risks and solvency

Own Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA) is the internal risk and solvency assessment process that is the core of the risk management system. Its aim is to identify, assess, monitor, manage and report on short and long-term risks.

The ORSA is carried out at least once a year and evaluates:

- Compliance with capital requirements.
- The deviation between the risk and solvency profile.
- Compliance with capital requirements in the event of adverse situations.

The Group performs a back-testing analysis between the estimates of the capital requirements of the ORSA year and its results at the end of the year.

## Risk management policies

To ensure effective risk management, the Group has a set of risk management policies.

Each of these policies identifies the own risks of each affected area, establishes risk quantification measures, determines actions to supervise and control said risks, establishes measures to mitigate the impact of the same and determines the information and internal control systems to control and manage the risks.

## ESG risks

ESG risks are defined as environmental, social or governance events or factors that, if they occur, could cause a material adverse impact.

GCO understands, prevents, and is committed to reducing ESG risks, as well as managing in the best possible way the opportunities that arise from providing reliable and high-quality protection against these risks to all its stakeholders.

# Risk map

| QUANTITATIVE RISKS NOT INCLUDED IN THE SOLVENCY RATIO |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Level 1                                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Internal regulations                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | External regulations                                                                                                                                                                      | Quantification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Mitigation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Credit Underwriting Risk</b>                       | Risk of loss or adverse change in the value of commitments undertaken due to possible inadequacy of pricing assumptions and provisioning. For credit insurance, the risk arises from non-payment by buyers (clients) of our customers; for surety insurance, from breach of contractual, legal, or tax obligations by our customers. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Underwriting and reserving policy</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Risk management system policy</li> <li>- Pricing regulations</li> <li>- Underwriting governance policy</li> <li>- Underwriting manual and technical standards</li> <li>- Underwriting authorization matrices</li> <li>- Buyer underwriting guidelines</li> <li>- Monitoring buyer rating and credit limit concessions</li> <li>- Atradius risk governance structure</li> <li>- Credit insurance risk limits (and other products)</li> <li>- Risk appetite</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> <li>- IFRS and local regulations</li> </ul>        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Partial Internal Model (except ICP)</li> <li>- ICP: Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Analyzed in risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Scenario analysis</li> <li>- Business indicators</li> </ul>                                                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- DEM (Dynamic Exposure Management)</li> <li>- Strict underwriting control and combined ratio monitoring</li> <li>- Report on adequacy of technical provisions calculation</li> <li>- Annual actuarial report</li> <li>- Policy characteristics</li> <li>- Claims management</li> <li>- Reinsurance</li> <li>- Strict underwriting control supported by information sources and analysis (including automated underwriting algorithm)</li> <li>- Control, monitoring, and reporting on buyer default risk (individual/group, geography, sectors)</li> </ul> |
| <b>Non-Life Underwriting Risk</b>                     | Risk of loss or adverse change in commitments due to inadequate pricing assumptions and provisioning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Underwriting and reserving policies</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Product control and governance policy</li> <li>- Underwriting manual and technical standards</li> <li>- Data quality policy</li> <li>- Risk management system policy</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> <li>- Insurance Compensation Consortium</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Scenario analysis</li> <li>- Appraisal Value</li> <li>- Rating agencies</li> <li>- Business indicators (average cost, average premium per product, cancellation rate)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Strict control and monitoring of combined ratio</li> <li>- Catastrophic non-life risks mitigated via CCS</li> <li>- Business value</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Business diversification</li> <li>- Report on adequacy of technical provisions</li> <li>- Annual actuarial report</li> <li>- Analysis and management in underwriting meetings and business committees</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Health Underwriting Risk</b>                       | Risk of loss or adverse change in commitments due to inadequate pricing assumptions and provisioning.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Underwriting and reserving policies</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Product control and governance policy</li> <li>- Underwriting manual and technical standards</li> <li>- Data quality policy</li> <li>- Risk management system policy</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> </ul>                                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Embedded Value</li> <li>- Rating agencies</li> <li>- Business indicators (average cost, average premium per product, cancellation rate)</li> </ul>                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Strict control and monitoring of combined ratio</li> <li>- Business value</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Business diversification</li> <li>- Tariff adequacy report and cancellation rate</li> <li>- Report on adequacy of technical provisions</li> <li>- Annual actuarial report</li> <li>- Management report 'Company Results Book'</li> <li>- Analysis and management in Health Business meetings</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Life and Funeral Underwriting Risk</b>             | Risk of loss or adverse change in commitments due to inadequate pricing assumptions and provisioning. Includes biometric risks (mortality, longevity, morbidity/disability) and non-biometric risks (portfolio lapse, expenses, revision, catastrophe).                                                                              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Underwriting and reserving policies</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Product control and governance policy</li> <li>- Underwriting manual and technical standards</li> <li>- Data quality policy</li> <li>- Risk management system policy</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guides</li> </ul>                                                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Embedded Value</li> <li>- Profit test</li> <li>- Rating agencies</li> <li>- Business indicators (technical margin, expense margin, cancellation rate)</li> </ul>                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Strict control and monitoring of tariff adequacy and claims</li> <li>- Business value and profit test</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Business diversification</li> <li>- Monthly provisioning reconciliation</li> <li>- Monthly margin account (Life P&amp;L)</li> <li>- Annual actuarial report</li> <li>- Report on adequacy of technical provisions</li> <li>- Analysis and management in Life business committees</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                              |

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
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| <b>Market Risk</b>       | Risk of loss or adverse change in financial position resulting from fluctuations in market prices of assets, liabilities, and financial instruments.                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Investment policy</li> <li>- Prudence-based management</li> <li>- Asset and liability valuation policy</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- CNMV regulations</li> <li>- Distribution regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- VaR</li> <li>- Scenario analysis</li> <li>- Liability coverage commitments</li> <li>- Detailed ALM adequacy analysis and sensitivity analysis</li> <li>- Portfolio sheets</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Prudence-based asset management</li> <li>- Control of portfolio types by objectives</li> <li>- ALM adequacy and sensitivity analysis</li> <li>- Investment policy defined by Board of Directors</li> <li>- Average credit rating maintenance</li> <li>- Dispersion and diversification limits</li> <li>- Analysis and management in IOG meetings and Investment Committees</li> </ul>                           |
| <b>Counterparty Risk</b> | Risk of loss from unexpected default or deterioration in credit quality of counterparties.                                                                                                      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Investment policy</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> <li>- Prudence-based management</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- CNMV regulations</li> <li>- Distribution regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Scenario analysis</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Reinsurance policy (with counterparties of good credit rating)</li> <li>- Diversified investment portfolio with high rating</li> <li>- Monitoring credit rating of main financial counterparties and reinsurers</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Operational Risk</b>  | Risk of loss from inadequate or failed internal processes, personnel, systems, or external events. Includes compliance risk (due to increasing regulatory requirements) and cybersecurity risk. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- SolvPRC / Risk Register tool</li> <li>- Contingency plans</li> <li>- Data security and quality policy</li> <li>- Code of ethics</li> <li>- Fraud response procedure (whistleblowing channel)</li> <li>- Operational Risk Management Policy</li> <li>- Internal Control Policy</li> <li>- Compliance Verification Policy</li> <li>- Outsourcing Policy</li> <li>- Security policies and procedures (Tier I, II, III)</li> <li>- Atradius Operational Risk Management Policy</li> <li>- Atradius Business Continuity Policy</li> <li>- Atradius Internal Control System Framework</li> <li>- Atradius Data Quality Policy</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- Three Lines of Defense principles (COSO)</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> <li>- AML/CFT guidelines (EBA)</li> <li>- PRIIPs regulation and IPID</li> <li>- EIOPA guidelines on IT governance and security</li> <li>- EIOPA guidelines on cloud outsourcing</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Monitored via SolvPRC (probability and severity) or Risk Register</li> </ul>                                                                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Internal control system</li> <li>- SolvPRC</li> <li>- Control of inherent and residual risk through preventive and mitigating controls</li> <li>- Cybersecurity action plan</li> <li>- Contingency plans</li> <li>- Risk and Compliance Governance Portal</li> <li>- Awareness and training for entire network and senior management</li> <li>- Continuous adaptation to new threats based on audits</li> </ul> |

| QUALITATIVE RISKS NOT INCLUDED IN THE SOLVENCY RATIO        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Level 1                                                     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Internal regulations                                                                                                                                                                                                            | External regulations                                                                                                                                                                                         | Quantification                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Mitigation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Liquidity Risk</b>                                       | Risk of failing to meet obligations due to inability to obtain necessary liquidity even when sufficient assets exist.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Investment policy</li> <li>- Prudence-based management</li> <li>- Reinsurance policy</li> </ul>                                                                                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- CNMV regulations</li> <li>- Distribution regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Analyzed in risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Cash flow and investment statements analysis</li> <li>- Scenario analysis</li> </ul>                                             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Prudence-based asset management</li> <li>- Control of portfolio types</li> <li>- ALM adequacy and sensitivity analysis</li> <li>- Financial investment portfolio typology</li> <li>- Dispersion and diversification limits</li> <li>- Low level of indebtedness</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Political, Economic and Competitive Environment Risk</b> | Risk arising from changes in the political, economic, and competitive environment that may impact company interests and results. Political risk refers to potential impact on economic interests due to political changes at local, national, or international level. Economic risk includes possible alterations and uncertainty affecting Group results due to changes in national and international economic context. Competitive risk arises from price pressure, strategic environment from competitors, and product differentiation/adaptation. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Underwriting regulations</li> <li>- Written policies (especially investment policy)</li> <li>- Occupational risk prevention regulations</li> <li>- Internal Code of Conduct</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- European regulations</li> <li>- Sector analyses</li> <li>- Global regulations related to economic recession and pandemic</li> </ul>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Analyzed in risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Some risks partially covered by Solvency II Standard Formula</li> <li>- Scenario analysis</li> <li>- Portfolio sheets</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Occupational risk prevention regulations to protect employees and clients</li> <li>- Risk underwriting</li> <li>- Strategic planning process and monitoring</li> <li>- Sector analyses: specific event-driven monitoring by Economic Research Unit in Credit business</li> <li>- Internal Audit, Internal Control, complaints and whistleblowing channel</li> <li>- Geographic and line-of-business diversification in traditional business</li> <li>- Geographic and sector diversification in Credit business</li> <li>- Contingency plans</li> <li>- Analysis and management in 10G meetings and Investment Committees</li> </ul> |

01. Annual panorama

03. Results in 2025

05. Business Model

07. Glossary

02. GCO in 2025

04. Corporate Governance

06. Sustainability Report

|                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) Risk</b> | <p>Risk of losses driven by environmental, social, and governance factors (linked to lack of business development under values for society, ethics, transparency, and legal compliance).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Corporate bylaws</li> <li>- Board of Directors regulations</li> <li>- Anti-money laundering and anti-corruption policy</li> <li>- Code of Ethics</li> <li>- Sustainability policy</li> <li>- Climate change and environmental policy</li> <li>- Tax policy</li> <li>- Sustainability Master Plan</li> <li>- Sustainable Investment Policy</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Non-financial information law</li> <li>- European Sustainability Regulations (ESMA, EIOPA, ...)</li> <li>- Climate Change and Energy Transition Law</li> <li>- UN Sustainable Development Goals and Agenda 2030</li> <li>- TCFD recommendations</li> <li>- Environmental Taxonomy Regulation</li> <li>- SFDR - Non-financial disclosure regulation</li> <li>- Universal Declaration of Human Rights – United Nations</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Analyzed in risk self-assessments and ORSA</li> <li>- Adverse climate scenario analysis</li> <li>- Taxonomy indicators</li> <li>- Sustainability report</li> <li>- Regulatory updates presented to Sustainability Committee (incl. regulatory transition risk indicator)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Internal and external audits (climate scenarios, Board, tech environment, data governance)</li> <li>- Internal controls</li> <li>- Whistleblowing channel</li> <li>- Occupational health and safety regulations</li> <li>- Sustainability report</li> <li>- Strategic planning monitoring and adaptation</li> <li>- Code of Ethics</li> <li>- Written policies (e.g., sustainability, climate change, environment)</li> <li>- Sustainability Master Plan</li> <li>- Environmental Management System (ISO 14001)</li> <li>- Monitoring of accumulations and weather alert system for clients</li> <li>- ESG clauses in supplier contracts</li> <li>- Sustainable/responsible products (Senior health &amp; wellness, Article 8 investment funds, personal mobility, etc.)</li> <li>- Sustainability training for employees and Board</li> <li>- Non-invasive repairs in Home and Auto claims (Prepersa)</li> <li>- New work models – Remote work</li> <li>- Corporate environmental and social volunteering</li> <li>- Generational succession plan for employees</li> <li>- HR Equality Plan</li> <li>- Fraud and irregularity response procedure</li> </ul> |
| <b>Other Risks</b>                                      | <p>Risks not included in previous groups, such as strategic risk (loss from inadequate strategic decisions or poor execution), reputational risk (impact from events harming Group reputation), contagion risk (interdependence of risks among Group entities), or solvency deterioration risk (reduced ability to meet financial and regulatory obligations due to weakened solvency position).</p> | <p>Solvency II policy (Capital Management Policy, Risk Management System Policy, ORSA Policy)</p> <p>Reputational risk management policy</p> <p>Social media usage manual</p> <p>Reputational risk management protocol</p> <p>Risk appetite</p>                                                                                                                                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Advertising regulations</li> <li>- National and international insurance regulations</li> <li>- Best practice guide (UNESPA)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Solvency II Standard Formula</p> <p>Analyzed in risk self-assessments and ORSA</p> <p>Scenario analysis</p> <p>Media monitoring indicators and social media mentions</p> <p>Brand awareness indicators</p> <p>Monthly customer satisfaction indicators via surveys</p> <p>Customer Experience Position Ranking (ICEA)</p> | <p>Thorough monitoring of medium-term plan</p> <p>Code of Ethics</p> <p>Fraud and irregularity response procedure</p> <p>Fitness and propriety requirements</p> <p>Monitoring of media and social media publications</p> <p>Social media usage manual control</p> <p>Protocols for managing reputational risk events</p> <p>Continuous monitoring of business units</p> <p>Regular communication meetings with corporate departments and companies</p> <p>Brand awareness monitoring</p> <p>Regular meetings with corporate departments</p> <p>Monitoring of key projects with traffic-light indicators</p> <p>Strategic planning tool</p> <p>GAP analysis</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



# 05.

## **Business Model**

|                            |           |
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# Business model

The Group's purpose is to be leaders in protecting and supporting people and companies at all stages of their lives, to ensure their peace of mind in the present and their confidence in the future.

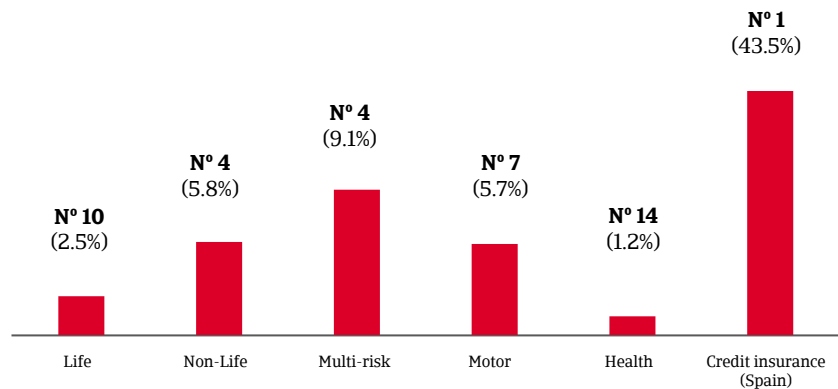
GCO is a multinational insurance company operating in more than 50 countries through a diversified and balanced business portfolio, serving more than 4.7 million of clients.

The membership of different entities in the Group implies, without prejudice to their legal autonomy, their integration into the corporate structure through coordination and supervision of their activities by the parent entity.

Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A. is the holding company that acts as the parent of the Group, whose shares were listed until December 16, 2025, on the Madrid and Barcelona stock exchanges, in the Continuous Market, with trading suspended from that date and ultimately delisted on January 5, 2026. Until that date, it was subject to supervision by the CNMV. Furthermore, as the parent company of an insurance group, the Group is subject to the supervision of the Directorate-General for Insurance and Pension Funds (DGSFP).

In Spain, GCO occupies eight position in the ranking with a market share of 4.4%, 5.8% in Non-Life and 2.5% in Life. Likewise, in credit insurance the Group is the second entity worldwide with a market share of 23.7%.

## The Group's position in the Spanish insurance market



Source: ICEA end of 2025

The Group bases its strategy on three pillars.



### Growth

Definition of the markets that the Group targets, development of appropriate products and services and establishment of appropriate distribution channels to reach the customer.



### Profitability

Recurring and sustained profitability through technical-actuarial rigor, diversification in investments and processes that allow for tight cost ratios and quality service.



### Solvency

Prioritising the generation and continuous growth of own resources in order to fund the expansion of the Group, and guarantee ample compliance with the commitments assumed.

## Relationship with stakeholders

In 2025, GCO has identified six stakeholders based on the impact its activity has on them and the relevance of each to it.

The Group is committed to each of them, which means maintaining a constant, transparent dialogue that allows us to understand them and integrate them into the GCO's activities. To this end, there are various communication channels through which a fluid, close and transparent relationship is maintained with stakeholders.

Moreover, the various channels make it possible to identify the needs and expectations of all stakeholders and, by applying the principle of transparency included in the code of ethics, to respond to them accordingly.



**Employees**



**Customers**



**Shareholders and investors**



**Distributors/ Intermediaries**



**Associates/Suppliers**



**Society**

## Sustainability

For GCO, sustainability is the voluntary commitment to integrate risks and responsible management of economic, social and environmental issues into its strategy, to promote ethical behaviour with its stakeholders, to rigorously apply the principles of good governance and to contribute to the well-being of society through the creation of sustainable value.

### Main GCO advances in ESG matters in 2025.

#### Environmental



GCO has committed to **decarbonization goals** within its own operational activities

In Spain, the insurance business operates with **100% renewable electricity**, while the funeral services business uses **more than 95%** renewable electricity.

**Expansion of Scope 3 of the Group's carbon footprint** (business travel by car)

#### Social



GCO has launched a **new employee engagement survey** for its entire workforce

**GCO has increased its contribution** to the Occident Foundation's social projects to **4.5 million euros**

Applied **Artificial Intelligence training** has been promoted, specifically aimed at the use of Copilot in daily work processes

#### Governance



**5% of the variable compensation of senior management has been linked** to ESG objectives (exclusively).

All Occident staff have received **mandatory training in sustainability**

**The goal for sustainable investments has been increased to 12%** for 2025 (versus 10% in previous periods)



## Creation of sustainable value



**+4.7** million  
of clients



**8,596**  
Employees



**€6,194.3** million  
transferred to the society

### Proximity



More than 13,000 mediators  
1,381 offices  
More than 50 countries

### Insurance specialists



+160 years of experience  
Global offer  
Sustainable model

## Our commitment to the SDGs



### Average payment period to suppliers.

The Group has no outstanding payments to suppliers with a delay longer than the legal limit (30 days unless otherwise agreed between the parties). For more information, see note 21c in the Notes to the financial statements.

For further details, you can consult the sustainability report included in this consolidated management report.

# Innovation

## The culture, offer and customer, main areas of the transformation plan of GCO.

The Group considers that a culture that embraces change and, at the same time, encourages and motivates innovation among employees, is a fundamental pillar in order to be able to adapt the offer of products and services to meet the needs of all kinds of customers. In 2025, the Group invested €87.74 million in innovation (€89.91 million in 2024) and in 54 R&D&I projects (80 projects in 2024).

## Xplora Programme

Xplora is the Group's intrapreneurship programme that helps the organisation to understand, own and enthusiastically promote an innovative corporate culture.

This programme includes training in innovation and a platform designed so that employees can propose ideas that allow the Group to improve its products and services.

### Xplora Space Platform

Through the Xplora Space platform, Group employees can read news about new trends in innovation and contribute ideas to challenges launched by the organisation.

In the last year, employees have contributed more than 15 ideas to the three challenges proposed by the program (team cohesion for remote teams, how to promote a more efficient healthcare model, and how to drive the recruitment of new agents). Of these, six ideas have been supported and three are currently in the project phase. In addition, two pilot programs have been launched: one for a health monitoring service for chronic patients and another for a digital rehabilitation service for auto accident victims.

### Xplora Inspira

Xplora Inspira is a series of exclusive events, inspiring talks, and experiential workshops designed to strengthen employees' capabilities and foster a culture of continuous innovation. In 2025, two events were held on digital health and AI agents.

## Atradius Business Transformation Programme

The Atradius Business Transformation programme addresses the challenges of new digital trends (such as big data or blockchain) and offers Atradius employees the opportunity to play a role in them through various initiatives.

These include Shaping Tomorrow Together, an initiative designed to prepare Atradius employees for the new challenges brought about by the adoption of new technologies.

In addition, the Atradius Academy learning platform makes online courses available to all Atradius employees and sends out newsletters on digital trends.

|                     |                          |                           |              |
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## Innovation for the client

In 2025, innovation initiatives continued to be developed, including the following:

- **Financing for uncovered claims:** In collaboration with a credit bank, customers are offered a financing solution that allows them to cover the cost of car repairs for claims not covered by insurance, providing flexibility and easing management during times of need.
- **Your digital health:** A comprehensive health service focused on prevention, monitoring, and continuous care has continued to be promoted, offering access to specialist doctors and services such as medical chat, video consultations, and electronic prescriptions, improving accessibility and immediacy in healthcare.
- **Advanced security systems:** Advanced security systems are offered alongside home, business, and office insurance, with the aim of complementing our insurance value proposition with other services of interest to customers.
- **New solutions for the senior segment:** Specific coverages and assistance services have been incorporated to strengthen the well-being and autonomy of older adults. Through specialized partners, the offering is expanded with services such as companionship and home support, enhancing the value proposition and meeting the needs of a highly relevant segment.
- **GCO has continued working on the development of on-demand insurance** with the aim of responding to the pace of life and the needs of the new generations. Under this proposal, the aim is to provide flexibility in contracting, allowing coverage to be purchased at a specific time and for a specific duration.
- **Within Atrium, the online policy management portal for credit insurance customers, Atrium Analyser** has been implemented, a tool that allows customers to see themselves as buyers, to see how Atradius can help them grow their business and allows them to find quality buyers.
- **Through customer feedback, the E2E customer journey has been improved in Atradius Agora, the e-commerce platform** launched by Atradius to enable its customers to submit and monitor debt collection cases, pay invoices and communicate with their account manager.

## GCO Ventures

GCO Ventures is the corporate venturing vehicle of GCO that contributes to the Group's long-term growth by identifying, building, and launching new businesses that address society's needs. To achieve this, the entity is responsible for selecting projects in strategic areas for GCO that represent market opportunities to create new companies, such as home and health.

GCO Ventures offers a comprehensive model structured through:

- **Venture building:** building startups from scratch, with a structured approach, dedicated resources, and its own team. GCO Ventures creates, launches, and scales new startups by welcoming external entrepreneurial talent. Innovative ideas are transformed into solid companies by combining the resources of a large group with the agility and vision of an entrepreneurial team.
- **Venture capital:** Providing funding to start-ups either directly or through venture capital funds, with the goal of giving them the opportunity to propel their ideas and refine their business models. Through this area of expertise, GCO Ventures also engages in creating value for the start-up and all stakeholders..

At the end of 2025, GCO Ventures has a portfolio consisting of 5 direct investment companies and more than 210 start-ups supported indirectly through investment funds. The portfolio covers more than 15 verticals with an international presence, mainly in Europe and the United States. In 2025, the creation and launch of two *start-ups* stand out:

- **Musky:** is a pet-tech focused on offering pet insurance, providing innovative solutions for a constantly growing sector.
- **Aurela:** a digital platform that connects patients and mental health professionals, offering a personalized service.

## Creating value

GCO's vocation is to consolidate a solid business and generate sustainable value. In 2025 fiscal year, the Group has distributed € 5,928.7 million to society

Sustainable value is the result of focusing the Group's activity not only on obtaining good financial results but also on promoting the well-being of the people who make up its interest groups and of society as a whole in the short and long term.

| € million                                                 | 2022           | 2023           | 2024           | 2025           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Direct economic value generated*</b>                   | <b>4,175.8</b> | <b>5,054.6</b> | <b>5,191.1</b> | <b>6,194.3</b> |
| <b>Distributed economic value</b>                         | <b>4,110.6</b> | <b>4,987.1</b> | <b>5,065.0</b> | <b>5,928.7</b> |
| Facilities provided to customers                          | 2,306.9        | 2,992.3        | 2,940.2        | 3,133.8        |
| Public Administrations                                    | 582.8          | 646.3          | 724.8          | 751.3          |
| Intermediaries                                            | 588.9          | 643.3          | 689.9          | 733.5          |
| Employees                                                 | 513.1          | 576.2          | 568.6          | 597.7          |
| Shareholders                                              | 116.6          | 126.6          | 137.6          | 708.1          |
| Contributions to non-profit organizations and foundations | 2.3            | 2.4            | 3.9            | 4.3            |
| <b>Retained economic value</b>                            | <b>65.2</b>    | <b>67.5</b>    | <b>126.0</b>   | <b>265.5</b>   |

\*The direct economic value generated is the aggregation of the distributed value and the retained value. Contributions to foundations and non-profit entities include contributions from Group entities to the Occident Foundation.

## Business units

### Occident

Occident, with a wide range of insurance products, primarily targets families and SMEs through a network of professional intermediaries and 1,229 offices in Spain.

The lines of business offered are:

|                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  <b>Multi risk</b><br>Family-home, business, communities, offices and SMEs                                 |  <b>Others</b><br>Industrial products, engineering, accident and third party liability |  |
|  <b>Life</b><br>Life risk, Life savings, pension plans and investment funds, as well as funeral and health |  <b>Motor</b><br>Coverages related to motor and transport fleets                       |                                                                                    |

### Atradius

Atradius provides products and services that contribute to the growth of companies throughout the world by protecting them from the default risk associated with selling products and services with payment in instalments. This is a business structurally linked to economic performance and, in particular, to the performance of corporate defaults worldwide and of the global trade volume.

The brands and lines of business of the Group are:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  <b>Credit insurance</b><br>Protects against financial losses due to the inability of a buyer to pay for goods purchased on credit |  <b>Reinsurance</b><br>Wide range of reinsurance options for insurance companies of the main insurers in the world | <br> |
|  <b>Surety insurance</b><br>Protects the beneficiary if a supplier does not comply with its contractual                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                              |

Mémora

Mémora supports families before, during, and after the farewell of their loved ones and offers a comprehensive funeral service that places families at the center.

The business culture is based on "people who care for people," a key concept for having a team focused on providing the best service every day. This team combine excellent training with a vocation for service, this contributing to the purpose of caring for all individuals at every stage of the end-of-life process and encouraging a change of mentality around death.

Mémora continues to pursue its inorganic growth strategy through the acquisition of local companies in the Iberian Peninsula. During 2025, it has increased its presence in Spain, in provinces such as Zamora, and in Portugal, in regions such as Cascais.

Funeral Business



Focused on supporting the customer before, during and after the farewell of their loved ones



## Corporate structure

GCO is made up of more than 50 entities, mainly linked to the insurance business. The parent company is Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., which administers and manages, directly or indirectly, all the shares of the different entities that make it up.

The following table reflects the main entities included in the GCO consolidation scope at the end of fiscal year 2025. All of them have their own independent structure and organizational network, separate from the other insurance entities within the Group.

Organizationally, Occident GCO Seguros operates with a structure that centralizes functions while decentralizing operations. The company maintains two accounting administration centers, as well as the following service centers: three underwriting centers, three claims management centers, and three customer call centers.

| GCO                                   |                                       |                                           |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Principales entidades                 |                                       |                                           |
| Occident GCO Seguros                  | Occident GCO Mediadores               | GCO Gestión de Activos                    |
|                                       | S. Órbita                             | Sogesco                                   |
|                                       | Occident Direct                       | Hercasol SICAV                            |
|                                       | Occident Inversions                   | GCO Activos Inmobiliarios                 |
|                                       | Occident GCO Capital                  | GCO Ventures                              |
|                                       | Occident GCO Canal Mediación          |                                           |
|                                       | GCO Tecnología y Servicios            |                                           |
|                                       | Prepersa                              |                                           |
|                                       | GCO Contact Center                    |                                           |
|                                       | Occident Pensiones                    |                                           |
|                                       | Occident Hipotecaria                  |                                           |
|                                       | Grupo Mémora                          |                                           |
| Atradius Crédito y Caución            | Atradius Collections                  | Grupo Compañía Española Crédito y Caución |
| Atradius Insurance Holding            | Atradius Dutch State Business         | Atradius NV                               |
| Atradius Seguros de Crédito México    | Atradius Information Services         | Atradius Participations Holding           |
| Atradius Crédito y Caución Seguradora | Iberinform Internacional              |                                           |
| Atradius Trade Credit Insurance       |                                       |                                           |
| SOCIEDADES DE SEGUROS                 |                                       |                                           |
| Occident                              | SOCIEDADES COMPLEMENTARIAS DE SEGUROS |                                           |
| Mémora                                |                                       |                                           |
| Atradius                              |                                       |                                           |
|                                       | SOCIEDADES DE INVERSIÓN               |                                           |



# 06.

## **Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information (Sustainability report)**



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# 01.

## General information (ESRS 2)

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## Guidelines for preparing the Sustainability Report

### General guidelines for preparing the Sustainability report (BP-1)

The Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information of GCO (hereinafter, the Sustainability Report) has been prepared in accordance with Directive (EU) 2022/2464 on corporate sustainability reporting (CSRD). In line with this regulation, GCO's Sustainability Report is included in a separate section of its Management Report and is based on the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS). This Directive replaces the previous Directive 2014/95/EU on non-financial and diversity information (NFRD), which was incorporated into Spanish law through Law 11/2018 on the disclosure of non-financial and diversity information.

In addition to the requirements established by the ESRS, the report also considers the disclosures required by Law 11/2018 that are not explicitly covered by these standards. This information is included in Annex II – Additional Information under Law 11/2018 of GCO's Sustainability Report, while maintaining the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) reporting framework as a reference for aspects not addressed by the ESRS, as has been done in previous years.

This Sustainability Report has been prepared on a consolidated basis, with the same scope as the financial statements, covering GCO and the entities that comprise it. Furthermore, the Report covers all phases of the value chain, with specific information about the value chain included in various sections of the Report.

The information has been verified by an independent assurance provider, PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores S.L., whose limited assurance report is included on page 174 of this document.

### Information on specific circumstances (BP-2)

The time horizons used in this report are the same as those adopted in the financial statements:

- Short-term: less than 1 year
- Medium-term: 1 to 5 years
- Long-term: over 5 years

Where the reported information has a different time horizon, it will be specified in the relevant section or table with a footnote.

Regarding the monetary amounts disclosed throughout the report, any assumptions used in the calculations will be indicated in the corresponding section.

This report includes a comparison of figures with respect to the previous fiscal year, and in cases where information is incorporated by reference or estimates are made, this shall be explicitly stated.

## Sustainability governance

### The role of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies (GOV-1 y MDR-P)

#### Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of GCO is ultimately responsible for overseeing sustainability-related issues, including risks, opportunities, and impacts. It is also responsible for approving sustainability policies and the sustainability targets set out in the Sustainability Master Plan. Furthermore, it is responsible for preparing this report.

In matters of diversity and experience on the Board of Directors, GCO has a **Policy on diversity in the composition of the Board of Directors and the selection of Board members** that lays down the principles, criteria and fundamental guidelines that should govern the selection process relating to the appointment and re-election of directors. The principles included in the Policy include fostering diversity in the composition of the Board in terms of knowledge, experience, age and gender; non-discrimination and equal treatment in the selection process; transparency in the process and compliance with applicable regulations.

With regard to the selection criteria, it provides that the GCO Board of Directors will regularly analyse its structure, size and composition, ensuring that proposals for the appointment or re-election of directors foster diversity on the Board. Furthermore, the Appointments and Remuneration Committee is responsible for setting a target for the representation of the under-represented sex and for drawing up guidelines on how to achieve this target.

Additionally, the Group has the Policy on Fitness and Good Repute, which governs the requirements that must be met by the Group's strategic personnel to ensure that such positions are held by suitable persons

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At the close of the financial year, the Group's Board of Directors was composed of 9 directors, of which 5 were proprietary, 3 were independent, and 1 was executive. The proportion of independents on the Group's Board of Directors represented 33.3% of its total members. On the other hand, the number of women on the Group's Board of Directors represented 33.3% of its total members.

The Board of Directors of GCO possesses an appropriate level of knowledge in sustainability matters and has solid experience in business management as well as in the financial and insurance sectors. This encompasses areas such as financial risk management, the channelling of investment and capital allocation, the analysis of economic and financial information, and the strategic oversight of the business. As a result, the directors are able to make well-informed decisions that ensure the profitability and sustainability of the company.

The Group follows the recommendation included in the Code of Good Corporate Governance of the National Securities Market Commission (CNMV), which recommends that an external expert assess the operation of the Board of Directors every three years. Thus, in 2024 an external evaluation was carried out by KPMG, as an independent expert, on the functioning of the Group's Board of Directors, its delegated committees, and the performance of its chairman. The result was positive, highlighting the appropriateness of the procedures, the functioning of the mentioned bodies, and the quality of the training received on sustainability matters.

Regarding business conduct, the Board of Directors is responsible for approving the Group's Code of Ethics, as well as all policies derived from it, such as the Internal Code of Conduct, the Whistleblowing Channel for irregularities and fraud, the Manual on the Prevention of Money Laundering and Financing of Terrorism, the Procedure and Methodology for the Analysis of Internal Irregularities and Fraud, and the Supplier Selection Procedures Manual.

### Governing bodies

Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A., as the parent company of the Group and a listed entity at the end of the 2025 financial year, has a Senior Management team made up of executives who directly report to the Board of Directors or the company's CEO, including the internal auditor. The proportion of women in the Senior Management of Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A. as at 2025 is 40%.

Additionally, GCO has a Management Committee composed of key executives from the parent company and its most representative subsidiaries. This committee manages and coordinates the ordinary operations of the Group, by delegation from the Board of Directors. The Management Committee of GCO is responsible for implementing and developing decisions made by the Board of Directors related to sustainability. To this end, it has several specific management committees, including the Investment Committee where, among other topics, sustainability-related matters are discussed.

Furthermore, GCO has established a biannual Sustainability Committee, which is tasked with promoting, guiding, and overseeing the Group's actions related to sustainability and ensuring the achievement of the targets set out in the Sustainability Master Plan.

The Sustainability unit, which is part of the Group's Financial-Risk General Management, is responsible for integrating and developing the sustainability strategy across all business areas and monitoring the actions to be taken by these businesses to achieve it.

The Group's Risk Management department oversees and coordinates the process of identifying and evaluating sustainability-related risks.

### Sustainability Oversight Bodies

In the area of sustainability, the Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing non-financial risks, sustainability reporting, and the effectiveness of the control systems and related risks management

Additionally, with regard to business conduct, the Audit Committee manages any impacts reported through the Group's whistleblowing channels and informs the Board of Directors.

The GCO Compliance Verification Committee is responsible for evaluating, reporting, and advising on compliance with sustainability-related obligations.

It is worth noting that all members of the Group's governance, management, and supervisory bodies have received training on sustainability to ensure their competence regarding impacts, risks, and opportunities related to this area.

GCO currently has no employee representatives on administrative, management and supervisory bodies.

## Information flow for sustainability impacts, risks and opportunities (GOV-2)



## Financial - Risk General Management



The material impacts, risks and opportunities addressed by the administrative, management and supervisory bodies are listed in the individual chapters of this report.

## Integration of sustainability-related performance in incentive schemes (GOV-3)

The Group's Remuneration Policy, approved by the GCO Board of Directors, is aligned with non-financial issues, linking 25% of variable remuneration to the achievement of non-financial targets.

Within these targets, 2024 includes compliance with the GCO Sustainability Master Plan, which determines 5% of the total variable remuneration of the Executive Director, Senior Management and the Management Committee.

The Sustainability Master Plan is structured around four action pillars, dedicating one exclusively to environmental contribution, specifically focusing on the fight against climate change. The weight of this issue represents 25% of the Sustainability Master Plan.

The General Meeting of Shareholders is responsible for approving the Directors' Remuneration Policy at least every three years, as a stand-alone item on the agenda.

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## Statement on due diligence (GOV-4)

Due diligence is the process through which GCO commits to adopting all the necessary and effective measures to identify, prevent, mitigate, account for, and address the actual or potential negative impacts that may arise from its own activities or those of its value chain.

The due diligence process implemented by the company to ensure responsible and sustainable management is described in the different chapters of this report. This process begins with the identification and assessment of risks, followed by the implementation of corrective and preventive measures to mitigate those risks, and is completed through continuous monitoring and periodic reviews of practices to ensure effectiveness and regulatory compliance. Transparency and communication with stakeholders are fundamental to this process, as they allow an accurate reflection of the company's actual due diligence practices.

Below is a breakdown of the information in this report regarding how GCO addresses each stage of the sustainability due diligence process, indicating the disclosure requirements associated with them.

| Key elements of due diligence                                                | Sections of the sustainability report                                                  | Page                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| a) Embedding due diligence in governance, strategy and business model        | ESRS 2 GOV-2<br>ESRS 2 GOV-3<br>ESRS 2 SBM-3                                           | 68<br>68<br>76, 87, 101, 108 and 115                                                                      |
| b) Engaging with affected stakeholders in all key steps of the due diligence | ESRS 2 GOV-2<br>ESRS 2 SBM-2<br>ESRS 2 IRO-1<br>ESRS 2 MDR-P<br>Entity Specific topics | 68<br>72<br>73 and 78<br>66, 67, 70, 73, 90, 104, 110, 117, 118 and 125<br>76, 87, 101, 108 and 115       |
| c) Identifying and assessing adverse impacts                                 | ESRS 2 IRO-1<br>ESRS 2 SBM-3                                                           | 73, 74, 78 and 79<br>76, 87, 101, 108 and 115                                                             |
| d) Taking actions to address those adverse impacts                           | ESRS 2 MDR- A<br>Entity Specific topics                                                | 76, 79, 87, 91, 101, 106, 108, 111, 115, 124, 127 and 130<br>76, 87, 101, 108 and 115                     |
| e) Tracking the effectiveness of these efforts and communicating             | ESRS 2 MDR-M<br>ESRS 2 MDR-T<br>Entity Specific topics                                 | 81, 92, 104, 112, 125, 128 and 131<br>81, 92, 104, 112, 113, 125, 128 and 131<br>76, 87, 101, 108 and 115 |

## Risk management and internal controls over sustainability reporting (GOV-5)

ESG risks are defined as environmental, social or governance factors that, if they materialise, could affect the organisation or have a material negative impact on the achievement of its strategic objectives. At the same time, these risks may also represent significant opportunities when the organisation improves its adaptability to the changes produced by these risks to counteract their effects.

GCO identifies, understands, prevents and seeks to mitigate ESG risks, while also managing the associated opportunities with the aim of providing all its stakeholders with secure and high-quality protection against such risks.

Furthermore, as these risks may affect the Group both directly or indirectly they are transversally integrated into the Group's risk policies.

Their management, measurement and monitoring are outlined in the Sustainability Policy and the Climate Change and Environment Policy, as well as in the rest of the Group's governance policies, according to which:

- The impacts of these risks, to the extent that they are relevant, are analysed in the financial planning in order to adapt the strategic planning, if necessary, taking into account the risks identified.
- It implements the necessary metrics to measure and manage risks and opportunities derived from climate change.
- It performs regular reporting, at the highest level, on the identification of these risks and their impact on business.

GCO has implemented an Internal Control System over Sustainability Information (SCIIS) with the aim of ensuring that sustainability-related information is accurate, complete, and transparent. This system establishes governance and risk control elements similar to those of the Group's Internal Control System over Financial Reporting (SCIIF). In addition, the SCIIS ensures the implementation of internal controls to guarantee the reliability and comparability of sustainability information, as well as compliance with current regulations.

The material risks identified, as well as their current impact and the management measures implemented to mitigate them, are discussed in the corresponding thematic sections of this report.

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## Sustainability strategy

### Business strategy and model (SBM-1)

For GCO, sustainability is a voluntary commitment to integrate risks into its strategy, together with responsible management of financial, social and environmental aspects. This commitment is based on promoting ethical behaviour with its stakeholders, rigorously applying the principles of good governance and contributing to the well-being of society through the creation of sustainable value.

Sustainable value is not limited to achieving good financial results, but also involves promoting the well-being of the stakeholders to whom the Group's entities are accountable. This value becomes sustainable when it is integrated into the business strategy both in the short term and medium and long term. This commitment is embodied through the Sustainability Policy and the 2024-2026 Sustainability Master Plan, which sets out key strategic actions to address ESG challenges and promote a positive impact in the long term.

Key challenges addressed by the Sustainability Master Plan include integrating sustainability into governance, linking executive compensation to sustainability targets and training Group leaders on ESG issues. It also seeks to incorporate sustainability criteria in the design of products and services and to increase investment in projects with a positive social and environmental impact. The Plan also addresses the reduction of internal inequalities, the attraction of talent, and the promotion of employee wellbeing, through measures such as equal pay and the extension of comprehensive health programmes. Finally, in environmental terms, it seeks to decarbonise operations and improve energy efficiency.

Furthermore, information about employees by geographic areas and customers attended is included in the 'Social Information' chapter (ESRS S), and information about products and services offered is in the 'Sustainable Business' chapter of this Sustainability Report.

### Sustainability policy (MDR-P)

The Sustainability Policy outlines the framework for GCO and its constituent entities to foster and enhance sustainable behaviour. It includes the general working principles in terms of sustainability, and the specific sustainability targets pursued by the Group.

This statement promotes high standards in the integration of environmental, social, and governance aspects, with which the Group commits to following best practices, rigorously complying with regulations, ensuring the full involvement of its leaders, and establishing sustainability as a guiding principle for all policies and operations. It also focuses on generating long-term value for all stakeholders, promoting sustainability, and contributing to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

### Sustainability partnerships and commitments

As part of its sustainability strategy, GCO is aligned with key national and international ESG alliances and commitments.





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## 2024-2026 Sustainability Master Plan

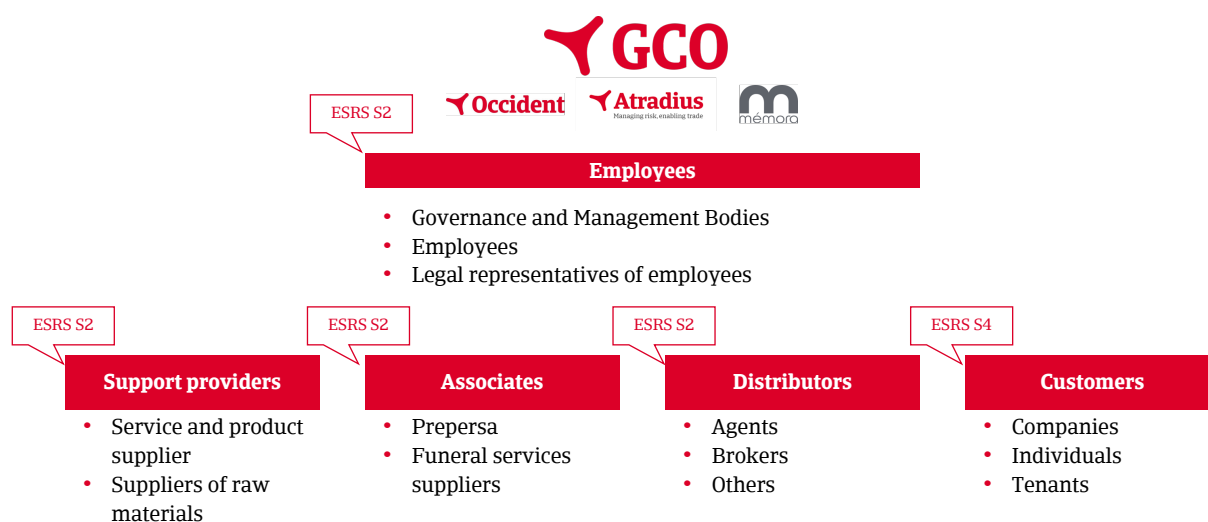
The 2024-2026 Sustainability Master Plan is structured into 4 cornerstones on which 10 strategic lines have been defined in which the Group wishes to create value. Based on these, 23 goals to be achieved and 44 actions necessary to achieve them have been set. In 2025, we highlight the following main advances:

|                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Good governance</b>         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5% of the variable remuneration of GCO's executive directors, senior management, and management committee has been linked to the achievement of the Sustainability Master Plan.</li> <li>Mandatory training on sustainability has been provided to all Occident employees.</li> <li>Actions have been implemented at Atradius to mitigate potential ESG risks associated with critical suppliers (A new procurement policy has been developed and ESG clauses will be included in contracts with critical suppliers.).</li> </ul>                           |
| <b>Sustainable business</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Atradius establishes a dedicated Think Tank for ESG Products:: a working group that brings together all key business lines and country representatives to identify innovative solutions and expand the company's range of ESG products.</li> <li>The sustainable investment target has been increased to 12% by 2025 (vs. 10% in previous years).</li> <li>Virtually all coffins manufactured by Mémora are environmentally friendly and comply with the UNE EN 190.001 standard applicable to coffins.</li> </ul>                                          |
| <b>Social commitment</b>       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A new work climate survey has been launched for all Group employees.</li> <li>Training courses on applied artificial intelligence have been provided across all line of business, highlighting the use of tools such as Copilot in day-to-day work management.</li> <li>GCO and associated entities have increased the budget for the Fundación Occident's social action projects to 4.5 million euros.</li> <li>The pay gap has narrowed and the presence of women in middle management and executive positions has increased compared to 2024.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Environmental Liability</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GCO has set decarbonisation targets for its own operations by 2030.</li> <li>The scope of Scope 3 emissions related to business travel by GCO employees has been expanded to include car travel.</li> <li>100% of the electricity consumed by the insurance business, as well as 94.7% of the electricity consumed by the funeral business, in Spain comes from renewable energy sources.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                        |

As part of the strategic line of **Reporting and Transparency**, in 2025 the implementation of an Internal Control System over Sustainability Information (SCIIS) was completed in order to ensure integrity in the collection, analysis, control and reporting of the Group's sustainability information.

## Value chain (SBM-1)

The GCO value chain includes all actors involved in some way with the Group's productive activity, both insurance and funeral, across all the geographies where it operates.



In addition to the value chain, during 2025, there are other key stakeholders for GCO, such as foundations, shareholders, investors, regulatory and supervisory bodies, and other strategic partners.



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## Interests and opinions of stakeholders (SBM-2)

GCO identifies six stakeholder groups based on the impact its operations have on them and the relevance of each one to the Group. Within these stakeholder groups, there are actors from the value chain and other users who consume sustainability information.

The Group makes a commitment to each of them, which involves ongoing dialogue to understand them and integrate them into its activities. To do this, there are various communication channels through which a close, transparent and ongoing relationship is maintained with them. These channels also help identify their interests and opinions, allowing GCO to respond to their needs and expectations.

Engagement with stakeholders occurs through multiple channels such as the Group's corporate website, the websites of its subsidiaries, social media, the whistleblowing channel, and the media, among others.

Similarly, through the participation of GCO members in various presentations, round tables, forums and conferences, outreach activities are conducted in the area of sustainability, with the goal of promoting awareness among stakeholders.

### Channels for communication, participation and dialogue



#### Employees

The Group has channels for communication and dialogue with its employees, both directly and also through their union representatives on the corresponding negotiating boards when dealing with topics of interest and reaching agreements on them. The main channels for communicating with them are the intranet, notice boards and suggestion boxes, newsletters, employee satisfaction surveys, in-person meetings, events and the whistleblowing channel.



#### Customers

The Group maintains ongoing dialogue with this stakeholder group through its extensive commercial network, technical assistance services, customer care and defence services and its own network of branches. In addition, there are other communication channels such as the corporate website, the whistleblowing channel, the e-Customer service, the social media, the customer satisfaction surveys and the corporate magazines.



#### Distributors/Intermediaries

The Group is in constant communication with the insurance agents and brokers through its internal portal *Gestiona*. It also has other channels of communication such as commercial and training sessions, the whistleblowing channel, the corporate app and social networks.



#### Shareholders and Investors

The group was in constant communication and dialogue with this stakeholder group. The Rating, Shareholders and Sustainability Unit responded to requests for information from this group. There were also other channels of communication such as the General Meeting of Shareholders, the corporate website, the analysts and investors area, the shareholder service area and the whistleblowing channel.



#### Associates/Suppliers

The Group has a good relationship with this stakeholder group during the entire management process, from the taking out of contracts to the provision of the service. For this reason, the Group makes available to associates and suppliers various communication channels such as the Intranet, satisfaction surveys and the whistleblowing channel.



#### Society

This stakeholder group includes the local communities, unions, NGOs, academic sector, civil society and the public in general. Communication is carried out through the Group's website, its entities' websites, various social media profiles, and the whistleblowing channel GCO makes available to anyone.

The needs and expectations identified through the above channels are reported to the governing, supervisory, and management bodies based on their nature, and serve as the foundation for shaping the Group's strategy.

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## Management of impacts, risks and opportunities (IRO-1)

**In 2023, GCO updated its materiality analysis with the aim of identifying relevant issues for the Group and its stakeholders. This analysis has been reviewed during the current fiscal year to reassess the impact of risks and opportunities.**

This materiality analysis was conducted in accordance with the dual approach promoted by the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), which covers both the Group's impacts on society and the environment (impact materiality) and the potential financial implications of sustainability (financial materiality). To carry out the dual materiality analysis, the Group has undertaken the following process:

### Phases of the double materiality process

#### 1. Identification of ESG sources

An analysis of internal and external context information has been undertaken to identify expectations and requirements regarding sustainability on the part of GCO's main stakeholders. In that regard, the analysis has taken into account the materiality analysis of other companies in the sector, sustainability regulations (CSRD, CS3D, EU Taxonomy and SFDR), analysts and ESG rating agencies (MSCI, Dow Jones, FTSE, Sustainalytics) and standards, voluntary initiatives and best practices (UN PRI, PSI, SASB).

Drawing from this analysis, 20 issues of concern to GCO's stakeholders were preliminarily identified.

#### 2. Identification and evaluation of impacts, risks, and opportunities related to sustainability issues (IRO-1)

GCO has developed the following internal process to identify and assess actual and potential impacts, risks, and opportunities, extending to both the Group's direct activities and operations as well as its value chain.

**2.1 Impact materiality:** for each of the preliminary issues, both positive and negative impacts generated or potentially generated by the organisation on people and the environment were identified. Once identified, the impacts were assessed in terms of severity (scale, scope, and for negative impacts, remediability) and probability (likelihood of occurrence and time horizon).

To assess the impacts, meetings were held with sector experts, and valuation questionnaires and surveys were sent to various stakeholder groups.

**2.2 Financial materiality:** for each of the preliminary issues identified, an analysis was conducted to determine whether any circumstances could potentially create risks or opportunities with a significant impact on the company's financial statements, asset and liability valuations, the company's reputation, and business development. Once the risks and opportunities for each issue were identified, an internal assessment was carried out to determine their materiality.

To carry out this process, the risks and opportunities associated with each identified issue were prioritised according to the magnitude of their impact and the probability of occurrence.

#### 3. Analysis and determination of material issues.

Once both impact and financial materiality were assessed, the identified material issues were prioritised.

Issues such as financial inclusion, circular economy, pollution, biodiversity and ecosystems, and water and marine resources were evaluated but were ultimately not considered to be material.

To calculate the financial effects of these risks and opportunities in 2025, each risk and opportunity has been assessed individually, in terms of probability (from Very High 80%-100% to Very Low 0%-20%) and severity (from Very High >250 million euros to Very Low <500 thousand euros) taking into account the following time horizons:

- Short term: less than 5 years
- Medium term: 5 to 30 years
- Long term: more than 30 years

#### 4. Validation of the materiality results

The Board of Directors reviewed and validated the materiality analysis, confirming that the conclusions adequately reflected the Group's situation and priorities in terms of sustainability. Additionally, the impacts and risks identified in the double materiality process serve as the foundation for the development of the Group's ESG risk map.

The full double materiality analysis will be carried out to coincide with the update of GCO's Sustainability Master Plan. However, a review of the risks and opportunities assessed under the financial materiality will be conducted annually in order to identify any possible changes in their probability of occurrence.

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Once the material issues of GCO were identified, these issues were mapped with the ESRS to determine the sustainability information that must be contained in this report. In 2025, a reassessment of the risks and opportunities evaluated in the financial materiality analysis was carried out, with no material differences identified compared to the assessment conducted in 2024.

### Material issues of GCO

| ESRS      | ESRS topic                         | ESRS Sub-Topic                                                 | Related GCO material issue                                                                    |
|-----------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>E1</b> | <b>Climate Change</b>              | Mitigating climate change                                      | Climate Change                                                                                |
|           |                                    | Adaptation to climate change                                   |                                                                                               |
|           |                                    | Energy                                                         |                                                                                               |
| <b>S1</b> | <b>Own workforce</b>               | Work conditions                                                | Working conditions<br>Health and well-being                                                   |
|           |                                    | Equal treatment and opportunity                                | Diversity, equality and inclusion<br>Talent management, professional development and training |
|           |                                    | Other labour rights                                            | Data privacy and Cybersecurity*                                                               |
| <b>S2</b> | <b>Workers in the value chain</b>  | Work conditions                                                | Managing the relationship with suppliers and partners*<br>Data privacy and Cybersecurity*     |
|           |                                    | Equal treatment and opportunity                                |                                                                                               |
|           |                                    | Other labour rights                                            |                                                                                               |
| <b>S4</b> | <b>End customers and consumers</b> | Incidents related to information for customers                 | Data privacy and Cybersecurity*<br>Service quality and customer satisfaction                  |
|           |                                    |                                                                |                                                                                               |
| <b>G1</b> | <b>Business conduct</b>            | Corporate culture                                              | Business ethics and conduct                                                                   |
|           |                                    | Protection of whistleblowers                                   | Responsible governance                                                                        |
|           |                                    | Corruption and bribery                                         | Tax liability                                                                                 |
|           |                                    | Managing relations with suppliers, including payment practices | Managing the relationship with suppliers and partners*                                        |
|           | <b>Entity-specific information</b> |                                                                | Contributing to society                                                                       |
|           |                                    |                                                                | Sustainable investment                                                                        |
|           |                                    |                                                                | Responsible management of products and services                                               |

\*Material issue of GCO related to more than one thematic ESRS

The non-material ESRS issues for GCO are: E2 Pollution, E3 Water and Marine Resources, E4 Biodiversity and ecosystems, E5 Circular Economy and S3 Affected groups.

Similarly, the non-material ESRS sub-topics for GCO include:

- S4 Consumers and end-users: Personal safety of end customers or consumers and social inclusion of customers (financial inclusion).
- G1 Business conduct: Animal welfare and Political engagement and lobbying activities.

The full disclosure of sustainability issues, the subtopics considered, and the disclosure requirements covered by GCO, as outlined in the obligation contained in ESRS 2 IRO-2, are detailed in Annex II of the Content Index according to the ESRS.

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# 02.

## Environmental information (ESRS E)

## Climate change (E1)

### Climate strategy

#### Transition plan for climate change mitigation (E1-1)

GCO supports the Paris Agreement and is committed to playing an active role in addressing climate change through the different roles the Group can perform, as an insurer, investor, employer and promoter of social initiatives. To this end, it focuses its strategy on gradually reducing its greenhouse gas emissions and it aims to progressively align its activity with the European target of net-zero emissions by 2050, thus contributing to the transition towards a more sustainable future.

In line with the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction objective set out in its 2024–2026 Sustainability Master Plan, in 2025 GCO has established the target of reducing its Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 10% by 2030, using 2024 as the baseline year. To achieve this, the Group has agreed upon a series of measures focused on:

- Gradual replacement of the current vehicle fleet with more sustainable vehicles (electric and plug-in hybrid vehicles).
- Contracting 100% renewable electricity with Guarantee of Origin in the main countries where the Group's insurance business operates and 95% in the funeral business.
- Adapting crematorium ovens to more sustainable combustion sources.

In addition, GCO promotes good practices related to business travel, paper consumption, and incorporating environmental standards into both building maintenance and acquisition decisions.

In terms of the professionals who collaborate with the Group, it promotes innovation in low carbon solutions and encourages efficient practices such as remote video inspections for damage caused by atmospheric phenomena, thus reducing the emissions associated with travel.

In relation to the professionals who collaborate with the Group, innovation in low-carbon solutions is encouraged and efficient practices such as video assessment for claims caused by atmospheric phenomena are promoted, thus reducing emissions associated with travel. In this regard, Occident managed a total of 150,692 incidents in 2025 caused by meteorological phenomena, mainly rain, wind and hail. In addition, the company carried out 53,885 atmospheric video assessments in 2025 (26% more than in 2024).

Similarly, recognising that ongoing dialogue is essential to building a sustainable future, the Group supports its customers in their transition to a low-carbon economy. This is achieved by raising awareness among customers of the importance of reducing emissions and adopting sustainable practices. The Group is also working to gain a more accurate understanding of its customers' sustainability needs to provide appropriate support for their transition and to supply the information they need.

In parallel, GCO continues to make progress in the implementation of its Transition Plan, which is focused on defining mechanisms to reduce its carbon footprint by following a science-based decarbonisation pathway. At present, this plan is in its initial phase, concentrating on the identification and definition of emission reduction levers for 2030, such as those mentioned above. Subsequently, the Group intends to continue developing the Plan over the coming years, with annual reviews as the analysis and definition of measures and targets progress. Furthermore, from 2030 onwards, new objectives will be established on a five-yearly basis.

#### Risks, opportunities and impacts of climate change and their interaction with the business strategy and business model (SBM-3 and MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, climate change impacts may mainly affect its own operations and the downstream phase.

The negative incidents of climate change and their associated risks for the Group are outlined below.

| Negative impacts                                                                         | Associated risk                                                                                                                                                              | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Increase in the frequency and severity of customer claims due to climate-related events. | Physical risks stemming from the rise in extreme weather events (acute) or long-term impacts of changes in climate characteristics (chronic), leading to higher claim rates. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Measures such as pricing adjustments to absorb increases in claim ratio, strengthening diversified investment portfolios, developing sustainable projects in properties aligned with ESG criteria, transferring risks through reinsurance contracts, and diversifying to reduce exposure to vulnerable regions are in place. |

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|                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lower returns on financial products for customers due to a decline in the value of underlying assets associated with sectors with high climate exposure. | Transition market risk from the loss of value in shares of sectors with significant exposure to the climate transition                          | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | The application of ESG criteria, as set out in the Sustainable Investment Policy and overseen by specialised committees, is implemented through controlled sector diversification, continuous issuer exposure evaluations, credit quality analyses, and restrictions on exposure to issuers not aligned with climate objectives.                                                    |
| There is a lack of sustainable products to meet emerging customer needs.                                                                                 | Market risks arising from changes in customer preferences                                                                                       | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Sustainable investment criteria are applied to savings products, with portfolio cancellations analysed to tailor offerings to customer needs, and new services and policy guarantees developed to ensure competitiveness and relevance.                                                                                                                                             |
| Increase in environmental emissions due to the absence of a climate transition plan.                                                                     | Regulatory non-compliance transition risk caused by slow adaptation to new environmental and climate regulatory requirements.                   | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Internal regulations are enforced through control tools and contingency plans, reinforced by internal and external audits to ensure regulatory compliance. Additionally, a penal map is used to prevent environmental crimes, and investment portfolios are managed using exposure, diversification, and rating criteria, supported by ESG tools to ensure the quality of analyses. |
| Increase in environmental emissions linked to the use of non-sustainable technologies                                                                    | Technology transition risk associated with failing to implement technological developments that support the transition to a low-carbon economy. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Continuous monitoring of energy consumption and the operational efficiency of systems. Measures are implemented that include updating systems with efficient servers, adopting recyclable hardware, and using cloud-based solutions to reduce the carbon footprint.                                                                                                                 |

### Analysis of climate scenarios

To identify and assess the physical and transition risks of climate change, GCO has conducted an impact assessment of how climate risks might affect its operations. To do so, the Group's risk profile was used as a starting point, estimating the potential impact that of two opposing climate scenarios would have on it: one with a global temperature increase of no more than 2°C, and the other with an increase of more than 2°C.

The scope assessed under these scenarios includes Life and Funeral Insurance, Multi-risk, Other Auto Insurance, and Credit Insurance.

To simulate both scenarios, an analysis was performed on the scenarios proposed by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) in its August 2021 report, where potential impacts were defined, taking into account environmental and socio-economic factors intrinsically linked to climate change.

Based on this information, the scenarios analysed are:

- **Scenario with an increase in the planet's global temperature of no more than 2°C:** The SSP1-RCP2.6 scenario has been selected, aligned with the upper boundary of achieving the Paris Agreement targets and the updated nationally determined contributions (NDCs) at COP26. This scenario would be mainly affected by transition risks. The transition events impacted in this report include changes in customer behaviour and market signal uncertainty. The physical climate hazards considered include variations in types and patterns of precipitation, heavy rainfall, coastal flooding, heatwaves, and wildfires.
- **Scenario with an increase in the planet's global temperature exceeding 2°C:** Information from the SSP5-RCP8.5 scenario has been used, which represents a no-climate-policy scenario and allows for the assessment of the most adverse climate conditions to be examined. This scenario would be affected exclusively by physical hazards. The hazards included in this scenario are variations in types and patterns of precipitation, heavy rainfall, coastal flooding, heatwaves, and wildfires.



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In this context, a mapping of financial assets exposed to transition risks has been carried out, along with the level of exposure of each of them (identified based on the Climate Policy Relevant Sectors (CPRS) defined in the EIOPA application guide). Geographical areas exposed to physical risks have also been identified based on the insured sums for catastrophic risks. Finally, mortality stress has been identified in the biometric tables stipulated by the Solvency II regulations, used in the calculation of technical provisions for the Life-Risk (death and funeral) business portfolios.

This results in a comprehensive exposure map for the Group that enables active, focused, and more efficient management of the risks and opportunities associated with climate change affecting both the insured portfolios and the financial asset portfolios.

The results of the analysis of these scenarios over a 5-year time horizon reveal the following possible impacts on the business:

- First, a slight increase in claims in Occident.
- Secondly, under the SSP1-RCP2.6 scenario, there may be a potential negative impact on the valuation of both equity and fixed income, as well as on the financial performance of rental properties within GCO's portfolio. Additionally, there may be an impact arising from the adaptation of operational processes as a result of the transition towards a carbon-free economy.

In addition to the previously mentioned impacts, GCO, within the scope of climate risks, recognises its exposure to additional risks beyond those listed above, which may affect it in different areas and lines of business, such as Health (increase in diseases due to higher temperatures or poorer air quality due to pollution), and Multi-risk and Motor which are affected by transition risks.

The positive impacts of climate change and the associated opportunities for the Group are outlined below.

| Positive impacts                                                                                    | Associated opportunity                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Offer sustainable products to meet the needs of customers with sustainability-driven preferences.   | Products and services: Development of products and services, or the adaptation of existing ones, to support the climate transition.<br><br>Markets: Access to new markets and sustainable financial assets (e.g., green bonds).                                                                                                                                | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Adaptation of insurance products with an investment component to Article 8 of the SFDR.<br><br>Development of insurance products and responsible services such as sustainable mobility insurance and ecofunerals (see section 'Responsible management of products and services' in this report). |
| Environmental protection resulting from a reduction in the consumption of natural energy resources. | Efficiency in the use of resources, resulting from more sustainable energy management (implementation of remote working, LED lighting, efficient climate control systems, hybrid and/or electric company vehicles, repair vs. replacement, etc.) and an increase in the value of owned real estate assets due to rehabilitation and sustainable certification. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Expansion of remote working days, certification of the Group's flagship buildings under LEED or BREEAM standards, and promotion of repair over replacement within Prepersa's claims management processes.                                                                                        |

## Management of climate impacts, risks and opportunities

### Processes to determine and assess material climate-related impacts, risks and opportunities (IRO-1)

As part of its general risk management and control model, the Group develops regular risk identification and assessment processes, including climate change-related risks. This allows the Group to identify material risks that may have a negative impact on its risk profile through the scenarios mentioned in the previous section and to manage them actively and proactively.

These processes are updated at least once a year to identify the Group's main vulnerabilities and opportunities with a forward-looking perspective. They cover all types of risks the Group faces in its daily operations, including climate change risks, both within its own operations and across the value chain (upstream and downstream). The Group's risk appetite level, approved by the Board of Directors, determines the risk levels the Group is willing to accept.

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The impacts of such risks, to the extent that they are relevant, are analysed in the financial planning in order to adapt the strategic planning, if necessary, taking into account the risks identified.

Additionally, the necessary metrics are implemented to help measure and manage the risks and opportunities arising from climate change. Further information on these metrics is included in the Climate Change Metrics and Targets section of this chapter.

Regular reporting is provided to the highest level of management on the quantification of the main risks to which the Group is exposed and the capital resources available to address with them, as well as information regarding the compliance with the limits established in the risk appetite.

In the assessment carried out, no material financial impacts arising from physical or transitional climate risks were identified, and it is considered that the risk management model is robust and resilient to climate-related risks.

## Policies and plans related to climate change (E1-2 and MDR-P)

GCO has a set of policies, approved by the Board of Directors and applicable to all of the Group's activities, which incorporate aspects related to climate change:

- **Sustainability Policy:** this sets out the Group's general principles of action in the area of sustainability, including those related to climate change mitigation and adaptation, as well as the objectives to be achieved.
- **Sustainability Master Plan:** the main instrument through which GCO implements its sustainability strategy. It is structured around four pillars, one of which is dedicated exclusively to the development of actions for climate change mitigation and management, energy efficiency, and the use of renewable energy.
- **Climate Change and Environment Policy:** this establishes the Group's principles, criteria, and commitments to integrate environmental protection and the fight against climate change into its strategy and business model. It addresses the following areas: climate change mitigation and adaptation, energy efficiency, and the use of renewable energy, among others.
- **Sustainable Investment Strategy:** this aims to integrate non-financial factors (environmental, social and governance) in investment decision-making. Climate change metrics are included under environmental factors. The sustainable investment targets to be achieved each year are set out in the Annual Sustainable Investment Plan.
- **Sustainable Real Estate Investment Policy:** this sets out the general principles and the strategy for the management of the Group's real estate investments, including the prevention and reduction of environmental impacts, the efficient use of resources, responsible waste management, and the promotion of sustainable mobility, among other aspects.
- **Risk and Solvency Self-Assessment Policy (ORSA):** this sets out the specific guidelines to be followed in activities that make up the prospective assessment process of material risks to which GCO is exposed, including climate change risk.
- **Remuneration Policy:** this incorporates sustainability and ESG risks into variable remuneration schemes.

## Actions and resources related to climate change (E1-3 and MDR-A)

The current activities of GCO do not have a material impact on the environment. Nevertheless, the Group acknowledges the environment impacts of its operations, mainly due to raw material consumption and energy use.

Given the type of activity carried out, water consumption and waste management data are not considered material, but efficient use of waste is encouraged.

In line with its Climate Change and Environment Policy, the Group is committed to a process of continuous improvement in environmental performance and the fight against climate change, as well as full compliance with applicable environmental regulations.

To achieve this, the Group has put in place an environmental management system aligned with the guidelines of the ISO 14001:2015 standard and covers all real estate asset management processes.

In GCO's main buildings, various climate change mitigation and adaptation measures are being implemented, including the following:

- Installation of photovoltaic plants to increase self-consumption of energy. In 2025, with an investment of more than €57.4 million, new photovoltaic plants have been installed in 2 buildings owned by the Group, which are added to the 20 that already had installations of this type. In addition, 12 facilities of Mémora have photovoltaic plants, with 2 new ones scheduled for completion in 2026.
- GCO is committed to purchasing renewable electricity with a Guarantee of Origin for all buildings owned by the Group in Spain.



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- Promoting sustainable mobility through the installation, in 2025, 12 chargers for electric vehicles, in addition to the 143 chargers already installed. Parking spaces for scooters and bicycles have also been installed. This has involved an investment of €62.1 thousand in the 2025 financial year.
- Use of ECO-labelled vehicles within Occident's commercial fleet, representing a more responsible mobility alternative, thereby contributing to reducing pollutant emissions and improving the efficiency of its operations.
- GCO has created a specific communication channel with tenants of the buildings leased by the Group, to improve the management of and response to their inquiries.
- Energy consumption is monitored regularly to detect deviations and optimize efficiency through the implementation of BMS (Business Management System) in several of the Group's properties. Currently, the Group has implemented 19 BMS, reaching an investment of more than €3 million euros by 2025.
- Waste generated from construction and renovation activities is also monitored.
- Environmental clauses are included in tender processes and maintenance contracts.
- GCO has obtained the Biosphere Certification for sustainable tourism at Torre Bellesguard, an iconic building owned by the Group.
- In Occident commercial offices, PVC-free vinyls are used, with printing carried out using aqueous dispersion polymerisation, a method that is free of ozone emissions and hazardous volatile pollutants.

The entity's ability to implement climate change mitigation and adaptation actions relies fundamentally on the availability and appropriate allocation of financial, human, and technological resources, which are integrated into its regular planning and management. This may influence the scope and development of such actions.

The Group also took part in external environmental initiatives such as Earth Hour and contributed to World Cleanup Day, in which employees from various countries volunteered to take part in cleanup campaigns on land and at sea.

In Mémora, the environmental management system based on ISO 14001:2015 is certified by AENOR. Furthermore, the funeral services companies hold the following quality and environmental certifications:

- ISO 15017:2020 (Quality in Funeral Services)
- ISO 9001:2015 (Quality Management Systems)

Moreover, in the management of funeral services, several environmental protection actions are undertaken, including the following:

- Use of ecological and biodegradable funeral products.
- Removal of any contaminating materials before cremation and their subsequent recycling.
- Management of crematorium ovens during cremations and servicing to optimise energy consumption.
- Recycling of metal waste generated in cremations.
- Replacement of synthetic solvent varnishes with water-based varnishes in most of the coffins produced, to reduce harmful emissions in cremation services.
- Transportation of the deceased in hybrid and electric vehicles.

The mitigation actions implemented by the Group have been designed to contribute directly to the achievement of climate objectives and targets aimed at reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

Further actions relating to climate change are detailed in section EI-4.

## Natural Capital

The Group firmly believes that organisations have a responsibility to actively promote the protection of natural assets and biodiversity by advocating greener practices and in so doing, help communities manage the impacts of climate change. It recognises the crucial role of nature-based solutions in addressing the global climate crisis, raising the resilience of ecosystems and curtailing associated risks, while contributing to mitigation by strengthening ecosystem services.

### Conservation of natural capital

Given the specific nature of the business of Mémora, which due to its activity has a different impact on natural capital compared to the insurance activity, a range of actions are undertaken to preserve biodiversity, including: reforestation, use of PEFC-certified timber, use of biodegradable products (shrouds, urns, etc.), eco-friendly wreaths of flowers, reminders on FSC or recyclable paper, replacement of the fleet with hybrid vehicles and monitoring of emissions and inspections at the facilities.

Furthermore, the facilities and the activity do not have a material impact on biodiversity conservation, given that the centres are located outside protected areas and the environmental licences are in place to carry out the activity.

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At Mémora's coffin factory, as a preservation measure, the company chooses to purchase pieces of wood of different sizes for the construction of different coffins models, adjusted as closely as possible to the production to minimise wood waste. In addition, in 2025, the manufacture of a new eco-friendly coffin model has been incorporated, replacing one of the most widely used non-eco-friendly models in funeral services.

Sawdust generated during the production process is used for combustion in the biomass boiler that produces part of the energy used.

### Recovery of natural capital

GCO is one of the companies comprising Nactiva Capital Natural S.L., a collective platform for investment in natural capital. Natural capital refers to pursuit of productive investment opportunities in environmental areas to drive growth while protecting the planet and combating climate change.

Nactiva is the first initiative of its kind in the European Union and its goal is to drive projects in the Mediterranean region, taking advantage of the opportunities offered by nature and integrating and connecting various social and economic agents with a view to maximising the scope and capacity of the projects to protect and regenerate natural capital.

In turn, Nactiva has taken on an awareness-raising role by participating in roundtables and podcasts, and through social media and e-newspaper outreach.

## Climate metrics and targets (MDR-M and MDR-T)

### Targets related to climate change (E1-4)

GCO's targets related to the management of climate change-related impacts, risks, and opportunities are defined in its Sustainability Master Plan, which include a specific pillar dedicated to climate action. These goals include increasing the consumption of clean energy, enhancing energy efficiency in facilities, and reducing paper consumption. Additionally, the Group is committed to not underwriting activities related to fossil fuels and has set emission reduction targets.

To ensure compliance with the above targets, a variable remuneration system has been implemented, linked to the fulfilment of the Sustainability Master Plan. The Financial-Risk General Management, responsible for overseeing the Sustainability Master Plan, reports directly to the Sustainability Committee on the progress made towards meeting the plan's targets.

Additionally, the Group's Sustainability Policy establishes GCO's commitment to contributing to environmental protection and mitigating the effects of climate change, by setting targets that enable a gradual reduction in the Group's carbon emissions, progressively aligning with the objective of the Paris Agreement to achieve climate neutrality by 2050.

### Climate targets framework for 2030

Within the framework of its climate transition plan, GCO has defined quantitative CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction targets for 2030, focused on scopes 1 and 2 of its own operations. The targets are defined as absolute reductions compared to a common base year, supported by the carbon footprint inventory prepared by GCO in accordance with the methodological criteria for emission calculations defined by the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol.

For the process of defining targets, the decarbonisation pathway established by the SBTi has been used as a reference framework for setting the Group's required emissions reduction objectives. The targets currently in place represent a progressive approach towards the science-based pathway and constitute an initial stage in the development of the Transition Plan. In the coming years, a gradual review of these targets is planned in order to further strengthen their alignment with the science-based trajectory.

The base year has been set as 2024, with a reference value of 14,610.2 tCO<sub>2</sub>eq, corresponding to the sum of emissions from scopes 1 and 2 market based. This value serves as the starting point for assessing progress towards the targets established for 2030. Nevertheless, taking into account the developments of recent years, there is a possibility that the trend may continue and that a potential increase in activity could lead to higher emissions, which are not currently being considered in the definition of the targets. This could reduce the effectiveness of the actions implemented to decrease such emissions through the decarbonisation levers mentioned below. Consequently, this may require a review and possible adjustment of the established decarbonisation targets in order to adapt them to the organisation's context.

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## Emission reduction targets

- Reduction of Operational Emissions (Scopes 1 and 2):** GCO has set its primary climate target as a 10% reduction in its operational emissions (scopes 1 and 2) by 2030. This target reflects the Group's commitment to the progressive decarbonisation of its operations and to reducing the environmental impacts arising from its ordinary activities.
- Reduction of vehicle fleet emissions (Scope 1):** GCO has also established a target to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from its corporate vehicle fleet by 15% by 2030. Achieving this target is based on the progressive renewal of the fleet toward lower carbon intensity vehicles, prioritising the incorporation of electric vehicles. This transformation will improve the energy efficiency of transportation and support the transition toward a more sustainable mobility model.
- Reduction of Electricity-Related Emissions (Scope 2):** With regard to electricity consumption, GCO aims to achieve a 46% reduction in emissions derived from electricity consumption by 2030 compared to 2024. This target is primarily supported by the progressive procurement of renewable electricity with Guarantees of Origin, ensuring that the energy consumed by the Group comes from clean sources with lower carbon intensity. Through this measure, GCO contributes to the reduction of its indirect CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and to the promotion of a more sustainable energy model.
- Promotion of Good Environmental Practices:** In addition to the quantified emission reduction targets, GCO promotes the adoption of sound environmental practices in the daily management of its activities, in line with its Sustainability Master Plan. These practices include improving energy efficiency through the implementation of 26 Building Management Systems (BMSs) for energy and other variable controls; promoting sustainable mobility by installing electric vehicle chargers; and enhancing the comfort, sustainability, and image of GCO's properties through the achievement of green building certifications for owned buildings.

As part of its investments, the Group's Annual Sustainable Investment Plan includes the climate-related commitments undertaken by the Group for the year, among which is the objective to allocate 12% to new sustainable investments during the period.

## Paper consumption

In an effort to achieve efficient document management and reduce paper consumption, the implementation of electronic documentation has been promoted across business processes, including those involving the customer. Remote working has accelerated this process.

| Materials consumption  | 2024    | 2025    |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| Paper consumption (kg) | 238,334 | 201,711 |
| % recycled paper       | 18.7 %  | 16.4 %  |

Likewise, it should also be noted that Occident primarily uses Cradle to Cradle® certified paper, which guarantees that its production follows circular economy and sustainability criteria both in the sourcing of the materials and at each stage of its life cycle. This process focuses on:

- Safe and healthy materials: the paper is made from safe and healthy materials, free of toxins and capable of being safely returned to nature or new production cycles.
- Circularity: the paper can be reintroduced into the production cycle several times without losing quality, promoting a true circular economy.
- Renewable energy: manufacturing is carried out prioritising the use of clean energy sources, thus reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
- Responsible water and land use management: water consumption is minimised and deforestation is kept to zero.

## Energy consumption (E1-5)

The maintenance and refurbishment of the Group's buildings are guided by energy efficiency criteria in an effort to reduce consumption and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Currently, a total of 15 buildings owned by GCO have sustainable building certifications (LEED or BREEAM) and another 6 buildings are currently undergoing the certification process. The new works and renovations include motion detectors, automatic light intensity control and replacement of air conditioning systems with other more energy-efficient units.

For its part, Atradius promotes the use of office buildings holding sustainable certifications such as ENERGY Star, BREEAM, and LEED across the countries where it operates. By 2025, 21 of the buildings where Atradius has its offices will have this type of sustainable certification.

Furthermore, Atradius collaborates with building owners to reduce their carbon footprint and support the Group's sustainability goals. It has developed Corporate Real Estate Standards (CRES) to achieve ESG objectives through energy-saving measures and new office location contracting procedures.

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The Group's energy consumption (in MWh) for the 2025 fiscal year is detailed below, calculated based on invoices issued by energy suppliers:

| Energy consumption                        | 2024           | 2025           |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>RENEWABLE ENERGY CONSUMPTION</b>       | <b>40,831</b>  | <b>46,115</b>  |
| -Purchased                                | 38,950         | 44,005         |
| -Self-generated                           | 1,881          | 2,110          |
| -Biomass fuel                             | 0              | 0              |
| % renewable energy consumption over total | 39.0 %         | 41.8 %         |
| <b>FOSSIL ENERGY CONSUMPTION</b>          | <b>62,773</b>  | <b>63,635</b>  |
| % fossil energy consumption over total    | 60.0 %         | 57.7 %         |
| <b>NUCLEAR ENERGY CONSUMPTION</b>         | <b>1,103</b>   | <b>613</b>     |
| % nuclear energy consumption over total   | 1.1 %          | 0.6 %          |
| <b>TOTAL energy consumption</b>           | <b>104,707</b> | <b>110,363</b> |

\*The figures for 2024 have been recalculated based on methodological adjustments to the consumption of the Group's vehicle fleet.

\*\*The breakdown of fossil consumption is not shown as GCO activity is not considered a high climate impact sector.

## GHG emissions (E1-6)

GCO calculates Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions in accordance with the criteria defined in the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol. The calculation is performed using an operational control-based approach, which considers as direct and indirect emissions those arising from activities that fall under the direct control of the Group's entities. The primary emission factors used for these calculations are provided by:

- International Energy Agency (IEA) of 2023 for electricity.
- Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) 2025 guidelines for all other energy consumption and emission sources, except where otherwise specified.

Scope 1 includes direct emissions from the consumption of natural gas, refrigerant gases, fuel consumption (petrol, diesel A, B and C and propane) used in fixed installations (offices, funeral homes, and crematoria) and own vehicle fleet. Scope 2 includes emissions generated by electricity consumed and purchased.

**Scope 1** emissions have been calculated on the basis of consumption from energy supplier invoices, as well as invoices for recharging refrigerant gases and fuels. Consumption by the vehicle fleet has been estimated based on the contracted mileage under the Occident and Atradius leasing arrangements and the fuel consumption of Mémora vehicles.

**Scope 2** emissions have been calculated based on monthly electricity consumption data as recorded on supplier invoices. In some countries, the consumption in November and December has been estimated on the basis of the consumption in the same months of the previous year.

**Scope 3** includes indirect emissions arising from categories such as purchased goods and services (paper and wood for coffins), activities related to fuel and electricity (not included in Scope 1 and 2), business travel (plane, train and car), employee transportation, energy consumption of leased assets and financial investments. The remaining Scope 3 categories are not included because they are not material or are not calculated due to nature of GCO's activity.

For goods and services category, the required information is gathered from primary data provided directly by the suppliers of the respective goods, to which emission factors from DEFRA are applied and the product data sheet factor with Cradle to Cradle® certification where applicable.

As for business travel, the calculations include plane, train and car travel linked to the organisation's activity. The distance travelled is determined using data provided directly by the external service providers who manage these trips, who provide the Group with detailed itinerary information for each transport. To calculate emissions, the emission factors from DEFRA and the Oficina Catalana del Canvi Climàtic (OCCC) have been used.

To calculate the employee commuting category, the responses from the 2024 employee mobility survey, conducted among all Group employees, have been extrapolated to represent 100% of the workforce. This survey provided information on the mode of transport, type of fuel used, daily commuting journeys per employee, and the number of kilometres travelled to the workplace. Additionally, emissions associated with teleworking have been considered, applying the corresponding DEFRA emission factor.

| Emissions*                                                                          | 2024             | 2025             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Scope 1 (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )                                                       | 13,470.5         | 13,608.5         |
| Scope 2 (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )                                                       |                  |                  |
| Market-based (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )                                                  | 1,139.7          | 839.9            |
| Location-based (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )                                                | 6,252.9          | 6,787.8          |
| <b>Total Scope 1 and 2</b>                                                          | <b>14,610.2</b>  | <b>14,448.3</b>  |
| Scope 3 (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )                                                       | 844,093.3        | 874,304.3        |
| -Goods and services purchased (paper and coffins)                                   | 544.7            | 507.2            |
| -Fuel and electricity activities (not included in Scopes 1 and 2)                   | 3,193.3          | 3,050.5          |
| -Business travel (rail, air and car)                                                | 3,875.2          | 2,577.1          |
| -Employee transport                                                                 | 7,530.9          | 7,632.5          |
| -Leased assets                                                                      | 52.1             | 107.7            |
| -Investments                                                                        | 828,897.2        | 860,429.4        |
| <b>Total Scope 1, 2 and 3 (market-based)</b>                                        | <b>858,703.4</b> | <b>888,752.6</b> |
| <b>Total Scope 1, 2 and 3 (location-based)</b>                                      | <b>863,816.6</b> | <b>894,700.6</b> |
| <b>Emissions intensity per net income** (Tn CO<sub>2</sub>/€M) - market based</b>   | <b>150.4</b>     | <b>148.3</b>     |
| <b>Emissions intensity per net income** (Tn CO<sub>2</sub>/€M) - location based</b> | <b>151.3</b>     | <b>149.3</b>     |

\*In 2025, the calculation method for certain emissions was updated in order to enhance the consistency and comparability of the reported information. In particular, emissions associated with the Atradius vehicle fleet have been recalculated using the kilometres contracted, thereby aligning the approach with that applied in Occident since the previous year. Furthermore, following additional analysis, emissions arising from leased assets—previously attributed to Scopes 1 and 2—are now reported under Scope 3, category 13 (Leased Assets), in accordance with the operational control criterion defined by the GHG Protocol. The 2024 data have been recalculated according to these criteria to ensure comparability.

\*\*GCO's carbon footprint in Spain in 2025 is as follows: 10,311.9 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> in Scope 1, 140.0 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> in Scope 2 (market-based) and 8,629.7 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> in Scope 3 (does not include emissions from Cat. 15. Investments). Total: 19,081.7 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>.

\*\*\*Net revenue is understood as the gross written premiums from the insurance activity and the income from the funeral activity, expressed in millions of euros. The net revenue figure (€M 5,991) used for the intensity calculation corresponds to the sum of the figures included for each business (Occident, Atradius and Mémora) in GCO's Consolidated Management Report, based on IFRS 4.

To calculate the carbon footprint of its investments, the Group followed the methodology developed by the Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF).

An analysis of the carbon footprint was conducted across the 100% asset portfolio, categorizing assets into listed equities and corporate debt, sovereign debt, investment funds, and other assets not included in the above categories.

The following table shows the breakdown of the carbon footprint by asset class for Scopes 1 and 2, which includes emissions from the sectors defined in the PCAF methodology. It also includes the emissions intensity (Tn CO<sub>2</sub>/asset portfolio value expressed in millions of euros):

| Asset class                      | 2024                               |                                                    | 2025                               |                                                    |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
|                                  | Emissions<br>(Tn CO <sub>2</sub> ) | Emissions<br>intensity<br>(Tn CO <sub>2</sub> /€M) | Emissions<br>(Tn CO <sub>2</sub> ) | Emissions<br>intensity<br>(Tn CO <sub>2</sub> /€M) |
| Listed Equity and Corporate Debt | 277,943.4                          | 39.1                                               | 304,704.1                          | 39.4                                               |
| Sovereign debt                   | 481,233.4                          | 151.3                                              | 454,661.8                          | 140.8                                              |
| Investment Funds                 | 47,327.5                           | 34.7                                               | 77,024.3                           | 46.8                                               |
| Other assets                     | 22,392.9                           | 38.4                                               | 24,039.2                           | 40.7                                               |
| <b>Total</b>                     | <b>828,897.2</b>                   | <b>67.7</b>                                        | <b>860,429.4</b>                   | <b>65.2</b>                                        |

Within the Group's fixed income portfolio, approximately 10% is invested in bonds labelled as green and sustainable, aimed at financing projects with a positive environmental impact, such as renewable energy, energy efficiency, clean transport, or sustainable waste management, among others. These investments do not reduce the reported financed emissions (in accordance with PCAF guidelines), but they do reflect our strong commitment to channelling capital towards activities that facilitate the decarbonisation of the economy and support key projects for the energy transition.

### Offsetting emissions

Mémora, aware of the importance of its activity on the environment, is undertaking an emissions offsetting project in collaboration with Tree-Nation, a leading international reforestation NGO. Through this project, called In Arboriam, the company undertakes to plant a tree for each service performed, always with the consent of the families, in order to create a large forest paying tribute to the deceased in the name of their loved ones and contributing to their memory, while at the same time having a positive impact on the environment on a global scale.

Detailed information on the initiative can be found on the Mémora corporate website: [www.memora.es/in-arboriam](http://www.memora.es/in-arboriam)



Thanks to this project, in 2025 more than 22,300 trees were planted, **which helped to absorb over 4,373.5 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>**. As a result, the Group's emissions after the offsetting would be as follows:

| Emissions                                   | 2024             | 2025             |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Total Scope 1 and 2</b>                  | <b>14,610.2</b>  | <b>14,448.3</b>  |
| Offsets (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )               | 6,125.4          | 4,373.5          |
| <b>Total Scope 1 and 2 after offsetting</b> | <b>8,484.8</b>   | <b>10,074.8</b>  |
| Scope 3 (Tn CO <sub>2</sub> )               | 844,093.3        | 874,304.3        |
| <b>Total Scopes 1, 2 and 3</b>              | <b>852,578.0</b> | <b>884,379.1</b> |

## Taxonomy

### Asset eligibility and alignment according to the EU Taxonomy

As part of the EU Sustainable Finance Plan, the European Commission has brought in the European Taxonomy Regulation 2020/852, which determines which economic activities are environmentally sustainable.

GCO, as a financial sector entity and insurance group, is an entity subject to the obligations of this Regulation and must report to the market eligibility and alignment indicators relating to its Non-Life underwriting activities and on-balance sheet assets.

Below are the main alignment indicators of GCO's assets as per the taxonomy as at December 31, 2024.

- Investments aligned in terms of business volume in financial and non-financial companies, as well as real estate, relative to covered assets: 3.60% (3.27% in 2024) .
- Investments aligned in terms of CapEx in financial and non-financial companies, as well as real estate, relative to covered assets: 5.10% (4.55% en 2024).

For further information on the calculation methodology and breakdown of data under Annexes IX, X, XI and XII of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178 of 6 July 2021, see Annex I of this report.

### Eligibility and underwriting alignment according to EU Taxonomy

As a financial sector entity and insurance group, GCO is subject to the obligations of the Taxonomy Regulation 2020/852, which determines which activities are environmentally sustainable.

These obligations include the duty to report to the market the eligibility and alignment indicators of the Non-Life underwriting activity related to climate change adaptation and mitigation objectives, to which the insurance activity is likely to be able to contribute.

Below are GCO's key indicators as at December 31, 2025.

- Volume of premiums aligned: €180,328,739.2 (3.80% alignment in 2025 vs 3.80% in 2024)
- Volume of premiums eligible but not aligned: €536,109.7 (0.01% in 2025 vs 0.02% in 2024)
- Volume of non-eligible premiums: €4,559,129,958.7 (96.18% in 2025 vs 96.20% in 2024)

The business lines analysed for compliance with Taxonomy requirements include Non-Life insurance related to coverage against climate-related risks:

- Medical expenses insurance
- Income protection insurance
- Occupational accident insurance
- Motor vehicle civil liability insurance
- Other motor vehicle insurance
- Marine, aviation and transport insurance
- Fire insurance and other property damage insurance
- Assistance insurance

It is important to note that the regulation excludes significant lines for the Group's business, such as credit and surety insurance, which account for over 40% of GCO's operations.

In the analysis of eligibility and alignment of Non-Life premiums covering climate-related risks, all products that include coverage for risks associated with climate phenomena (such as temperature, wind, water, floods, storms, snow, or similar events), whether chronic or acute, have been considered. Therefore, all the products that have been deemed eligible and/or aligned include coverage that help mitigate the adverse effects that weather risks can have on the Group's policyholders, not to mention the role played by the 'Consorcio de Compensación de Seguros' in the coverage of extraordinary risks in the Spanish market.

For further information on the calculation methodology and breakdown of data under Annexes IX, X and XI of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178 of 6 July 2021 see Annex I of this report.

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# 03.

## Social information (ESRS S)

## Own workforce (S1)

GCO identifies its human team as the most important asset of the organisation and recognises that the key to delivering excellent service to its customers lies in individual commitment and teamwork. The Group understands this commitment as a way to inspire trust and create value for its customers and shareholders, maintaining an open mind towards new scenarios and contexts, and working with intensity and perseverance to turn difficulties into challenges.

### Strategy

#### Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model (SBM-3, S1-4, and MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, impacts related to its own workforce may primarily affect the Group's operations.

Below are the potential negative impacts involving workforce, identifying those that are generalised (G) or individual (I), and their associated risk for the Group.

| Negative impacts                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Associated risk                                                                                                                                                                                               | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inadequate salary conditions for the role, or poor working conditions (unpaid overtime and/or excessive workloads). (G)                                                                                                            | Reputational risk due to negative perceptions of the company arising from the working conditions it offers and the risk of talent loss resulting from employee dissatisfaction with their working conditions. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | It is ensured that legislative standards for working conditions are met, with policies and practices implemented to ensure employee satisfaction. Social benefits are also offered.                                                               |
| Job offers with inadequate or worse conditions than those offered by competitors. (G)                                                                                                                                              | Risk of loss of competitiveness by offering worse working conditions than those in the market.                                                                                                                | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | GCO has its own agreement that improves on sector conditions. Employee achievements are recognised and rewarded, ensuring they have the necessary tools and resources, including technology, continuous training, and a safe working environment. |
| Lack of social dialogue with employees due to the absence of active communication channels through which they can express themselves openly about working conditions without fear of retaliation, intimidation, or harassment. (G) | Strikes and protests and disruption of activity.                                                                                                                                                              | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Maintaining an open and constructive dialogue with employees through periodic work climate surveys. Efforts are made to continuously improve working conditions and promote a positive work environment.                                          |
| Situations of discrimination for any reason (race, age, religion, or gender) during the provision of the Group's activities. (G)                                                                                                   | Reputational risk arising from discriminatory situations, which leads to the need to implement control measures for non-discrimination across all areas of the Group.                                         | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Control measures are implemented to prevent discrimination, establishing clear policies and providing regular training on diversity and inclusion.                                                                                                |



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|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Increase in the number of injuries or accidents among employees due to inadequate protection of their health and well-being, and the lack of regular health monitoring (medical check-ups, screenings, etc.) (I) | Risk of increased sick leave and disruption of activity.                                                                                                                              | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Promotion of a wellness itinerary, which includes webinars on health, time management training, healthy habits, nutrition, workshops on rest, gym, regular medical check-ups, flexible working, and family reconciliation measures. Absenteeism is monitored and analysed periodically to identify and correct causes, and work climate survey are conducted periodically.                                                                |
| Employee dissatisfaction due to detrimental leadership behaviours (e.g., lack of recognition and empathy). (G)                                                                                                   | Risk of psychological sick leave and, consequently, reputational risk and disruption of activity.                                                                                     | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Contribution to a wider gender pay gap, negatively affecting the economic situation of women working in the Group. (G)                                                                                           | Regulatory risk arising from fines or penalties for failing to comply with equal pay legislation.                                                                                     | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of measures to comply with regulations on equal pay, including creating equal pay policies and conducting regular salary audits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Skills gap between the training provided to employees and the actual training needs they have. (G)                                                                                                               | Operational risk arising from employees performing tasks for which they are not qualified, resulting in the need for additional resources to manage employee development effectively. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Launch of strategies for professional development and continuous employee training. Employee satisfaction and the effectiveness of training programmes are regularly monitored.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Inequalities resulting from the lack of objective criteria in promotion and career development mechanisms. (G)                                                                                                   | Loss of top talent due to the failure to offer promotion opportunities and training for new candidates.                                                                               | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Creation of professional promotion opportunities and continuous development for all employees, ensuring they have the tools and resources necessary to advance in their careers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure, or access to employees' personal data. (I)                                                                                        | Regulatory risk arising from complaints, sanctions, and fines due to non-compliance with personal data protection regulations.                                                        | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of policies and procedures to ensure compliance with data protection regulations. Technical and organisational security measures are implemented, ongoing employees training is provided, and a culture of compliance and transparency in personal data processing is promoted. Internal and external audits are also conducted to verify the effectiveness of implemented measures and adjustments are made as necessary. |
| Lack of transparency with employees regarding, among other things, the nature and use of processed information. (I)                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

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|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Security breaches leading to theft, leaks, or unauthorised access to sensitive/confidential employee information. (I) | Reputational risk arising from the theft, leakage, or unauthorised access to private or confidential company information, intellectual property, or financial data. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of advanced cybersecurity measures, including protective technologies, regular penetration tests, and continuous monitoring services. Moreover, regular employee training programmes are conducted. Continuous monitoring of security systems, regular penetration testing to identify and fix vulnerabilities, and employee awareness level evaluation through simulations and practical exercises are carried out. |
| Interruption in the availability of digital or technology services. (I)                                               | Risk of business continuity disruption due to potential threats and cyberattacks.                                                                                   | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

The negative impacts identified are an indirect consequence of the Group's business model. Nevertheless, the risks detected in connection with these impacts serve as a basis for adapting GCO's strategy.

Due to the nature of the Group's operations, which do not require intensive labour or expose minors to risky situations, there is no significant risk of forced labour or child labour. However, in order to mitigate all possible risks of this type and ensure that they do not actually exist, GCO maintains a firm commitment to compliance with labour regulations and human rights, as can be seen in the Code of Ethics and the Human Rights Policy described below.

Below are the potential positive impacts involving workforce and their associated opportunities for the Group.

| Positive impacts                                                                                                                                                            | Associated opportunity                                                                                           | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Higher satisfaction among people working in the Group due to a positive perception of their working conditions.                                                             | Enhanced employee commitment stemming from a sense of corporate identity, pride, and belonging to the Group.     | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | The Group is continuously developing policies and actions aimed at improving the employee experience.                                                      |
| Greater bargaining power for employees through union membership or other listening mechanisms.                                                                              | Promote professional relationships and create a positive work environment with an improved workplace atmosphere. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | GCO allocates working hours for union-related activities. Regular employee climate surveys are conducted to understand the needs of the Group's employees. |
| Offering society jobs with good working conditions.                                                                                                                         | Attracting new talent due to favourable working conditions.                                                      | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | The Group's job offers include benefits such as remote working, continuous training, special insurance packages, and more.                                 |
| Improvements in employees' quality of life and overall health through effective health and wellness management that reduces workplace accidents and occupational illnesses. | Reduced absenteeism thanks to the Group's focus on employees' health and wellbeing.                              | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | GCO provides health services such as free medical check-ups, access to gyms at major sites, and health workshops with experts.                             |
| Equal opportunities for internal promotion among employees (e.g., shattering the glass ceiling).                                                                            | Ensuring roles are filled by individuals with the best qualifications for the job.                               | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | GCO has set targets to increase the number of women in leadership and management positions.                                                                |

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|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Accessibility to individualised technical training based on the employee's professional profile.                                      | Increased productivity and service quality provided by trained and experienced employees.                                                                                                      | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | The Group offers various training programmes tailored to professional profiles and business needs, ensuring employees have the necessary skills to excel in their roles. |
| Availability of career plans tailored to employees' needs and challenges.                                                             | Reduction in talent attrition and employee turnover.                                                                                                                                           | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Talent is identified and promoted to key positions.                                                                                                                      |
| Increased employee confidence regarding the handling of private data, including its transfer to external service providers            | Improved trust and/or relationships with employees.                                                                                                                                            | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Continuous updates to technical and organisational security measures to protect the personal data of stakeholders.                                                       |
| Enhanced sense of security among employees due to improved protection of devices, networks, applications, and systems affecting them. | Strengthened trust and/or improved relationships with employees, along with greater organisational resilience to ensure business continuity in the face of potential threats and cyberattacks. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of measures to ensure the privacy and confidentiality of employees' personal data.                                                                        |

Since there are no significant differences between the types of employees and non-employees, this analysis has been carried out without identifying specific groups of employees and non-employees, since the impacts, risks and opportunities affect everyone equally.

## Management of impacts, risks, and opportunities related to own workforce

### Policies related to own workforce (S1-1 and MDR-P)

The social policies, approved by GCO's Board of Directors and applicable to all of the Group's activities, reflect the commitments and principles of conduct related to its personnel, as well as regarding the company's value chain.

- **Code of Ethics:** establishes the guidelines that must govern the behaviour of the Group's employees, as well as directors and certain agents within the Group's value chain, in their daily work concerning the relationships and interactions with all stakeholder groups.
- **Human Rights Policy:** reflects the Group's commitments to Human Rights and the due diligence procedure to safeguard them. Among the commitments detailed in this policy is the assurance of freedom in work, rejecting any form of compulsory or forced labour and child labour. This policy also aligns with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.
- **Equality and Diversity Policy:** establishes GCO's commitment to effective equality of opportunities and the promotion of diversity as a fundamental competitive advantage in people management.
- **Human Resources Policy:** outlines the commitments made regarding the attraction, development, and retention of talent for effective employee management.
- **Equality plans:** available across all Group companies in Spain, aiming to improve the employment position of women in terms of their jobs and careers. Additionally, several entities have implemented a Protocol for the Prevention and Handling of Sexual Harassment and Gender-Based Harassment, as well as a Protocol for Psychological Harassment at Work. The Equality Commission is responsible for ensuring compliance with these protocols.
- **Digital Disconnection Policy:** lays out the right of all employees to disconnect digitally outside of their regular working hours established in the collective bargaining agreement or contract, as well as during periods of holiday, sick leave and unpaid leave.

|                               |                               |                             |                            |                               |
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- **Data Privacy Policy:** outlines the commitments of all Group entities concerning the protection and processing of personal data and the guarantee of digital rights for individuals.
- **Health and Safety Policy:** sets forth the commitments, principles, and criteria for the comprehensive management of occupational risks inherent to the Group's activities; This ensures a safe and healthy work environment, with a strong focus on preventing injuries and adverse health effects for employees and associates.

### Dialogue and Collaboration with own workforce (S1-2, S1-3, S1-4, and MDR-A)

GCO views active communication with its employees as a cornerstone of creating the sustainable value the Group aims to achieve. The Human Resources Management assumes the central role of ensuring that this exchange of information and collaboration is carried out effectively, using the results obtained as a basis to guide and optimize the organization's internal management. In this way, the Group fosters a participative working environment aligned with the company's sustainability strategy.

#### Trade unions and works councils

GCO guarantees freedom of association and collective bargaining pursuant to Article 5.8 of the Code of Ethics, encouraging social dialogue to consult and negotiate with employees.

In that regard, the Group companies encourage the participation of workers' representatives in collective bargaining processes, reporting on issues that may affect workers, as well as on the company's situation and the evolution of employment in the company.

Employee representatives are entitled to raise any issues with the Group's Human Resources Directorate at any time. This Directorate evaluates the concerns presented by the negotiating representative and forwards them to the appropriate committee or department for resolution.

The Human Resources Department then monitors and reviews the solutions adopted to address the incidents. In specific cases, due to the magnitude and nature of the incident, annual audits are scheduled to ensure the effectiveness of the measures implemented.

Works councils vary in their operation, as each establishes its own rules and periodicity according to its specific needs. Committees meet at different intervals (annually, quarterly, monthly, etc.) and even on an ad hoc basis to deal with specific situations. This flexibility allows each committee to adapt to the particularities of its context and to the issues requiring attention.

#### Employee climate survey

The opinions and ideas of the Group's employees are important so that we can create a better working environment. Regular work climate surveys are conducted to help the Group gain deeper insights into employee perceptions and to identify opportunities for improvement. These surveys contribute to creating a more collaborative and effective work environment.

Commitment and employee satisfaction are the key attributes that the Group seeks to maintain with its employees.

In 2025, a new work climate survey was launched for all Group employees with the aim of reassessing the situation in each of the business units (Occident, Atradius and Mémora) and gathering relevant information that would subsequently enable the development of specific action plans with concrete initiatives aimed at reducing the incidents detected.

In the case of Atradius employees, the satisfaction ratio to the organisation is 82.1%, which shows that employees have a sense of belonging to the company and a positive experience in the work environment. Employees also highly value (ratio above 86%) the degree of inclusion and the degree of collaboration and team spirit within teams and departments very highly (ratio above 86%).

With regard to Occident and Mémora, the results obtained from the survey are currently being reviewed and analysed. The aim of this analysis is to identify areas for improvement and opportunities, which will enable a specific action plan to be designed and structured in line with the needs identified.

The Human Resources Department of each business continuously monitors the implementation of the agreed initiatives in order to assess their effectiveness. In addition, surveys are carried out on employee opinion and satisfaction with some of these actions.

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## Whistleblowing channel

The Group also has a whistleblowing channel, accessible via the Group's website, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. This channel allows employees to confidentially and anonymously report inquiries and/or potential breaches of the Code of Ethics, any other internal policies or regulations, as well as actions or omissions that may result in criminal irregularities or the manipulation and/or falsification of financial data.

To ensure that employees are aware of the existence of the Whistleblowing Channel, GCO includes information about it in the Code of Ethics, which all employees must sign.

Additional information on the Whistleblowing channel is included in the Business Conduct (G1) of this Sustainability Report.

## Chatbot

With the aim of optimizing the employee experience, various artificial intelligence-based chatbots are available to employees on the intranet. These tools have been developed to provide quick and accurate responses to queries related to employee management, covering topics such as training, recruitment and hiring processes, employee benefits, and occupational risk prevention, among others. In addition, a specific chatbot has been incorporated to provide support in resolving IT incidents, as well as a commercial support assistant that handles queries about the products offered by Occident, including information on coverage, tax matters, and regulatory aspects. These technological solutions facilitate access to information and contribute to more efficient and agile internal management.

## Metrics and targets for the Group's workforce (MDR-M and MDR-T)

The team is the most important asset when it comes to creating value for the customers of the Group's entities. It consists of two groups: employees and non-employees.

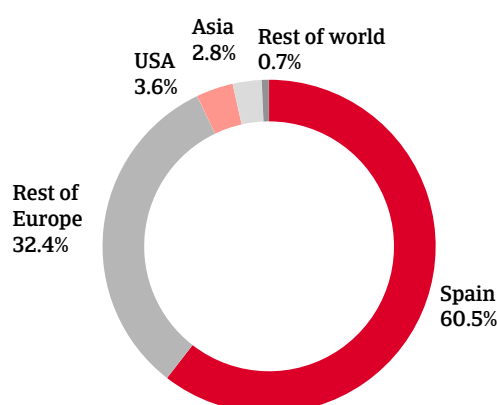
The targets disclosed in the following sections (S1-5) have been established based on sector studies and assessment questionnaires completed by stakeholders as part of the double materiality analysis, as well as the needs identified in the work climate surveys.

## Breakdown of employees (S1-6)

Employees are those workers who have an employment relationship with the Group, either regular or special. Therefore, people who have a commercial relationship are excluded.

Below are the main management indicators for employees, expressed as the number of people working for the Group (Headcount) as at December 31, 2025.

## Employees by geographical area (ESRS 2 SBM-1)



|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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| Employees by workday and geographical area | 2024         |              |              | 2025         |              |              |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                            | Men          | Women        | Total        | Men          | Women        | Total        |
| Spain                                      | 2,841        | 2,655        | 5,496        | 2,799        | 2,637        | 5,436        |
| Netherlands                                | 295          | 165          | 460          | 295          | 178          | 473          |
| Germany                                    | 232          | 259          | 491          | 228          | 255          | 483          |
| United Kingdom                             | 176          | 155          | 331          | 182          | 153          | 335          |
| Belgium                                    | 86           | 139          | 225          | 91           | 137          | 228          |
| France                                     | 113          | 129          | 242          | 113          | 128          | 241          |
| Italy                                      | 100          | 110          | 210          | 106          | 109          | 215          |
| United States                              | 76           | 70           | 146          | 81           | 70           | 151          |
| Denmark                                    | 45           | 31           | 76           | 42           | 33           | 75           |
| Mexico                                     | 64           | 57           | 121          | 65           | 56           | 121          |
| Australia                                  | 28           | 35           | 63           | 26           | 39           | 65           |
| Portugal                                   | 198          | 209          | 407          | 211          | 223          | 434          |
| Poland                                     | 29           | 32           | 61           | 30           | 31           | 61           |
| Hong Kong                                  | 19           | 23           | 42           | 23           | 23           | 46           |
| China                                      | 8            | 31           | 39           | 9            | 35           | 44           |
| Singapore                                  | 17           | 24           | 41           | 17           | 25           | 42           |
| Ireland                                    | 26           | 12           | 38           | 26           | 14           | 40           |
| Rest of the World                          | 198          | 241          | 439          | 213          | 277          | 490          |
| <b>Total employees</b>                     | <b>4,551</b> | <b>4,377</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>4,557</b> | <b>4,423</b> | <b>8,980</b> |
| %                                          | 51.0 %       | 49.0 %       |              | 50.7 %       | 49.3 %       |              |

| Employees by type of contract and gender   | 2024         |              |              | 2025         |              |              |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                            | Men          | Women        | Total        | Men          | Women        | Total        |
| No. of permanent employees                 | 4,459        | 4,247        | 8,706        | 4,439        | 4,271        | 8,710        |
| No. of temporary employees                 | 92           | 130          | 222          | 118          | 152          | 270          |
| No. of employees with non-guaranteed hours | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            | 0            |
| <b>Total*</b>                              | <b>4,551</b> | <b>4,377</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>4,557</b> | <b>4,423</b> | <b>8,980</b> |

| Employees by workday and gender | 2024         |              |              | 2025         |              |              |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                 | Men          | Women        | Total        | Men          | Women        | Total        |
| No. of full-time employees      | 4,331        | 3,512        | 7,843        | 4,361        | 3,596        | 7,957        |
| No. of part-time employees      | 220          | 865          | 1,085        | 196          | 827          | 1,023        |
| <b>Total*</b>                   | <b>4,551</b> | <b>4,377</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>4,557</b> | <b>4,423</b> | <b>8,980</b> |

\*The scope of these indicators covers all employees of GCO (8,980 based on Headcount). Note 21a of the Annual Accounts includes data both at year-end and as an annual average according to the FTE criterion.

| Employee turnover                                                            | 2024  | 2025 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Employees who left the company*                                              | 1,115 | 698  |
| Turnover Rate (ratio of employees who left the company to total employees)** | 12.5% | 7.8% |

\*Includes employees who have voluntarily left the company, retired, passed away, or been dismissed. The figures for 2024 include voluntary redundancies under the plan presented by Occident with the aim of achieving better organisational alignment of the workforce in preparation for the unification of Occident Seguros,

\*\*Employee turnover rate is calculated as the ratio of employees who have left the company to the total number of employees.



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## Breakdown of non- employees (S1-7)

Non-employees are those self-employed workers who have a contract with the Group to provide labour, or individuals provided by companies mainly engaged in employment-related activities, such as Temporary Employment Agencies.

|                                                  | <b>2024</b> | <b>2025</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Freelance workers                                | 27          | 34          |
| People provided by Temporary Employment Agencies | 88          | 41          |

\*The data above reflects headcount figures as at 31 December 2025

## Coverage of collective bargaining and social dialogue (S1-8)

To improve the regulation of the working conditions of its employees, the Group strives to ensure coverage through collective bargaining agreements for as large a proportion of its workforce as possible throughout the world.

In Occident, all employees are covered by a collective agreement, while at Mémora, those employees who are not covered by a collective agreement are governed by company-level agreements negotiated with the Workers' Labour Representation in each area, in addition to the Workers' Statute. For its part, Atradius has a worker representation agreement with the European Works Council.

The following table indicates the percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements in each country:

| <b>Employees covered by collective bargaining agreements</b> | <b>2024</b>   | <b>2025</b>   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Spain                                                        | 96.1 %        | 96.0 %        |
| Netherlands                                                  | 95.2 %        | 96.6 %        |
| Germany                                                      | 93.9 %        | 97.9 %        |
| United Kingdom                                               | 88.8 %        | 85.4 %        |
| Belgium                                                      | 96.9 %        | 96.9 %        |
| France                                                       | 96.7 %        | 100.0 %       |
| Italy                                                        | 96.7 %        | 99.1 %        |
| United States                                                | 0.7 %         | 0.7 %         |
| Denmark                                                      | 93.4 %        | 93.3 %        |
| Mexico                                                       | 10.7 %        | 3.3 %         |
| Australia                                                    | 0.0 %         | 0.0 %         |
| Portugal                                                     | 97.8 %        | 97.2 %        |
| Poland                                                       | 0.0 %         | 0.0 %         |
| Hong Kong                                                    | 0.0 %         | 0.0 %         |
| China                                                        | 0.0 %         | 0.0 %         |
| Singapore                                                    | 0.0 %         | 0.0 %         |
| Ireland                                                      | 28.9 %        | 27.5 %        |
| Rest of the World                                            | 21.2 %        | 18.8 %        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                 | <b>86.4 %</b> | <b>85.9 %</b> |

With regard to social dialogue, GCO holds regular meetings with employees and trade unions. The percentage of employees represented by employee representatives in Spain, a country that accounts for more than 10% of the Group's total workforce, is 90.6% (95% in 2024).



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## Diversity and equal opportunity (S1-5 and S1-9)

GCO is firmly committed to ensuring effective equal opportunities, which drives the company to view diversity as a key competitive advantage for its operations and a top priority in its people management strategy and the development of an inclusive culture.

Pursuant to Organic Law 3/2007 on the effective equality of women and men, GCO has an Equality Plan in all Group companies in Spain, the goal of which is to enhance the employment position of women in relation to their jobs and careers.

Furthermore, several of the entities have a protocol for preventing and dealing with sexual harassment for reasons of sex and moral harassment, and the Equality Committee is responsible for ensuring compliance with this protocol.

As part of its Sustainability Master Plan, GCO has a strategic line on Diversity, Equality, and Inclusion, with the goal of:

- Reducing the pay gap for all levels of the organisation by following the guidelines of Directive 2023/970 on transparency and equal pay for men and women.
- Boosting the presence of women in middle management and managers.

In addition, to reinforce its equality commitments, GCO runs training courses and webinars on equality for all employees and for the Group's Board of Directors, with the goal of raising awareness of the basic legislative framework regarding gender equality in the work environment and raising awareness among employees on various related topics such as subconscious bias, the promotion of psychological safety at work and empathy.

Finally, the Group belongs to the EWI (Empower Women in Insurance) Network, an industry initiative advocating real and effective gender equality, whose goal is to boost the presence of women in insurance management.

| Senior management (Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A) by gender | 2024 |       | 2025 |       |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|
|                                                            | Men  | Women | Men  | Women |
| No. of employees in senior management                      | 3    | 2     | 3    | 2     |
| %                                                          | 60 % | 40 %  | 60 % | 40 %  |

| Employees by age and gender groups | 2024         |              |              | 2025         |              |              |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                    | Men          | Women        | Total        | Men          | Women        | Total        |
| < 30 years                         | 390          | 404          | 794          | 447          | 441          | 888          |
| 30-50 years                        | 2,180        | 2,402        | 4,582        | 2,202        | 2,409        | 4,611        |
| > 50 years                         | 1,981        | 1,571        | 3,552        | 1,908        | 1,573        | 3,481        |
| <b>Total</b>                       | <b>4,551</b> | <b>4,377</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>4,557</b> | <b>4,423</b> | <b>8,980</b> |

## Adequate wages (S1-10)

GCO ensures that all its employees have access to a fair salary that meets their needs, taking into account the economic and social conditions of the countries in which it operates. To achieve this, it ensures compliance with at least the minimum wages established by law and the collective agreements for workers determined by each country, taking into account purchasing power, national productivity trends, as well as the amounts, distribution, and growth of salaries.

## Social protection (S1-11)

Social protection includes measures from public or private organizations aimed at protecting individuals against loss of income due to situations such as illness, retirement, unemployment, workplace accidents, and other social contingencies. In this regard, the Group works to ensure that all its employees have adequate social protection by providing coverage for situations that are not covered by public programmes.

The benefits provided by the company include accident insurance, life insurance, pension plans and retirement bonuses, among others.

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## Inclusion of persons with disabilities (S1-12)

The Group is committed to employing people with different abilities. At the end of 2025, 130 people with disabilities (124 people in 2024) form part of the Group's workforce, which represents 1% of the Group's total workforce (1% in 2024).

In that regard, the entities Occident and GCO Tecnología y Servicios have been granted the certificate of exceptionality awarded by the State Public Employment Service, under the provisions of Royal Decree 364/2005, of 8 April, governing the exceptional alternative compliance with the reserve quota in favour of disabled workers. This certificate of achievement allows the aforementioned Group companies to cover the percentage of the workforce with disabilities established by Law through service provision agreements with authorised Special Employment Centres.

With a view to guaranteeing Universal Access for people with disabilities, the Group has offices and work centres where access is enabled for people with reduced mobility, both for its own employees and for associates, customers and visitors. Furthermore, all new facilities have ramps, parking spaces and toilets for people with disabilities. Accessibility to information has also been broadened, and the Group's website is equipped with the most advanced accessibility techniques and guidelines around the world, making it possible for all kinds of users to browse the site.

## Training and skills development (S1-5 and S1-13)

GCO has always prioritised human and professional development, investing in continuous training, giving priority to internal promotion, encouraging personal motivation, teamwork and innovative initiative. That is why, in Occident, there is a series of professional development programmes, appropriately structured to accompany the employees through their growth process.



### Professional development programmes

- **Polaris Programme:** Designed for new hires, it is a welcome programme in which all the opportunities offered by the Group are presented to employees.
- **Delta Programme:** For newly incorporated people, this programme seeks to make sure that employees are better acquainted with the reality of their company and the functions and challenges of each department.
- **Insignia Programme:** intended for developing people with a multi-company vision, in which the Group's corporate areas are presented and employees are encouraged to strengthen their personal brand.
- **Apolo Programme:** Dedicated to employees who have assumed responsibility for managing people and teams, to work on developing the Group's own management skills and tools.

These programmes are supplemented by many other training courses that the training units are continually updating. In addition, skills-related training and development for employees is promoted through the Goodhabitz platform.

Atradius has 'Atradius Academy' which is a learning platform available to all employees where they can find a wide selection of online courses. The aim is to encourage employees to take an active role in their own training development and take advantage of all these opportunities to keep refreshing their knowledge and improving their professional skills.

Similarly, the group is focussing on talented young people who are enthusiastic about their professional development, promoting the employment of students and recent graduates through university and school agreements. Work placements in the company encourage young people to learn and grow, giving them the opportunity to demonstrate their aptitudes and develop new knowledge and skills.

On the other hand, the Group has a job standardisation model that it has produced itself. This management tool is considered essential in establishing professional development pathways.

To support the continuing training of its employees, the Group has provided **more than 199,730 hours of training** (215,998 hours in 2024), which is an average of 22.2 hours per employee (24.2 in 2024).

| Training hours                      | 2024    |         | 2025    |        |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
|                                     | Men     | Women   | Men     | Women  |
| No. of training hours               | 110,150 | 105,848 | 100,302 | 99,430 |
| Average training hours per employee | 24.2    | 24.2    | 22.0    | 22.5   |

Additionally, within the Sustainability Master Plan, specific training targets have been set, including offering ongoing training that contributes to the efficient use of technology and organising continuous training programmes on Sustainability. In line with these targets, in 2025, training support for the implementation of Copilot has continued, with various seminars and workshops organised for the Group's employees.

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Additionally, Occident has launched “The AI Journey”, a new initiative available on the training portal, which brings Artificial Intelligence closer to employees in a practical way, tailored to their everyday work. Through short informational modules, recommendations and best practices are shared so that professionals can integrate the use of AI into their daily tasks.



### Sustainability training

GCO provides compulsory sustainability training to all Group employees, as well as to GCO's Management Committee and Board of Directors.

In 2025, new training content was launched covering basic concepts on sustainability, climate change and the environment, ESG risks, corporate governance, new trends and initiatives in sustainability, and GCO's sustainability strategy. The aim of this training is to involve the entire workforce in the Group's sustainability efforts, familiarising them with key concepts in order to raise awareness of current social and environmental challenges.

Additionally, the range of e-learning courses has been expanded, with the aim of strengthening a culture of self-development aligned with the individual needs and various professional stages of each employee. The training offering covers content on innovation, digital trends, leadership, and wellbeing, as well as specialised courses in technology and digitalisation for programmers and systems administrators. Furthermore, specialist courses in the insurance sector have also been delivered.

### Performance assessment

Performance evaluation provides a comprehensive overview of the Group's internal talent and facilitates decision-making, as well as the design of action plans tailored to identified needs. For this reason, the Group has established an annual performance evaluation, which has been successfully carried out in the current year.

The Group's performance assessment procedures consists of the following phases:

- Self-assessment: Employees assess their skills, as well as achievement of the goals set.
- Assessment by the manager: the team managers conduct the assessment of the employees.
- Personal interview and personalised improvement plan: the manager and the employee share the conclusions and set the goals for the forthcoming year.

| Employees who receive regular performance evaluations | 2024  |       | 2025  |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                                                       | Men   | Women | Men   | Women |
| No. of employees                                      | 2,242 | 2,086 | 2,382 | 2,236 |
| % of total                                            | 49%   | 48%   | 52%   | 51%   |

### Own workforce health and safety (S1-5 and S1-14)

The Group's entities in Spain have a health and safety service in accordance with current labour legislation. In addition, there are internal procedures and regulations related to occupational health and safety, including self-protection plans for all buildings, risk assessments and annual action plans.

Additionally, there is a joint prevention service that covers most of the Group's entities, enabling more consistent management. Entities that are not covered by this service maintain their own or outsourced service, adhering to the criteria of efficiency and speciality.

The general aim is to achieve the following objectives in occupational health and safety:

- Compliance with current legislation for the prevention of occupational risks and the working conditions of employees.
- Reduction and elimination of workplace accidents and occupational diseases in all work centres.
- Development of a health and safety culture based on the consideration of people as its main asset.

In addition, the Group companies with more than 50 employees and with employee representation have Health and Safety Committees that are entrusted with the task of protecting the health and safety of the employees. The meetings are annual, although extraordinary meetings can be requested to deal with any urgent topics. There is no general policy for the Atradius countries, as most of these countries have their own policy in accordance with local legislation or collective bargaining agreements.

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At the corporate level, there is a specific health and safety policy that applies universally, which reflects the Group's commitment to its employees on these matters.



### Wellness itinerary

GCO has implemented a Wellbeing Itinerary comprising various programmes that promote healthy lifestyle habits, focusing on nutrition, physical activity, and emotional health, among other aspects.

In this regard, employees have access to these programmes with the aim of acquiring resources, tools, and guidelines that support comprehensive development, self-awareness, self-esteem, personal and social wellbeing, and the creation of more positive and cohesive group environments. There are also webinars given by experts on healthy eating, sleep habits, mindfulness and managing telework.

Additionally, the Group promotes health by offering medical check-ups to its employees. Furthermore, various workplaces offer services for the care and well-being of employees (such as healthy meal options, gyms, swimming pools, tennis and paddle courts), or agreements with special conditions for employees at locations without these services.

Besides the above mentioned steps implemented to protect employees, the Group has collective agreements that address issues related to their health and the prevention of occupational risks.

| Accident rate indicators                            | 2024      |                | 2025      |                |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
|                                                     | Employees | Non- employees | Employees | Non- employees |
| People covered by a health management system        | 8,928     | 103            | 8,980     | 70             |
| % of people covered by a health management system   | 100%      | 89.6%          | 100%      | 93.0%          |
| No. of deaths as a result of work-related injuries* | 0         | 0              | 0         | 0              |
| Number of occupational accidents**                  | 148       | 0              | 195       | 0              |
| Work-related accident rate                          | 1.1%      | 0%             | 2.2%      | 0%             |
| No. of work-related illnesses                       | 0         | —              | 0         | —              |
| No. of days lost due to work-related injuries       | 3,622     | —              | 4,349     | —              |
| No. of deaths due to work-related accidents         | 0         | —              | 0         | —              |
| No. of work-related illnesses                       | 0         | —              | 0         | —              |
| No. of deaths due to work-related illnesses         | 0         | —              | 0         | —              |

\*No deaths have been recorded among suppliers working on company premises

\*\*Due to methodological adjustments, the number of workplace accidents involving employees in 2024 has been recalculated to include accidents without sick leave, in accordance with the CSRD definition.

### Work-life balance (S1-5 and S1-15)



In 2025, **Occident has been chosen as one of the 100 best companies to work in Spain according to a Forbes ranking**, which assesses not only remuneration conditions, but also measures that improve the quality of life of employees.

In the area of flexibility and reconciliation, the Group is promoting new ways of working that favour self-management of time, focusing on the productivity and efficiency of employees. It also makes these various measures available in order to respond to their personal needs.

### Remote working

Remote working was introduced for the Group's employees in 2021. This model sets out various teleworking archetypes depending on the type of position: hybrid working, which allows employees to combine in-office work with remote work, and remote working, when the majority of the working day is carried out remotely.

As part of its 2024-2026 Sustainability Master Plan, GCO set the target of evolving the teleworking model so that all employees working in a hybrid model, including technical and office staff, could work up to 40% of their time remotely. This target has already been achieved in fiscal year 2024.

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## Work-life balance

The Group is focussing on the balance between people's personal and professional lives as a lever to encourage real equality and to do this it has specific measures in the different countries in which it operates.

In Spain, some of the key measures available to employees are: flexible start and finish times, single-shift working hours on Fridays and during the summer months, the option of voluntary leave of absence for one year with guaranteed re-entry, as well as canteen services, medical centres, physiotherapy and a sports club, available at some of its sites. In addition, social benefits are offered, such as a birth award, assistance for family members with disabilities, life insurance above the terms of the sector's collective agreement, and personal loans.

In all other countries, the measures aiming at facilitating and improving people's work-life balance are subject to the regulations in each country. We can highlight, for example, the granting of personal loans in the United Kingdom or a health clinic that allows employees in the Netherlands to consult a doctor when they experience an imbalance between their work and personal life.

At GCO, all employees are entitled to take family leave, with 4% (4.5% women and 3.5% men) on leave in 2025. In 2024, 3.8% of employees took family leave (4.0% women and 3.7% men).

Regarding the right to disconnect, the Group has an internal policy on the right of all employees to disconnect from work outside of the standard working hours set by the collective agreement or contract, as well as during breaks, sick leave, and leave. Among other items, this policy includes the right of employees not to answer emails, messages and calls of a professional nature, as well as recommendations to promote the responsible and effective use of digital tools. Throughout the year, the Group's employees receive training and education on the use of electronic devices and digital resources.

## Compensation and benefits (S1-16)

The group focusses on a remuneration system based on a meritocracy and rewarding performance, cooperation and teamwork. The different collective bargaining agreements that apply, depending on the company, establish salary bands to ensure internal equity and attract talent. In these agreements, under no circumstances are there pay gaps on the basis of gender. The Group also periodically carries out aggregate remuneration studies between men and women to ensure that it applies a non-discriminatory remuneration policy based on the responsibilities assumed and the results obtained.

The GCO compensation model generally includes both fixed and annual variable remuneration, as well as a flexible benefits system which encompasses, among other things: payment for public transport passes, health insurance, nursery fees, and job-related training.

On the other hand, GCO employees also have an extensive programme of social benefits including pension plans, company canteen or compensation for meals, financing of employee training (university training, MBA, languages), help for disabled family members, personal loans, birth bonus, offers and specific agreements for vehicle leasing.

Likewise, GCO has partnership agreements with seven prestigious institutions (UNIR, UOC, EADA, ISDI, EAE, The Valley and Deusto Business School). These agreements offer discounts of up to 40% on training programmes to GCO employees and, depending on the centre, their families.

Finally, Occident employees who end their employment period due to retirement have the opportunity to take part in the Retirees' Association, the purpose of which is to foster and promote relations between its members through social and cultural activities that are co-financed by the company and consist of visits to museums, conferences, themed routes, attending shows and gastronomic gatherings.

The pay gap and the total remuneration ratio of the Group's employees are shown below:

| <b>Pay gap and total remuneration ratio</b>           | <b>2024</b> | <b>2025</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Average remuneration ratio women/men (Gender pay gap) | 23.8%       | 22.3%       |
| Total remuneration ratio                              | 26.7        | 16.5        |

The pay gap has been calculated as the ratio of the difference between the average pay of men and women to the average pay of men. However, the pay gap does not distinguish between the multiple variables that can influence the gender pay gap.

To improve comparability, GCO has calculated the adjusted pay gap which gives a closer picture of the reality of the Group's employees' salaries, as it allows for an analysis of the pay gap between men and women in similar roles. This indicator has been obtained using the same criteria as the total pay gap but adjusting for activity and functions within the organisation in the case of Occident and Mémora employees, and adjusting for job level classification in the case of Atradius employees.

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Taking this detailed adjustment into account, the gap is considerably reduced in Occident (7.05% in 2025 vs. 7.2% in 2024), Atradius (6.5% in 2025 vs. 7.8% in 2024) and Mémora (12.9% en 2025).

In order to deepen this analysis and further reduce the pay gap, GCO intends to carry out a more comprehensive study in the coming years, incorporating variables such as age, country, seniority and specific function categories within the company. It is expected that this more detailed assessment will allow a more accurate identification of the factors affecting the pay gap and contribute to the implementation of effective measures to reduce the pay gap.

The annual total remuneration ratio has been calculated taking into account all Group's employees, being the ratio between the annual total remuneration (including fixed, variable and in-kind remuneration) of the highest paid person and the median annual total remuneration (including fixed, variable and in-kind remuneration) of all employees, excluding the highest paid person.

### Respect for human rights (S1-17)

As laid down in the Code of Ethics, the Human Resources Policy and the Human Rights Policy approved by the Board of Directors, the Group supports, respects and contributes to the protection of internationally acknowledged fundamental human rights. The Group makes every effort not to be an accomplice in any form of abuse or violation of human rights among its stakeholders and undertakes to defend their compliance in all its activities and in the geographical areas where it operates.

Respect for human rights is a responsibility of all persons and entities to which the Group's Code of Ethics applies. Along with other basic standards of behaviour, the Group adheres to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, as well as the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, the International Labour Organisation's Declaration on Fundamental Principles, Rights at Work and Conventions and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.

In this regard, the activity of Occident and Mémora is carried out in Spain, Portugal and the Principality of Andorra, where child labour and forced labour are subject to intense scrutiny by the labour authorities. The Group's insurance, reinsurance, management and funeral companies all adhere to the legislation in force and it has not been necessary to include special mechanisms to prevent such breaches. Equally, in the value chain of the insurance entities, practically all their suppliers are national or from jurisdictions in which the same standards apply, meaning that it has not been necessary to apply additional measures.

In terms of discrimination, the Group's Code of Ethics and Diversity and Equality Policy promote real equal opportunities, going beyond gender diversity, and do not accept any form of discrimination in the professional sphere based on age, race, sex, religion, political opinion, origin, sexual orientation, or disability.

In 2025, of the total of communications submitted by the employees through the whistleblower channels, 1 case of discrimination was substantiated (7 cases in 2024). However, no fines and sanctions for damages resulting from those cases.

As in fiscal year 2024, in 2025 there were no substantiated complaints regarding human rights violations across the Group.



## Workers in the value chain (S2)

Within GCO's value chain, there are three types of service providers:

- **Suppliers**, which provide general products and services not directly related to business: cleaning, maintenance and IT support, among others.
- **Associates**, whose services are essential to the insurance and funeral activities: adjusters, lawyers, garages and repair professionals, florists, etc.
- **Distributors**, who are authorised by GCO to market and sell the Group's products and services. This group includes insurance agents, brokers, and other intermediaries.

### Strategy

#### Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model (SBM-3, S2-4, and MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, impacts related to workers in the value chain can primarily impact suppliers, associates, agents, and the Group's processes connected to them.

Below are the potential negative impacts concerning the workers in the value chain and their associated risks for the Group.

| Negative impacts                                                                          | Associated risk                                                                                                                                                                                 | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lack of equal opportunities in the selection of suppliers and associates.                 | Risk of failing to select the most capable supplier or associate, which could result in inefficiencies in the services provided.                                                                | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Adequate definition of the profile of the supplier or associate based on the specific needs of the network, ensuring that the required skills and capabilities are clearly identified. Highly qualified Human Resources personnel are also involved to evaluate and select the most suitable candidates. Application of the Supplier Selection Manual.    |
| Difficulty in complying with ESG requirements due to a lack of resources among suppliers. | Risk of being unable to find suppliers who meet the minimum requirements and ESG principles, as well as risks or costs associated with having to switch to new providers if compliance changes. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Diversification of recruitment and selection sources, allowing the identification of suppliers who meet minimum requirements and ESG principles while ensuring options in the event of changes in compliance. Periodic reviews of ESG criteria and supplier suitability are conducted, ensuring their continuity or implementing appropriate adjustments. |



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| Lack of environmental oversight and environmental non-compliance by the supply chain, resulting in negative environmental impact.           | Potential regulatory non-compliance with the future Due Diligence Directive (pending clarification on its application to the financial sector).                     | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Integration of ESG aspects into supply chain management. Policies and practices promoting sustainability, employee training, and operational process modifications are implemented.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Lack of monitoring/control of social requirements in the supply chain, contributing to the lack of protection for human rights.             |                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Inadequate working conditions or remuneration for distributors (agents)                                                                     | Risk of talent loss in the sales network.                                                                                                                           | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of competitive working conditions to attract and retain talent, continuously improving working conditions, promoting a positive work environment, and highlighting social benefits.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure, or access to personal data within the value chain.           | Regulatory risk arising from complaints, sanctions, and fines due to non-compliance with personal data protection regulations.                                      | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Periodic review of policies and procedures, records of processing activities, impact assessments, and contractual documentation. Implementation of technical and organisational security measures, compliance training and culture, and internal and external audits.                                                                                                                                                               |
| Lack of transparency with value chain agents regarding, among other things, the nature and use of processed information.                    |                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Security failures leading to theft, leaks, or unauthorised access to sensitive or confidential information belonging to value chain agents. | Reputational risk arising from the theft, leakage, or unauthorised access to private or confidential company information, intellectual property, or financial data. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of advanced cybersecurity measures, including protective technologies, regular penetration tests, and continuous monitoring services. Moreover, regular employee training programmes are conducted. Continuous monitoring of security systems, regular penetration testing to identify and fix vulnerabilities, and employee awareness level evaluation through simulations and practical exercises are carried out. |
| Interruption in the availability of digital or technology services.                                                                         | Risk of business continuity disruption due to potential threats and cyberattacks.                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

Due to the nature of its business, the Group does not operate in geographical areas with significant risks of human rights violations, prioritizing stable environments that ensure the integrity of its operations and compliance with its ethical commitments.

Below are the potential positive impacts concerning the workers in the value chain and their associated opportunities for the Group.

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| Positive impacts                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Associated opportunity                                                                                                                                                                  | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Good working conditions for suppliers, associates, and agents that allow them to be satisfied with the relationship they maintain with the Group.                                                                    | Supplier, associate, and agent loyalty, which leads to potential benefits for the Group.                                                                                                | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Provision of adequate technological tools, such as portals and applications, that optimise the work of associates, improving their efficiency and adaptability to market demands.                              |
| Support for suppliers and associates to adopt better ethical and environmental practices.                                                                                                                            | Reduction of future regulatory risks related to supply chain due diligence.                                                                                                             | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Continuous research and development of new, more sustainable repair methods to ensure sustainability and efficiency in all operations, aligning business objectives with ethical and environmental principles. |
| Reduction of negative impacts on society and the environment by the Group providing services through a network of associates that meet ESG criteria and practices, and by selecting suppliers based on ESG criteria. | Reduction of the Group's environmental footprint as suppliers and associates provide their services with ESG criteria.                                                                  | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Adaptation of existing systems to measure the carbon footprint generated in each professional intervention, setting clear reduction targets, and tracking activities in detail.                                |
| Promotion of respect for human rights through the inclusion of sustainability clauses in the Group's contracts with suppliers and the requirement for associates to adhere to the Group's ethical code.              | Promotion of an ethical culture that prevents and minimises the risks of unethical conduct or practices in the value chain.                                                             | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Strengthen awareness and commitment to ethical principles at all levels. All contracts will be ensured to include a link to the Group's Ethical Code, guaranteeing its accessibility and constant updating.    |
| Greater sense of security for customers and other value chain groups about how private data is used, including its transfer to other external service providers.                                                     | Increased trust and/or improved relationships with customers and other value chain groups.                                                                                              | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Continuous updates to technical and organisational security measures to protect the personal data of stakeholders.                                                                                             |
| Greater sense of security for value chain agents due to enhanced protection of the equipment, networks, applications, and systems that may affect them.                                                              | Increased trust and/or improved relationships with value chain groups, and enhanced company resilience to ensure business continuity in the face of potential threats and cyberattacks. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of measures to guarantee the privacy and confidentiality of personal data of value chain agents. Promote transparent communication on data protection practices.                                |

No specific groups have been identified among workers in the value chain for which differentiated incidents, risks and opportunities have been observed, beyond the general classification by type of service provided (suppliers, associates and distributors). For this reason, an analysis has been carried out identifying incidents, risks and opportunities for these types of workers in the value chain, without determining groups with particular characteristics within them.

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## Management of impacts, risks, and opportunities related to workers in the value chain

### Policies related to workers in the value chain (S2-1 and MDR-P)

The Group has a supplier selection manual that outlines the criteria to be considered when choosing suppliers, including ESG aspects. This manual is reviewed annually by the Compliance Verification Committee, which will propose the necessary modifications for approval by the Board of Directors. Additionally, GCO has an Outsourcing Policy that sets out the rules for managing outsourced activities that must be carried out by the entities that comprise GCO, which are considered core functions, critical or important operational activities, or essential or important functions provided by third-party ICT service providers.

Furthermore, the relationship between GCO and the workers in the value chain is also governed by other sustainability-related policies of the Group, such as the Sustainability Policy, the Code of Ethics, and the Data Privacy Policy, among others.

On the other hand, the commitments and due diligence processes related to human rights carried out by the Group in its management with workers in the value chain are specified in the Human Rights Policy. At the end of this chapter, in the section 'Respect for Human Rights (S2-4)', further information is provided on the commitments undertaken under this Policy.

These policies apply to the Group's activities in all countries in which it operates and are available on the GCO website.

### Collaboration processes and impact resolution for workers in the value chain (S2-2 and S2-3)

As every year, the '**Employee Satisfaction Survey**' was sent out to 2,968 associates, which was responded to by 51.1%. The main objective of this survey is to understand the relationship between the Group and its supply chain through their opinions, ratings, and experiences, as well as to identify areas for improvement and resolve any incidents that have been detected. The Prepersa Directorate is responsible for ensuring that this collaboration takes place.

Some of the findings from the 2025 survey are as follows:

- Associates highly value the company's capacity for innovation, giving this aspect a score of 8.1.
- They state that the organisation helps them to resolve any queries, impacts or any problems that may arise, giving this question a score of 8.4.
- They rate the Group's professional competence as very good (8.7) and the Group's contact accessibility (8.3).

Likewise, GCO measures the satisfaction indicators of its mediators annually through the Exclusive Agent Opinion Study conducted by ICEA. This study allows the Group to ensure the general workplace well-being of its agents, as well as identify their needs or any circumstances that may hinder the normal development of their activity.

Finally, all workers in the value chain have access to the Group's Whistleblower Channel available on the Group's website, allowing them to confidentially and anonymously report any concerns or impacts. All communications received are subject to a process of analysis and control, which guarantees their proper investigation, response, and, where appropriate, the adoption of corrective measures.

## Metrics and targets of the workers in the value chain (MDR-M and MDR-T)

### Characteristics of the workers in the value chain

#### Suppliers

During 2025, the Group has maintained close collaboration with a wide network of suppliers, made up of more than 16,000 suppliers with an expenditure of 510.7 million euros (13,762 suppliers and 519.2 million euros in 2024).

Specifically, Occident have worked with a total of 3,898 suppliers, which has entailed an expenditure of 178.7 million euros and Atradius has collaborated with 5,224 suppliers, which has entailed an expenditure of 177.3 million euros. These suppliers ensure the efficient supply of general products and services for the entities that make up the Group's insurance activity.

Finally, to maintain the quality and continuity of the Group's funeral services, Mémora has a network made up of 6,948 suppliers, reaching an expenditure of 154.8 million euros.

The Group bases its supplier selection on principles of objectivity, impartiality, transparency, equal treatment, and quality. The Group also strives to encourage responsible management by suppliers, including social and environmental aspects among the criteria for their selection. In Occident, these criteria are laid down in internal regulations and, specifically, in the supplier selection manual.

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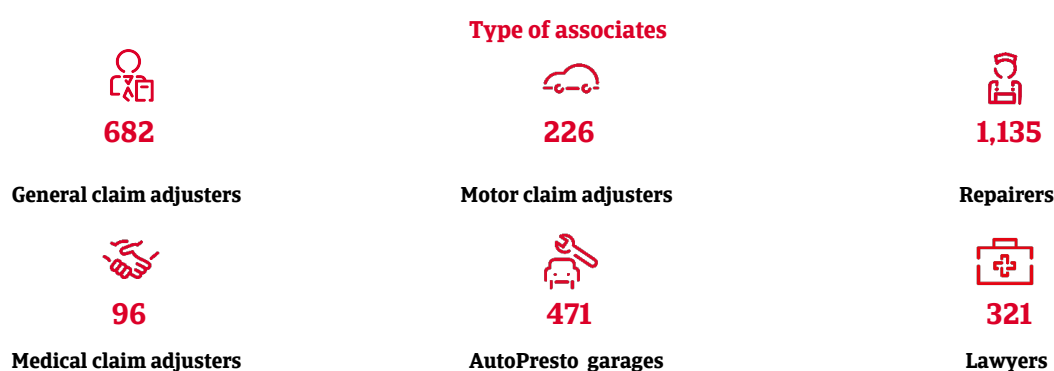
On the other hand, Atradius has a Procurement Policy that regulates supplier management.

In Mémora, the selection, monitoring and assessment criteria in the procurement process have been designed to meet the requirements of the integrated quality, environmental and social responsibility management system. This system follows the guidelines of the UNE-EN ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and SGE 21 standards, among others. Whenever possible, preference is given to suppliers that meet environmental criteria (e.g., ISO 14001 certification, low noise and atmospheric emissions, low electricity and water consumption, etc.).

### Associates

Prepersa is the GCO company that manages the associates specialized in solving claims for Occident claims: loss adjusters, lawyers, garages and repairers. The garages are part of a network named AutoPresto and the repairers are from the Technical Repairs Service (TRS).

In 2025, Prepersa has collaborated with 2,931 associates, at a total cost of 292 million euros.



The associates are there to ensure the effectiveness and speed of the service provision when resolving claims suffered by Occident customers, as well as to provide the company with the necessary technical information related to risks, claims and other circumstances. For this reason, all action undertaken by Prepersa must always be quality-oriented. To back up this commitment, the company has UNE-EN ISO 9001-2015 quality certification, which guarantees that its internal processes are designed to promote continuous improvement and that their organisation is efficient in planning, control, and results analysis.

Mémora associates include florists, legal advisors, escort vehicle providers, musicians, stonemasons, and grief counsellors.

### Intermediaries: agents and brokers

Intermediaries are a key part of the Group's relationship with its environment, as they act as the main link between companies and their customers. Thanks to their ability to build relationships based on trust, intermediaries gain an in-depth understanding of each customer's specific needs, adding value through their experience, professionalism and personalised service. For this reason, maintaining fluid communication and a close relationship with intermediaries is essential to ensuring quality service and meeting customer expectations.

To embody the values of trust, peace of mind, and security that the Group aims to offer its customers, the companies provide their mediation network with support that, in addition to training, includes other tools that positively impact their activity. These include the option of creating their own website and profile on social networks or the use of corporate material to present their services visually.

In 2025, Occident has renewed its agent recruitment and training programme to promote talent and entrepreneurship within the insurance sector. With a duration of up to six years and structured in four phases, the **"Entrepreneurs Programme (Supporting Agents Towards Professional Success)"** enables participants to benefit from financial support, ongoing training, and expert guidance, providing them with the management skills necessary to lead their own office in the medium term..

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## Integration of ESG issues into the value chain (S2-4, S2-5, and MDR-A)

The Group extends its principles throughout its value chain to build a network of suppliers and associates aligned with its corporate values and a distribution network that reflects the Group's commitment to sustainability.

**Regarding suppliers**, throughout 2025, the Group continued incorporating clauses into contracts with GCO, Occident and Mémora suppliers to ensure alignment with the Group's ethical and sustainability principles and to confirm their compliance with applicable labour regulations and tax obligations. In 2025, 722 contracts with suppliers included sustainability clauses (490 contracts in 2024).

Regarding geographical distribution, the Group works mainly with local suppliers, positively impacting the economic development of the communities in which it operates and reducing operational risks by minimising service execution times.

In Occident, due to its activity and presence in Spain, the Group prioritizes contracting self-employed individuals or small businesses within this territory, with 98% of spending allocated to local suppliers (98% in 2024). Atradius directs most of its spending toward strengthening the local economies in the areas in which it operates, with 82% of spending allocated to local suppliers (82% in 2024). Lastly, in Mémora, 99% of expenses is allocated to hiring local suppliers (99% in 2024).



### Evaluation of ESG risk of suppliers

GCO assesses the ESG risk of its suppliers through EcoVadis, the world's largest provider of sustainability ratings. This evaluation has enabled the Group to understand the ESG situation of its supply chain, identifying potential risk areas and the level of performance in managing them, with the aim of collaborating with these suppliers to help them progress towards their sustainability goals.

**Regarding associates**, they must all respect the corporate values in order to be able to maintain a relationship with the Group. Therefore, they must adhere to the GCO Code of Ethics before receiving any order.

In its Sustainability Master Plan, the Group has committed to developing sustainable claims management practices. To this end, Prepersa is promoting initiatives focused on efficiency and resource minimisation, such as prioritising repairs over replacements and applying new technologies that enable more sustainable water damage detection and repair. This also reduces repair times and eliminates the need for additional materials.

The Group has also implemented an associate Coverage Plan to ensure the strategic placement of associates in all areas where repair services are offered, saving time on travel and improving efficiency. This plan not only enhances customer service but also lays the groundwork for future plans to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions indirectly generated by travel.

The Group continues to invest in videoclaim inspections for weather-related impacts, employing a team of specialist adjusters dedicated exclusively to these cases. This approach increases efficiency by managing more claims, eliminating emissions from travel, and improving customer perception. Also, Artificial Intelligence has been introduced to inspect pre-owned vehicles before underwriting auto insurance. This innovation makes the process more efficient, reducing the time it takes for customers to complete their contracts.

It is also worth highlighting the implementation of a project to digitise all the documentation issued to customers and professionals, thereby cutting down on the use of paper. This documentation includes contracts with associates, the compensation proposal given by the loss adjuster to the customer, the Home Claims Intervention Sheet issued by the TRS and the Inspection Report following repairs in AutoPresto garages.

Environmentally, all AutoPresto garages contracts include a clause requiring the garages to be accredited as waste managers, providing Prepersa with the information required to justify this. This clause is also included in contracts with the network of garages.



### Certified sustainable garages

The vehicle repair service that GCO offers through the AutoPresto garage network has become the first in Spain to receive the 'CZ Sustainable Garage Network' certification. This seal guarantees that its activity is carried out in accordance with sustainability and environmental care criteria.

At present, the supply chain is not audited for ESG issues.



With regard to the geographical distribution of associates, 98% of the expense was allocated to local associates during the period (98% in 2024).

As a new initiative for 2025, Prepersa has launched Multirepar, a programme designed to provide specialised training primarily to young people and the unemployed, equipping them to become repair technicians. Through a combination of practical and theoretical learning, Multirepar aims to offer participants the skills required to work as professional repairers, thereby facilitating their entry into the job market and contributing to the development of new employment opportunities within the sector. This innovative proposal not only addresses the demand for skilled labour, but also reinforces Prepersa’s social commitment by supporting the professional growth of those seeking to acquire a trade and improve their employment prospects, while simultaneously meeting market needs for repair services.

**Regarding intermediaries**, taking into account current trends and the needs of its customers, GCO is committed to encouraging the figure of the hybrid salesperson, training mediators to provide them with resources and skills that enable them to adapt to the digital reality with a view to providing a better service to customers.

For the commercial management of intermediaries, Occident has implemented Gestionaria, a Customer Relationship Management (CRM) system that facilitates monitoring of the commercial activity of Occident. It includes functionalities such as video calls and chat with customers. Additionally, it features a section with performance indicators, providing access to customer surveys conducted at various stages of the customer journey. Alerts are triggered when a customer responds to the survey with either a highly positive or very negative Net Promoter Score (NPS).

Regarding the professional development and training of intermediaries, the various companies within the Group offer intermediaries training programmes and tools to carry out their work professionally, with a customer-centred approach that addresses specific needs, thereby enhancing their efficiency.

Training across the distribution network in Occident is focussed on developing the sales force and business growth. A special focus was also given to cross-selling, prevention of cancellations, customer loyalty and the use of new tools and systems.

Furthermore, efforts are being made to foster and strengthen mediators' knowledge of the responsible marketing and sale of products and services. In this regard, GCO has set a goal to provide training on transparency and sustainability in the marketing of products and services. This has already begun with specialised training for serving vulnerable groups, such as customers over 65 years old and those with disabilities.

In 2025, with the aim of further advancing the digitalisation of resources, agents’ contact cards have been transitioned to a digital format. This new approach replaces traditional physical cards, offering a more sustainable, easily updatable, and significantly more practical alternative for users.

GCO monitors and evaluates the effectiveness of all these actions and initiatives, monitoring their impact and performance to ensure that they achieve the expected results for workers in the value chain.

**Respect for human rights (S2-4)**

GCO regards the workers in its value chain as key allies in upholding the Group’s Human Rights Policy and expects them to promote its values throughout their own value chains. Specifically, these stakeholders are required to take necessary measures to eliminate all forms of child labour, forced labour, and modern slavery. They must respect trade union freedom and the right to collective bargaining for their professionals, avoid discriminatory practices, pay wages in accordance with applicable laws, and provide a safe and healthy workplace through the adoption of occupational safety and health procedures.

Furthermore, in the supplier tendering process, the Group facilitates maximum transparency, providing all participants with reliable information and giving opportunities to alternative suppliers. This transparency is aligned with the respect for human rights, as it ensures that business decisions are made without discrimination and with equal opportunities.

The human rights policy is aligned with the main internationally recognised instruments, such as the United Nations International Bill of Human Rights, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, the Principles of the Global Compact, the Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, and the OECD Guidelines on Sustainability for Multinational Enterprises.

In 2024 and 2025 no substantiated complaints of human rights violations involving workers in the value chain were reported via GCO’s Whistleblowing Channel.

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## Customers and end-users (S4)

The main goal of GCO in its relationship with its more than 3.9 million customers\* is to offer them competitive products and a quality service, based on personal and attentive advice and efficient management.

| Customers*           | 2024             | 2025             |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Occident</b>      | <b>3,632,950</b> | <b>3,718,790</b> |
| Personal             | 89%              | 89%              |
| Companies            | 11%              | 11%              |
| Retention rate       | 87.6%            | 87.8%            |
| <b>Atradius</b>      | <b>84,293</b>    | <b>86,892</b>    |
| Retention rate Spain | 93.5%            | 93.7%            |
| Retention rate Other | 94.7%            | 94.3%            |
| <b>Mémora</b>        | <b>62,207</b>    | <b>63,329</b>    |
| Personal             | 23,913           | 22,665           |
| Insurance companies  | 38,294           | 40,664           |

\*As Occident and Atradius customers, policyholders are included, while for Mémora, the number of services provided is considered.

## Strategy

### Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model (SBM-3, S4-4, and MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, impacts related to customers can primarily affect the customers themselves and the internal processes for their support and management.

The potential negative impacts affecting customers and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Negative impacts                                                                                      | Associated risk                                                                                                                                          | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lack of transparency and distortion of information provided to customers about products and services. | Reputational loss and damage to the brand image stemming from a lack of transparency.                                                                    | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of strict transparency policies, ongoing training in strategic communication, and the preparation of crisis messages, along with early detection processes and impact evaluation.                                                                                      |
| Inability to address customer incidents, risking the ability to provide a solution.                   | Reputational risk that may result in claims associated with poor customer service and the loss of customers due to slow or inadequate impact management. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Strengthening internal customer service processes, allocating technological and human resources, and continuous training of personnel in handling complex situations. Average response times are monitored, and satisfaction surveys are conducted to identify areas for improvement. |



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| Accidental or illicit destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure, or access to customers' personal data. | Regulatory risk arising from complaints, sanctions, and fines due to non-compliance with personal data protection regulations.                                      | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Adoption of a regulatory framework that includes internal and external audits, data protection training, and impact assessments for handling personal information. Risk patterns are identified to optimise procedures.                  |
| Lack of transparency with customers regarding, among other things, the nature and use of the processed information.  |                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Security breaches leading to theft, leaks, or unauthorised access to sensitive/confidential customer information.    | Reputational risk arising from the theft, leakage, or unauthorised access to private or confidential company information, intellectual property, or financial data. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Investments are made in cybersecurity technologies, impact response plans are implemented, and regular vulnerability assessments are conducted.                                                                                          |
| Interruption in the availability of digital or technology services.                                                  | Risk of business continuity disruption due to potential threats and cyberattacks.                                                                                   | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Ongoing investment in cybersecurity, financial impact assessments of impacts, and security audits. Additionally, complementary controls such as compliance reviews and audits are established to minimise risks stemming from providers. |

The potential positive impacts affecting customers and their associated opportunities for the Group are detailed below.

| Positive impacts                                                                         | Associated opportunity                                                                         | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Clearer communication of products and services for better customer understanding.        | Increase in new customers and retention of existing ones.                                      | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Reinforcement of continuous employees training to improve customer service. Promotion of a culture of excellence in service will help retain customers and attract new ones by providing an enhanced experience. |
| Immediate and early service that provides solutions to impacts occurring with customers. | Better understanding of service bottlenecks that will help identify improvement opportunities. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implement advanced technologies that optimise claims management and enable greater traceability and faster resolutions.                                                                                          |

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|                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Increased confidence among customers regarding the handling of private data, including its transfer to external service providers.    | Improved trust and/or relationships with customers.                                                                                                                                            | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Deploy a comprehensive plan to implement double factor authentication in applications, ensuring a simple and smooth user experience. Awareness campaigns should highlight the benefits of this measure and encourage its adoption through accessible technical support and tutorials. |
| Enhanced sense of security among customers due to improved protection of devices, networks, applications, and systems affecting them. | Strengthened trust and/or improved relationships with customers, along with greater organisational resilience to ensure business continuity in the face of potential threats and cyberattacks. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implement advanced security technologies, such as intrusion detection systems and regular audits, along with proactive software updates. Ongoing employee training in secure practices is key to strengthening internal resilience.                                                   |

## Management of impacts, risks, and opportunities related to customers

### Policies related to customers (S4-1 and MDR-P)

The principles governing GCO's customer management are outlined in several policies, including:

- **Sustainability policy.** In relation to customers, GCO's Sustainability Policy establishes the commitment to offer them competitive products and a quality service, based on professional, personal, transparent and integral advice.
- **Human Rights Policy:** in which GCO is committed to protecting and respecting the human rights of its clients, ensuring relationships based on honesty, trust, guaranteeing fair treatment and no discrimination. In addition, it promotes equal access to its products and services, eliminating barriers and adapting its processes to offer quality care to all clients, ensuring that they can make informed and conscious decisions.
- **Policy on the Protection of Personal Data:** Approved by the Personal Data Protection Committee and the Group's Board of Directors, this policy aims to regulate GCO's mandatory policies and procedures in accordance with the principles and obligations relating to the processing of personal data, as established by the various European and Spanish regulations.
- **Policy on the Handling and Acceptable Use of Information Assets.** This policy sets out the guidelines for the appropriate use of the Group's technological resources, establishing the rules for their responsible and secure utilisation.
- **Data Privacy Policy and Framework for the Protection of Personal Data and Information Security:** set out the commitments of all Group entities in relation to the protection and processing of customers' personal data.
- **Conflict of interest policy:** Approved by the Group's Board of Directors, its purpose is to ensure that any conflict of interest that may arise in the distribution of insurance-based investment products is managed fairly and in accordance with the principles of integrity, honesty, impartiality, transparency, confidentiality, professionalism and social responsibility. To this end, various measures are established to prevent and manage these conflicts of interest, and in the event that these measures are not sufficient, the client will be informed in a clear and detailed manner about the existence of the conflict, the actions taken to mitigate it and the proposed solution.

The scope of application of the aforementioned policies covers the Group's activities in all countries in which it operates.

More detailed information on these policies is included throughout the various chapters of this Sustainability Report.

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## Processes for collaborating with and handling customer impacts (S4-2, S4-3, S4-4, and MDR-A)

### Customer experience

GCO is committed to giving its customers simplified and clear information, and to resolving any queries they may have about the content of its policies and services, or in the event of any impact.

This commitment in Atradius is embodied in the Customer Service Charter and, in Occident, in its adherence to UNESPA's Guide to Good Practices for Transparency in the Marketing of Insurance.

Similarly, both the professionals who provide service to customers during a claim and the contact centre staff have customer experience guidelines that lay down clear protocols on how to relate and interact with them, in order to offer the highest level of service during the exercise of their activity.

The main department responsible for ensuring collaboration with customers is the Operations General Management. However, other departments also engage with customers, such as the Customer Ombudsperson, responsible for handling complaints and claims, the Marketing and Communications Directorate, which manages communications with customers (website, email, social media, etc.), and the Commercial Directorate, which supports the mediation network to resolve any issues customers may encounter. Besides the Quality Directorate of Mémora oversees the management of negative impacts related to the funeral services provided.

GCO works on a daily basis to offer excellent service, enhance products and, in short, provide the customer with a differential experience. To this end, the Group conducts various analyses that collect the Voice of the Customer to find out their degree of satisfaction and recommendation, their opinion and needs, as well as their image of the brand.

- **Contact center:** the Group offers personalised customer service through both telephone and digital channels, including WhatsApp, the website, and the customer app chat. This multichannel experience allows customers to contact the company via their preferred medium. Additionally, Occident has created a dedicated channel for senior customers to streamline and enhance their service experience. To do so, operators have been specifically trained in how to adequately assist people over 65 years of age.



In 2025, Occident's Contact Centre was awarded the Platinum Customer Experience Award in the category of 'Best Customer Experience in Insurance'. This award recognises the speed and quality of customer service; the ability to adapt in difficult times, such as during the DANA storm or the Spanish electricity blackout on 28 April; and the strong customer focus and initiatives such as the WhatsApp channel and self-service.

- **NPS (Net Promoter Score):** is the indicator for measuring the degree of customer loyalty. Surveys are conducted at various touchpoints with the company, such as post-purchase, post-claim, pre-renewal, and post-renewal. For Mémora business, a survey is also conducted post-service. Customers who provide negative survey responses are subsequently contacted to implement necessary process improvements and prevent similar issues in the future.

| NPS      | 2024 | 2025 |
|----------|------|------|
| Occident | 44%  | 42%  |
| Mémora   | 81%  | 82%  |

- **Customer Journey:** its goal is to continuously review the main interactions of customers with the company, identifying the key points of value contribution in order to design measures geared towards enhancing their experience.
- **Whistleblowing channel:** GCO also provides a confidential whistleblowing channel for any customer or interested party to report needs, impacts, or potentially irregular activities that may breach the Group's Code of Ethics. In 2025, as in 2024, no cases of human rights violations were identified.

Additional information on the Whistleblowing Channel is included in the Business Conduct chapter (G1) of this Sustainability Report.

- **Social Media:** customers can interact with the Group's entities through its various social media profiles. If a customer raises an issue, it is referred to a specialised team for resolution. In 2025, the 'Crece con tus ahorros' project was launched with the aim of raising awareness among customers under the age of 35 about the importance of saving and investing through dynamic content on social media. This initiative allows the Group to connect with the younger generation in their own digital environment, offering clear, concise and accessible messages about financial education. After analysing its reception, there are plans to expand the project to other topics relevant to our customers and followers, thereby strengthening a more direct and modern relationship with young audiences.

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- **Blogs:** through the Group's various company blogs, GCO provides practical information and useful advice to customers and other interested parties. These resources help improve quality of life, protect loved ones and material assets, and maximise the benefits of their insurance coverage. They also address customer questions about the company's products and provide insights into market trends.
- **Agents and intermediaries:** customers can communicate their needs or report issues to the company via its network of agents and intermediaries. These intermediaries maintain direct contact with customers and are specifically trained to provide specialised support services.
- **Notifications and customer support in the event of extreme weather conditions:** through a weather alert system, Occident provides advance notice to its clients when adverse weather conditions are expected. The aim is to help them prevent potential damage and to offer access to specialized assistance services, enabling the rapid and efficient management of any incidents that may arise as a result of the severe weather.

Finally, as part of the Group's commitment to ongoing a continuous dialogue with customers, Occident informs its individual customers of its environmental contribution through the use of sustainable practices in managing home claims and trains industrial insurance customers in risk prevention and, on the other hand, trains industrial insurance customers in risk prevention and management, including measures for preventing climate risks.

The Group, through the respective departments responsible for managing each channel, carries out periodic oversight to ensure their efficiency and effectiveness.

## Metrics and targets related to customers (MDR-M and MDR-T)

GCO monitors and manages customer-related impacts across all its operational entities through a complaints and claims system in the Group's operating entities.

### Complaints and claims system (S4-4)

Good management of customer complaints and claims is a basic element in the quality of service. The first step in resolving them is to offer the customer immediate attention from whoever is directly in contact with them.

#### Occident y Atradius

In Spain, GCO has regulations for defending customers adapted to the requirements of Order ECO/734/2004 of 11 March on the customer service departments and services of financial institutions and the commitments assumed by the insurance sector through the guidelines on good practices for internal complaint resolution promoted by UNESPA. This Regulation also apply to all other customers of the Group's financial products (participants in investment and pension funds, members of GCO's EPSV and customers of Occident Hipotecaria). Outside Spain, given the singularity of its business, Atradius has its own process for dealing with complaints and claims based on internal procedures and the regulations present in each country.

#### Process for responding to complaints and claims:

-  **Different channels accessible** for customers to submit complaints and claims through written forms, the Customer Service Department mailbox, contact centre, regulator mailbox, telephone, email or in the specific sections of the website to receive complaints, claims or queries.
-  **Designation of managers** to assess the causes of complaints and claims and coordinate their resolution and identify whether it is a requirement of the regulator.
-  **Informing customers and users** on the status of complaints and how they are resolved.
-  **Supervision of complaints and claims** by the designated delegate responsible for managing the complaint or claim. In Spain, an inspection is also conducted by the Customer Ombudsperson.
-  **Annual recording and measurement** of the number of complaints received for statistical purposes and achievement of goals.

Pursuant to the above procedure, the details of complaints and claims of Occident and Atradius are presented:

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| Claims and complaints from Occident and Atradius | 2024         | 2025         |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| <b>In Spain and Andorra</b>                      | <b>6,624</b> | <b>7,051</b> |
| Admitted for processing                          | 5,220        | 6,014        |
| Resolved                                         | 4,788        | 5,232        |
| Open*                                            | 432          | 791          |
| <b>Other countries</b>                           | <b>363</b>   | <b>532</b>   |
| Admitted for processing                          | 363          | 532          |
| Resolved                                         | 357          | 450          |
| Open                                             | 6            | 82           |

\*This includes 8 complaints that were pending resolution as of 31 December 2025 but were ultimately identified in 2026 as not admitted.

In Spain, this includes data from Occident in Spain and Andorra and from Atradius in Spain. In this context, complaints are deemed to be those submitted by users of financial services who, in order to obtain the restitution of their interests or rights, submit specific facts referring to actions and omissions of the Company or which represent a detriment to their interests or rights through breach of contracts, of transparency and customer protection regulations or of good financial practices and usages. Complaints are also deemed to be those referring to the functioning of the financial services provided to users by the entities and presented due to delays, type of attention or any other type of shortcoming.

In all other countries, complaints and claims from Atradius Business outside Spain are included, which are deemed to be the expression of dissatisfaction due to an error or delay in the provision of the service or the provision of a service in an unsatisfactory or substandard manner.

## Mémora

All Mémora business centres are certified by the ISO 9001 Quality Management and UNE EN 15017 Funeral Services standards, which require a procedure to be in place for dealing with customer complaints. Annual audits conducted by AENOR Internacional and Bureau Veritas verify compliance with this standard.

### Process for responding to complaints and claims:



**Different channels accessible** to customers to report their complaints and claims through the contact center, telephone, email, website or in the work centres.



**Designation of managers** to investigate and analyse whether complaints and claims are justified.



**Response to customers** on the status of complaints and how they are resolved



**Annual recording and measurement** of the number of complaints received for statistical purposes and achievement of goals.

Pursuant to the above procedure, the details of complaints and claims of Mémora are presented:

| Claims and complaints from Mémora | 2024       | 2025       |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| <b>Complaints and claims</b>      | <b>305</b> | <b>265</b> |
| Admitted for processing           | 305        | 265        |
| Resolved                          | 302        | 264        |
| Pending                           | 3          | 1          |

### Targets related to customers (S4-5 and MDR-T)

GCO keeps customers at the core of its strategy. This is why the Group aims to better understand its customers by developing tools to facilitate commercial work, evolving the value proposition to adapt it to the needs of different customer profiles, and developing distinctive service capabilities to optimise their experience.

As part of GCO's 2025-2027 Strategic Plan, driving the 'customer vision' is one of the Group's main projects, with specific initiatives established to improve indicators such as the retention rate and NPS, among others.

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# 04.

## Governance information (ESRS G)

## Business conduct (G1)

GCO has procedures and a framework in place aimed at ensuring the adequacy and observance of its obligations, both internal and external, to ensure appropriate business conduct.

### Verification of compliance

Operating in a highly regulated sector means that a compliance verification function is crucial. This essential function and second line of defence is dedicated to ensuring compliance with the obligations that affect the organisation, including both mandatory and voluntary regulations, assessing the potential impact of any changes in the legal environment on the Group's operations and the identification and assessment of compliance risk. It also includes advising the Group's Board of Directors and the other individual entities that form it on compliance with legal, regulatory, and internal policy requirements.

The compliance verification function is coordinated through GCO's Compliance Verification Committee, whose main role is to coordinate, supervise, and establish common criteria for all regulated entities within the Group, with regard to the application of both mandatory and voluntary regulations.

It is also entrusted with ensuring compliance with the internal regulations developed regarding the system for the prevention and detection of crimes that may be committed by the Group's legal entities. Atradius has its own structure comprising both the compliance function at entity level and local compliance duties. It supports the Company in complying with the applicable laws, rules and regulations.

### Strategy

#### Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model (SBM-3 and MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, impacts related to business conduct can mainly affect internal operations, suppliers, and associates.

The potential negative impacts affecting business conduct and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Negative impacts                                                                                                                              | Associated risk                                                                                                                                                                               | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Difficulty accessing complaint or whistleblowing mechanisms by stakeholders.                                                                  | Reputational risks due to ineffective responses to compliance risks, regulatory and normative changes, and increased public scrutiny, which could result in a loss of brand value.            | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Compliance with legislation, supported by the compliance department and the controls in place to manage, monitor, and verify compliance.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Negative consequences for society due to possible illegal or unethical practices (money laundering, corruption, bribery, greenwashing, etc.). | Regulatory risk of engaging in illegal practices or violations of the Group's code of conduct, such as money laundering, terrorist financing, or greenwashing, leading to fines or sanctions. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of specific policies and procedures to ensure regulatory compliance and strengthen ongoing employee training in best practices. Internal and external audits are conducted, periodic reviews of controls are carried out, and suspicious transactions are monitored.                                                                    |
| Negative impact on society due to the Group's failure to contribute to public resources due to non-compliance with tax obligations.           | Regulatory risk in the countries where the company operates due to non-compliance with tax obligations.                                                                                       | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of a solid internal regulatory framework, such as the Corporate Tax Policy and specific manuals, complemented by tools to automate and reconcile accounting and tax information, intermediate internal controls, periodic reviews of financial reports and tax questionnaires, and consultation with external experts in complex cases. |



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| Loss of company value for shareholders or investors due to unethical business practices by the Group's governing bodies.                                                                | Risk of a decrease in share value and possible divestment by the Group's shareholders due to unethical or illegal practices.                    | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implementation of internal controls, ongoing training for employees and managers on ethics, fraud, and corruption standards, and periodic internal audits that assess compliance with the Group's Code of Ethics.                           |
| Decision-making driven or biased by a lack of adequate diversity, independence, or experience among the members of the Group's governing bodies, which negatively impacts stakeholders. | Reputational risk associated with failing to meet stakeholder expectations regarding what constitutes a responsible and diverse governing body. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Strict compliance with legislation on responsibility and diversity, constant monitoring of stakeholder expectations, and evaluation of how these align with the organization's practices, ensuring proactive and transparent communication. |
| Delay in payment to suppliers and associates.                                                                                                                                           | Reputational risk resulting in limited access to suppliers and associates due to payment delays.                                                | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Continuous improvement of payment systems and supplier relationship management ensures the prevention and containment of reputational risks, fostering compliance and internal responsibility.                                              |

The potential positive impacts affecting business conduct and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Positive impacts                                                                                                                 | Associated opportunity                                                                                                               | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Building trust with regulators and authorities, customers, and employees through compliance with rules and standards of conduct. | Promotion of an ethical culture within the company to prevent and minimise behavioural risks or unethical practices among employees. | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Strengthening the integration of ESG criteria into the corporate strategy through the development of internal policies aligned with legal regulations and the implementation of voluntary initiatives that reinforce ethical and sustainability values. |
| Building trust with regulators, authorities, and society in general through compliance with tax obligations.                     | Improving the company's reputation and sustainability ratings/indices.                                                               | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Prioritising the continuous strengthening of tax compliance through the implementation of rigorous and updated controls to ensure conformity with applicable regulations.                                                                               |
| Creating value and greater reliability for shareholders and investors through responsible decision-making by governing bodies.   |                                                                                                                                      | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Establishing regular processes for updating sustainability information and promoting proactive and transparent communication about improvements implemented across the value chain.                                                                     |

Impacts, risks and opportunities related to management of the relationship with supplier are included in the chapter *Workers in the value chain (ESRS S2)*.

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## Management of impacts, risks, and opportunities related to business conduct

### Business conduct policies (G1-1 and MDR-P)

#### Code of Ethics

The Group's Code of Ethics, formulated and approved by the Board of Directors, is the document that lays down the guidelines that must govern the ethical behaviour of the directors, employees, agents and associates of GCO in their daily performance with regard to their relations and interactions with all stakeholders. It also includes commitments made regarding human rights, sustainability, good governance, professional development, regulatory compliance, and equal opportunities.

The Code of Ethics is reviewed and approved by GCO's Board of Directors annually and is communicated to all employees, agents, and associates through the intranet of each entity in the Group, with mandatory reading and acceptance required for all individuals working within it. This code can be viewed on GCO's corporate website: [www.gco.com](http://www.gco.com).

Both Atradius and Mémora business, given the uniqueness of their structure and business, currently have their own code of conduct, which observes the guidelines defined in the Group's Code of Ethics.

Information on training in business conduct is provided in the section corresponding to G1-3.

#### Whistleblowing channel

The Group has its own legitimate and transparent whistleblowing channel, accessible via the Group's website, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, enabling employees and any interested third party to report, confidentially and anonymously, queries and/or possible breaches of the Code of Ethics, of any other internal regulations or policies of the Group, as well as actions or omissions that may result in a criminally punishable irregularity or the manipulation and/or falsification of financial data.

Additionally, the document 'Whistleblowing and Fraud Reporting Channel' regulates the internal information system and the protection of whistleblowers, establishes internal channels for receiving communications, processes investigation files for detected situations, and provides appropriate protection to whistleblowers against retaliation.

Once the communication is received, it is managed by Corporate Internal Audit as established in the 'Whistleblowing and Fraud Reporting Channel' and its regulatory development 'Procedure and Methodology for the Analysis of Irregularities and Internal Fraud at GCO,' which is adapted to the provisions of Law 2/2023, of February 20, regulating the protection of individuals reporting regulatory violations and the fight against corruption.

Furthermore, the Corporate Internal Audit department also ensures the proper functioning of this system by proactively auditing different processes within the Group's companies.

In 2025, the Group has received 216 communications from employees through existing whistleblower channels, of which 87 were not admitted for processing (188 communications in 2024, of which 52 were not admitted for processing). Of the 129 remaining communications, 109 were resolved in 2025 (85 substantiated cases and 24 not substantiated) and 20 are in the process of resolution as at December 31, 2025. At the end of 2024, the number of substantiated cases was 96 and the number of unsubstantiated cases was 30.

#### Internal Conduct Regulation on market behaviour

This code of conduct sets out the guidelines to be followed by the Board and management bodies, as well as the employees and representatives of Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A. It details the rules regarding the handling and use of inside information, the prevention of market abuse situations, and the discretionary management of treasury shares. These guidelines are particularly relevant for the aforementioned positions, as, due to their functions and responsibilities, they are exposed to a higher risk of engaging in corrupt or bribery practices.

### Fight against corruption and bribery (G1-3 and G1-4)

In order to prevent corruption and bribery, the Group undertakes to perform all its activities in accordance with the legislation in force in all scopes of action and in all countries in which it operates. To do this, it has a Crime Prevention Model that includes the measures taken to prevent corruption and bribery. As part of this model, the Group has a criminal risk map that is reviewed annually, with controls to mitigate compliance risks.

Additionally, the Group has internal regulations that develop the Code of Ethics: the Protocol of the person responsible for criminal compliance, the whistleblowing channel for irregularities and fraud, the procedure and methodology for analysing irregularities and internal fraud, the protocol for detecting conflicts of interest with public sector entities, the protocol for action when receiving judicial documentation, the protocol for action in the event of receiving an inspection

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or a request for information, and the manual of procedures for selecting suppliers. These documents are used to structure the Criminal Prevention Model and the mechanisms for breaching the Group's Code of Ethics.

The Group also has anti-corruption procedures in place to help identify possible malicious acts or omissions in the taking out of insurance, in the reporting of claims or in the substantiation of damages, which are intended for the purpose of improper gain, money laundering or terrorist financing or unjust enrichment. Additionally, these internal procedures establish how to act in cases involving investigations. The Corporate Internal Audit function is responsible for conducting investigations into identified cases of corruption and bribery that have been reported through the whistleblowing channels. The results (substantiated cases) are subsequently reported to the Audit Committee, which acts as an independent body in the process.

In 2024 and 2025, no cases of corruption or bribery have been detected in the Group.

To enhance the understanding of criminal risks and the expected actions and behaviours of employees, the Group provides online training courses on the prevention of criminal liability for legal entities, as well as on market abuse and insider information (course on the Group's code of conduct). These courses are updated periodically and cover ethical principles, current legislation and internal policies related to the fight against corruption and bribery, and are mandatory for all Group employees.

The Group offers complementary training in anti-corruption and anti-bribery, with 99% of corruption and bribery risk functions covered by these training programmes in 2025 (94% in 2024). The following are identified as high-risk functions for corruption and bribery, among others: the governing bodies of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and its individual entities, members of the Management Committee of the Group and its individual entities, as well as the heads of essential functions of the Group or individual entities, and employees directly involved in insurance distribution activities. All functions at risk of corruption and bribery are included in GCO's Fitness and Propriety Policy.

### Prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism

The Group has a manual for the prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism which outlines, among other topics, all internal control measures implemented by the Group's entities subject to the regulations on the prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism. These measures are analysed annually by an external expert who, in his latest report, considered that the Group has a satisfactory system for the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing. The Board of Directors assesses this report together with proposals for actions to remedy the shortcomings identified and implement improvements.

As part of the prevention system and with a view to fostering a culture of compliance within the organisation, the Group has implemented a training plan on the prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism. In 2025, a new course on the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing has been launched, aimed at all employees of Occident. The purpose of this training is to strengthen regulatory compliance and ensure the proper implementation of due diligence measures, internal controls, and information management.

Furthermore, the Group has a Corporate Governance Framework on the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing published on the corporate website with the aim of fostering transparency and contributing to stakeholder confidence.

### Personal data protection and cybersecurity (MDR\_P)

The Group is committed to guaranteeing the confidence of its stakeholders with regard to the protection, processing and privacy of personal data. In this regard, the Privacy and Personal Data Protection Policies and the Policy on the handling and acceptable use of information assets are intended to establish the Group's goals in this field and to lay down a working framework to guarantee and improve such protection.

Moreover, the Group has a Corporate Governance Framework on personal data protection and information security available on the corporate website which outlines the commitments and principles being promoted and the organisational structure in this area. As a result, GCO is committed to processing the personal data of individuals in accordance with the following principles:

- **Lawfulness, fairness and transparency** in the processing of the personal data of data subjects, obtaining such data by lawful and transparent methods, clearly informing them of their subsequent processing, and with the explicit consent of the data subject where necessary.
- **Limitation of the purpose:** personal data will be gathered and processed for specific, explicit and legitimate purposes, pursuant to the purpose and aim informed to the data subject at the time of obtaining the data.
- **Data minimisation:** the processing of personal data will be adequate, relevant and limited to what is strictly necessary for the purposes for which they were collected.

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- **Accuracy:** the personal data processed must be accurate and kept up to date, and inaccurate data must be deleted or rectified.
- **Limitation of the retention period:** the personal data undergoing processing will be kept for the time necessary for the purposes for which they were collected.
- **Integrity and confidentiality:** personal data will be processed with appropriate security and protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing, loss or destruction.
- **Proactive responsibility and accountability:** not only should compliance with the above principles relating to the processing of their personal data be ensured, but this must also be susceptible to being proven.

In order to guarantee the security and reliability of the information, the Group has internal control procedures over the information systems and the Corporate Information Security Policy, which is brought into line with the information systems security guidelines defined under ISO/IEC 27001 and NIST standards, which lay down an internationally recognised security reference framework.

Similarly, with the aim of ensuring compliance with the applicable regulations on personal data protection, the Group has a data protection officer (certified in accordance with the DPO Certification Scheme of the Spanish Data Protection Agency –AEPD). It also has a Personal Data Protection Committee, as the executive body responsible for applying the regulations on personal data protection and the use of information and communication technology resources.

In the case of Atradius, it also has a Personal Data Protection Advisory Committee, which comprises its data protection officer and the directors of various business units and, in each of the countries in which it does business, there is a representative to ensure compliance with the applicable personal data protection regulations in those regions.

Furthermore, with the aim of ensuring the ethical and responsible management of information, as well as respect for individual rights and the implementation of appropriate security measures, all employees receive training in personal data protection. This training is designed to ensure that data processing is carried out in accordance with current regulations and the principles of confidentiality, integrity, and security, thereby fostering an organizational culture focused on privacy protection and the prevention of risks associated with the improper use of information.

Given that potential cyber-attacks are considered one of the main risks in the sector, the Group also has a Chief Information Security Officer with the duties of coordinating and controlling the technical security measures of the Group's information systems required by the General Data Protection Regulation. Similarly, Atradius and Mémora have their own Chief Information Security Officer.

In fiscal year 2025, the Group did not receive any substantiated complaints related to customer privacy violations received from third parties (as in 2024). However, it has received 4 regulatory requests (3 cases received in 2024), 2 of which were dismissed by the AEPD and 1 is pending resolution. Moreover, no substantiated cases of leaks, theft or loss of customer data have been identified.

Similarly, in 2025, there has been one cybersecurity incident, but no security breaches affecting personal data (in comparison, there were four cybersecurity incidents and one security breach in 2024).

In the event of a cybersecurity attack on GCO, there is a Business Continuity Policy and a Contingency Plan that outlines the actions to be taken by the Group in the worst-case scenario. Additionally, GCO has an impact management plan that defines the actions to be taken based on the severity of the impact.

The Group also continuously promotes cybersecurity awareness among its employees by providing clear and accessible information about the main digital risks and how to prevent them. To maintain a strong culture of protection, initiatives such as 'The Cybersecurity Month' are organized, offering training and best practices for everyday situations. Additionally, during particularly sensitive periods, such as the tax campaign and holiday periods, when fraud attempts targeting the public tend to increase, the Group strengthens its alerts and recommendations to help employees identify scams and respond safely.

Employees also undergo mandatory training to prevent attacks and have mechanisms to report a cybersecurity impact or suspicion of one.

Finally, the Corporate Internal Audit Multiyear Plan includes conducting internal and external audits in GCO's technological environment, both to verify compliance with regulations and to strengthen Information Technology (TI) and cybersecurity. The results of these audits are submitted to the Audit Committee.

The following audits stand out in 2025: (i) the audit of change control and logical security, which aims to assess the risks and effectiveness of general controls within the SAP, Windows Server, RACF, DB2, and Active Directory systems, focusing on access security, change management, and operations; (ii) the Microsoft Azure security audit, which is intended to evaluate the effectiveness of security controls applied within the Azure environment—a cloud computing platform for

creating, managing, and deploying applications and IT services; and (iii) the commencement of the 2025–26 cybersecurity audit, which will begin with a Red Team exercise. The objective of this exercise is to identify and locate vulnerabilities in critical assets and processes that pose a risk to GCO in terms of information security and protection, as well as to analyse GCO’s capabilities in prevention, defence, detection, analysis, and response to cyber threats.

Additionally, the IT department, together with external collaborators, conducts periodic audits on specific areas to identify potential errors or inefficiencies in systems.

Apart from these audits, strict measures for data encryption and data protection are implemented for data in transit, sensitive data (at least those identified by the General Data Protection Regulation), and data at rest stored on servers and computers.

## Fiscal transparency

The Group has a corporate tax policy, the purpose of which is to describe the strategy for complying with its tax obligations in all countries and territories in which it conducts business, as well as to maintain an appropriate relationship with the relevant tax administrations. This policy is reviewed every year by the Board of Directors of the Company and was last updated in January 2025.

Prior to the drawing up of the annual accounts and the filing of the corporation tax return, the person responsible for tax matters in the Group informs the Board of Directors about the tax-related strategies deployed during the financial year and the degree of compliance with the policy.

The Group promotes transparent, clear and responsible communication of its main financial figures, by providing its different stakeholders with information concerning the payment of all taxes that are applicable in each of the jurisdictions in which it is present.

Information on profits obtained and taxes paid by country, in accordance with the requirements of Law 11/2018, can be found in Annex II of this Sustainability Report.

More information on the Group's fiscal performance is available in notes 3.h, 11.c and 11.f of GCO's Consolidated Annual Accounts.

## Supplier payment practices (G1-6)

The average payment period to suppliers of the Group's companies is 22.97 days (22.13 days in 2024), with no outstanding payments exceeding the legal deferral period (30 days unless otherwise agreed by the parties). For further information on the percentage of payments by Group companies that comply with this average period, see note 21.c in the Notes to the GCO consolidated annual accounts.

In the case of associates, Group companies pay amounts to associates on a daily basis, where the average payment period is less than 1 day (1 day in 2024). Furthermore, Occident associates have at their disposal an application where they can consult and reconcile payments of orders and invoices issued to the entity, thus avoiding the need for partners to channel their information requests to different departments within the company.

The Group has no pending legal proceedings due to late payments to suppliers.

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# 05.

## Business information



# Responsible management of products and services

## Strategy

**All of GCO's investment funds and unit-linked products, together with 99% of its pension plans and EPSVs, are classified as Article 8 products under the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR).**

GCO understands that developing innovative and sustainable solutions sensitive to changing consumption patterns and fostering the implementation of new technologies and energy sources represents a competitive advantage and the opportunity to better adapt to the changing needs of its customers. As such, it offers solutions that incorporate customer preferences and contribute to promoting sustainability.

## Occident and Atradius

| Responsible products                                        |                         | 2024          | 2025          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sustainable investment funds (Article 8 SFDR)               | Policies                | 6,993         | 6,169         |
|                                                             | Assets under management | 1,005,799,206 | 1,281,670,391 |
| Sustainable pension plans and EPSVs (Article 8 of the SFDR) | Policies                | 58,694        | 59,590        |
|                                                             | Assets under management | 805,739,552   | 858,407,395   |
| Other products with sustainable connotations*               | Policies                | 23,322        | 39,241        |
|                                                             | Premiums                | 75,950,864    | 83,011,654    |

\*Includes insurance for: personal mobility, cyber risks, environmental risks, electric vehicles, senior health and wellness, and agriculture.

## Financial products that promote environmental and/or social characteristics (Article 8 of SFDR)

GCO has adapted its range of investment funds, unit-linked products, and pension funds/EPSVs to Article 8 of the Disclosure Regulation (SFDR). In doing so, these products explicitly incorporate environmental and/or social considerations into their management, beyond merely integrating sustainability risks. Information is given in both the pre-contractual documentation for the product and the regular reports on how these sustainability characteristics are integrated with the aim of making it easier for customers to identify these products.

### Personal mobility insurance

In recent years, due to the increased concern about the environment and seeking sustainable solutions, the big cities have promoted changes to reduce the use of private vehicles. These changes, coupled with population growth, the high density of cities and increased travel, have led to a paradigm shift in transport and the emergence of a new mobility.

'Personal Mobility' is a comprehensive mobility insurance product that ensures the user has all risks covered in their journeys and regardless of the method of transport used (such as rental and sharing vehicles, scooters, city bikes, taxis, vehicles for hire or public transport). With that, the Group is helping to mitigate the environmental and social problems associated with urban mobility, focussing on sustainable mobility.

### Cyber risk insurance

The digital transformation poses new problems and needs that affect our customers. Both companies and individuals are increasingly exposed to a higher risk of cyberattacks that can jeopardise important aspects such as: Data storage and processing in an ethical and secure manner, physical and reputational integrity, harassment by social networks, etc. GCO responds to these needs by offering its customers protection against the risks involved in operating in an increasingly digital era. To this end, the Group has a cyber-insurance for companies that provides, among other aspects, protection against cyber-attacks, preventive services and professional advice. In addition, it has a cyber insurance policy for individuals that provides a package of coverage options and services to meet the needs of our individual customers. This product for individuals was first made available for sale in 2022.

### Environmental risk insurance

The Group participates, along with other companies in the sector, in the environmental risk pool. This pool is an effective incentive for the prevention of such risks, as, individually in the Spanish market, there is a lack of development of these types of insurance due to the high specialisation required. The coverages given through environmental liability insurances enable to deal with the costs arising from the necessary repair of the environment that has been damaged due to a contamination event. In its environmental insurance offer, the Group provides this cover to companies, boats, residential buildings and single-family dwellings.



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## Electric vehicle insurance

The transformation of carbon-based economies for new paradigms of sustainability, where energy efficiency and environmental protection play an essential role, is already one of the world's main priorities. Organisations that gradually adapt their offer to cover this energy transition will open new markets and will be better prepared for the future.

The car insurance offer includes a specific insurance package for electric and plug-in hybrid vehicles, which are committed to sustainability by mitigating the carbon footprint.

## Photovoltaic plants insurance

In response to the growth of renewable energy, Occident has expanded its portfolio by introducing a civil liability insurance policy specifically designed to support the development of this sector. This solution aims to assist and protect companies and professionals involved in the industry, helping to promote solar energy as part of the transition towards a more sustainable energy model. It offers security and peace of mind throughout the operation of activities carried out at a photovoltaic plant.

## ESG solutions in Atradius

Atradius aims to support its clients in advancing their ESG commitments by first conducting an assessment of their sustainability needs. Based on the needs identified, Atradius has launched two solutions in Spain and Germany.

In Germany, Atradius offers a software tool that provides clients with useful information on sustainability regulations (CSRD), as well as assisting them in the preparation of corporate sustainability reports and supporting their transition plans towards becoming more sustainable companies. In Spain, clients are offered a platform to measure, reduce, and certify their carbon footprint, as well as to establish action plans to achieve these goals.

Furthermore, in 2025, a dedicated Think tank for ESG Products was established, comprising key areas of Atradius and representatives from the countries in which it operates. Under this initiative, a comprehensive inventory of existing and planned ESG solutions was carried out, followed by strategic discussions to explore potential new offerings. As a final step, relevant client segments were identified and focus groups were launched to assess client needs and gauge market interest in these solutions.

## Financial inclusion products

In the insurance sector, the basis of financial inclusion is to ensure access to protection against certain risks for vulnerable groups.

These groups include people over 65 years of age, whose public pension is sometimes insufficient to cover their regular expenses, and rural producers, who are more vulnerable to various types of risks, with low population density and reduced income levels. Occident is aware of this and has products adapted to suit the needs of these groups:

- **Senior Well-being Health** is a medical insurance for the elderly designed to meet all the health needs that arise at this stage of life at more affordable prices. It offers, among other services, preferential care lines, home care medical staff, home care staff (cleaning, personal assistance, purchase of medicines, etc.) and a medical directory adapted to suit their needs.
- **Lifetime reverse mortgage** is a product for retired people that lets them liquidate their property wealth and receive a monthly annuity for life, while retaining the use and ownership of the home.
- **Agricultural Insurance** guarantees the income and continuity of agricultural and livestock farms, which form part of the fundamental activity for the rural environment, covering the damage they may suffer in the event of fire, loss of crops, animal disease, adverse weather, etc.

## Mémora

### Sustainable coffins

With respect for biodiversity and forest conservation, Mémora is committed to using ECO-certified coffins, ensuring that the raw material for these products is sourced from controlled felling and subsequent reforestation. This approach also complies with the requirements of the UNE EN 190.001 standard for coffins.

|                                                              | 2024   | 2025   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Coffins with ECO certificate supplied                        | 40,277 | 52,686 |
| % of eco-certified coffins out of the total coffins supplied | 70.2 % | 88.5 % |

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## Oxo-biodegradable shrouds

Oxo-biodegradable shrouds are used in funeral services. They are known for their ability to decompose in any environment, as long as oxygen is present, even in the absence of water, thus reducing the environmental impact.

## Ecofunerals

GCO's funeral companies offer ecological funeral services, in order to reduce the impact of the funeral process on nature. The purpose of this product is to respond to the growing social interest in sustainability and respect for the environment.

Ecofunerals reduce greenhouse gas emissions by more than 30% and reduce the emission of dioxins that are toxic to health.

This product is also committed to using environmentally managed mortuaries, using flowers from organic crops, memorials made from FSC or recycled paper, and transporting the deceased in electric or hybrid vehicles.

## Financially inclusive funeral services

GCO's funeral companies support families without resources so that they can provide a funeral service free of charge, or on a subsidised basis, through the protocol of agreements with municipal and regional social services. This contributes to meeting a real need and not excluding any family from funeral services.

## Management of impacts, risks, and opportunities related to responsible product and service management (MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, impacts related to the responsible management of products and services can mainly affect internal operations, customers, and associates.

The potential negative impacts of responsible product and service management and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Negative impacts                                                                      | Associated risk                                                                       | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Not offering products and services with sustainable characteristics for customers     | Risk of losing customers for not offering sustainable products or services            | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | The Group continuously analyses social and market demands to anticipate emerging trends and needs in sustainability. Integration of ESG criteria into product design, collaboration with strategic partners and training ensure an innovative offering aligned with market expectations. |
| Negative environmental impact from not providing services sustainably                 | Risk of increasing the Group's carbon footprint by not providing services sustainably | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Continuous monitoring of new technologies and evaluating the network of associates. Additionally, the adoption of innovative solutions is encouraged to optimise processes, minimise losses, protect reputation, and ensure operational sustainability.                                  |
| Not supporting the transition by continuing to underwrite carbon-intensive activities | Reputational risk due to not supporting the transition                                | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Constant monitoring of media and social networks to ensure a swift and coordinated response to reputational crises                                                                                                                                                                       |

The potential positive impacts of responsible product and service management and their associated opportunities for the Group are detailed below.

| Positive impacts                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Associated opportunity                                                                                                                                          | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| New product and service offerings with sustainable features for customers (investment funds under Article 8 of the SFDR, credit insurance with a stronger ESG focus, personal mobility insurance, insurance for electric vehicles, etc.) | Development of new products and services, or adaptation of existing ones, to meet emerging ESG needs or preferences, resulting in increased customer attraction | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Development and adaptation of products and services focused on climate resilience, adjusting existing coverage or creating new solutions to respond to emerging needs. |

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|                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Supporting customers with a strong ESG focus to progress together in line with shared climate neutrality commitments (customer engagement) | Strengthening customer relationships and improving retention by offering advice and support during their ESG transition, while expanding the customer base seeking stronger ESG commitments | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | A proactive approach to customer relations, enabling the identification of concerns and the provision of tailored advice to meet their needs, especially for ESG-related products.                                                |
| Positive environmental impact from the company's decarbonisation through sustainable service delivery                                      | Reduction of the Group's environmental footprint as it aligns with climate neutrality commitments                                                                                           | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Alignment with climate neutrality commitments through the continuous development of innovative repair methods, promotion of less polluting transport among associates, and optimisation of intervention zones to minimise travel. |

## Policies related to the responsible management of products and services (MDR-P)

The Group has policies that regulate the process of control and governance of products, both Life and Non-Life insurance commercialised through Occident. These policies, approved by the Group's Board of Directors, define the general management principles and establish the most relevant aspects of product governance, ensuring that decisions and processes are consistent and aligned with the company's objectives and customer expectations. In addition, the policies described the process of control and oversight of the products commercialised, which ensures continuous monitoring of the performance and potential risks of the products offered. On the other hand, Atradius has Technical Product Standards that define the governance of the products it offers.

## Parameters and goals related to responsible product and service management (MDR-M y MDR-T)

As a signatory to the Principles for Sustainable Insurance (PSI) developed by the United Nations Environment Programme Finance Initiative (UNEP-FI), GCO is committed to integrating environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues into its decision-making processes.

Regarding GCO's products and services, the commitment is reflected in an insurance offering that helps customers address new environmental and social challenges, such as reducing greenhouse gas emissions, financial inclusion, and sustainable investment. Likewise, Mémora offers alternatives that help to conserve natural resources and preserve ecosystems, such as sustainable coffins and oxo-biodegradable shrouds.

All the information on GCO's indicators regarding its responsible product and service offering is available in the Strategy section of this chapter.

Furthermore, to continue advancing in the management of responsible products and services, GCO has set various targets within its 2024-2026 Sustainability Master Plan. One of these targets is the commitment to incorporate sustainability criteria into underwriting processes to gradually transition towards a low-carbon economy, in keeping with the targets of the Paris Agreement. In 2024, Occident achieved this target by establishing commitments not to underwrite companies engaged in activities such as the manufacture of combustible and polluting materials, the production of charcoal through deforestation and wood burning, peat extraction, the storage and/or wholesale trade of crude oil, refineries, and cylinders of butane, propane, and other similar gases; as well as the production of arms and ammunition, and the production of adult entertainment.

In the case of Atradius, the current underwriting practice involves the continuous monitoring and analysis of the global customers portfolio, including the consideration of ESG information and the assessment of business involvement with the aim of establishing specific commitments that integrate climate-related considerations into decision-making.

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# Sustainable investment

## Governance of sustainable investment (MDR-P)

GCO's Sustainable Investment Policy, approved by GCO's Board of Directors, outlines the ESG principles and criteria to be taken into account by the Group in the management of its financial investments and is complementary to the investment management principles established in the Group, which are based on the principle of prudence in its activities and whose main objective is to ensure the commitments made to its customers over time, with an adequate diversification of portfolios.

Additionally, the Group has an Annual Sustainable Investment Plan which lays down the sustainable investment goals to be achieved during each year in line with the principles set out in the Sustainable Investment Policy.

Furthermore, with a view to complying with the obligations of the EU's Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (SFDR), the Group discloses specific information on how sustainability risks are taken into consideration in the investment decision-making process and how its investments are affected by environmental, social and governance factors (main adverse impacts).

All of the above information is available on the Group's corporate website, within the Sustainability section.

The Corporate Financial Investment Area is responsible for ensuring that the established sustainable investment principles are met in the organisation. Within the Financial Investments team, at least 13 people are directly involved in implementing and complying with the criteria and objectives set out in GCO's Sustainable Investment Policy.

This area also provides regular updates to the Sustainable Investment (SI) Committee on the progress of the sustainable investment strategy. This Committee, which reports to the Group's Investment Committee, is tasked with assessing and monitoring the implementation of the Group's Sustainable Investment Policy and the implementation of the Annual Plan. The agreements taken by the SI Committee and approved by the Investment Committee are reported to the Group's Management Committee, and subsequently reported to the Sustainability Committee on any issues deemed relevant.

## Sustainable investment strategy

As a subscriber to the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UN PRI), GCO has joined the commitment to achieving a global and sustainable financial system through the incorporation of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues into its investment strategy and in the active exercise of the property.

To achieve this, the Group incorporates ESG issues into its investment analysis and decision-making processes on the basis of the following principles:

### Exclusion principles:

- **Negative screening based on sector activity:** Investment in companies in which part of their activity is carried out in certain controversial economic sectors is excluded (e.g., Thermal coal, Arctic oil and gas exploration and shale energy, production or marketing of landmines, etc.). Since 2025, the exclusion has been extended not only to companies that are directly involved in the aforementioned sectors, but also to those companies that hold a certain level of participation in other companies whose activities are carried out within these sectors.
- **Regulatory screening:** Investment in companies whose performance is considered controversial and, in particular, that could adversely affect their operations, the environment or society in general is excluded.
- **Positive screening:** Investment in companies with poorer ESG risk management, as measured by a risk rating given to companies by an external provider, is excluded.

### Integration principles:

- **Sustainable investments:** investment in projects aimed at the transition towards a low-carbon economy, which is more resource-efficient and more sustainable, are progressively increased.
- **Investments with impact:** investment in projects aimed at achieving the social and environmental objectives, will be gradually increased, all in line with the priorities set out in the Group's Sustainability Master Plan.

For the implementation of these principles, the Group has tools from external suppliers that allow it to establish different criteria for the selection of investments, as well as to track the evolution of the companies in relation to the integration of the ESG criteria in the performance of their activity.

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## Sustainable real estate investment

In recent years, GCO's real estate investment management area has focused on investing in properties deemed sustainable from an environmental standpoint. In particular, the pre-investment assessment takes into consideration aspects such as energy certification, the existence of facilities to reduce water consumption, centralised waste collection points, as well as any other possible improvements that could be made in that regard.

All of GCO's real estate investments in landmark buildings comply with the Group's Sustainable Real Estate Investment Policy, **investing only in properties with LEED Gold or higher and/or BREEAM Very Good or higher certifications**. These international standards in sustainable construction and management guarantee the Group's compliance with the environmental requirements it has set out to achieve.

## Management of impacts, risks and opportunities (MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, incidents related to sustainable investment can primarily impact its own operations, distributors, and customers.

The potential negative impacts related to sustainable investment and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Negative impacts                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Associated risk                                                                     | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Investing in companies with unsustainable practices that perpetuate harmful behaviours for society and the environment (such as companies that violate human rights or are heavily reliant on fossil fuels, etc.) poses significant reputational risks. | Reputational risk arising from investing in unsustainable companies                 | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Rigorous investment evaluation to ensure alignment with sustainability criteria and compliance with legal and corporate commitments, complemented by proactive and reactive communication strategies to respond promptly to potential criticism. |
| Difficulty generating value for customers, shareholders, or investors with a greater preference for sustainability                                                                                                                                      | Loss of customers, shareholders, or investors due to lack of sustainable investment | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Application of the sustainable investment policy that combines exclusion and integration criteria, energy certifications in real estate, and recurring communication with stakeholders about sustainability progress.                            |

The potential positive impacts related to sustainable investment and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Positive impacts                                                                                                                                                                     | Associated opportunity                                                                   | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Promotion of sustainability by channelling resources towards sectors and products aligned with the transition to a low-carbon economy, more resource-efficient, and more sustainable | Reputational improvement from having sustainable investment                              | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Various types of sustainable investments (green bonds and similar) are monitored. Systematic processes are also implemented to identify and communicate sustainability initiatives with positive impact, ensuring that every relevant action is highlighted. |
| Generation of value for customers, shareholders, or investors with a greater appetite for ESG aspects                                                                                | Attraction of new customers, shareholders, or investors with an appetite for ESG aspects | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Expansion of the sustainable product offering aligned with ESG standards, ensuring adaptation to market expectations.                                                                                                                                        |

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## Sustainable investment parameters and goals (MDR-M y MDR-T)

**In 2025, GCO exceeded its new sustainable investments target of 12%, set for this year in the Annual Sustainable Investment Plan.**

ESG metrics are essential tools for assessing and maximising the impact of investments. For this reason, GCO effectively measures, analyses, and evaluates the impact of its financial investments through various metrics, such as greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, carbon footprint, exposure to controversial weapons, violations of the United Nations Global Compact principles, and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, among others. This enables the Group to monitor whether investments are generating the expected sustainable outcomes.

In December 31, 2025, and in accordance with the Group's Sustainable Investment Policy, the value of sustainable investments in relation to the total investments and funds managed represents 89.0% (89.8% in 2024).

The KPI of sustainable financial investments is calculated by taking as the numerator those investments that comply with the Sustainable Investment Policy, together with the funds managed by the Group that are classified as Article 8 under the SFDR regulation. The denominator includes all of the Group's consolidated financial investments, which corresponds to the scope of the aforementioned policy, as well as the managed funds. This new criterion has also been applied to the 2024 figure.

GCO's sustainability-related investment commitments are included in the Annual Sustainable Investment Plan. Among these is the commitment not to invest in companies where more than 10% of their turnover is related to:

- The extraction or generation of energy from thermal coal
- Oil and/or gas exploration in the Arctic offshore regions
- Shale energy extraction
- The production and distribution of adult entertainment
- The manufacture of military weapon systems and/or comprehensive systems and components for military weapons manufacturing.
- The manufacture and sale of light weapons.

All the information on the Group's sustainable investment commitments can be found in the GCO Annual Sustainable Investment Plan at [www.gco.com/inversion-sostenible](http://www.gco.com/inversion-sostenible). For the 2025 fiscal year, the Group **proposed to increase its new sustainable investments target from 10% to 12%, in line with one of the targets set in the 2024-2026 Sustainability Master Plan. For 2026, the same target of 12% for new sustainable investments has been established.**

Lastly, the Group also tracks the indicators of the EU Taxonomy Regulation to determine the degree to which its investments align with the environmental goals set out. The evolution of GCO's Taxonomy indicators, both for investments and for premiums, can be consulted in Annex I of this report

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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# 06.

## Contributing to society



## Contribution to society and local communities

### Strategy

The Group bases its business model on respect for people and on contributing positively to the environment and its stakeholders. The commitment undertaken with the communities in which it operates has been linked to economic development, social well-being and quality employment for more than a century.

Through its two foundations, Fundación Occident and Fundación Mémora, as well as through contributions, sponsorships, and corporate volunteering initiatives, the Group actively supports projects and initiatives that generate a positive impact.

### Management of impacts, risks and opportunities (MDR-A)

Within GCO's value chain, impacts related to contributions to society and local communities can mainly affect its own operations.

The potential negative impacts related to contributions to society and local communities and their associated risks for the Group are detailed below.

| Negative impacts                                                                                                   | Associated risk                                                                                                                         | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Risk management                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fraud in donation management, harming beneficiaries                                                                | Regulatory risk due to potential fraud in donation management                                                                           | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Strict compliance with the Code of Ethics, its development regulations, and complementary sustainability policies ensures ethical and responsible management with stakeholders. Tools such as the Sponsorship and Donation Request Protocol are implemented, along with Contingency Plans. |
| Social action initiatives/projects carried out by the Group's foundations that do not truly address societal needs | Risk of disconnect between the social action initiatives/projects undertaken by the Group's foundations and the actual needs of society | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | A rigorous process is followed, which includes a preliminary analysis of the project's feasibility and its alignment with the foundations' objectives, followed by approval by the Project Evaluation Committee, composed of key members of the governing bodies.                          |

The potential positive impacts related to contributions to society and local communities and their associated opportunities for the Group are detailed below.

| Positive impacts                                                                                                             | Associated opportunity                                                                                       | Current financial impact                                                                                                                      | Opportunity management                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Development and promotion of social action projects, research, education, combating hunger, etc., for the benefit of society | Improvement in the company's reputation and image                                                            | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Establish mechanisms for continuous monitoring of feedback on projects through traditional media, social networks, and similar platforms.                                                                                                   |
| Increased employee pride derived from belonging to a Group committed to society and the environment                          | Improvement in workplace social relations resulting from participation in social projects and volunteer work | No significant impact has been identified during the period, nor any extraordinary effects that would require adjustments in the next period. | Implement programmes that foster a strong and positive organisational culture by developing activities that value individual and collective achievements, ensuring open communication, and encouraging continuous professional development. |

## Parameters and goals related to contributions to society (MDR-M y MDR-T)

The Group's social action is articulated through its two foundations, Fundación Occident and Fundación Mémora, contributions and sponsorships, and corporate volunteering initiatives.

### Fundación Occident

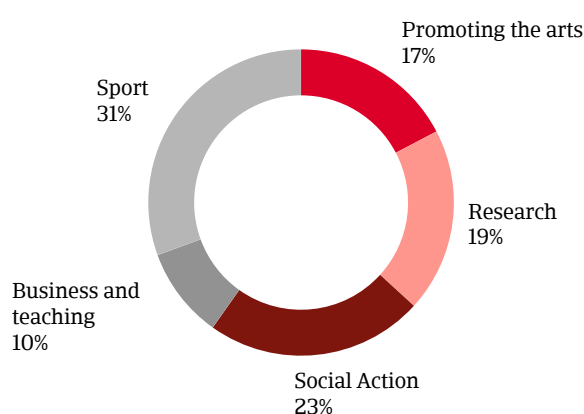
Fundación Occident is a private non-profit organisation created in memory of Jesús Serra Santamans, GCO's founder, whose purpose is to implement projects with the goal of making a better society for everyone, always guided by values such as solidarity, effort and teamwork.



Fundación Occident has been awarded the **IMPULSA CULTURA Seal** which acknowledges its values and its great work to foster cultural projects and actions with a major positive impact on society.

At present, the Foundation provides support and drives initiatives in research, business and teaching, social action, sport and the promotion of the arts.

### Distribution of the contribution of Fundación Occident in the different lines of action 2025:



Fundación Occident approves its **Action Plan** each year, detailing all the activities to be carried out, their potential beneficiaries and the necessary human and material resources. A formal protocol is available to ensure objectivity, specifying the criteria for selecting the proposed initiatives and programmes. The project valuation committee is the responsible body. Through twice-monthly meetings, they select the set of new projects and assess the status of ongoing projects, among other duties. These projects and initiatives include participation programmes, impact assessment and development programmes.

A good example of these projects is the Foundation's collaboration with UNHCR, the UN refugee agency, with which it has been working since 2021 on various programmes to help displaced young people.

Furthermore, through the **Fundación Occident scholarships** and agreements with the various business schools, universities and organisations dedicated to this purpose, students with a good academic record and aptitude for training, but with an insufficient income per family unit to be able to afford this type of studies, are offered the possibility of undertaking qualified higher studies. These grants safeguard the principle of equal opportunities. The initiative is being carried out in Spain and also in international cooperation in Kenya or refugee camps with displaced persons, channelling this aid with the United Nations Agency for Refugees (UNHCR).

In 2024, the Foundation created the new **Jesús Serra Scholarships** to provide the opportunity for young people who wish to be the first in their family to attend university to pursue undergraduate studies, as well as for young women who wish to undertake studies in STEM field (mathematics, engineering, physics, sciences, biology, etc.). In addition to covering the public cost of enrolment in Spanish universities, these scholarships provide support for training in languages, programming or other skills related to their studies, as well as a financial supplement based on the family's income and residence, especially when the student does not live near their university centre. In 2025, 12 additional scholarships were awarded, adding to the 12 awarded in 2024. In addition, these scholarships have been complemented by a mentoring and continuing education programme, through which beneficiaries will receive support from a practising professional.

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Furthermore, Fundación Occident collaborates with other entities such as the National Cancer Research Centre (CNIO), the National Cardiovascular Research Centre (CNIC), the Institute of Astrophysics of the Canary Islands (IAC), the Spanish National Research Council (CSIC), the Interhospital Cardiovascular Research Foundation (FIC), *Save the Children*, Manos Unidas and *Save the Med Foundation*.

On the other hand, Fundación Occident collaborates with the Gasol Foundation to jointly prevent childhood obesity and promote healthy habits among young people. In its role as a universal partner of the Gasol Foundation, the Fundación Occident has become a principal collaborator in the PASOS Study, which has been instrumental in evaluating the National Strategic Plan for the Reduction of Childhood Obesity, led by the Spanish Government.

Furthermore, in 2025, Fundación Occident and MedBrain are promoting the democratisation of medical diagnosis in areas with limited resources through an artificial intelligence solution that enables reliable diagnoses to be obtained within minutes and without the need for an internet connection. The project, which has been piloted in rural communities in Ethiopia, has enhanced the diagnostic capabilities of local healthcare personnel and is helping to reduce infant mortality and expand access to quality primary care.

In 2022, **Fundación Occident joined the Foundations for Climate Pact**, which advocates an active fight to tackle the climate crisis, with the goal of being able to lead a task force for the insurance sector.

It also drives the Changemakers at Sea project in partnership with the Save the Med Foundation, which aims to cut down on the use of single-use plastic through solutions based on the three most important R's (Refuse, Reduce and Reuse) promoting responsible habits among university students and school pupils.

Meanwhile, Fundación Occident provides financial support for the analysis and research of rainwater-originated waste, as part of the 'Limpia ríos, salva océanos' initiative, promoted by Biotherm and the Ecoalf Foundation. This initiative's main goal is to reduce river pollution, which contributes to ocean degradation, and thus conserve aquatic ecosystems.

As a new initiative in 2025, **the first Jesús Serra EcoSocial Call** has been launched, with the aim of supporting two main projects: one focused on social action, aimed at children and young people, which promotes initiatives to improve their education, well-being, and protection in vulnerable environments, as well as their integration into the workforce and vocational training; and another of an environmental nature, centred on promoting the blue economy and the conservation of the marine environment.

The selected projects will receive annual funding for up to three consecutive years. In addition to financial support, Fundación Occident will provide tailored technical assistance, as well as strategic, methodological, and organisational advice. This support will include initial diagnostic sessions to identify strengths, areas for improvement, and specific needs, individual mentoring, opportunities for joint reflection, and ongoing support adapted to each phase of the project. All of this will facilitate monitoring, continuous improvement, and the ability to take advantage of emerging opportunities.

Furthermore, the Fundación Occident has joined Ecomar in its *Posidonia Oceanica Replanting Project* to help restore the Mediterranean. This initiative aims to assess techniques for the collection, cultivation, and experimental replanting of oceanic posidonia in new potential areas for the recovery of seagrass meadows.

In terms of **research**, Fundación Occident has begun a collaboration with the BioBizkaia health research Institute and the DalecandELA association to fund a project dedicated to the study of Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS), with the aim of promoting the development of innovative therapies to help slow the progression of the disease.

Fundación Occident also undertakes actions geared towards **financial inclusion** with the goal of training those people with difficulties in developing their economic capacity. Workshops and conferences are held for people with disabilities, where they learn about strategy, entrepreneurship, marketing, finance, legal and regulatory aspects, or people management, among other areas. The Foundation also runs a training plan for young Kenyan women with limited economic resources, providing them with access to secondary education and a trade.

In the area of **Promoting the Arts**, there was a notable increase in the number of actions and beneficiaries in 2025 in the 'Poetízate, poetry in the classroom programme', which seeks to present poetry in a friendly and attractive way to provide adolescents with more communicative and expressive tools.

**It should be noted that GCO and associated entities increased its contribution to Fundación Occident to 4.5 million euros, of which 4.1 million euros were returned to society through a total of 68 social projects in 2025 (3.6 million euros for 68 social projects in 2024).**

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## Fundación Mémora

Fundación Mémora was created in 2016 with the goal of improving society through the knowledge and experiences gained by Mémora throughout its history.

Its mission is to provide help to society by supporting and improving the care of people and their families who are facing the end of life, while also supporting the professionals who care for them.

The action undertaken by Fundación Mémora is based on four cornerstones: awareness-raising, training, research and innovation, and social action.

The first area is geared towards raising **awareness and sensitisation**, publicising strategies for active and healthy ageing, and training people to face death as the final part of life. For this purpose, in different cities, the 'Aulas Mémora' are held. These are a series of outreach sessions in the form of conferences, workshops, concerts, etc., intended for the general population and, especially, for the elderly, caregivers and health personnel.

In the area of **training**, the Foundation aims to be a leading organisation in the education of professionals in the fields of health, social care, and social services. The Foundation offers a broad range of training (courses, conferences, seminars and cycles) and is acknowledged as an organiser of accredited continuing education activities for professionals in the healthcare field.

Regarding **innovation and research**, the Foundation aspires to be a reference entity for all stakeholders related to the end-of-life cycle. In particular, for professionals involved in palliative care services in aspects of improving care for patients and their families. In order to liaise with professionals in the fields of patient care, projects are run in conjunction with the research institutes of the centres.

Finally, in the area of **social action**, emotional support spaces are maintained for family members, professionals, and other groups. These include psychological support for grief, offering services such as: telephone assistance with specialized psychologists, support through the web community 'Your Support Network,' and in-person psychological care, both individual and group.

Additionally, Fundación Mémora has a social reflection project called 'Ciudades que Cuidan'. This project was created with the aim of making care the central focus of municipal actions towards its citizens, highlighting attention at the end of life and specifically trying to prevent and avoid, where possible, death in vulnerability and loneliness. The project is structured into four work areas. The first is the Observatory, which conducts a qualitative analysis of opinions published in the media. The second is the generation of knowledge on topics with entities that bring value to the project. Thirdly, a conceptual framework that integrates and consolidates the set of policies and actions to be developed in a municipality. And finally, an evaluation system that can be distinguished with a Quality Seal, measuring indicators across various categories that impact citizens' lives in a municipality.

**In 2025, Fundación Mémora has allocated 591,758 euros to a total of 4 social projects** (421,631 euros on 4 social projects in 2024).

## Contributions and sponsorships

GCO is committed to a sponsorship strategy that drives sport, social integration and sustainability in general.

During 2025, the Group, operating under its Occident brand, has notably enhanced its presence within the cultural and sporting sectors, consolidating agreements that reflect its commitment to society and the promotion of talent.

Reinforcing its commitment to music, Occident has established itself as a key sponsor by renewing its support for Starlite Occident in Marbella and Madrid, and maintaining its role as naming sponsor for Alma Occident in its editions in Madrid, Barcelona, and, for the first time, Alicante. In addition, Occident has also supported the Cruïlla festival and the iconic Les Nits de Barcelona festival, renewed its partnership with Occident Summerfest Cerdanya, and become the main sponsor of the Polar Sound Occident festival in Baqueira Beret.

In the arts, the company has strengthened its ties with leading cultural institutions. As a Patron of the Guggenheim Museum Bilbao, it has sponsored the first retrospective exhibition in Spain of the artist Barbara Kruger. It has also entered into a new agreement as a benefactor of the Fundació Joan Miró on the occasion of its 50th anniversary. Additionally, it has renewed its collaboration with the Teatre-Auditori Emma Vilasarau in Sant Cugat, reaffirming its longstanding connection with these regions.

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In the sporting arena, Occident promotes sport as a value of self-improvement and teamwork. It has sponsored major events such as the Conde de Godó Trophy and the International Occident Bilbao – Bilbao Cycling Tour. In team sports, it has continued to support various clubs, including the Bera-Bera women's handball team, the men's and women's teams of La Unió Esportiva Sant Cugat across different categories, and the basketball teams Bilbao Basket, Bàsquet Manresa, and Bàsquet Club Andorra. Finally, it has renewed its support for the Baqueira Beret ski resort, consolidating its commitment to the values of sport and the responsible enjoyment of nature.

In total, the amount allocated by the Group to sponsorship projects in 2025 totalled 5.5 million euros (4.6 million euros in 2024). Additionally, the Group is involved in partnership actions with UNESPA, ICEA, the Valle de Aran ski school and the Real Club Tennis de Barcelona. The amount of these partnership actions is 1.8 million euros in the financial year (2.4 million euros in 2024).

## Social action and corporate volunteering

**GCO channels the charitable concerns of its employees through corporate volunteering and generates a culture of collaboration and support among its employees for other social groups in need.**

In 2025, corporate volunteering initiatives continued to be rolled out in the Group's companies, including the following:

- **CHEERS4U:** recreational training featuring Group employees with the aim of learning how to interact with and teach new skills to people with intellectual disabilities.
- **Junior Achievement:** in partnership with Unespa, Group employees gave training sessions in schools to encourage financial education.
- **World Cleanup Day:** Group volunteers from various countries participated in cleanup drives and litter collection initiatives, primarily in coastal areas, reservoirs, rivers, and canals, as part of World Cleanup Day.
- **Fundación Prevent:** mentoring for entrepreneurs with disabilities who receive training at ESADE to assess and enhance their business plan or grants for higher education for students with disabilities for their inclusion in the labour market.
- **Fundación Exit:** a volunteering programme designed to address educational underachievement and the premature abandonment of studies at an early age. Each volunteer serves as a mentor, accompanying a young person aged 16 to 19 in identifying a personal or professional objective, and providing guidance on the steps necessary to attain it.

In addition, Atradius has the Atradius Cares programme, which aims to promote, facilitate and support a variety of social initiatives at the local level, while giving them global visibility. During 2025, Atradius has implemented a total of 106 projects aimed at strengthening its commitment to social action in different communities, contributing a total of €63,902 (€73,093 allocated to 50 initiatives in 2024). These actions are carried out through collaborations with local charities and the implementation of corporate volunteering programmes, which encourage the active participation of employees in activities related to health promotion, environmental protection, solidarity and social inclusion.

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## Contribution to the SDGs

The approval by the UN's General Assembly of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and with this the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) entails the commitment of governments as well as civil society and companies to contribute to their achievement. The activities undertaken by GCO and the work carried out by Fundación Occident enable the organisation to contribute to several of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

### 1 NO POVERTY



- ✓ More than €493,400 donated to educational accompaniment, emotional support and nutrition programmes with Save the Children and the Balia Foundation
- ✓ €24,058 donated to food banks

### 4 QUALITY EDUCATION



- ✓ 22.24 hours of training per employee
- ✓ 9.6% of Fundación Occident's contributions are earmarked for teaching projects
- ✓ More than €150,000 allocated to grants for young people with low family incomes in secondary and higher education centres of reference
- ✓ More than €238,000 allocated to scholarships and grants for young people at high risk of vulnerability to support their academic and professional education, as well as the construction of educational facilities in international cooperation projects

### 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



- ✓ More than 8,900 employees
- ✓ 130 employees with disability
- ✓ 97% with permanent contracts
- ✓ Turnover rate of 7.8%
- ✓ 234.7 million euros accrued in corporate income tax

### 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



- ✓ Range of products and services with environmental coverage
- ✓ Offices with the LEED energy rating
- ✓ Project to install photovoltaic panels at the main buildings

### 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



- ✓ Principles for Sustainable Insurance (PSI)
- ✓ Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) United Nations Global Compact

### 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



- ✓ No occupational illness
- ✓ More than €313,000 donated for training and maternal intervention in international cooperation
- ✓ Employee well-being programme: emotional health workshop
- ✓ More than €557,000 earmarked for R&D&I projects relating to oncological, cardiovascular and dietary diseases.
- ✓ Support for children with complex diagnoses in hospital settings

### 5 GENDER EQUALITY



- ✓ 51% of employees are men and 49% are women
- ✓ Member of the EWI Network, which promotes the presence of women in the management of insurance companies

### 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



- ✓ Grants for job training and entrepreneurship programmes for people at risk of exclusion (disability and/or high vulnerability). 948 hours of corporate volunteering
- ✓ Adapted skiing and sailing sports programmes for young people with disabilities: 345 sportspeople
- ✓ 135 grants in musical and piano training for children in situations of exclusion

### 13 CLIMATE ACTION



- ✓ 'Cleanup Day' volunteering initiative involving rubbish collection drives, primarily in coastal areas, reservoirs, rivers, and canals.
- ✓ €77,160 allocated to environmental education for schoolchildren

### 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS



- ✓ No confirmed cases of corruption
- ✓ 4.3 million euros allocated to contributions and non-profit organisations

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# 07.

## Annex I – Additional taxonomy information



## European taxonomy of environmentally sustainable economic activities

The EU Taxonomy Regulation (EU Regulation 2020/852), which came into force on 12 July 2020, lays down the classification system for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

It deems an activity to be economically sustainable when it substantially contributes to achieving one or more of the six environmental objectives of Taxonomy: 1) climate change mitigation, 2) climate change adaptation, 3) sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources; 4) transition to a circular economy, 5) prevention and control of pollution, and 6) protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems.

Besides making a substantial contribution to at least one of these goals, it must be proven that the economic activity meets established technical screening criteria, does not cause significant harm to the other goals (DNSH) and fulfils the minimum social safeguards (MSS).

Article 8 of the Taxonomy Regulation establishes for all companies required to disclose non-financial information (according to Directive 2013/34/EU), the need to include information on how and to what extent the company's activities are associated with economic activities that are deemed to be environmentally sustainable.

GCO has conducted an analysis of the Taxonomy requirements for its insurance activity, excluding the funeral activity due to its low significance.

### Asset eligibility and alignment according to the EU Taxonomy

This procedure is compulsory throughout the Group, and GCO is in charge of reporting the consolidated Group information required by the Taxonomy.

Within Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178 and amendments thereto (published in June and November 2023), the indicators to be developed by insurance and reinsurance undertakings to calculate the indicators of their investment activities (assets) are explained.

Based on the types of assets on GCO's balance sheet (under IFRS 9 and IFRS 17), those that may affect the denominator and numerator of the key performance indicator have been selected.

- Denominator: assets that are deemed to be within the scope of the indicator of assets covered by the Taxonomy have been selected.
- Numerator: assets that are deemed to be within the scope of the indicator of assets covered by the Taxonomy and which are analysed in order to determine whether or not they are aligned with the Taxonomy.

In accordance with Article 7 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178, the following clarifications are made regarding the scope of assets to be considered in the key performance indicator:

- Exposures to central governments, central banks and supranational issuers are excluded from the calculation of the numerator and denominator of the KPIs for financial firms.
- Derivatives are excluded from the numerator of the key performance indicator for financial undertakings.
- Exposures of firms that are not required to publish non-financial information pursuant to Article 19a or 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU (NFRD) will be excluded from the numerator of the KPI for financial firms.

In order to obtain the eligibility and alignment percentages (and thus compliance with the DNSH and MSS criteria) of the companies that are part of the Group's asset portfolio, the Clarity tool has been used. The amounts of aligned investments have been calculated based on the alignment percentages published by the companies 2024 where GCO has a position at the close of 2025.

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The results obtained for GCO are as follows (figures in thousands of euros):

| Key Performance Indicator (KPI)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The weighted average value of all the investments of insurance or reinsurance undertakings that are directed at funding, or are associated with Taxonomy-aligned economic activities relative to the value of total assets covered by the KPI, with following weights for investments in undertakings per below: | The weighted average value of all the investments of insurance or reinsurance undertakings that are directed at funding, or are associated with Taxonomy-aligned economic activities, with following weights for investments in undertakings per below: |
| Turnover-based: 0.0101%*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover-based: 1,473,026.1*                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Capital expenditures-based: 0.0141%*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Capital expenditures-based: 2,053,117.6*                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| The percentage of assets covered by the KPI relative to total investments of insurance and reinsurance undertakings (total AuM). Excluding investments in sovereign entities.                                                                                                                                    | The monetary value of assets covered by the KPI. Excluding investments in sovereign entities.                                                                                                                                                           |
| Coverage ratio: 89.15%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Coverage: 14,573,225,876.6**                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

\*The KPIs for the weighted average of aligned investments have been calculated using the alignment percentage of each investment based on its weight within GCO's portfolio.

\*\*Covered assets include those that cannot be classified under the categories of aligned, eligible non-aligned, or non-eligible, as information on these assets is not available. The breakdown of the following tables includes those covered assets that could be classified.

| Additional breakdown of the KPI denominator                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The percentage of derivatives relative to total assets covered by the KPI.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | The value in monetary amounts of derivatives.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 0.00%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| The proportion of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                         | Value of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:                                                                                                                                                          |
| Non-financial undertakings: 12.76%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Non-financial undertakings: 1,859,772,271.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Financial undertakings: 19.28%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Financial undertakings: 2,809,090,140.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| The proportion of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings from non-EU countries not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                   | Value of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings from non-EU countries not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:                                                                                                                                    |
| Non-financial undertakings: 9.09%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Non-financial undertakings: 1,324,905,436.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Financial undertakings: 5.47%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Financial undertakings: 797,634,624.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| The proportion of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                             | Value of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:                                                                                                                                                              |
| Non-financial undertakings: 17.02%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Non-financial undertakings: 2,480,085,749.6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Financial undertakings: 14.90%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Financial undertakings: 2,171,923,942.5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| The proportion of exposures to other counterparties and assets over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                                                                                              | Value of exposures to other counterparties:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 36.04%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 5,252,353,747.4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| The proportion of the insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned economic activities: | Value of insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned economic activities: |
| 28.18%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 4,106,209,876.6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The value of all the investments that are funding economic activities that are not Taxonomy-eligible relative to the value of total assets covered by the KPI:              | Value of all the investments that are funding economic activities that are not Taxonomy-eligible:              |
| Turnover-based: 69.69%                                                                                                                                                      | Turnover-based: 10,155,297,589.3                                                                               |
| Capital expenditures-based: 61.21%                                                                                                                                          | Capital expenditures-based: 8,920,567,998.8                                                                    |
| The value of all the investments that are funding Taxonomy-eligible economic activities, but not Taxonomy-aligned relative to the value of total assets covered by the KPI: | Value of all the investments that are funding Taxonomy-eligible economic activities, but not Taxonomy-aligned: |
| Turnover-based: 4.74%                                                                                                                                                       | Turnover-based: 691,157,752.3                                                                                  |
| Capital expenditures-based: 3.53%                                                                                                                                           | Capital expenditures-based: 514,147,597.8                                                                      |

#### Additional breakdown of the KPI numerator

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The proportion of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                        | Value of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:                                                                                                                                             |
| Non-financial undertakings:<br>Turnover-based: 2.75%<br>Capital expenditures-based: 4.41%                                                                                                                                                                                     | Non-financial undertakings:<br>Turnover-based: 401,398,148.3<br>Capital expenditures-based: 642,969,932.0                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Financial undertakings:<br>Turnover-based: 0.73%<br>Capital expenditures-based: 0.69%                                                                                                                                                                                         | Financial undertakings:<br>Turnover-based: 106,671,805.1<br>Capital expenditures-based: 99,922,955.6                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| The proportion of the insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned: | Value of insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned economic activities: |
| Turnover-based: 2.96%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover-based: 431,412,087.2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Capital expenditures-based: 2.11%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Capital expenditures-based: 307,318,997.2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| The proportion of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to other counterparties in over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                                                                 | Value of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to other counterparties over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Turnover-based: 0.11%<br>Based on investments in fixed assets: 0.00%                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Turnover-based: 16,181,461.1<br>Based on investments in fixed assets: 154,049.7                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

\*Calculated based on the value of the covered assets indicated under the headings of Property, Plant and Equipment, and Real Estate Investments in the consolidated GCO Balance Sheet.

#### Breakdown of the numerator of the KPI per environmental objective (Taxonomy-aligned activities)

|                                                                     |                                     |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) Climate change mitigation                                        | Turnover: 3.41%<br>CapEx: 4.99%     | Transition activities: A<br>0.07% (turnover)<br>0.18% (CapEx)<br>Enabling activities: B<br>1.44% (turnover)<br>2.46% (CapEx) |
| 2) Climate change adaptation                                        | Turnover: 0.1285%<br>CapEx: 0.0042% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.1321% (turnover)<br>0.0045% (CapEx)                                                              |
| 3) The sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources | Turnover: 0.0037%<br>CapEx: 0.0019% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0010% (turnover)<br>0.0001% (CapEx)                                                              |

|                                                                  |                                     |                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4) The transition to a circular economy                          | Turnover: 0.0493%<br>CapEx: 0.0971% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0201% (turnover)<br>0.0037% (CapEx) |
| 5) Pollution prevention and control                              | Turnover: 0.0023%<br>CapEx: 0.0040% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0000% (turnover)<br>0.0000% (CapEx) |
| 6) The protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems | Turnover: 0.0000%<br>CapEx: 0.0000% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0000% (turnover)<br>0.0000% (CapEx) |

The following are the templates corresponding to nuclear and fossil energy established in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178:

#### Template 1 Nuclear and fossil gas related activities

| Row | Nuclear energy related activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 1   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to research, development, demonstration and deployment of innovative electricity generation facilities that produce energy from nuclear processes with minimal waste from the fuel cycle.                                                                                        | Yes |
| 2   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction and safe operation of new nuclear installations to produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production, as well as their safety upgrades, using best available technologies. | Yes |
| 3   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to safe operation of existing nuclear installations that produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production from nuclear energy, as well as their safety upgrades.                          | Yes |
| Row | Fossil gas related activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     |
| 4   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction or operation of electricity generation facilities that produce electricity using fossil gaseous fuels.                                                                                                                                                           | Yes |
| 5   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment, and operation of combined heat/cool and power generation facilities using fossil gaseous fuels.                                                                                                                                                  | Yes |
| 6   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment and operation of heat generation facilities that produce heat/cool using fossil gaseous fuels.                                                                                                                                                    | Yes |

#### Information on Turnover (figures in thousands of euros)

##### Template 2 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (denominator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover     |       |                                 |       |                                 |       |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | CCM + CCA    |       | Climate change mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate change adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | Amount       | %     | Amount                          | %     | Amount                          | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €2,381,361.0 | 0.04% | €2,381,361.0                    | 0.04% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|   |                                                                                                                                                                                             |                |       |                |       |               |       |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| 4 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00% | €0.0           | 0.00% | €0.0          | 0.00% |
| 5 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €99,895.5      | 0.00% | €99,895.5      | 0.00% | €0.0          | 0.00% |
| 6 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €32,099.0      | 0.00% | €32,099.0      | 0.00% | €0.0          | 0.00% |
| 7 | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €493,076,433.5 | 7.30% | €450,109,926.3 | 6.67% | €18,721,017.6 | 0.28% |
| 8 | Total applicable KPI                                                                                                                                                                        | €495,589,789.1 | 7.34% | €452,623,281.8 | 6.70% | €18,721,017.6 | 0.28% |

### Template 3 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (numerator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                       | Turnover     |       |                                 |       |                                 |       |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | CCM + CCA    |       | Climate change mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate change adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | Amount       | %     | Amount                          | %     | Amount                          | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €2,381,361.0 | 0.48% | €2,381,361.0                    | 0.48% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €99,895.5    | 0.02% | €99,895.5                       | 0.02% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €32,099.0    | 0.01% | €32,099.0                       | 0.01% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|   |                                                                                                                                                 |                |         |                |        |               |       |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------|----------------|--------|---------------|-------|
| 7 | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €493,076,433.5 | 99.49%  | €450,109,926.3 | 90.82% | €18,721,017.6 | 3.78% |
| 8 | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                      | €495,589,789.1 | 100.00% | €452,623,281.8 | 91.33% | €18,721,017.6 | 3.78% |

#### Template 4 Taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Turnover       |       |                                 |       |                                 |       |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | CCM + CCA      |       | Climate change mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate change adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Amount         | %     | Amount                          | %     | Amount                          | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €291.3         | 0.00% | €291.3                          | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €25,722,116.5  | 0.38% | €25,722,116.5                   | 0.38% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €1,319,961.9   | 0.02% | €1,319,961.9                    | 0.02% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €669.9         | 0.00% | €669.9                          | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €640,397,876.5 | 9.48% | €433,701,310.1                  | 6.42% | €4,402,426.2                    | 0.07% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €667,440,916.1 | 9.88% | €460,744,349.7                  | 6.82% | €4,402,426.2                    | 0.07% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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### Template 5 Taxonomy non-eligible economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Turnover         | %      |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------|
| 1   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 1 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €5,081.6         | 0.00%  |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 2 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €137,998,490.0   | 2.04%  |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 3 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €593,536,810.0   | 8.79%  |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 4 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,173,133,079.9 | 17.37% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 5 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,092,127,389.3 | 16.17% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 6 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €739,845,871.7   | 10.96% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                       | €1,852,973,993.1 | 27.44% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                                                            | €5,589,620,715.5 | 100%   |

\*Since the distribution of the asset's non-eligibility across its activities is unknown, the non-eligibility of each activity has been determined based on the total non-eligibility of the asset rather than just that associated with each individual activity.

### Capex information (figures in thousands of euros)

#### Template 2 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (denominator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                         | CapEx        |       |                          |       |                          |       |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | CCM + CCA    |       | Climate mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | Amount       | %     | Amount                   | %     | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.00                    | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €579,280.8   | 0.01% | €579,280.8               | 0.01% | €0.00                    | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €1,650,667.6 | 0.03% | €1,650,667.6             | 0.03% | €0.00                    | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0         | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.00                    | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €139,950.7   | 0.00% | €139,950.7               | 0.00% | €0.00                    | 0.00% |



|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|   |                                                                                                                                                                                             |                |        |                |        |            |       |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------|------------|-------|
| 6 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €4,715.1       | 0.00%  | €4,715.1       | 0.00%  | €0.0       | 0.00% |
| 7 | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €711,085,251.8 | 12.61% | €695,298,042.8 | 12.33% | €616,424.3 | 0.01% |
| 8 | Total applicable KPI                                                                                                                                                                        | €713,459,866.1 | 12.65% | €697,672,657.0 | 12.37% | €616,424.3 | 0.01% |

### Template 3 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (numerator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                       | CapEx          |       |                          |        |                          |       |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | CCM + CCA      |       | Climate mitigation (CCM) |        | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | Amount         | %     | Amount                   | %      | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €579,280.8     | 0.08% | €579,280.8               | 0.08%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €1,650,667.6   | 0.23% | €1,650,667.6             | 0.23%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €139,950.7     | 0.02% | €139,950.7               | 0.02%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €4,715.1       | 0.00% | €4,715.1                 | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                           | €711,085,251.8 | 99.7% | €695,298,042.8           | 97.45% | €616,424.3               | 0.09% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €713,459,866.1 | 100%  | €697,672,657.0           | 97.79% | €616,424.3               | 0.09% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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#### Template 4 Taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                   | CapEx          |        |                          |       |                          |       |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | CCM + CCA      |        | Climate mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Amount         | %      | Amount                   | %     | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €97.1          | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0           | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €10,412,119.0  | 0.18%  | €10,412,119.0            | 0.18% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €1,180,533.9   | 0.02%  | €1,180,533.9             | 0.02% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €42,160.7      | 0.00%  | €42,160.7                | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €556,989,056.7 | 9.88%  | €459,517,481.6           | 8.15% | €785,408.6               | 0.01% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €568,623,967.4 | 10.09% | €471,152,295.2           | 8.36% | €785,408.6               | 0.01% |

## Template 5 Taxonomy non-eligible economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | CapEx            | %      |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------|
| 1   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 1 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €7,132.8         | 0.00%  |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 2 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €177,304,538.4   | 3.14%  |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 3 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €761,163,203.4   | 13.50% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 4 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,220,374,936.3 | 21.65% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 5 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,151,215,154.8 | 20.42% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 6 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €871,667,192.8   | 15.46% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                       | €174,084,422.1   | 3.09%  |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                                                            | €4,355,816,580.5 | 100.0% |

The amounts in terms of CapEx and Turnover in the tables 'Additional numerator breakdown', 'Template 2', 'Template 3', 'Template 4' and 'Template 5', have been calculated using the eligibility and alignment percentages obtained in Clarity with respect to the amount of the investment.

### Qualitative information on asset eligibility and alignment indicators following the EU Taxonomy

In the denominator, the assets covered have been considered, which are: Goodwill, Intangible Assets, Properties, Land, and Equipment for Own Use, Investment Properties (not for own use), Investments (excluding Index Linked and Unit Linked assets), Participations, Equities, Private Fixed Income, Structured Notes, Collateralised Securities, Investment Funds, Derivatives, Deposits (excluding cash equivalents), Other Investments, Assets Held for Unit-Linked Contracts, Loans and Mortgages, Loans and Mortgages to Individuals, Other Loans and Mortgages, Loans and Policies, Deposits to Cedents, Treasury Shares, Cash and Cash Equivalents.

The following have been considered as potentially eligible assets in the numerator: Investments (excluding Index Linked and Unit Linked assets), Investment Properties (not for own use), Participations, Equities, Private Fixed Income, Structured Notes, Collateralised Securities, Investment Funds, Deposits (excluding cash equivalents), Assets Held for Unit-Linked Contracts, Loans and Mortgages, Loans and Mortgages to Individuals, Other Loans and Mortgages, Loans and Policies.

The eligibility and alignment information for the above assets is obtained through the Clarity tool. Assets with an identifier code not recognised by Clarity, i.e., those without an ISIN, have been analysed separately. The data on issuers was manually obtained from their reports or from other investments by the same issuer that have been uploaded to Clarity.

For **investment funds** for which information is available, a look-through of the fund has been conducted to analyse its eligibility and alignment. Funds for which no information is available have been included as ineligible. Furthermore, intra-Group investments have been deemed covered and ineligible since they are investments defined by regulation, but for which it is not possible to assess their eligibility and alignment.

In the case of **environmentally sustainable bonds (green bonds)** issued by a company, the taxonomy makes it possible to include within the calculation of the KPIs specific information on such financing in relation to its eligibility and alignment. For this reason, the calculation process did not use information on the eligibility and alignment of the company issuing the environmentally sustainable bond, but rather the specific information of the bond, using the Clarity tool. Additionally, the Taxonomy specifies that environmentally sustainable bonds issued by supranational entities, governments, or central banks must be included if the issuer has reported relevant information.

If the issuer has not published specific information about the environmentally sustainable bond, issuer data is used in the same way as for other assets.

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With regard to **real estate**, only properties intended for use by third parties have been considered eligible. To define alignment, an analysis was conducted of the Group's main properties that generate business volume (rental income) during the year, identifying whether they include CapEx (capital expenditure on renovations to improve environmental efficiency is considered). The rest of the properties have been deemed as non-aligned due to their low materiality with regard to the total portfolio.

The amounts computed for eligibility and alignment take into account rental income and CapEx for the properties during the financial year.

Once these criteria have been verified, it has been checked whether the analysed properties comply with the regulatory requirements of activity 7.7 Acquisition and ownership of buildings for the mitigation and adaptation to climate change objectives.

To complete the verification of alignment for the properties that meet the above criteria, their compliance with the DNSH (Do No Significant Harm) principle has been evaluated. For this, a materiality analysis of physical climate risks to which these properties may be exposed has been conducted. In cases where it has been determined that the risk is material, an analysis has been carried out to check whether adaptation solutions are available through a climate risk adaptation plan.

Regarding **real estate investment funds**, an analysis has been conducted to verify the availability of Taxonomy information in accordance with Articles 8 or 9 of the SFDR Regulation. Based on this analysis, each real estate investment fund has been asked for its alignment data. For funds that had such data, it has been taken as a reference for calculating the corresponding KPIs included in the tables reported above. However, for those funds that do not have this information, their underlying assets, i.e. their real estate and infrastructure, have been analysed whenever possible.

The taxonomy information on GCO's real estate and real estate investment funds has been collected by completing questionnaires defined for this purpose.

For comparability purposes, the results achieved in 2024 are shown below (figures in thousands of euros):

| Key Performance Indicator (KPI)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The weighted average value of all the investments of insurance or reinsurance undertakings that are directed at funding, or are associated with Taxonomy-aligned economic activities relative to the value of total assets covered by the KPI, with following weights for investments in undertakings per below: | The weighted average value of all the investments of insurance or reinsurance undertakings that are directed at funding, or are associated with Taxonomy-aligned economic activities, with following weights for investments in undertakings per below: |
| Turnover-based: 0.0080%*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover-based: 1,106.9*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Capital expenditures-based: 0.0118%*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Capital expenditures-based: 1,635.4*                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| The percentage of assets covered by the KPI relative to total investments of insurance and reinsurance undertakings (total AuM). Excluding investments in sovereign entities.                                                                                                                                    | The monetary value of assets covered by the KPI. Excluding investments in sovereign entities.                                                                                                                                                           |
| Coverage ratio: 87%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Coverage: 13,852,741.7**                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

\*The KPIs for the weighted average of aligned investments have been calculated using the alignment percentage of each investment based on its weight within GCO's portfolio.

\*\*Covered assets include those that cannot be classified under the categories of aligned, eligible non-aligned, or non-eligible, as information on these assets is not available. The breakdown of the following tables includes those covered assets that could be classified.

| Additional breakdown of the KPI denominator                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The percentage of derivatives relative to total assets covered by the KPI.                                                                                                | The value in monetary amounts of derivatives.                                                                               |
| 0.00%                                                                                                                                                                     | 0                                                                                                                           |
| The proportion of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI: | Value of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU: |
| Non-financial undertakings: 12.53%                                                                                                                                        | Non-financial undertakings: 1,735,144.0                                                                                     |
| Financial undertakings: 18.07%                                                                                                                                            | Financial undertakings: 2,503,225.8                                                                                         |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>The proportion of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings from non-EU countries not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:</p> <p>Non-financial undertakings: 8.81%</p> <p>Financial undertakings: 5.40%</p>                                   | <p>Value of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings from non-EU countries not subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:</p> <p>Non-financial undertakings: 1,220,775.3</p> <p>Financial undertakings: 748,215.2</p>                                                               |
| <p>The proportion of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:</p> <p>Non-financial undertakings: 18.59%</p> <p>Financial undertakings: 14.82%</p>                                                           | <p>Value of exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:</p> <p>Non-financial undertakings: 2,575,406.5</p> <p>Financial undertakings: 2,053,358.1</p>                                                                                       |
| <p>The proportion of exposures to other counterparties and assets over total assets covered by the KPI:</p> <p>35.99%</p>                                                                                                                                                                                              | <p>Value of exposures to other counterparties:</p> <p>4,985,607.2</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <p>The proportion of the insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned economic activities:</p> <p>27.46%</p> | <p>Value of insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned economic activities:</p> <p>3,804,095.1</p> |
| <p>The value of all the investments that are funding economic activities that are not Taxonomy-eligible relative to the value of total assets covered by the KPI:</p> <p>Turnover-based: 71.61%</p> <p>Capital expenditures-based: 62.08%</p>                                                                          | <p>Value of all the investments that are funding economic activities that are not Taxonomy-eligible:</p> <p>Turnover-based: 9,920,237.9</p> <p>Capital expenditures-based: 8,600,146.2</p>                                                                                                                     |
| <p>The value of all the investments that are funding Taxonomy-eligible economic activities, but not Taxonomy-aligned relative to the value of total assets covered by the KPI:</p> <p>Turnover-based: 4.10%</p> <p>Capital expenditures-based: 3.47%</p>                                                               | <p>Value of all the investments that are funding Taxonomy-eligible economic activities, but not Taxonomy-aligned:</p> <p>Turnover-based: 567,885.5</p> <p>Capital expenditures-based: 481,040.9</p>                                                                                                            |

#### Additional breakdown of the KPI numerator

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>The proportion of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU over total assets covered by the KPI:</p> <p>Non-financial undertakings:<br/>Turnover-based: 2.68%<br/>Capital expenditures-based: 4.10%</p> <p>Financial undertakings:<br/>Turnover-based: 0.49%</p> <p>Capital expenditures-based: 0.45%</p> | <p>Value of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to financial and non-financial undertakings subject to Articles 19a and 29a of Directive 2013/34/EU:</p> <p>Non-financial undertakings:<br/>Turnover-based: 370,748.2<br/>Capital expenditures-based: 567,760.5</p> <p>Financial undertakings:<br/>Turnover-based: 67,847.4</p> <p>Capital expenditures-based: 63,003.5</p> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The proportion of the insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned: | Value of insurance or reinsurance undertaking's investments other than investments held in respect of life insurance contracts where the investment risk is borne by the policy holders, that are directed at funding, or are associated with, Taxonomy-aligned economic activities: |
| Turnover-based: 2.78%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover-based: 385,311.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Capital expenditures-based: 2.98%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Capital expenditures-based: 413,012.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| The proportion of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to other counterparties in over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                                                                 | Value of Taxonomy-aligned exposures to other counterparties over total assets covered by the KPI:                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Turnover-based: 1.33%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover-based: 14,198.9                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Based on investments in fixed assets: 0.02%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Based on investments in fixed assets: 217.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

\*Calculated based on the value of the covered assets indicated under the headings of Property, Plant and Equipment, and Real Estate Investments in the consolidated GCO Balance Sheet.

#### Breakdown of the numerator of the KPI per environmental objective (Taxonomy-aligned activities)

|                                                                     |                                     |                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) Climate change mitigation                                        | Turnover: 3.10%<br>CapEx: 4.54%     | Transition activities: A<br>0.04% (turnover)<br>0.09% (CapEx)<br>Enabling activities: B<br>1.84% (turnover)<br>2.70% (CapEx) |
| 2) Climate change adaptation                                        | Turnover: 0.1392%<br>CapEx: 0.0031% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0573% (turnover)<br>0.0010% (CapEx)                                                              |
| 3) The sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources | Turnover: 0.0030%<br>CapEx: 0.0006% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0017% (turnover)<br>0.0002% (CapEx)                                                              |
| 4) The transition to a circular economy                             | Turnover: 0.0197%<br>CapEx: 0.0093% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0149% (turnover)<br>0.0063% (CapEx)                                                              |
| 5) Pollution prevention and control                                 | Turnover: 0.0032%<br>CapEx: 0.0064% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0000% (turnover)<br>0.0000% (CapEx)                                                              |
| 6) The protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems    | Turnover: 0.0000%<br>CapEx: 0.0000% | Enabling activities: B<br>0.0000% (turnover)<br>0.0000% (CapEx)                                                              |

The following are the templates corresponding to nuclear and fossil energy established in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214 amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178:

#### Template 1 Nuclear and fossil gas related activities

| Row | Nuclear energy related activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 1   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to research, development, demonstration and deployment of innovative electricity generation facilities that produce energy from nuclear processes with minimal waste from the fuel cycle.                                                                                        | Yes |
| 2   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction and safe operation of new nuclear installations to produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production, as well as their safety upgrades, using best available technologies. | Yes |
| 3   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to safe operation of existing nuclear installations that produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production from nuclear energy, as well as their safety upgrades.                          | Yes |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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| Row | Fossil gas related activities                                                                                                                                                       |     |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 4   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction or operation of electricity generation facilities that produce electricity using fossil gaseous fuels.          | Yes |
| 5   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment, and operation of combined heat/cool and power generation facilities using fossil gaseous fuels. | Yes |
| 6   | The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment and operation of heat generation facilities that produce heat/cool using fossil gaseous fuels.   | Yes |

### Information on Turnover (figures in thousands of euros)

#### Template 2 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (denominator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                         | Turnover   |       |                                 |       |                                 |       |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | CCM + CCA  |       | Climate change mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate change adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | Amount     | %     | Amount                          | %     | Amount                          | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €14.9      | 0.00% | €14.9                           | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €2.1       | 0.00% | €2.1                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €2,918.2   | 0.05% | €2,918.2                        | 0.05% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0       | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €74.1      | 0.00% | €74.1                           | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €72.6      | 0.00% | €72.6                           | 0.00% | €0.0                            | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €383,323.4 | 6.47% | €345,562.6                      | 5.83% | €19,413.9                       | 0.33% |
| 8   | Total applicable KPI                                                                                                                                                                        | €386,405.4 | 6.52% | €348,644.6                      | 5.89% | €19,413.9                       | 0.33% |



|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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### Template 3 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (numerator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                       | Turnover   |       |                          |       |                          |       |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | CCM + CCA  |       | Climate mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | Amount     | %     | Amount                   | %     | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €14.9      | 0.00% | €14.9                    | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €2.1       | 0.00% | €2.1                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €2,918.2   | 0.05% | €2,918.2                 | 0.05% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €0.0       | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €74.1      | 0.00% | €74.1                    | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €72.6      | 0.00% | €72.6                    | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                           | €383,323.4 | 6.47% | €345,562.6               | 5.83% | €19,413.9                | 0.33% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €386,405.4 | 6.52% | €348,644.6               | 5.89% | €19,413.9                | 0.33% |

### Template 4 Taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Turnover  |       |                          |       |                          |       |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | CCM + CCA |       | Climate mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Amount    | %     | Amount                   | %     | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0      | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |       |            |       |          |       |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|----------|-------|
| 2 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €1.2       | 0.00% | €1.2       | 0.00% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 3 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €6.7       | 0.00% | €6.7       | 0.00% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 4 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €27,120.3  | 0.46% | €27,120.3  | 0.46% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 5 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €1,926.0   | 0.03% | €1,926.0   | 0.03% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 6 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €10.6      | 0.00% | €10.6      | 0.00% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 7 | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €250,387.6 | 4.23% | €81,928.3  | 1.38% | €8,055.6 | 0.14% |
| 8 | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €279,452.4 | 4.72% | €110,993.1 | 1.87% | €8,055.6 | 0.14% |

#### Template 5 Taxonomy non-eligible economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Turnover     | %      |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|
| 1   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 1 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €602,780.6   | 10.18% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 2 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €608,410.3   | 10.27% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 3 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €702,150.2   | 11.85% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 4 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,024,100.8 | 17.29% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 5 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €985,059.9   | 16.63% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |              |        |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|
| 6 | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 6 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €647,267.7   | 10.93% |
| 7 | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                       | €1,608,767.4 | 27.16% |
| 8 | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                                                            | €5,257,619.0 | 100%   |

\*Since the distribution of the asset's non-eligibility across its activities is unknown, the non-eligibility of each activity has been determined based on the total non-eligibility of the asset rather than just that associated with each individual activity.

### Capex information (figures in thousands of euros)

#### Template 2 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (denominator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                         | CapEx      |        |                          |        |                          |       |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | CCM + CCA  |        | Climate mitigation (CCM) |        | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                             | Amount     | %      | Amount                   | %      | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €11.0      | 0.00%  | €11.0                    | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €329.8     | 0.01%  | €329.8                   | 0.01%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €2,227.5   | 0.05%  | €2,227.5                 | 0.05%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €289.2     | 0.01%  | €289.2                   | 0.01%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €383.9     | 0.01%  | €383.9                   | 0.01%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €28.2      | 0.00%  | €28.2                    | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €658,153.1 | 13.54% | €654,803.5               | 13.48% | €492.8                   | 0.01% |
| 8   | Total applicable KPI                                                                                                                                                                        | €661,422.8 | 13.61% | €658,073.1               | 13.54% | €492.8                   | 0.01% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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### Template 3 Taxonomy-aligned economic activities (numerator)

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                       | CapEx      |        |                          |        |                          |       |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | CCM + CCA  |        | Climate mitigation (CCM) |        | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                           | Amount     | %      | Amount                   | %      | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €11.0      | 0.00%  | €11.0                    | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €329.8     | 0.05%  | €329.8                   | 0.05%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €2,227.5   | 0.34%  | €2,227.5                 | 0.34%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €289.2     | 0.04%  | €289.2                   | 0.04%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €383.9     | 0.06%  | €383.9                   | 0.06%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the numerator of the applicable KPI | €28.2      | 0.00%  | €28.2                    | 0.00%  | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                           | €658,153.1 | 99.51% | €654,803.5               | 99.00% | €492.8                   | 0.07% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the numerator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €661,422.8 | 100%   | €658,073.1               | 99.49% | €492.8                   | 0.07% |

### Template 4 Taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                   | CapEx     |       |                          |       |                          |       |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | CCM + CCA |       | Climate mitigation (CCM) |       | Climate adaptation (CCA) |       |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Amount    | %     | Amount                   | %     | Amount                   | %     |
| 1   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.0      | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €0.3      | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% | €0.0                     | 0.00% |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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|   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |       |            |       |          |       |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------|------------|-------|----------|-------|
| 3 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €1.9       | 0.00% | €1.9       | 0.00% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 4 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €6,960.5   | 0.14% | €6,960.5   | 0.14% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 5 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €758.2     | 0.02% | €758.2     | 0.02% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 6 | Amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activity referred to in Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to (EU) Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI | €61.7      | 0.00% | €61.7      | 0.00% | €0.0     | 0.00% |
| 7 | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                           | €251,318.3 | 5.17% | €153,270.1 | 3.15% | €5,432.2 | 0.11% |
| 8 | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-eligible but not taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                | €259,100.9 | 5.33% | €161,052.4 | 3.31% | €5,432.2 | 0.11% |

#### Template 5 Taxonomy non-eligible economic activities

| Row | Economic activities                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | CapEx        | %      |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------|
| 1   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 1 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.26 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €713,218.2   | 14.68% |
| 2   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 2 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.27 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €720,619.0   | 14.83% |
| 3   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 3 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.28 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €838,042.5   | 17.25% |
| 4   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 4 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.29 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,041,546.0 | 21.43% |
| 5   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 5 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.30 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €1,049,565.8 | 21.60% |
| 6   | Amount and proportion of economic activity referred to in row 6 of Template 1 that is taxonomy-non-eligible in accordance with Section 4.31 of Annexes I and II to Delegated Regulation 2021/2139 in the denominator of the applicable KPI * | €746,769.1   | 15.37% |
| 7   | Amount and proportion of other taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities not referred to in rows 1 to 6 above in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                       | €1,818,573.8 | 37.42% |
| 8   | Total amount and proportion of taxonomy-non-eligible economic activities in the denominator of the applicable KPI                                                                                                                            | €3,938,825.0 | 100%   |

The amounts in terms of CapEx and Turnover in the tables 'Additional numerator breakdown', 'Template 2', 'Template 3', 'Template 4' and 'Template 5', have been calculated using the eligibility and alignment percentages obtained in Clarity with respect to the amount of the investment.

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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## Eligibility and underwriting alignment according to EU Taxonomy

Under Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178 and its amendments (published in June and November of 2023), the indicators to be developed by insurance and reinsurance companies in relation to their activities are explained. In order to calculate these indicators, the information has been extracted from the Non-Life insurance activity and from the reinsurance activity.

| Economic activities                                                                                                                                     | Do No Significant Harm (DNSH) |                                   |                                   |                           |                            |                  |           |                             |                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                         | Absolute premiums, year 2024  | Proportion of premiums, year 2024 | Proportion of premiums, year 2023 | Mitigating climate change | Water and marine resources | Circular economy | Pollution | Biodiversity and ecosystems | Minimum safeguards |
|                                                                                                                                                         | Thousand €                    | %                                 | %                                 | Y/N                       | Y/N                        | Y/N              | Y/N       | Y/N                         | Y/N                |
| A.1. Non-life insurance and reinsurance underwriting Taxonomy-aligned activities (environmentally sustainable)                                          | 180,328.7                     | 3.80%                             | 3.80%                             | Y                         | Y                          | Y                | Y         | Y                           | Y                  |
| A.1.1 Of which reinsured                                                                                                                                | N/A                           | N/A                               | N/A                               | -                         | -                          | -                | -         | -                           | -                  |
| A.1.2 Of which stemming from reinsurance activity                                                                                                       | N/A                           | N/A                               | N/A                               | -                         | -                          | -                | -         | -                           | -                  |
| A1.2.1 Of which reinsured (retrocession)                                                                                                                | N/A                           | N/A                               | N/A                               | -                         | -                          | -                | -         | -                           | -                  |
| A.2. Non-life insurance and reinsurance underwriting Taxonomy-Eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities) | 536.1                         | 0.01%                             | 0.02%                             |                           |                            |                  |           |                             |                    |
| B. Non-life insurance and reinsurance underwriting Taxonomy-non-eligible activities                                                                     | 4,559,130.0                   | 96.18%                            | 96.20%                            |                           |                            |                  |           |                             |                    |
| <b>Total (A.1 + A.2 + B)</b>                                                                                                                            | <b>4,739,994.8</b>            | <b>100%</b>                       | <b>100%</b>                       |                           |                            |                  |           |                             |                    |

### Qualitative information on eligibility and underwriting alignment indicators following the EU Taxonomy

For the eligibility analysis, all Non-Life business in the scope of the GCO study was thoroughly analysed. The study identified the classes of business that directly provide cover for at least one weather risk based on the table in Appendix A to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2139. The eligible premium volume takes into account premiums related exclusively to one weather risk.

In order to calculate the information reported, the information obtained from the Group's various information management systems has been used. The information found in each of these systems is at a different level of granularity and it has not always been possible to identify the premium linked to weather risks. As a result, there are two different situations depending on the information available:

- Breakdown of the premium at the guarantee level: in these cases the eligible premium has been obtained by applying the percentage of weather coverage to the total premium of the policy. To this end, only guarantees related to atmospheric phenomena have been selected.
- Historical series of claims: in cases in which it has not been possible to break down the premium by guarantees, but it has been possible to identify the presence of weather cover, an approximation has been made based on claims data.

Since the entry into force of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 and the obligation to report eligibility and alignment indicators with the Taxonomy, GCO has actively worked on adapting our products to maximise compliance with the Technical Selection Criteria (TSC). Additionally, data collection and analysis capabilities have been improved through the use of specialised tools such as SAS, which allow for more precise evaluation of the eligibility and alignment of our premiums with the objectives of the Taxonomy. These improvements contribute to better traceability of the reported information, optimising the information flow between data platforms and the required reporting templates, facilitating more consistent, transparent, and auditable tracking.

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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The calculation of the alignment involves analysing three blocks:

1. **Technical Selection Criteria (TSC):** compliance has been thoroughly analysed for each of the eligible lines of business obtained above. The Taxonomy information for GCO's TSC analysis was collected by completing questionnaires supported by a solid evidence base. Below is a description of how the company complies with each TSC:
  - TSC 1.1: the insurance activity uses advanced modelling techniques through prospective climate scenario analysis conducted by the Risk Area.
  - TSC 1.2: GCO publicly discloses how it takes climate risks into account in its Sustainability Report.
  - TSC 1.3: climate coverage is pre-established as a default, regardless of the insurance type, encouraging its purchase and ensuring risk reduction.
  - TSC 1.4: after a climate risk event, the company has a procedure to assess and contact the customer based on the claims experience to establish renewal conditions.
  - TSC 2.1: premium pricing establishes a lower premium based on available preventive measures (e.g., in home insurance, if the property is finished with heat- and fire-resistant materials, the exposure to risk is lower, thus resulting in a lower premium).
  - TSC 2.2: the company provides articles, commercial notes and information on its website regarding preventive measures that can be adopted to reduce risk.
  - TSC 3.1: the products in the lines considered in the eligibility and alignment indicators include coverage for climate-related phenomena.
  - TSC 3.2: the product terms include coverage related to secondary effects arising from natural risks (for example: secondary effects of fires resulting from smoke, vapours, dust, etc.).
  - TSC 4.1 and 4.2: GCO shares information with the Insurance Compensation Consortium free of charge.
  - TSC 5: the company has internal procedures in place that allow for a high level of service in the event of large-scale claims, and informs brokers and customers about the available channels to report a claim.
2. **DNSH criteria:** in order to fulfil this criterion, the volume of eligible premiums obtained from customers with fossil fuel-related NACE's has been extracted from the volume of eligible premiums.
3. **MSS criteria:** GCO fulfils the Minimum Social Safeguards as set out in the due diligence procedures and policies, including those required by the taxonomy regarding respect for and compliance with the following principles and statements:
  - OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
  - ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work
  - UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
  - International Bill of Human Rights

On the basis of the information obtained from the above analysis, the percentage of alignment of eligible bonuses has been calculated.

The data used to calculate the KPIs correspond to the data included in GCO's Consolidated Directors' Report (based on IFRS 4). Reconciliation with the figures included in the financial statements (based on IFRS 17 standards) is provided in Note 18, Financial Information by Segment in the Annual Accounts Report 2025 of GCO.

Finally, it is important to highlight that the implementation of the Taxonomy has resulted in a structural change in the way we operate, promoting a more sustainable approach to underwriting activity. Significant progress has been made in adapting products and optimising processes. However, GCO will continue to work towards overcoming the operational and methodological challenges posed by this regulatory framework.



|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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# 08.

## Annex II – Additional information Law 11/2018

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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## Additional information Law 11/2018

### Social and employees matters

| Distribution by employment category and gender | 2024         |              |              | 2025         |              |              |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                | Men          | Women        | Total        | Men          | Women        | Total        |
| Administrative support                         | 1,135        | 1,278        | 2,413        | 1,121        | 1,296        | 2,417        |
| Qualified administration and sales staff       | 2,215        | 2,436        | 4,651        | 2,238        | 2,418        | 4,656        |
| Middle management and technical supervision    | 1,076        | 636          | 1,712        | 1,075        | 681          | 1,756        |
| Executives                                     | 125          | 27           | 152          | 123          | 28           | 151          |
| <b>Total</b>                                   | <b>4,551</b> | <b>4,377</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>4,557</b> | <b>4,423</b> | <b>8,980</b> |

| Distribution by contract type and age | 2024       |              |              |              | 2025       |              |              |              |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                       | < 30 years | 30-50 years  | > 50 years   | Total        | < 30 years | 30-50 years  | > 50 years   | Total        |
| Permanent – Full-time                 | 659        | 3,926        | 3,096        | 7,681        | 739        | 3,967        | 3,039        | 7,745        |
| Permanent – Part-time                 | 40         | 555          | 430          | 1,025        | 31         | 526          | 408          | 965          |
| Temporary – Full-time                 | 79         | 69           | 14           | 162          | 100        | 91           | 21           | 212          |
| Temporary – Part-time                 | 16         | 32           | 12           | 60           | 18         | 27           | 13           | 58           |
| <b>Total</b>                          | <b>794</b> | <b>4,582</b> | <b>3,552</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>888</b> | <b>4,611</b> | <b>3,481</b> | <b>8,980</b> |

| Distribution by contract type and employment category | 2024           |                                          |                                             |            |              | 2025           |                                          |                                             |            |              |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
|                                                       | Admin. support | Qualified administration and sales staff | Middle management and technical supervision | Executives | Total        | Admin. support | Qualified administration and sales staff | Middle management and technical supervision | Executives | Total        |
| Permanent – Full-time                                 | 1,822          | 4,077                                    | 1,631                                       | 151        | 7,681        | 1,796          | 4,113                                    | 1,685                                       | 151        | 7,745        |
| Permanent – Part-time                                 | 417            | 533                                      | 74                                          | 1          | 1,025        | 392            | 506                                      | 67                                          | 0          | 965          |
| Temporary – Full-time                                 | 121            | 37                                       | 4                                           | 0          | 162          | 175            | 34                                       | 3                                           | 0          | 212          |
| Temporary – Part-time                                 | 53             | 4                                        | 3                                           | 0          | 60           | 54             | 3                                        | 1                                           | 0          | 58           |
| <b>Total</b>                                          | <b>2,413</b>   | <b>4,651</b>                             | <b>1,712</b>                                | <b>152</b> | <b>8,928</b> | <b>2,417</b>   | <b>4,656</b>                             | <b>1,756</b>                                | <b>151</b> | <b>8,980</b> |

| Redundancies by age and gender | 2024      |           |            | 2025      |           |            |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
|                                | Men       | Women     | Total      | Men       | Women     | Total      |
| < 30 years                     | 9         | 5         | 14         | 11        | 4         | 15         |
| 30-50                          | 47        | 33        | 80         | 32        | 30        | 62         |
| > 50 years                     | 16        | 13        | 29         | 12        | 13        | 25         |
| <b>Total</b>                   | <b>72</b> | <b>51</b> | <b>123</b> | <b>55</b> | <b>47</b> | <b>102</b> |

| Redundancies by professional category and gender | 2024      |           |            | 2025      |           |            |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
|                                                  | Men       | Women     | Total      | Men       | Women     | Total      |
| Administrative support                           | 31        | 26        | 57         | 25        | 19        | 44         |
| Qualified administration and sales staff         | 20        | 20        | 40         | 26        | 20        | 46         |
| Middle management and technical supervision      | 17        | 4         | 21         | 3         | 6         | 9          |
| Executives                                       | 4         | 1         | 5          | 1         | 2         | 3          |
| <b>Total</b>                                     | <b>72</b> | <b>51</b> | <b>123</b> | <b>55</b> | <b>47</b> | <b>102</b> |

| Training by professional category and gender | 2024           |                |                | 2025           |               |                |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
|                                              | Men            | Women          | Total          | Men            | Women         | Total          |
| Administrative support                       | 27,039         | 32,834         | 59,873         | 19,212         | 26,848        | 46,059         |
| Qualified administration and sales staff     | 51,121         | 50,918         | 102,039        | 51,210         | 52,144        | 103,354        |
| Middle management and technical supervision  | 29,325         | 21,417         | 50,742         | 25,271         | 19,507        | 44,779         |
| Executives                                   | 2,665          | 679            | 3,344          | 4,609          | 931           | 5,540          |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | <b>110,150</b> | <b>105,848</b> | <b>215,998</b> | <b>100,302</b> | <b>99,430</b> | <b>199,732</b> |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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| Average remuneration by professional category and gender and pay gap |           | 2024   | 2025   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| Administrative support                                               | Men       | 16.2   | 16.6   |
|                                                                      | Women     | 15.8   | 16.2   |
|                                                                      | Ratio W/M | 2.5 %  | 2.4 %  |
| Qualified administration and sales staff                             | Men       | 31.40  | 31.80  |
|                                                                      | Women     | 26.90  | 27.60  |
|                                                                      | Ratio W/M | 14.4 % | 13.1 % |
| Middle management and technical supervision                          | Men       | 48.80  | 49.80  |
|                                                                      | Women     | 40.10  | 40.60  |
|                                                                      | Ratio W/M | 17.7 % | 18.5 % |
| Executives                                                           | Men       | 116.60 | 109.10 |
|                                                                      | Women     | 86.80  | 95.80  |
|                                                                      | Ratio W/M | 25.5 % | 12.2 % |

| Average remuneration by age and gender and pay gap |           | 2024   | 2025   |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| < 30 years                                         | Men       | 18.9   | 19.3   |
|                                                    | Women     | 16.6   | 17.4   |
|                                                    | Ratio W/M | 12.1 % | 9.8 %  |
| 30-50 years                                        | Men       | 29.6   | 31.0   |
|                                                    | Women     | 24.6   | 26.1   |
|                                                    | Ratio W/M | 16.7 % | 15.6 % |
| > 50 years                                         | Men       | 42.1   | 42.2   |
|                                                    | Women     | 30.5   | 30.5   |
|                                                    | Ratio W/M | 27.7 % | 27.7 % |

The information on average remuneration by gender and pay gap is calculate in line with the CSRD, calculating the average remuneration per hour worked and the pay gap as the ratio of the difference between the average remuneration of men and the average remuneration of women to the average remuneration of men.

| Remuneration of directors* (figures in thousands of euros) | 2024    | 2025    |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Average non-executive directors men                        | 242.8   | 298.6   |
| Average non-executive directors women                      | 230.1   | 234.6   |
| Average executive directors men**                          | 1,293.5 | 1,463.0 |
| Total remuneration of directors                            | 3,440.7 | 3,659.8 |

\*This includes the remuneration of executive and non-executive directors of the Company both in this and in the other Group companies.

\*\*Refers to the company's sole executive director. Information on the average number of female executive directors is not included, since this position is not held by a female executive director.

| Accident rate indicators                       | 2024      |           | 2025      |           |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                | Men       | Women     | Men       | Women     |
| No. of accidents with sick leave               | 60        | 37        | 58        | 53        |
| No. of days lost due to accident with leave    | 2,606     | 1,016     | 1,810     | 2,485     |
| No. of hours actually worked                   | 7,314,312 | 6,984,592 | 8,424,070 | 8,165,375 |
| No. of deaths (as a result of a work accident) | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| No. of professional illnesses detected         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         |
| Frequency index**                              | 8.2       | 5.3       | 7         | 6         |
| Severity index***                              | 0.4       | 0.1       | 0.2       | 0.3       |
| Death rate****                                 | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         |

| Absenteeism          | 2024    | 2025    |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| Hours of absenteeism | 607,259 | 706,029 |

\* The hours worked have been reported according to the collective agreement to standardise the criteria between Occident and Atradius.

\*\*Frequency index: No. of accidents with sick leave/no. of hours actually worked) \* 1,000,000

\*\*\* Severity index = (No. of lost days due to accidents with sick leave / no. of hours actually worked) \* 1,000

\*\*\*\* Fatality rate = (No. of fatalities due to work accidents / no. of hours actually worked) \* 1,000,000

| Index                         |                            |                             | Sustainability Report      |                               |  |
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## Society

| Economic value generated and distributed (figures in millions of euros) |                                                                                                                   | 2024           | 2025           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Economic value distributed</b>                                       |                                                                                                                   | <b>5,065.0</b> | <b>5,928.7</b> |
| Customers                                                               | Payment of the insured benefits upon occurrence of the damage or eventuality foreseen in the insurance contracts. | 2,940.2        | 3,133.8        |
| Public administrations                                                  | Payment of taxes (social security contributions, corporate income tax, surcharges levied and input VAT.           | 724.8          | 751.3          |
| Intermediaries                                                          | Payment of commissions to agents and brokers for services provided.                                               | 689.9          | 733.5          |
| Employees                                                               | Employees expenses (salaries, employee benefits, training, etc.).                                                 | 568.6          | 597.7          |
| Shareholders                                                            | Dividends paid by the Group to shareholders.                                                                      | 137.6          | 708.1          |
| Foundations and non-profit organisations                                | Contributions of Group companies made to foundations and non-profit organisations.                                | 3.9            | 4.3            |
| <b>Economic value retained</b>                                          |                                                                                                                   | <b>126.0</b>   | <b>265.5</b>   |
| <b>Direct economic value generated</b>                                  |                                                                                                                   | <b>5,191.1</b> | <b>6,194.3</b> |

GCO has not made any contributions to political parties neither in the current financial year nor in the previous one year.

| Profit and taxes by country<br>(figures in millions of euros) | 2024         |              |              | 2025         |              |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                               | Profit       | Tax accrued  | Tax paid     | Profit       | Tax accrued  | Tax paid     |
| Spain                                                         | 509.8        | 108.1        | 114.5        | 578.1        | 147.4        | 105.2        |
| Netherlands                                                   | 27.9         | 19.8         | 7.4          | 63.5         | 6.6          | 15           |
| Germany                                                       | 68.3         | 22.6         | 7.3          | 49.9         | 16.9         | 10           |
| United Kingdom                                                | 50.3         | 13.2         | 13.2         | 49.2         | 8.9          | 18.5         |
| Belgium                                                       | 29.6         | 7.6          | 10.5         | 32.2         | 8.2          | 9.6          |
| France                                                        | 16.9         | 4.3          | 5.8          | 36.5         | 9.4          | -0.7         |
| Italy                                                         | 29.7         | 8.3          | 6.4          | 10           | 3.2          | 8.3          |
| United States                                                 | 23.1         | 5.1          | 5.7          | 24.5         | 5.4          | 4.9          |
| Denmark                                                       | -1.4         | 0            | 1.9          | 11.3         | 2.8          | 0.2          |
| Australia                                                     | 13.3         | 5.1          | 2.4          | 16.6         | 4.2          | 3.4          |
| Portugal                                                      | 7.2          | 2.4          | 2.3          | 6.1          | 2.3          | 2.2          |
| Hong Kong                                                     | 34.4         | 2.6          | 3.1          | 13.9         | 1.5          | 0            |
| Ireland                                                       | 21.4         | 2.8          | 6.3          | 54.7         | 7.7          | 6.2          |
| Greece                                                        | 4.8          | 1.1          | 2.1          | 0.9          | 0.3          | 0.3          |
| Norway                                                        | 2.4          | 0.6          | 1.5          | 5.6          | 1.4          | 0.8          |
| Russia                                                        | -0.1         | 0            | 0            | -0.1         | 0            | 0            |
| Switzerland                                                   | 24.3         | 5.2          | 2            | -1           | -0.1         | -0.3         |
| Rest of Europe                                                | 21.4         | 5.9          | 1.5          | 21.3         | 4.9          | 3.6          |
| Rest of OECD                                                  | 16.1         | 5.7          | 4.5          | 7.6          | 1.7          | 2.7          |
| Rest of the World                                             | 23.3         | 4.9          | 1.8          | 11.5         | 1.9          | 2.4          |
| <b>Total</b>                                                  | <b>922.7</b> | <b>225.2</b> | <b>200.1</b> | <b>992.4</b> | <b>234.7</b> | <b>192.2</b> |

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## Non-Financial Information Statement (NFIS) content index

The following table contains the pages of this Report in which the information required by Spanish Law 11/2018, of 28 December, on non-financial information and diversity, can be found.

| INFORMATION REQUESTED BY LAW 11/2018                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | REPORTING/<br>REFERENCE<br>FRAMEWORK                                                                          | PAGE OR DIRECT<br>RESPONSE                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>General Information</b>                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
| Business model                                            | Brief description of the group's business model (business environment and organisation)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | ESRS 2 MDR-P, ESRS 2 SBM-1, E1-2, E1-4, S1-1, S1-5, S1-6, S2-1, S2-5, S4-1, S4-5, G1-1                        | 66, 67, 70-82, 87-104, 105, 106 107, 110, 117, 118, 125 and 126                                                         |
|                                                           | Geographical presence                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
|                                                           | Objectives and strategies of the organisation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
|                                                           | Main factors and trends that could affect its future performance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
| Policies                                                  | Description of the policies applied by the Group regarding these issues, including due diligence procedures applied for identifying, assessing, preventing and mitigating significant risks and impacts, and verification and control procedures, including what measures have been adopted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | ESRS 2 MDR-P, E1-2, S1-1, S2-1, S4-1, G1-1                                                                    | 66, 67, 70, 79, 90, 91, 104, 110, 117, 118, 125 and 126                                                                 |
| Results of the policies                                   | The results of those policies, including relevant non-financial KPIs to enable monitoring and assessment of progress and to support comparability across companies and sectors, in line with the national, European or international frameworks used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ESRS 2 MDR-P, MDR-M, E1-2, E1-3, E1-4, S1-1, S1-3, S1-4, S1-5, S4-1, S4-3, S4-4, S4-5, G1-1, G1-2, G1-3, G1-5 | 66, 67, 70, 79-82, 87-92, 95, 96, 96, 97, 98, 99, 104, 106, 108-110, 111, 112, 113, 117, 118, 125, 126, 131-135 and 161 |
| Risks                                                     | The main risks related to those issues linked to the group's activities, including, where relevant and proportionate, its business relationships, products or services that may have negative effects in these fields and how the group manages these risks, explaining the procedures used to detect and evaluate them in accordance with the national, European or international reference frameworks for each area. Information must be included on any impacts detected, with a breakdown of the impacts, in particular the main short-, medium- and long-term risks. | ESRS 2 GOV-5<br>ESRS 2 IRO-1<br>ESRS 2 SBM-3                                                                  | 69, 73, 74, 76-78, 79, 87-90, 101-103, 108-110, 115 and 116                                                             |
| Reporting framework                                       | Mention in the report of the national, European or international reporting framework used for the selection of key indicators of non-financial results included in each section                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ESRS 2 BP-1<br>ESRS 2 BP-2                                                                                    | 66                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Information about environmental matters</b>            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
| Environmental management                                  | Current and forecast effects of the company's activities on the environment and, where appropriate, health and safety                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ESRS 2 GOV 5, ESRS 2 IRO-1, SBM-3 E1                                                                          | 69, 76-78 and 79                                                                                                        |
|                                                           | Environmental assessment or certification procedures                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | E1-1, E1-5                                                                                                    | 76 and 82                                                                                                               |
|                                                           | Resources assigned to the prevention of environmental risks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | ESRS 2 GOV-1, ESRS 2 SBM3, E1-2, E1-3                                                                         | 66, 67, 76-78, 79-81                                                                                                    |
|                                                           | Application of the principle of precaution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
| Pollution                                                 | Amount of provisions and guarantees for environmental risks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | E1-1, E1-3                                                                                                    | 76 and 79-81                                                                                                            |
|                                                           | Measures to prevent, reduce or repair emissions that seriously affect the environment; taking into account any form of activity-specific air pollution, including noise and light pollution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |
| Circular economy and prevention and management of waste   | Circular Economy and actions on prevention, recycling, reuse, other forms of recovery and disposal of waste                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                               | Not material                                                                                                            |
|                                                           | Actions to combat food waste                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                               | Not material                                                                                                            |
| Sustainable utilization of resources                      | Consumption and supply of water according to local restrictions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                               | Not material                                                                                                            |
|                                                           | Consumption of raw materials and measures taken to improve the efficiency of their use                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                               | Not material                                                                                                            |
|                                                           | Direct and indirect energy consumption                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | E1-5, GRI 302-1                                                                                               | 82                                                                                                                      |
|                                                           | Measures taken to improve energy efficiency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | E1-3, GRI 3-3                                                                                                 | 79-81                                                                                                                   |
|                                                           | Use of renewable energies                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | E1-5, GRI 302-1                                                                                               | 82                                                                                                                      |
| Climate Change                                            | Significant elements of greenhouse gas emissions generated as a result of the company's activities, including the use of the goods and services it produces                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | E1-6, GRI 305-1, GRI 305-2, GRI 305-2                                                                         | 83 and 84                                                                                                               |
|                                                           | Measures adopted to adapt to the consequences of climate change                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | E1-1, E1-3                                                                                                    | 76 and 79-81                                                                                                            |
|                                                           | Reduction targets voluntarily established in the medium and long-term to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and the measures implemented for this purpose                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | E1-4                                                                                                          | 81 and 82                                                                                                               |
| Protection of Biodiversity                                | Measures taken to preserve or restore biodiversity                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                               | Not material                                                                                                            |
|                                                           | Impacts caused by activities or operations in protected areas                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                               | Not material                                                                                                            |
| <b>Information on social and employee-related matters</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                         |

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|                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Employment                                                     | Total number and distribution of employees by gender, age, country and professional classification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | S1-6, GRI 2-7, 405-1                                                                                                                               | 92- 94 and 159                                                            |
|                                                                | Total number and distribution of employment contract types, annual average of permanent contracts, temporary contracts and part-time contracts by gender, age and professional classification                                                                                                                                                        | S1-6, GRI 2-7, 405-1                                                                                                                               | 92- 94 and 159                                                            |
|                                                                | Number of dismissals by gender, age and professional category                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | GRI 2-7, 401-1                                                                                                                                     | 159                                                                       |
|                                                                | Average remuneration and its evolution disaggregated by gender, age and occupational classification or equal value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | GRI 405-2                                                                                                                                          | 160                                                                       |
|                                                                | Pay gap, the remuneration of equal or average jobs in the company.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | S1-16, GRI 405-2                                                                                                                                   | 99 and 160                                                                |
|                                                                | Average remuneration of directors and executives, including variable remuneration, allowances, compensation and payment into long-term savings benefit systems and any other payment broken down by gender                                                                                                                                           | GRI 405-2                                                                                                                                          | 160                                                                       |
|                                                                | Implementation of policies on the right to disconnect                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | S1-1, S1-15                                                                                                                                        | 90 and 91                                                                 |
|                                                                | Employees with a disability                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | S1-12                                                                                                                                              | 96                                                                        |
| Work organization                                              | Organisation of the working time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | S1-1, S1-15                                                                                                                                        | 90, 91 and 98                                                             |
|                                                                | Number of hours of absenteeism                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | S1-4, S1-15, GRI 403-9, 403-10                                                                                                                     | 87-92, 98 and 160                                                         |
|                                                                | Measures to facilitate work and private life balance and to encourage shared responsibility by both parents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                           |
| Health and safety                                              | Health and safety at work conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | S1-14                                                                                                                                              | 97 and 98                                                                 |
|                                                                | Work-related accidents, in particular their frequency and severity, as well as occupational diseases; disaggregated by gender.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | S1-14, GRI 403-9, 403-10                                                                                                                           | 97, 98 and 160                                                            |
| Social relations.                                              | Organising social dialogue, including procedures for informing, consulting and negotiating with staff;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | S1-2, S1-8                                                                                                                                         | 91, 92 and 94                                                             |
|                                                                | Percentage of employees covered by collective workers agreements by country                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | S1-8                                                                                                                                               | 94                                                                        |
|                                                                | Balance of collective bargaining agreements, especially in the field of occupational health and safety.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | S1-8, S1-14                                                                                                                                        | 94, 97 and 98                                                             |
|                                                                | Mechanisms and procedures that the company has in place to encourage worker involvement in managing the company, in terms of information, consultation and participation.                                                                                                                                                                            | S1-2, S1-8                                                                                                                                         | 91, 92 and 94                                                             |
| Training                                                       | Policies implemented in the field of training                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | S1-13                                                                                                                                              | 96-97                                                                     |
|                                                                | Total number of training hours by professional classification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | S1-13, GRI 404-1                                                                                                                                   | 96-97 and 159                                                             |
| Universal access for disabled people                           | Universal access for disabled people                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | S1-12                                                                                                                                              | 96                                                                        |
| Equality                                                       | Measures adopted to promote equal treatment and opportunities for men and women                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | S1-4, S1-9                                                                                                                                         | 87-92, and 95                                                             |
|                                                                | Equality plans (Chapter III of Organic Law 3/2007, of 22 March, for effective gender equality), measures taken to promote employment, protocols against sexual and gender-based harassment, integration and universal accessibility for people with disabilities                                                                                     | S1-1, S1-4, S1-5, S1-9, S1-12                                                                                                                      | 87- 91, 92, 95, 96, 97, 98 and 99                                         |
|                                                                | Policy against any type of discrimination and, where necessary, management of diversity                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | S1-1                                                                                                                                               | 90 and 91                                                                 |
| <b>Information on respecting human rights</b>                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                           |
| Application of due diligence procedures                        | Application of due diligence procedures regarding human rights; prevention of risks of human rights violations and, where applicable, measures to mitigate, manage and redress possible abuses committed                                                                                                                                             | ESRS 2 GOV-2, ESRS 2 GOV 4, ESRS 2 GOV 3, ESRS 2 SBM 3, ESRS 2 SBM-2, ESRS 2 IRO-1, ESRS 2 MDR-P, ESRS 2 MDR-M, ESRS 2 MDR.T, ESRS S1, S2, S4 y G1 | 66-69, 76-78, 87-90, 101-103, 108-110, 115-118, 125, 126, 128 and 131-135 |
|                                                                | Complaints relating to cases of human rights violations                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | S1-17, S2-4, S4-4                                                                                                                                  | 100,, 107 and 111                                                         |
|                                                                | Promoting and complying with the provisions of the core conventions of the International Labour Organisation related to respect for freedom of association and the right to collective bargaining; Eliminating discrimination in employment and occupation; The elimination of forced or compulsory labour; The effective abolition of child labour. | S1-1, S2-1                                                                                                                                         | 90, 91 and 104                                                            |
| <b>Information on the fight against corruption and bribery</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                           |

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| Information on the fight against corruption and bribery | Measures implemented to prevent corruption and bribery                                                            | G1-3, G1-4                | 117 and 118                                                                                                  |
|                                                         | Measures to combat money laundering                                                                               | G1-3, G1-4                | 118                                                                                                          |
|                                                         | Contributions made to foundations and non-profit organisations                                                    | GRI 413-1                 | 131-135 and 161                                                                                              |
| <b>Company information</b>                              |                                                                                                                   |                           |                                                                                                              |
| Commitment by the company to sustainable development    | The impact of the company's activity on local employment and development                                          | S2-4                      | 101-103 and 135                                                                                              |
|                                                         | The impact of the company's activity on local populations and the region.                                         | MDR-M, MDR-A y MDR-T, 2-4 | 106-107 and 130-135                                                                                          |
|                                                         | Relationships with members of the local communities and the types of dialogue with them                           | NEIS 2 SBM-2              | 72                                                                                                           |
| Subcontracting and suppliers                            | Inclusion of social, gender equality and environmental matters in procurement policies                            | S2-1, MDR-P               | 104                                                                                                          |
|                                                         | Consideration of their social and environmental responsibility in relationships with suppliers and subcontractors | S2-2, S2-3, S2-4          | 101-103, 104, and 106-107                                                                                    |
|                                                         | Supervision and audit systems, and their results                                                                  | S2-4                      | 106                                                                                                          |
| Consumers                                               | Measures for the health and safety of consumers                                                                   | S4-1 y S4-4               | 110, 111 and 112                                                                                             |
|                                                         | Complaints systems                                                                                                | S4-4                      | 112 and 113                                                                                                  |
|                                                         | Complaints received and their resolution                                                                          | S4-3, S4-4                | 112 and 113                                                                                                  |
| Tax information                                         | Profits obtained country by country                                                                               | GRI 207-4, 201-4          | 161                                                                                                          |
|                                                         | Tax paid on profits                                                                                               | GRI 207-4, 201-4          | 161                                                                                                          |
|                                                         | Information on public subsidies received                                                                          | GRI 207-4, 201-4          | In 2025, Grupo Catalana Occidente S.A. did not receive any public subsidies (no subsidies received in 2024). |



# 09.

## Annex III - Content Index as per ESRS (ESRS 2 IRO 2)

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
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## Content Index as per ESRS (ESRS 2 IRO-2)

The following table outlines the pages in this Report where the information required by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/2772 of 31 July 2023, which supplements Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and Council regarding Sustainability Reporting Standards, can be found.

| DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS                          |              | CONTENT                                                                                                                             | PAGE OR DIRECT RESPONSE                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CROSS-CUTTING STANDARDS                          |              |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                   |
| ESRS 1 General requirements                      |              |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                   |
| ESRS 2 General information                       |              |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                   |
| Basis for the preparation                        | BP-1         | General basis for preparation of sustainability statements                                                                          | 66                                                                                |
|                                                  | BP-2         | Disclosures in relation to specific circumstances                                                                                   | 66                                                                                |
| Governance                                       | GOV-1        | The role of the management, executive, and supervisory bodies                                                                       | 66 and 67                                                                         |
|                                                  | GOV-2        | Information provided to and sustainability matters addressed by the undertaking's administrative, management and supervisory bodies | 68                                                                                |
|                                                  | GOV-3        | Integration of sustainability-related performance in incentive schemes                                                              | 68                                                                                |
|                                                  | GOV-4        | Statement on due diligence                                                                                                          | 69                                                                                |
|                                                  | GOV-5        | Risk management and internal controls over sustainability reporting                                                                 | 69                                                                                |
| Strategy                                         | SBM-1        | Strategy, business model, and value chain                                                                                           | 70, 71 and 92                                                                     |
|                                                  | SBM-2        | Interests and views of stakeholders                                                                                                 | 72                                                                                |
|                                                  | SBM-3        | Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model                                    | 76-78, 87-90, 101-103, 108-110, 115 and 116                                       |
| Management of impacts, risks and opportunities   | IRO-1        | Description of the processes to identify and assess material impacts, risks and opportunities                                       | 73, 74, 78 and 79                                                                 |
|                                                  | IRO-2        | Disclosure requirements in ESRS covered by the undertaking's sustainability statement                                               | 74 and 166-168                                                                    |
|                                                  | MDR-P        | Policies adopted to manage material sustainability matters                                                                          | 66, 67, 70, 79, 90, 91, 104, 110, 117, 118, 125 and 126                           |
|                                                  | MDR-A        | Actions and resources in relation to material sustainability matters                                                                | 76-79, 80, 81, 87- 91, 92, 101-103, 106- 111,112, 115, 116, 124, 125, 127 and 130 |
| Metrics and targets                              | MDR-M        | Metrics in relation to material sustainability matters                                                                              | 81-85, 92-100, 104-107, 112, 113, 125, 128 and 131-135                            |
|                                                  | MDR-T        | Tracking effectiveness of policies and actions through targets                                                                      | 81-85, 92-100, 104-107, 112, 113, 125, 128 and 131-135                            |
| ENVIRONMENTAL THEMATIC STANDARDS                 |              |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                   |
| ESRS E1 Climate change                           |              |                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                   |
| Governance                                       | ESRS 2 GOV-3 | Integration of sustainability-related performance in incentive schemes                                                              | 68                                                                                |
| Strategy                                         | RD E1-1      | Transition plan to mitigate climate change                                                                                          | 76                                                                                |
|                                                  | ESRS 2 SBM-3 | Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model                                    | 76-78                                                                             |
| Management of incidents, risks and opportunities | ESRS 2 IRO-1 | Description of the processes to identify and assess material climate-related impacts, risks and opportunities                       | 78 and 79                                                                         |
|                                                  | RD E1-2      | Policies related to climate change mitigation and adaptation                                                                        | 79                                                                                |
|                                                  | RD E1-3      | Actions and resources aligned with climate change policies                                                                          | 79-81                                                                             |

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| Metrics and targets                                  | RD EI-4      | Targets related to climate change mitigation and adaptation                                                                                                                                      | 81 and 82                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD EI-5      | Energy consumption and mix                                                                                                                                                                       | 82                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD EI-6      | Gross GHG emissions (Scopes 1, 2, and 3) and total GHG emissions                                                                                                                                 | 83 and 84                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD EI-7      | GHG removals and GHG mitigation projects financed through carbon credits                                                                                                                         | GCO does not carry out GHG mitigation projects by issuing or purchasing carbon credits                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                                      | RD EI-8      | Internal carbon pricing system                                                                                                                                                                   | GCO does not have an internal carbon pricing system                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                      | RD EI-9      | Financial impacts of material physical and transition risks and potential opportunities related to climate change                                                                                | Pursuant to Commission Delegated Regulation 2025/1416 of 11 July 2025, amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/2772 as regards the postponement of the date of application of disclosure requirements for certain companies, this information is not reported for the 2025 financial year. |
| <b>ESRS E2 Pollution</b>                             |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>Not material</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>ESRS E3 Water and marine resources</b>            |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>Not material</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>ESRS E4 Biodiversity and ecosystems</b>           |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>Not material</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>ESRS E5 Use of resources and circular economy</b> |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>Not material</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>SOCIAL THEMATIC STANDARDS</b>                     |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>ESRS S1 Own workforce</b>                         |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Strategy                                             | ESRS 2 SBM-2 | Interests and views of stakeholders                                                                                                                                                              | 72                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | ESRS 2 SBM-3 | Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model                                                                                                 | 87-90                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Management of impacts, risks and opportunities       | RD S1-1      | Policies related to own workforce                                                                                                                                                                | 90 and 91                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD S1-2      | Processes for engaging with own workers and workers' representatives about impacts                                                                                                               | 91 and 92                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD S1-3      | Processes to remediate negative impacts and channels for own workers to raise concerns                                                                                                           | 91 and 92                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD S1-4      | Taking action on material impacts on own workforce, and approaches to mitigating material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to own workforce, and effectiveness of those actions | 87-92                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Metrics and targets                                  | RD S1-5      | Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities                                                                 | 95, 96, 97, 98 and 99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                      | RD S1-6      | Characteristics of the undertaking's employees                                                                                                                                                   | 92-94                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                      | RD S1-7      | Characteristics of non-employee workers in the undertaking's own workforce                                                                                                                       | 94                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-8      | Collective bargaining coverage and social dialogue                                                                                                                                               | 94                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-9      | Diversity metrics                                                                                                                                                                                | 95                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-10     | Adequate wages                                                                                                                                                                                   | 95                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-11     | Social protection                                                                                                                                                                                | 95                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-12     | Persons with disabilities                                                                                                                                                                        | 96                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-13     | Training and skills development metrics                                                                                                                                                          | 96 and 97                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD S1-14     | Health and safety metrics                                                                                                                                                                        | 97 and 98                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                      | RD S1-15     | Work-life balance metrics                                                                                                                                                                        | 98                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-16     | Compensation metrics (pay gap and total compensation)                                                                                                                                            | 99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | RD S1-17     | Incidents, complaints and severe human rights impacts                                                                                                                                            | 100                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>ESRS S2 Workers in the value chain</b>            |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Strategy                                             | ESRS 2 SBM-2 | Interests and views of stakeholders                                                                                                                                                              | 72                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                      | ESRS 2 SBM-3 | Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model                                                                                                 | 101-103                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

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| Management of impacts, risks and opportunities         | RD S2-1      | Policies related to value chain workers                                                                                                                                                                            | 104                       |
|                                                        | RD S2-2      | Processes for engaging with value chain workers about impacts                                                                                                                                                      | 104                       |
|                                                        | RD S2-3      | Processes to remediate negative impacts and channels for value chain workers to raise concerns                                                                                                                     | 104                       |
|                                                        | RD S2-4      | Taking action on material impacts on value chain workers, and approaches to managing material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to value chain workers, and effectiveness of those actions         | 101-103 and 106-107       |
| Metrics and targets                                    | RD S2-5      | Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities                                                                                   | 106-107                   |
| <b>ESRS S3 Groups Affected</b>                         |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>Not material</b>       |
| <b>ESRS S4 Consumers and End Users</b>                 |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           |
| Strategy                                               | ESRS 2 SBM-2 | Interests and views of stakeholders                                                                                                                                                                                | 72                        |
|                                                        | ESRS 2 SBM-3 | Material impacts, risks and opportunities and their interaction with strategy and business model                                                                                                                   | 108-110                   |
| Management of impacts, risks and opportunities         | RD S4-1      | Policies related to consumers and end-users                                                                                                                                                                        | 110                       |
|                                                        | RD S4-2      | Processes for engaging with consumers and end-users about impacts                                                                                                                                                  | 111 and 112               |
|                                                        | RD S4-3      | Processes to remediate negative impacts and channels for consumers and end-users to raise concerns                                                                                                                 | 111 and 112               |
|                                                        | RD S4-4      | Taking action on material impacts on consumers and end-users, and approaches to managing material risks and pursuing material opportunities related to consumers and end-users, and effectiveness of those actions | 108-110, 111, 112 and 113 |
| Metrics and targets                                    | RD S4-5      | Targets related to managing material negative impacts, advancing positive impacts, and managing material risks and opportunities                                                                                   | 113                       |
| <b>THEMATIC GOVERNANCE STANDARDS</b>                   |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           |
| <b>ESRS G1 Business conduct</b>                        |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           |
| Governance                                             | ESRS 2 GOV-1 | The role of the management, executive, and supervisory bodies                                                                                                                                                      | 66                        |
| Management of impacts, risks and opportunities         | ESRS 2 IRO-1 | Description of the processes to identify and assess material impacts, risks and opportunities                                                                                                                      | 73                        |
|                                                        | RD G1-1      | Corporate culture and business conduct policies                                                                                                                                                                    | 117                       |
|                                                        | RD G1-2      | Management of relationships with suppliers                                                                                                                                                                         | Included in ESRS S2       |
|                                                        | RD G1-3      | Prevention and detection of corruption and bribery                                                                                                                                                                 | 117 and 118               |
| Metrics and targets                                    | RD G1-4      | Confirmed cases of corruption or bribery                                                                                                                                                                           | 117 and 118               |
|                                                        | RD G1-5      | Political influence and lobbying activities                                                                                                                                                                        | Not material              |
|                                                        | RD G1-6      | Payment practices                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 120                       |
| <b>OTHER MATERIAL ISSUES NOT RELATED TO ESRS</b>       |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           |
| <b>Responsible management of products and services</b> |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 122-125                   |
| <b>Sustainable investment</b>                          |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 126-128                   |
| <b>Contributing to society</b>                         |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 130-135                   |

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## EU Regulation 2020/852 on Taxonomy indicators

| Information requested by (EU) Regulation 2020/852, on Taxonomy |                                                                                                                                                                                         | References used                                                                                                                | Page                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Asset indicators                                               | Template: Proportion of insurance or reinsurance companies' investments aimed at financing activities aligned with the Taxonomy or related activities, in relation to total investments | Regulation (EU) 2020/852, on Taxonomy                                                                                          | 85 and 137-155            |
| Non-life insurance premium indicators                          | Template: Key performance indicator for underwriting of non-life insurance and reinsurance companies                                                                                    | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178, of the Commission, supplementing Regulation (EU) 2020/852, on Taxonomy - ANNEXES IX and X | 85 and 156                |
| Qualitative information                                        | Qualitative information for market understanding of asset indicators and non-life insurance premium indicators.                                                                         | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/2178, of the Commission, supplementing Regulation (EU) 2020/852, on Taxonomy - ANNEX XI         | 85, 146, 147, 156 and 157 |
| Information on nuclear energy and fossil gas                   | Standardised templates for disclosing exposure to the nuclear energy and fossil gas sectors                                                                                             | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214, of the Commission, supplementing Regulation (EU) 2021/2178, on Taxonomy - ANNEX III       | 140, 149 and 150          |

## List of indicators included in ESRS derived from other EU legislation (ESRS 2 - Appendix B)

| Disclosure requirement and related data points                                                                                      | Reference to the Regulation on the disclosure of sustainability-related information in the financial services sector | Pillar 3 reference                                                                                                                                                                                              | Reference of the Regulation on reference indices                                                                                | Reference to the European Climate Legislation   | Report Page |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ESRS 2 GOV-1 Gender diversity of the board of directors, section 21, point (d)                                                      | Indicator no. 13 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816 (5), Annex II                                                                    |                                                 | 66 and 67   |
| ESRS 2 GOV-1 Percentage of board members who are independent, paragraph 21, point (e)                                               |                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                                        |                                                 | 66 and 67   |
| ESRS 2 GOV-4 Due diligence statement, section 30                                                                                    | Indicator no. 10 of Table 3 of the Annex                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                 |                                                 | 69          |
| ESRS 2 SBM-1 Participation in activities related to fossil fuels, section 40, point (d), subpoint (i)                               | Indicator no. 4 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                                                                | Article 449a of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453 (6), Table 1: Qualitative information on environmental risk and Table 2: Qualitative information on social risk | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                                        |                                                 | N/A         |
| ESRS 2 SBM-1 Participation in activities related to the production of chemicals, section 40, point (d), subpoint (ii)               | Indicator no. 9 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                                        |                                                 | N/A         |
| ESRS 2 SBM-1 Participation in activities related to controversial weapons, section 40, point (d), subpoint (iii)                    | Indicator no. 14 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Regulation (EU) 2020/1818 (7), Article 12, section 1, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816,                           |                                                 | N/A         |
| ESRS 2 SBM-1 Participation in activities related to the cultivation and production of tobacco, section 40, point (d), subpoint (iv) |                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 12, section 1, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II |                                                 | N/A         |
| ESRS E1-1 Transition plan to achieve climate neutrality by 2050, section 14                                                         |                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                 | Regulation (EU) 2021/1119, Article 2, section 1 | 76          |

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|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ESRS E1-1 Companies excluded from Paris Agreement-aligned benchmark indices, section 16, point (g)                                        |                                                                      | Article 449a of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453, Template 1: Banking book – Transition risk linked to climate change: credit quality of exposures by sector, emissions, and residual maturity | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 12, section 1, points (d) to (g), and Article 12, section 2 |                                                 | 76                                                                                                   |
| ESRS E1-4 Targets for the reduction of GHG emissions, section 34                                                                          | Indicator no. 4 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                | Article 449a of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453, Template 3: Banking book – Transition risk linked to climate change: harmonisation parameters                                                | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 6                                                           |                                                 | 81 and 82                                                                                            |
| ESRS E1-5 Energy consumption from non-renewable fossil sources, broken down by source (only sectors with high climate impact), section 38 | Indicator no. 5 of Table 1 and Indicator no. 5 of Table 2 of Annex 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                     |                                                 | 82                                                                                                   |
| ESRS E1-5 Energy consumption and mix, section 37                                                                                          | Indicator no. 5 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                     |                                                 | 82                                                                                                   |
| ESRS E1-5 Energy intensity related to activities in sectors with high climate impact, sections 40 to 43                                   | Indicator no. 6 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                     |                                                 | 82                                                                                                   |
| ESRS E1-6 Gross GHG emissions for Scopes 1, 2, and 3, and total GHG emissions, section 44                                                 | Indicators no. 1 and no. 2 of Table 1 of Annex 1                     | Article 449a; Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453, Template 1: Banking book – Transition risk linked to climate change: credit quality of exposures by sector, emissions, and residual maturity   | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 5, section 1, and Articles 6 and 8, section 1               |                                                 | 83 and 84                                                                                            |
| ESRS E1-6 Gross GHG emissions intensity, sections 53 to 55                                                                                | Indicator no. 3 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                | Article 449a of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453, Template 3: Banking book – Transition risk linked to climate change: harmonisation parameters                                                | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 8, section 1                                                |                                                 | 83 and 84                                                                                            |
| ESRS E1-7 GHG removals and carbon credits, section 56                                                                                     |                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                     | Regulation (EU) 2021/1119, Article 2, section 1 | GCO does not engage in GHG mitigation projects involving the issuance or purchase of carbon credits. |

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|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ESRS E1-9 Portfolio exposure to physical climate-related risks, section 66                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Annex II, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II |  | Pursuant to Commission Delegated Regulation 2025/1416 of 11 July 2025, amending Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/2772 as regards the postponement of the date of application of disclosure requirements for certain companies, this information is not reported for the 2025 financial year. |
| ESRS E1-9 Breakdown of monetary amounts by acute and chronic physical risks, section 66, point (a) ESRS E1-9 Location of significant assets exposed to material physical risks, section 66, point (c). |                                                                                                                                                            | Article 449a of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453, sections 46 and 47; Template 5. Banking portfolio. Physical risk linked to climate change: exposures subject to physical risk.                             |                                                                                                                    |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ESRS E1-9 Breakdown of the carrying amount of real estate assets by energy efficiency, section 67, point (c).                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                            | Article 449a of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013; Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/2453, section 34; template 2: Banking book – Transition risk linked to climate change: Loans secured by real estate collateral – Energy efficiency of collateral |                                                                                                                    |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ESRS E1-9 Portfolio exposure to climate-related opportunities, section 69                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Annex II                                                           |  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ESRS E2-4 Quantity of each pollutant listed in Annex II of the European PRTR Regulation (European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register) emitted into air, water, and soil, section 28               | Indicator no. 8 of Table 1 of Annex 1, Indicator no. 2 of Table 2 of Annex 1, Indicator no. 1 of Table 2 of Annex 1, Indicator no. 3 of Table 2 of Annex 1 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E3-1 Water and marine resources, section 9                                                                                                                                                        | Indicator no. 7 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E3-1 Specific policies, section 13                                                                                                                                                                | Indicator no. 8 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E3-1 Sustainable management of oceans and seas, section 14                                                                                                                                        | Indicator no. 12 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E3-4 Total recycled and reused water, section 28, point (c)                                                                                                                                       | Indicator no. 6.2 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E3-4 Total water consumption in m <sup>3</sup> per net revenue from own operations, section 29                                                                                                    | Indicator no. 6.1 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS 2 - IRO 1 - E4 section 16, point a), sub-point i)                                                                                                                                                 | Indicator no. 7 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS 2 - IRO 1 - E4 section 16, point (b)                                                                                                                                                              | Indicator no. 10 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS 2 - IRO 1 - E4 section 16, point c)                                                                                                                                                               | Indicator no. 14 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E4-2 Sustainable agricultural or land use practices or policies section 24, point b)                                                                                                              | Indicator no. 11 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E4-2 Sustainable marine or oceanic practices or policies, point 24, point c)                                                                                                                      | Indicator no. 12 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E4-2 Policies to address deforestation, point 24, point d)                                                                                                                                        | Indicator no. 15 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ESRS E5-5 Non-recycled waste, point 37, point d)                                                                                                                                                       | Indicator no. 13 of Table 2 of Annex 1                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                    |  | Not material                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 01. General information       | 03. Social information     | 05. Business information    | 07. Annex I - Taxonomy     | 09. Annex III - ESRS Index    |
| 02. Environmental information | 04. Governance information | 06. Contributing to society | 08. Annex II - Law 11/2018 | 10. External assurance report |

|                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                        |  |                                                                                                          |  |                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| ESRS E5-5 Hazardous waste and radioactive waste, point 39                                                                                                    | Indicator no. 9 of Table 1 of Annex I                                  |  |                                                                                                          |  | Not material   |
| ESRS 2 - SBM3 - S1 Risk of forced labour cases, point 14, point f                                                                                            | Indicator no. 13 of Table 3 of Annex I                                 |  |                                                                                                          |  | 89, 99 and 100 |
| ESRS 2 - SBM3 - S1 Risk of child labour cases, point 14, point g)                                                                                            | Indicator no. 12 of Table 3 of Annex I                                 |  |                                                                                                          |  | 89, 99 and 100 |
| ESRS S1-1 Political commitments on human rights, section 20                                                                                                  | Indicator no. 9 of Table 3 and indicator no. 11 of Table 1 of Annex I  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 90, 99 and 100 |
| ESRS S1-1 Due diligence policies regarding the issues referred to in the fundamental conventions 1 to 8 of the International Labour Organization, section 21 |                                                                        |  | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                 |  | 90             |
| ESRS S1-1 Processes and measures to prevent trafficking in human beings, section 22                                                                          | Indicator no. 11 of Table 3 of Annex I                                 |  |                                                                                                          |  | 90, 99 and 100 |
| ESRS S1-1 Policies for accident prevention or workplace accident management systems, section 23                                                              | Indicator no. 1 of Table 3 of Annex I                                  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 90, 97 and 98  |
| ESRS S1-3 Claim or complaint management mechanisms, point 32, point c)                                                                                       | Indicator no. 5 of Table 3 of Annex I                                  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 91 and 92      |
| ESRS S1-14 Number of fatalities and number and rate of work-related accidents, section 88, points b) and c)                                                  | Indicator no. 2 of Table 3 of Annex I                                  |  | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                 |  | 97, 98 and 160 |
| ESRS S1-14 Number of lost days due to injuries, accidents, deaths, or illness, section 88, point e)                                                          | Indicator no. 3 of Table 3 of Annex I                                  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 97, 98 and 160 |
| ESRS S1-16 Unadjusted gender pay gap, section 97, point a)                                                                                                   | Indicator no. 12 of Table 1 of Annex I                                 |  | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                 |  | 99 and 160     |
| ESRS S1-16 Excessive pay gap between the CEO and workers, section 97, point b)                                                                               | Indicator no. 8 of Table 3 of Annex I                                  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 99             |
| ESRS S1-17 Cases of discrimination, section 103, point a)                                                                                                    | Indicator no. 7 of Table 3 of Annex I                                  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 100            |
| ESRS S1-17. Non-compliance with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and the OECD Guidelines, section 104, point a)            | Indicator no. 10 of Table 1 and indicator no. 14 of Table 3 of Annex I |  | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 12, section 1 |  | 100            |
| ESRS 2 - SBM3 - S2 Significant risk of child or forced labour in the value chain, section 11, point b)                                                       | Indicator nos. 12 and 13 of Table 3 of Annex I                         |  |                                                                                                          |  | 102 and 107    |
| ESRS S2-1 Political commitments on human rights, section 17                                                                                                  | Indicator no. 9 of Table 3 and indicator no. 11 of Table 1 of Annex I  |  |                                                                                                          |  | 104 and 107    |
| ESRS S2-1 Policies related to value chain workers, section 18                                                                                                | Indicators nos. 11 and 4 of Table 3 of Annex I                         |  |                                                                                                          |  | 104            |

|                               |                            |                             |                            |                               |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 01. General information       | 03. Social information     | 05. Business information    | 07. Annex I - Taxonomy     | 09. Annex III - ESRS Index    |
| 02. Environmental information | 04. Governance information | 06. Contributing to society | 08. Annex II - Law 11/2018 | 10. External assurance report |

|                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                       |  |                                                                                                          |  |              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| ESRS S1-1. Non-compliance with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and OECD Guidelines, Section 19                            | Indicator no. 10 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                |  | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 12, section 1 |  | 104 and 107  |
| ESRS S2-1 Due diligence policies regarding the issues referred to in the fundamental conventions 1 to 8 of the International Labour Organization, section 19 |                                                                       |  | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                 |  | 104 and 107  |
| ESRS S2-4 Human rights issues and impacts related to the previous and subsequent phases of the value chain, section 36                                       | Indicator no. 14 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                |  |                                                                                                          |  | 107          |
| ESRS S3-1 Political commitments on human rights, section 16                                                                                                  | Indicator no. 9 of Table 3 and indicator no. 11 of Table 1 of Annex 1 |  |                                                                                                          |  | Not material |
| ESRS S3-1 Non-compliance with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, the ILO principles, and the OECD Guidelines, section 17    | Indicator no. 10 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                |  | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 12, section 1 |  | Not material |
| ESRS S3-4 Human rights issues and impacts, section 36                                                                                                        | Indicator no. 14 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                |  |                                                                                                          |  | Not material |
| ESRS S4-1 Policies related to consumers and end users, section 16                                                                                            | Indicator no. 9 of Table 3 and indicator no. 11 of Table 1 of Annex   |  |                                                                                                          |  | 110          |
| ESRS S4-1 Non-compliance with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and the OECD Guidelines, section 17                         | Indicator no. 10 of Table 1 of Annex 1                                |  | Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818, Article 12, section 1 |  | 110 and 111  |
| ESRS S4-4 Human rights issues and impacts, section 35                                                                                                        | Indicator no. 14 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                |  |                                                                                                          |  | 111          |
| ESRS G1-1 United Nations Convention against Corruption, section 10, point b)                                                                                 | Indicator no. 15 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                |  |                                                                                                          |  | 117          |
| ESRS G1-1 Whistleblower protection, section 10, point d)                                                                                                     | Indicator no. 6 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                 |  |                                                                                                          |  | 117          |
| ESRS G1-4 Fines for violating anti-corruption and bribery laws, section 24, point a)                                                                         | Indicator no. 17 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                |  | Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816, Annex II                                                 |  | 117 and 118  |
| ESRS G1-4 Anti-corruption and anti-bribery standards, section 24, point b)                                                                                   | Indicator no. 16 of Table 3 of Annex 1                                |  |                                                                                                          |  | 117 and 118  |

# 10.

External assurance report

**Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A.  
and its subsidiaries**

Limited assurance report issued by a practitioner  
on the Consolidated Non-Financial Information  
Statement and Sustainability Information  
for the year ended 31 December 2025



*This version of our report is a free translation of the original, which was prepared in Spanish. All possible care has been taken to ensure that the translation is an accurate representation of the original. However, in all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the original language version of our report takes precedence over this translation.*

## **Limited assurance report issued by a practitioner on the Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement and Sustainability Information**

To the shareholders of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. on behalf of the administrators:

### **Limited assurance conclusion**

Pursuant to article 49 of the Code of Commerce, we have conducted a limited assurance engagement on the accompanying Consolidated Non-Financial Information Statement (hereinafter, NFIS) for the year ended 31 December 2025 of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (hereinafter, the Parent company) and its subsidiaries (hereinafter, the Group), which forms part of the Group's consolidated management report.

The NFIS includes information in addition to that required by current commercial regulations on non-financial information, specifically, it includes the Sustainability Information prepared by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2025 (hereinafter, the sustainability information) in accordance with the Directive (EU) 2022/2464 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 December 2022, as regards corporate sustainability reporting (CSRD). This sustainability information has also been subject to limited assurance procedures.

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

- a) the Group's Non-Financial Information Statement for the year ended 31 December 2025 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with current commercial regulations and in accordance with the selected criteria of the European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS), as well as with those other criteria described as mentioned for each topic in the table of Annex II "Non-Financial Information Statement (NFIS) content index" of the aforementioned Statement;
- b) the sustainability information as a whole is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the sustainability reporting framework applied by the Group and which is identified in the subsection "Guidelines for preparing the Sustainability Report" of section 1, including:
  - That the description provided of the process for identifying the sustainability information included in the subsection "Management of impacts, risks and opportunities (IRO-1)" of section 1 is consistent with the process in place and enables the identification of the material information to be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of ESRS.



- Compliance with ESRS.
- Compliance with the disclosure requirements, included in subsection "Taxonomy" of the environment section of the sustainability information with the provisions of article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investments.

## **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with generally accepted professional standards applicable in Spain and specifically in accordance with the guidelines contained in Guides 47 Revised and 56 Revised issued by the *Instituto de Censores Jurados de Cuentas de España* on assurance engagements regarding non-financial information and considering the contents of the note published by the Instituto de Contabilidad y Auditoría (ICAC) dated 18 December 2024 (hereinafter, generally accepted professional standards).

In a limited assurance engagement, the procedures applied are less in extent than for a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed.

Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Practitioner's responsibilities section of our report.

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour.

The firm applies International Standard on Quality Management 1, which requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

## **Responsibilities of the Parent company's directors**

The preparation of the NFIS included in the Group's consolidated management report, as well as its content, is the responsibility of the directors of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. The NFIS has been prepared in accordance with prevailing commercial regulations and in accordance with the ESRS criteria selected, as well as those other criteria described in accordance with the aforementioned for each topic in the table of Annex II "Non-Financial Information Statement (NFIS) content index" in the aforementioned Statement.

This responsibility also encompasses designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control as is determined to be necessary to enable the preparation of the NFIS that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The directors of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. are also responsible for defining, implementing, adapting and maintaining the management systems from which the information necessary for the preparation of the NFIS is obtained.



With regard to the sustainability information, the Parent company's directors are responsible for developing and implementing a process to identify the information that should be included in the sustainability information in accordance with the CSRD, ESRS and as set out in article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020, and for disclosing information about this process in the sustainability information itself in subsection "Management of impacts, risks and opportunities (IRO-1)" of section 1. This responsibility includes:

- understanding the context in which the Group's business activities and relationships are conducted, as well as its stakeholders, with regard to the Group's impacts on people and the environment;
- identifying the actual and potential impacts (both negative and positive), as well as the risks and opportunities that could affect, or could reasonably be expected to affect, the Group's financial position, financial results, cash flows, access to finance or cost of capital over the short, medium or long term;
- assessing the materiality of the impacts, risks and opportunities identified; and
- making assumptions and estimates that are reasonable under the circumstances.

The Parent company's directors are also responsible for the preparation of the sustainability information, which includes the information identified by the process, in accordance with the sustainability reporting framework applied, including compliance with the CSRD, compliance with ESRS and compliance with the disclosure requirements included in subsection "Taxonomy" of the environment section of the sustainability information in accordance with the provisions of article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment.

This responsibility includes:

- Designing, implementing and maintaining such internal control as the Parent company's directors consider to be relevant to enable the preparation of sustainability information that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- Selecting and applying appropriate methods for the presentation of sustainability information and making assumptions and estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances about specific disclosures.

### **Inherent limitations in preparing the information**

In accordance with ESRS, the Parent company's directors are required to prepare prospective information based on assumptions and hypotheses, which should be included in the sustainability information, regarding events that could occur in the future, as well as possible future actions, where appropriate, that the Group could take. Actual results may differ significantly from estimated results since they refer to the future and future events often do not occur as expected.

In determining disclosures relating to sustainability information, the Parent company's directors interpret legal and other terms that are not clearly defined and could be interpreted differently by others, including the legality of such interpretations and, consequently, they are subject to uncertainty.



## Practitioner's responsibilities

Our responsibility is to plan and perform the assurance engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the NFIS and sustainability information are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a limited assurance report that includes our conclusion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence decisions of users taken on the basis of this information.

As part of a limited assurance engagement, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the engagement. We also:

- Design and perform procedures to assess whether the process for identifying the information included in both the NFIS and the sustainability information is consistent with the description of the process followed by the Group and enables, where appropriate, the identification of the material information to be disclosed in accordance with ESRs requirements.
- Perform risk assessment procedures, including obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the engagement, to identify the disclosures in respect of which material misstatements are likely to arise, whether due to fraud or error, but not for the purpose of providing a conclusion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Design and perform procedures responsive to where material misstatements are likely to arise in the disclosures included in the NFIS and sustainability information. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

## Summary of the work performed

A limited assurance engagement involves performing procedures to obtain evidence to support our conclusions. The nature, timing and extent of procedures selected depend on professional judgement, including the identification of the disclosures where material misstatements are likely to arise, whether due to fraud or error, in the NFIS and in the sustainability information.

Our work consisted of enquiries of management as well as of various units and components of the Group that were involved in the preparation of the NFIS and sustainability information, of the review of the processes for compiling and validating the information presented in the NFIS and sustainability information and of the application of certain analytical procedures and review procedures on a sample basis, as described below:

In relation to the process of verifying the NFIS:

- Meetings with Group personnel to understand the business model, policies and management approaches applied and the main risks related thereto, and obtaining the information required for the external review.
- Analysis of the scope, relevance and completeness of the content of the NFIS for the 2025 year based on the materiality analysis performed by the Group and described in subsection "Management of impacts, risks and opportunities (IRO-1)", taking into account the content required under prevailing commercial legislation.
- Analysis of the processes to compile and validate the information presented in the NFIS for the 2025 year.



- Review of information concerning risks, policies and management approaches applied in relation to material matters presented in the NFIS for the 2025 year.
- Verification, by means of sample testing, of the information relating to the content of the NFIS for the 2025 year and its adequate compilation using data obtained from the information sources.

In relation to the process of verifying the sustainability information:

- Making enquiries of the Group's personnel:
  - In order to understand the business model, policies and management approaches applied and the main risks related thereto, and obtaining the information required for the external review.
  - In order to understand the source of the information used by management (for example, engagement with stakeholders, business plans and strategy documents); and the review of the Group's internal documentation on its process.
- Obtaining, through enquiries of Group personnel, an understanding of the entity's relevant processes for collecting, validating and presenting information for the preparation of its sustainability information.
- Evaluating the consistency of the evidence obtained from our procedures on the process implemented by the Group for determining the information that should be included in the sustainability information with the description of the process included in such information, as well as the evaluation of whether the aforementioned process implemented by the Group enables the identification of material information to be disclosed according to ESRS requirements.
- Evaluating whether all the information identified in the process implemented by the Group for determining the information that should be included in the sustainability information is in fact included.
- Evaluating the consistency of the structure and presentation of the sustainability information with the requirements of ESRS and the rest of the regulatory framework on sustainability information applied by the Group.
- Making enquiries of relevant personnel and performing analytical procedures on the information disclosed in the sustainability information, considering such information in respect of which material misstatements are likely to arise, whether due to fraud or error.
- Performing, where appropriate, substantive procedures on a sample basis on the information disclosed in the selected sustainability information, considering such information in respect of which material misstatements are likely to arise, whether due to fraud or error.
- Obtaining, where applicable, the reports issued by accredited independent third parties appended to the consolidated management report in response to the requirements of European regulations and, in relation to the information to which they refer and in accordance with generally accepted professional standards, verifying only the practitioner's accreditation and that the scope of the report issued is aligned with the requirements of European regulations.

- Obtaining, where appropriate, the documents that contain the information incorporated by reference, the reports issued by auditors or practitioners on such documents and, in accordance with generally accepted professional standards, verifying only that the document to which the information incorporated by reference refers meets the conditions described in ESRS for the incorporation of information by reference in the sustainability information.
- Obtaining a representation letter from the Parent company's directors and management in relation to the NFIS and sustainability information.

## **Other information**

The Parent company's directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the consolidated annual accounts and the rest of the information included in the consolidated management report, but does not include either the auditors' report on the consolidated annual accounts or the assurance reports issued by accredited independent third parties as required by European Union law on specific disclosures contained in the sustainability information and appended to the consolidated management report.

Our assurance report does not cover the other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

With regard to our assurance engagement regarding the sustainability information, our responsibility consists of reading the other information identified above and, in doing so, considering whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the sustainability information or the knowledge we have obtained during the assurance engagement, which may be indicative of the existence of material misstatements in the sustainability information.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores S.L.

**PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L.**

Original in Spanish signed by  
Enrique Anaya Rico

26 February 2026



# 07.

## Glossary

Glossary

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02. GCO in 2025

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# Glossary

| Concept                                           | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                      | Formulation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Importance and relevance of use                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Technical result after expenses</b>            | Insurance activity result                                                                                                                                                                       | Technical result after expenses = (earned premiums from direct insurance + earned premiums from accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions) - Technical cost - Bonuses and rebates - Net operating expenses - Other technical expenses             | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Reinsurance result</b>                         | Result produced by ceding business to the reinsurer or accepting business from other entities.                                                                                                  | Reinsurance result = Accepted reinsurance result + Ceded reinsurance result                                                                                                                                                                                         | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Financial result</b>                           | Result of financial investments.                                                                                                                                                                | Financial result = income from financial assets (coupons, dividends, actions) - financial expenses (commissions and other expenses) + result from subsidiary companies - interest accrued on debt - interest paid to insured parties of the life insurance business | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Technical/financial result</b>                 | Result of the insurance activity including the financial result.<br>This result is especially relevant in Life insurance.                                                                       | Technical/financial result = Technical result + Financial result                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Non-technical non-financial account result</b> | Those income and expenses not assignable to technical or financial profits/losses.                                                                                                              | Non-technical non-financial account result = Income - expenses not assignable to technical or financial profits/losses..                                                                                                                                            | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Result complementary activities</b>            | Result of activities not assignable to the purely insurance business.<br>Mainly the activities of:<br>· Information services<br>· Recoveries<br>· Management of the Dutch state export account. | Result complementary activities of credit insurance = income - expenses                                                                                                                                                                                             | Result of activities not assignable to the purely insurance business. It includes the funeral business and complementary credit activities (mainly: information services, collections, management of the Dutch state export account). |
| <b>Ordinary result</b>                            | Result of the entity's usual activity                                                                                                                                                           | Ordinary result = technical/financial result + non-technical account result - taxes, all resulting from habitual activity                                                                                                                                           | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

01. Annual panorama  
02. GCO in 2025

03. Results in 2025  
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| Concept                                    | Definition                                                                                                                                                                         | Formulation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Importance and relevance of use       |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Turnover</b>                            | Turnover is the Group's business volume<br><br>Includes the premiums that the Group generates in each of the business lines and the income from services from credit insurance.    | Turnover = Premiums invoiced + Income from information<br><br>Written premiums = direct insurance premiums issued + accepted reinsurance premiums                                                                                                                                 | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Managed funds</b>                       | Amount of financial and real estate assets managed by the Group                                                                                                                    | Managed funds = Financial and real estate assets, entity risk + Financial and real estate assets, policyholder risk + Managed pension funds<br><br>Managed funds = fixed income + variable income + real estate + deposits in credit institutions + treasury + investee companies | Relevant investors                    |
| <b>Financial strength</b>                  | Shows the debt and solvency situation.<br><br>It is mainly measured through the debt ratio, the interest coverage ratio and the credit rating (rating).                            | Debt ratio = Debt / Net worth + Debt                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Relevant investors                    |
| <b>Technical cost</b>                      | Direct costs of claims coverage.<br>See claims.                                                                                                                                    | Technical cost = claims in the year, net of reinsurance + variation in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance                                                                                                                                                             |                                       |
| <b>Average cost of claims</b>              | Reflects the average cost per claim                                                                                                                                                | Average cost of claims = Technical Cost / number of claims corresponding to said period.                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                       |
| <b>Deposits for ceded reinsurance</b>      | Deposits retained by the Group in order to guarantee the financial obligations of reinsurers                                                                                       | Deposits for ceded reinsurance Amounts received from reinsurance ceded in order to guarantee the obligations arising from reinsurance contracts, their amount corresponds to the balance recorded in the Balance Sheet                                                            |                                       |
| <b>Dividend yield</b>                      | The dividend yield, shows the relationship between the dividends distributed in the last year with the average share value.<br><br>Indicator used to value the shares of an entity | Dividend yield = dividend paid in the year per share / average share price value                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Relevant investors                    |
| <b>Modified Duration</b>                   | Sensitivity of the value of the asset to movements in interest rates                                                                                                               | Modified duration = Represents an approximation of the value of the percentage change in the value of financial assets for each percentage point (100 basis points) of change in interest rates.                                                                                  |                                       |
| <b>Expenses</b>                            | General expenses include the costs that arise for business management, excluding those properly assignable to claims.                                                              | Expenses = personnel expenses + commercial expenses + services and miscellaneous expenses (subsistence allowances, training, management awards, material and other office expenses, rent, external services, etc.)                                                                | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Permanence index</b>                    | Measures the customer's expectation of continuing with the entity<br>Scale from less than 1 year to more than 5 years                                                              | Permanence rate = How long do you think you would continue to be a customer?                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Satisfaction index with the company</b> | Measures the degree of general customer satisfaction with the entity<br>Scale from 1 to 10                                                                                         | General satisfaction index = (Satisfied – dissatisfied) / respondents<br>Satisfied answers with result from 7 to 10<br>Dissatisfied answers with result from 1 to 4                                                                                                               | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Service satisfaction index</b>          | Measures the evaluation of the service received<br>Scale 1 to 10                                                                                                                   | Service satisfaction index = (Satisfied – dissatisfied) / respondents<br>Satisfied answers with result from 7 to 10<br>Dissatisfied answers with result from 1 to 4                                                                                                               | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |

|                     |                          |                           |              |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 01. Annual panorama | 03. Results in 2025      | 05. Business Model        | 07. Glossary |
| 02. GCO in 2025     | 04. Corporate Governance | 06. Sustainability Report |              |

| Concept                                                  | Definition                                                                                                                                  | Formulation                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Importance and relevance of use       |
|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Insurance income</b>                                  | Measures income derived directly from insurance activity and information services                                                           | Insurance income = premiums earned from direct insurance + premiums earned from accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions                                                                             | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Income from information</b>                           | Income obtained from the study of the financial information of the debtors of the credit business for contracting a policy                  | Income from information = Information services and commissions                                                                                                                                                          | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Managed funds</b>                                     | Set of assets managed by the Group in order to obtain financial performance from them.                                                      | Financial assets from the entity's balance sheet (properties, fixed income, equity,...) plus assets managed by the Group for its clients in pension plans and mutual funds                                              | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Investments in associated / subsidiaries entities</b> | Non-dependent entities in which the Group has significant influence                                                                         | Investments in associated / subsidiaries entities = book value of the economic participation                                                                                                                            |                                       |
| <b>Net Promoter Score NPS</b>                            | Measures the degree of customer loyalty with the entity.                                                                                    | Net Promoter score = Would you recommend the company to family and friends? = (promoters-detractors)/ respondents<br>Promoters: responses with a result equal to 9 or 10<br>Detractors: answers with result from 1 to 6 | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Pay out</b>                                           | Ratio that indicates the part of the result that is distributed to investors via dividends                                                  | Pay out = (Total dividend / Profit for the year attributable to the Parent Company) x 100                                                                                                                               | Relevant investors                    |
| <b>Price Earnings Ratio</b>                              | The price-earnings ratio or PER measures the relationship between the price or value of the entity and the result.                          | PER = Closing market price of the share / Profit for the year attributable to the Parent Company per share                                                                                                              | Relevant investors                    |
| <b>PER</b>                                               | Its value expresses what the market pays for each monetary unit of result. It is representative of the entity's ability to generate result. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                       |
| <b>Recurring premiums</b>                                | Total premiums without considering non-periodic premiums of the Life business                                                               | Recurring Premiums = Earned premiums - single and supplemental life business premiums                                                                                                                                   | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Technical provisions</b>                              | Amount of assumed obligations arising from insurance and reinsurance contracts.                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Combined ratio</b>                                    | Indicator that measures the technical profitability of Non-Life insurance.                                                                  | Combined Ratio = Ratio of claims + Expense Ratio                                                                                                                                                                        | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Net combined ratio</b>                                | Indicator that measures the technical profitability of Non-Life insurance net of the reinsurance effect                                     | Net Combined Ratio = Net Ratio of claims + Net Expense Ratio                                                                                                                                                            |                                       |
| <b>Efficiency ratio</b>                                  | Ratio that reflects the part of premium income dedicated to operating expenses and commissions                                              | Efficiency ratio = (Total Expenses and commissions) / Recurring premiums                                                                                                                                                | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Expense ratio</b>                                     | Ratio that reflects the part of premium income dedicated to expenses.                                                                       | Expense ratio = Operating expenses / Insurance income                                                                                                                                                                   |                                       |
| <b>Net expense ratio</b>                                 | Ratio that reflects the portion of premium income dedicated to expenses net of the reinsurance effect                                       | Net expense ratio = (Net reinsurance operating expenses) / (imputed premiums for direct business and accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions)                                                       |                                       |
| <b>Claims ratio</b>                                      | Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and earned premiums.                                                        | Claims ratio = Claims / Insurance income                                                                                                                                                                                | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |



|                     |                          |                           |              |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| 01. Annual panorama | 03. Results in 2025      | 05. Business Model        | 07. Glossary |
| 02. GCO in 2025     | 04. Corporate Governance | 06. Sustainability Report |              |

| Concept                                                                                         | Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Formulation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Importance and relevance of use       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Net claims ratio</b>                                                                         | Business indicator, consisting of the proportion between claims and earned premiums, net of the reinsurance effect.                                                                                         | Net claims ratio = Claims for the year, net of reinsurance / (imputed premiums for direct business and accepted reinsurance + information services and commissions)                                                                                             |                                       |
| <b>Permanent resources</b>                                                                      | Resources comparable to own funds.                                                                                                                                                                          | Permanent resources = Total net equity + subordinated liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                               | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Permanent resources at market value</b>                                                      | Resources comparable to own funds at market value                                                                                                                                                           | Permanent resources at market value = Total net equity + subordinated liabilities + capital gains associated with real estate for own use + capital gains associated with real estate investments                                                               | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Resources transferred to the company</b>                                                     | Amount that the Group returns to the main interest groups.                                                                                                                                                  | Resources transferred to the company = claims paid + taxes + commissions + personnel expenses + dividends                                                                                                                                                       |                                       |
| <b>Return On Equity</b>                                                                         | Financial profitability or rate of return                                                                                                                                                                   | ROE = (Result for the year. Attributable to the parent company) / (Simple average of the Equity attributed to the shareholders of the Parent Company at the beginning and end of the period (twelve months)) x 100                                              | Relevant investors                    |
| <b>ROE</b>                                                                                      | Measures return on capital                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                       |
| <b>Claims rate</b>                                                                              | See technical cost. Economic valuation of claims.                                                                                                                                                           | Claims rate = Benefits paid from direct insurance + Variation in the provision for direct insurance benefits + expenses attributable to benefits                                                                                                                |                                       |
| <b>Total expenses and commissions</b>                                                           | Commissions and expenses (except those assignable to claims) that arise for business management.                                                                                                            | Expenses and commissions = Operating expenses + commissions paid on the policies                                                                                                                                                                                |                                       |
| <b>Total Potential Exposure TPE</b>                                                             | It is the potential exposure to risk, also "cumulative risk."<br>Term of credit insurance business                                                                                                          | TPE = the sum of the credit risks underwritten by the Group for each buyer                                                                                                                                                                                      | Relevant Entity<br>Relevant investors |
| <b>Value of responsible investments with respect to the total investments and managed funds</b> | Ratio that reflects the assets managed by the Group that comply with the Group's Responsible Investment Policy, with respect to the total investments and funds managed by the Group.                       | Investments that comply with the Group's Responsible Investment Policy / Total investments and funds managed by the Group                                                                                                                                       |                                       |
| <b>Generated economic value</b>                                                                 | The generated economic value responds to the aggregation of the value distributed by the Group and the value retained by the Group.                                                                         | Direct generated economic value = economic value distributed + economic value retained                                                                                                                                                                          |                                       |
| <b>Distributed economic value</b>                                                               | Economic value that the Group has allocated to the following interest groups: clients, public administrations, mediators, employees, shareholders and contributions to foundations and non-profit entities. | Distributed economic value = payment of benefits to clients + taxes paid and Social Security contributions + payments to suppliers + salaries and benefits of employees + dividends paid + contributions from the Group to foundations and non-profit entities. |                                       |
| <b>Retained economic value</b>                                                                  | Amount of GCO's annual net result not distributed.                                                                                                                                                          | Retained economic value = Annual amount of GCO's after-tax income allocated to Reserves.                                                                                                                                                                        |                                       |
| <b>Theoretical book value</b>                                                                   | Value per share that a company has in accounting terms. Book value per share.                                                                                                                               | Theoretical book value = Net equity/number of shares                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Relevant investors                    |



### **III. Consolidated annual accounts**

GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
(Grupo Catalana Occidente)  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2025  
AND 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Notes 1 to 3)

(Figures in thousands of euros)

| ASSETS       |                                                                                   | Note  | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 (*) |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------|----------------|
| 1.           | Cash and cash equivalents                                                         | 6     | 1,607,429  | 1,426,708      |
| 2.           | Financial assets held for trading                                                 |       | –          | –              |
| 3.           | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss                             | 7.a.  | 2,234,217  | 2,026,751      |
|              | a) Equity instruments                                                             |       | 621,515    | 622,939        |
|              | b) Debt securities                                                                |       | 105,564    | 106,606        |
|              | c) Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk |       | 1,306,299  | 1,072,914      |
|              | d) Bank deposits                                                                  |       | 200,839    | 224,292        |
| 4.           | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income                 | 7.a.  | 10,364,376 | 10,096,233     |
|              | a) Equity instruments                                                             |       | 2,335,986  | 2,109,916      |
|              | b) Debt securities                                                                |       | 7,923,862  | 7,882,780      |
|              | c) Deposits with credit institutions                                              |       | 104,528    | 103,537        |
| 5.           | Financial assets measured at amortised cost                                       |       | 890,372    | 975,747        |
|              | a) Loans and other financial assets                                               | 7.a.  | 510,589    | 533,950        |
|              | b) Receivables                                                                    | 7.b.  | 378,522    | 438,014        |
|              | c) Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk | 7.a.  | 1,261      | 3,783          |
| 6.           | Hedging derivatives                                                               |       | –          | –              |
| 7.           | Assets under insurance contracts                                                  | 14    | 147,460    | 161,616        |
| 8.           | Assets under reinsurance contracts                                                | 14    | 691,023    | 798,783        |
|              | a) Assets for remaining coverage                                                  |       | 269,432    | 286,851        |
|              | b) Assets for claims incurred                                                     |       | 421,591    | 511,932        |
| 9.           | Property, plant and equipment and investment property                             |       | 1,570,736  | 1,432,884      |
|              | a) Property, plant and equipment                                                  | 9.a.  | 788,304    | 642,807        |
|              | b) Investment property                                                            | 9.b.  | 782,432    | 790,077        |
| 10.          | Intangible fixed assets                                                           |       | 1,523,607  | 1,596,443      |
|              | a) Goodwill                                                                       | 10.a. | 1,119,407  | 1,179,707      |
|              | b) Policy portfolio acquisition costs                                             | 10    | –          | –              |
|              | c) Other intangible assets                                                        | 10    | 404,200    | 416,736        |
| 11.          | Investments in entities accounted for using the equity method                     | 8     | 128,740    | 124,975        |
| 12.          | Tax assets                                                                        |       | 455,320    | 486,488        |
|              | a) Current tax assets                                                             | 11.b. | 203,195    | 131,007        |
|              | b) Deferred tax assets                                                            | 11.c. | 252,125    | 355,481        |
| 13.          | Other assets                                                                      | 12    | 100,530    | 118,787        |
| TOTAL ASSETS |                                                                                   |       | 19,713,810 | 19,245,415     |

(\*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e) of the accompanying Annual Report.  
The accompanying Notes 1 to 22 described in the attached Report and Appendices I and II are an integral part of the Consolidated Balance Sheet at 31 December 2025.

GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
(Grupo Catalana Occidente)  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2025  
AND 31 DECEMBER 2024 (Notes 1 to 3)

(Figures in thousands of euros)

| NET LIABILITIES AND EQUITY                       |                                                                                                                   | Note  | 31.12.2025        | 31.12.2024 (*)    |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>                         |                                                                                                                   |       | <b>13,063,323</b> | <b>12,956,497</b> |
| 1.                                               | Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss                                             |       | —                 | —                 |
| 2.                                               | Financial liabilities at amortised cost                                                                           |       | <b>1,142,859</b>  | <b>1,313,782</b>  |
| a)                                               | Subordinated liabilities                                                                                          | 13.a. | 248,145           | 247,938           |
| b)                                               | Other payables                                                                                                    | 13.b. | 894,714           | 1,065,844         |
| 3.                                               | Hedging derivatives                                                                                               |       | —                 | —                 |
| 4.                                               | Liabilities under insurance contracts                                                                             | 14    | <b>10,669,266</b> | <b>10,504,320</b> |
| a)                                               | Liabilities for remaining coverage                                                                                |       | 8,010,303         | 8,030,458         |
| b)                                               | Liabilities for incurred claims                                                                                   |       | 2,658,963         | 2,473,862         |
| 5.                                               | Liabilities under reinsurance contracts                                                                           | 14    | <b>6,638</b>      | <b>5,085</b>      |
| 6.                                               | Non-technical provisions                                                                                          | 15    | <b>184,612</b>    | <b>175,596</b>    |
| 7.                                               | Tax liabilities                                                                                                   |       | <b>955,183</b>    | <b>855,102</b>    |
| a)                                               | Current tax liabilities                                                                                           | 11.b. | 105,804           | 54,949            |
| b)                                               | Deferred tax liabilities                                                                                          | 11.c. | 849,379           | 800,153           |
| 8.                                               | Other liabilities                                                                                                 |       | <b>104,765</b>    | <b>102,612</b>    |
| <b>TOTAL NET EQUITY</b>                          |                                                                                                                   |       | <b>6,650,487</b>  | <b>6,288,918</b>  |
| <b>Shareholders' equity</b>                      |                                                                                                                   |       | <b>5,079,861</b>  | <b>4,970,792</b>  |
| 1.                                               | Capital                                                                                                           | 16.a  | 36,000            | 36,000            |
| 2.                                               | Share Premium                                                                                                     | 16.b  | 1,533             | 1,533             |
| 3.                                               | Reserves                                                                                                          | 16.b  | 4,910,315         | 4,319,597         |
| 4.                                               | Less: Shares and holdings in own equity                                                                           | 16.c  | —                 | (22,787)          |
| 5.                                               | Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the parent company                                                     |       | 690,013           | 636,449           |
| 6.                                               | Less: Interim dividend                                                                                            | 16.e  | (558,000)         | —                 |
| <b>Other accumulated comprehensive income</b>    |                                                                                                                   | 16.g  | <b>1,069,739</b>  | <b>779,979</b>    |
| 1.                                               | Items that will not be re-classified to profits/(losses)                                                          |       | 989,122           | 708,165           |
| a)                                               | Changes in the fair value of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income         |       | 989,122           | 708,165           |
| 2.                                               | Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss                                                     |       | 80,617            | 71,814            |
| a)                                               | Changes in the fair value of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income           |       | 7,785             | 24,852            |
| b)                                               | Exchange-rate differences                                                                                         |       | (41,462)          | 40,189            |
| c)                                               | Changes in the fair value of insurance contracts measured at fair value through other comprehensive income        |       | 130,750           | 8,571             |
| d)                                               | Changes in the fair value of reinsurance contracts held measured at fair value through other comprehensive income |       | (6,548)           | 7,321             |
| e)                                               | Entities accounted for using the equity method                                                                    |       | (9,908)           | (9,119)           |
| <b>EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PARENT COMPANY</b> |                                                                                                                   |       | <b>6,149,600</b>  | <b>5,750,771</b>  |
| <b>MINORITY INTERESTS</b>                        |                                                                                                                   | 17    | <b>500,887</b>    | <b>538,147</b>    |
| 1.                                               | Other accumulated comprehensive income                                                                            |       | 14,404            | 19,638            |
| 2.                                               | Other                                                                                                             |       | 486,483           | 518,509           |
| <b>TOTAL NET EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>          |                                                                                                                   |       | <b>19,713,810</b> | <b>19,245,415</b> |

(\*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e) of the accompanying Annual Report.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 22 described in the attached report and Appendices I and II are an integral part of the Consolidated Balance Sheet at 31 December 2025.

GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
(Grupo Catalana Occidente)

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR  
THE FINANCIAL YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025 AND 2024 (Notes 1 to 3)

(Figures in thousands of euros)

|                                                                                                | Note | Year 2025        | Year 2024 (*)    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. Insurance service income                                                                    | 19   | 5,074,779        | 4,918,293        |
| a) Income from contracts measured under the general method (BBA) and equity method (VFA)       |      | 2,461,698        | 2,494,393        |
| a.1) Amounts related to changes in the liability for the remaining coverage                    |      | 1,862,360        | 1,856,183        |
| - Expected benefits and expenses                                                               |      | 1,488,095        | 1,523,051        |
| - Changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk                                        |      | 136,977          | 92,328           |
| - CSM recognised for services provided                                                         |      | 237,288          | 240,804          |
| a.2) Release (recovery) of acquisition costs allocated to the period                           |      | 548,746          | 519,007          |
| a.3) Adjustment of experience related to current services                                      |      | 50,592           | 119,203          |
| b) Contract income measured under the simplified approach (PAA)                                |      | 2,613,081        | 2,423,900        |
| 2. Insurance service expenses                                                                  | 19   | (4,002,523)      | (3,971,789)      |
| a) Benefits and expenses incurred                                                              |      | (2,861,360)      | (2,975,951)      |
| b) Acquisition costs                                                                           |      | (1,194,267)      | (1,136,107)      |
| c) Change in liability for incurred claims                                                     |      | 53,104           | 140,269          |
| <b>A) PROFIT/(LOSS) ASSOCIATED WITH INSURANCE CONTRACTS ISSUED</b>                             |      | <b>1,072,256</b> | <b>946,504</b>   |
| 3. Reinsurance expenses                                                                        | 19   | (623,034)        | (644,076)        |
| 4. Income from reinsurance recoveries                                                          | 19   | 325,221          | 410,059          |
| <b>B) PROFIT/(LOSS) ASSOCIATED WITH REINSURANCE CONTRACTS HELD</b>                             |      | <b>(297,813)</b> | <b>(234,017)</b> |
| <b>C) PROFIT/(LOSS) OF THE INSURANCE SERVICE (A + B)</b>                                       |      | <b>774,443</b>   | <b>712,487</b>   |
| 5. Income from interest                                                                        | 7.c  | 270,331          | 240,744          |
| 6. Income from dividends                                                                       | 7.c  | 85,650           | 80,367           |
| 7. Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments                                                  | 7.c  | 153,531          | 127,586          |
| 8. Reversal / (loss) for impairment of financial instruments                                   | 7.c  | (730)            | (2,864)          |
| 9. Net gain / (loss) for exchange rate                                                         | 7.c  | 5,293            | 2,557            |
| 10. Other financial income / (expenses)                                                        | 19   | 15,926           | 28,678           |
| 11. Income / (expenses) from property, plant and equipment and investment property             | 19   | (6,100)          | 17,100           |
| 12. Profits/(losses) of entities accounted for using the equity method                         | 19   | 15,880           | 15,750           |
| <b>D) NET INVESTMENT PROFIT/(LOSS)</b>                                                         |      | <b>539,781</b>   | <b>509,918</b>   |
| 13. Financial income / (expenses) for insurance associated with insurance contracts issued     | 19   | (355,692)        | (362,454)        |
| 14. Financial income / (expenses) associated with reinsurance contracts held                   | 19   | 16,476           | 14,228           |
| <b>E) TOTAL FINANCIAL INCOME OR EXPENSES FOR INSURANCE</b>                                     |      | <b>(339,216)</b> | <b>(348,226)</b> |
| <b>F) NET INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT PROFIT/(LOSS) (C+D+E)</b>                                   |      | <b>975,008</b>   | <b>874,179</b>   |
| 15. Other income                                                                               | 19   | 564,179          | 543,130          |
| 16. Other expenses                                                                             | 19   | (546,785)        | (494,621)        |
| <b>G) PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>                                                                    |      | <b>992,402</b>   | <b>922,688</b>   |
| 17. Income tax                                                                                 | 11.e | (234,670)        | (225,210)        |
| <b>H) PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>                                |      | <b>757,732</b>   | <b>697,478</b>   |
| 18. Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations and/or held for sale, net of taxes |      | –                | –                |
| <b>I) CONSOLIDATED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR</b>                                              |      | <b>757,732</b>   | <b>697,478</b>   |
| a) Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company                                 |      | 690,013          | 636,449          |
| b) Profit attributable to minority interests                                                   | 17   | 67,719           | 61,029           |
| (Figures in Euros)                                                                             |      |                  |                  |
| <b>EARNINGS PER SHARE</b>                                                                      |      |                  |                  |
| Basic                                                                                          | 16.f | 5.84             | 5.39             |
| Diluted                                                                                        | 16.f | 5.84             | 5.39             |

(\*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e) of the accompanying Annual  
The accompanying Notes 1 to 22 described in the attached report and Appendices I and II are an integral part  
of the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for 2025.

## GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Grupo Catalana Occidente)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSES FOR FINANCIAL YEARS ENDING 31 DECEMBER 2025 AND 2024 (Notes 1 to 3)

(Figures in thousands of euros)

|                                                                                                              | Note | Year 2025        | Year 2024 (*)  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------|----------------|
| <b>A) CONSOLIDATED PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD</b>                                                          |      | <b>757,732</b>   | <b>697,478</b> |
| <b>B) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - ITEMS NOT RECLASSIFIED IN THE PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD</b>            |      | <b>324,547</b>   | <b>155,798</b> |
| 1. Actuarial gains /(losses) on long-term employee benefits                                                  | 15   | (935)            | (60,659)       |
| 2. Movement related to equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income                   | 7.a  | 427,444          | 264,183        |
| 3. Tax effect                                                                                                | 11.d | (101,962)        | (47,726)       |
| <b>C) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - ITEMS THAT CAN BE RECLASSIFIED AFTER THE PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD</b> |      | <b>(7,013)</b>   | <b>49,463</b>  |
| 1. Movement related to debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income                     | 7.a  | (20,708)         | 98,318         |
| a) Valuation gains/(losses)                                                                                  |      | (21,228)         | 89,819         |
| b) Amounts transferred to the profit and loss account                                                        |      | 520              | 8,499          |
| c) Other reclassifications                                                                                   |      | —                | —              |
| 2. Financial income /(expenses) from insurance contracts                                                     | 7.c  | 165,197          | (91,578)       |
| a) Valuation gains/(losses)                                                                                  |      | 165,197          | (91,578)       |
| b) Amounts transferred to the profit and loss account                                                        |      | —                | —              |
| c) Other reclassifications                                                                                   |      | —                | —              |
| 3. Financial income /(expenses) from reinsurance contracts                                                   | 7.c  | (22,396)         | 10,017         |
| a) Valuation gains/(losses)                                                                                  |      | (22,396)         | 10,017         |
| b) Amounts transferred to the profit and loss account                                                        |      | —                | —              |
| c) Other reclassifications                                                                                   |      | —                | —              |
| 4. Exchange-rate differences                                                                                 |      | (102,706)        | 39,767         |
| a) Valuation gains/(losses)                                                                                  |      | (102,706)        | 39,767         |
| b) Amounts transferred to the profit and loss account                                                        |      | —                | —              |
| c) Other reclassifications                                                                                   |      | —                | —              |
| 5. Entities accounted for using the equity method                                                            |      | (789)            | (1,494)        |
| a) Valuation gains/(losses)                                                                                  | 8    | (789)            | (1,494)        |
| b) Amounts transferred to the profit and loss account                                                        |      | —                | —              |
| c) Other reclassifications                                                                                   |      | —                | —              |
| 6. Tax effect                                                                                                | 11.d | (25,611)         | (5,567)        |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR (A + B + C)</b>                                                   |      | <b>1,075,266</b> | <b>902,739</b> |
| a) Attributable to the parent company                                                                        |      | 1,011,576        | 832,076        |
| b) Attributable to minority interests                                                                        |      | 63,690           | 70,663         |

(\*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e) of the accompanying Annual Report.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 22 described in the attached report and Appendices I and II are an integral part of the consolidated Statement of Recognised Income and Expenses for the 2025 financial year.

## GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Grupo Catalana Occidente)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR  
THE FINANCIAL YEARS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025 AND 2024 (Notes 1 to 3)

(Figures in thousands of euros)

| Note                                                                         | Equity attributable to the parent company |                            |                                   |                                                               |                     |                                        | Minority interests | Total net equity |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|                                                                              | Equity                                    |                            |                                   |                                                               |                     | Other accumulated comprehensive income |                    |                  |
|                                                                              | Capital or mutual fund                    | Share premium and Reserves | Shares and holdings in own equity | Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to the parent company | (Interim dividends) |                                        |                    |                  |
| Closing balance at 31 December 2023 (*)                                      | 36,000                                    | 3,926,695                  | (22,787)                          | 580,598                                                       | –                   | 582,619                                | 513,164            | 5,616,289        |
| Adjustment for initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 (net of tax effect) | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| Adjustment for errors                                                        | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| Opening balance adjusted to 1 January 2024 (*)                               | 36,000                                    | 3,926,695                  | (22,787)                          | 580,598                                                       | –                   | 582,619                                | 513,164            | 5,616,289        |
| I. Total recognised income/(expenses) 2024                                   | –                                         | (20,900)                   | –                                 | 636,449                                                       | –                   | 216,527                                | 70,663             | 902,739          |
| II. Transactions with shareholders or owners                                 | –                                         | (69,427)                   | –                                 | –                                                             | (64,800)            | 837                                    | (48,829)           | (182,219)        |
| 1. Capital increases/(decreases)                                             | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| 2. Dividend distribution                                                     | –                                         | (72,792)                   | –                                 | –                                                             | (64,800)            | –                                      | (45,748)           | (183,340)        |
| 3. Transactions with treasury shares or holdings (net)                       | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| 4. Increases/(Decreases) due to business combinations                        | –                                         | 3,365                      | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | 837                                    | (3,081)            | 1,121            |
| III. Other changes in equity                                                 | –                                         | 484,762                    | –                                 | (580,598)                                                     | 64,800              | (20,004)                               | 3,149              | (47,891)         |
| 1. Transfers between equity components                                       | –                                         | 515,798                    | –                                 | (580,598)                                                     | 64,800              | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| 2. Other changes                                                             | –                                         | (31,036)                   | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | (20,004)                               | 3,149              | (47,891)         |
| Closing balance at 31 December 2024 (*)                                      | 36,000                                    | 4,321,130                  | (22,787)                          | 636,449                                                       | –                   | 779,979                                | 538,147            | 6,288,918        |
| Adjustment for changes in accounting policies                                | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| Adjustment for errors                                                        | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| Opening balance adjusted to 1 January 2025                                   | 36,000                                    | 4,321,130                  | (22,787)                          | 636,449                                                       | –                   | 779,979                                | 538,147            | 6,288,918        |
| I. Total recognised income/(expenses) 2025                                   | –                                         | 32,246                     | –                                 | 690,013                                                       | –                   | 289,317                                | 63,690             | 1,075,266        |
| II. Transactions with shareholders or owners                                 | –                                         | (78,840)                   | 22,787                            | –                                                             | (558,000)           | –                                      | (98,978)           | (713,031)        |
| 1. Capital increases/(decreases)                                             | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| 2. Dividend distribution                                                     | 16.e.                                     | (78,840)                   | –                                 | –                                                             | (558,000)           | –                                      | (98,978)           | (735,818)        |
| 3. Transactions with treasury shares or holdings (net)                       | 16.c.                                     | –                          | 22,787                            | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | 22,787           |
| 4. Increases/(Decreases) due to business combinations                        | –                                         | –                          | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| III. Other changes in equity                                                 | –                                         | 637,312                    | –                                 | (636,449)                                                     | –                   | 443                                    | (1,972)            | (666)            |
| 1. Transfers between equity components                                       | 16.d.                                     | 636,449                    | –                                 | (636,449)                                                     | –                   | –                                      | –                  | –                |
| 2. Other changes                                                             | –                                         | 863                        | –                                 | –                                                             | –                   | 443                                    | (1,972)            | (666)            |
| Closing balance at 31 December 2025                                          | 36,000                                    | 4,911,848                  | –                                 | 690,013                                                       | (558,000)           | 1,069,739                              | 500,887            | 6,650,487        |

(\*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e) of the accompanying Annual Report.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 22 described in the attached report and Appendices I and II are an integral part of the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity at 31 December 2025.



## GRUPO CATALANA OCCIDENTE, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Grupo Catalana Occidente)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEARS  
ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025 AND 2024 (DIRECT METHOD) (Notes 1 to 3)

(Figures in thousands of euros)

|                                                                                | Note | Year<br>2025         | Year<br>2024 (*)         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>A) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (1+2+3)</b>                         |      | <b>764,737</b>       | <b>750,922</b>           |
| <b>1. Insurance activities:</b>                                                |      | <b>806,912</b>       | <b>802,730</b>           |
| (+) Cash received from insurance activities                                    |      | 6,685,738            | 6,396,820                |
| (-) Cash paid in insurance activities                                          |      | (5,878,826)          | (5,594,090)              |
| <b>2. Other operating activities:</b>                                          |      | <b>150,125</b>       | <b>148,335</b>           |
| (+) Cash received from other operating activities                              |      | 567,410              | 529,215                  |
| (-) Cash paid in other operating activities                                    |      | (417,285)            | (380,880)                |
| <b>3. Income tax refunded/(paid)</b>                                           |      | <b>(192,300)</b>     | <b>(200,143)</b>         |
| <b>B) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1 + 2)</b>                         |      | <b>46,214</b>        | <b>(659,432)</b>         |
| <b>1. Cash received from investing activities:</b>                             |      | <b>4,088,210</b>     | <b>3,037,435</b>         |
| (+) Property, plant and equipment                                              | 9.a  | 3,590                | 3,371                    |
| (+) Investment property                                                        | 9.b  | 84,107               | 97,197                   |
| (+) Financial instruments                                                      | 7.a  | 3,620,293            | 2,535,887                |
| (+) Subsidiaries and other business units                                      |      | —                    | 787                      |
| (+) Interest received                                                          | 7.c  | 270,331              | 240,744                  |
| (+) Dividends received                                                         | 7.c  | 85,650               | 80,367                   |
| (+) Other cash received in relation to investing activities                    |      | 24,239               | 79,082                   |
| <b>2. Payments from investment activities:</b>                                 |      | <b>(4,041,996)</b>   | <b>(3,696,867)</b>       |
| (-) Property, plant and equipment                                              | 9.a  | (235,752)            | (214,280)                |
| (-) Investment property                                                        | 9.b  | (37,502)             | (42,806)                 |
| (-) Intangible assets                                                          | 10   | (11,437)             | (13,725)                 |
| (-) Financial instruments                                                      | 7.a  | (3,554,528)          | (3,298,746)              |
| (-) Subsidiaries and other business units                                      | 5    | (5,895)              | (93,070)                 |
| (-) Other cash paid in relation to investing activities                        |      | (196,882)            | (34,240)                 |
| <b>C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1 + 2)</b>                         |      | <b>(622,807)</b>     | <b>(56,013)</b>          |
| <b>1. Cash received from financing activities:</b>                             |      | <b>98,370</b>        | <b>247,664</b>           |
| (+) Subordinated liabilities                                                   | 13.a | —                    | 247,664                  |
| (+) Disposal of treasury shares                                                | 16.c | 98,370               | —                        |
| (+) Other cash received in relation to financing activities                    |      | —                    | —                        |
| <b>2. Cash paid in investing activities:</b>                                   |      | <b>(721,177)</b>     | <b>(303,677)</b>         |
| (-) Dividends to shareholders                                                  | 16.e | (708,120)            | (137,592)                |
| (-) Interest paid                                                              |      | (12,728)             | (11,411)                 |
| (-) Subordinated liabilities                                                   | 13.a | —                    | (154,524)                |
| (-) Purchase of own securities                                                 | 16.c | —                    | —                        |
| (-) Other cash paid in relation to financing activities                        |      | (329)                | (150)                    |
| <b>D) EFFECT OF CHANGES IN EXCHANGE RATES</b>                                  |      | <b>(7,423)</b>       | <b>17,490</b>            |
| <b>E) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A + B + C + D)</b> |      | <b>180,721</b>       | <b>52,967</b>            |
| <b>F) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE START OF THE PERIOD</b>                 |      | <b>1,426,708</b>     | <b>1,373,741</b>         |
| <b>G) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (E+F)</b>             |      | <b>1,607,429</b>     | <b>1,426,708</b>         |
| <b>COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD</b>        |      | <b>Year<br/>2025</b> | <b>Year<br/>2024 (*)</b> |
| (+) Cash and banks                                                             | 6    | 1,491,559            | 1,408,534                |
| (+) Other financial assets                                                     | 6    | 115,870              | 18,174                   |
| <b>TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD</b>                |      | <b>1,607,429</b>     | <b>1,426,708</b>         |

(\*) Presented solely and exclusively for comparison purposes. See Note 2.e) of the accompanying Annual Report.

The accompanying Notes 1 to 22 described in the attached report and Appendices I and II are an integral part of the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for 2025.

# **Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and Subsidiaries (Grupo Catalana Occidente)**

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements corresponding to the year ended at 31 December 2025**

In accordance with current legislation on the content of consolidated financial statements, these Notes complete, elaborate on and provide a commentary on the consolidated balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of recognised income and expenses, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement (hereinafter the 'consolidated financial statements'). Together with the financial statements, they form a whole, whose purpose is to provide a true and fair view of the consolidated assets and consolidated financial position of Grupo Catalana Occidente at 31 December 2025 and of the result of its activities, the changes in its equity and the cash flows registered in the year then ended.

### **1. General information on the parent company and its activities**

#### **1.a) Incorporation, term and registered address**

Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (hereinafter 'the parent company' or "GCO") is a public limited company that was incorporated for an indefinite period on 18 July 1864, in Spain and initially under the name "La Catalana, Sociedad de Seguros contra Incendios a Prima Fija". In 1988 it changed its name to Catalana Occidente, S.A. and again in 2001 to the current one, as a result of the change in its corporate activities following the transfer of its entire insurance and reinsurance business to the subsidiary company Occident GCO, S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros, by means of a non-monetary contribution of a branch of activity comprising all the assets and liabilities related to the transferred business and all its personnel.

The registered office of the parent company is at Calle Méndez Álvaro 31, Madrid (Spain).

#### **1.b) Corporate purpose, legal framework and lines of business in which the Company operates**

The Company's corporate purpose is to purchase, underwrite, hold, administer, swap and sell all manner of domestic and foreign securities and shares, for its own account and without engaging in brokerage activities, for the purpose of directing, administering and managing such securities and shares.

In carrying out these activities, especially as regards the securities of insurance undertakings and other companies whose activities are subject to the private insurance regulations in Spain, the parent company ensures that applicable legal requirements are met. The parent company is not directly involved in insurance activity, this is performed by subsidiary companies of the Group which have the corresponding legal authority. The Directorate General of Insurance and Pension Funds (hereinafter "DGSFP") performs the functions assigned under current legislation by the Spanish Ministry of Economic Affairs in relation to private insurance and reinsurance, insurance agency and brokerage services, capitalisation and pension funds.

The parent company directs and manages its capital investment in the other companies by organising human and material resources. These entities are mainly active in ancillary insurance activities, as well as in the provision of funeral services.

The insurance companies that depend on GCO operate in the following lines of business: life, credit, surety, accident, illness, health care, land, sea, lake and river vehicles (hulls), air vehicles, railway vehicles, transported goods, fire and natural elements, other damage to property (combined agricultural insurance, theft or other), civil liability (in land motor vehicles, air vehicles, sea, lake, river and rail vehicles, arising from nuclear risks or other risks), various pecuniary losses, legal defence, assistance and funeral business. The Group considers as "Occident" business line all the lines of business in which it operates except credit and surety lines, which are included in the "Atradius" business line.

Likewise, the subsidiary Occident Pensiones E.G.F.P., S.A.U. hereinafter "Occident Pensiones", manages the pension funds "Occident Pensiones Renta Fija, FP", "Occident Pensiones Mixto Fijo, FP", "Occident Pensiones Renta Variable, FP", "Occident Pensiones Mixto Variable, FP", "GCO Pensiones Empleados, FP", "Occident Pensiones Colectivo, Fondo de Pensiones", "Cat Previsió, FP" and "Occident Pensiones Autónomos, FP". In addition, Occident GCO, S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros is a promoting partner of "Occident Previsión, Entidad de Previsión Social Voluntaria Individual". The total amount of assets from managed funds and EPSV amounted to €867,797 thousand at 31 December 2025 (€808,144 thousand at 31 December 2024). The gross income earned from management fees of the various funds amounted to €7,607 thousand in 2025 (€7,047 thousand in 2024) and was recognised, net of the related marketing expenses, under "Other Technical Income" in the consolidated life insurance profit and loss account.

Also, the subsidiary company Grupo Catalana Occidente Gestión de Activos, S.G.I.I.C. ("GCO Gestión de Activos") manages the investment funds "GCO Mixto, IF", "GCO Acciones, IF", "GCO Eurobolsa, IF", "GCO Renta Fija, IF", "GCO Global 50, IF", "GCO Internacional, IF", "GCO Bolsa USA, IF" and "GCO Ahorro, IF" (see Note 7.a.2). The total amount of assets of the investment funds managed comes to €1,281,671 thousand at 31 December 2025 (€1,005,799 at 31 December 2024).

In view of the business activity carried out by the parent company and its subsidiaries, the Group has no environmental liabilities, expenses, assets, provisions or contingencies that might be material with respect to the Group's equity, financial position or results. Therefore, no specific disclosures are included in these notes to the consolidated financial statements with respect to information regarding environmental issues. Such environmental information is extensively detailed in GCO's Sustainability Report, which is included in the consolidated management report.

### **1.c) Group structure and distribution systems**

The subsidiary Occident GCO, S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros (hereinafter "Occident") and the subsidiary subgroup Atradius N.V. (hereinafter 'Atradius N.V.'), have their own independent organisational structure and network.

From an organisational point of view, the companies that make up the Grupo Catalana Occidente insurance group (hereinafter, 'the Group') operate with a structure that centralises functions and decentralises operations, with the following Service Centres: three Underwriting Centres (Sant Cugat, Madrid and Bilbao), eight Claims Centres (Sant Cugat, Madrid, Bilbao, Valencia, Seville, Malaga, A Coruña and Santander), a Health Services Centre (Madrid), two Administrative Accounting Centres (Sant Cugat and Madrid), three Contact Centres (Sabadell, Madrid and Seville) and four Operational Support Centres (Barcelona, Madrid, Bilbao and Valencia).

The Group has a territorial structure comprising 1,306 offices spread across Spain and 75 offices abroad.

To deliver personal and high-quality advice to customers, the Group distributes its products in Spain through an extensive sales network, consisting mainly of exclusive, full-time insurance agents. The Group also uses insurance brokers, part-time agents and other specialist distribution networks. At 31 December 2025 the Group worked with a total of 13,430 agents throughout Spain (14,438 agents at 31 December 2024).

The Group operates in more than 50 countries through Atradius N.V., which at 31 December 2025 had 2,367 intermediaries (2,368 at 31 December 2024).

In relation to the mediation channels, in accordance with Royal Decree-Law 3/2020, of 4 February, on urgent measures by which various European Union directives are incorporated into Spanish law in the areas of public procurement in certain sectors; private insurance; pension plans and funds; taxation and tax litigation, and by virtue of the application of the provisions of its Fifth Transitional Provision, all agency contracts in force are considered for all purposes to be insurance agency contracts on an exclusive basis. In this way, the following subsidiary companies act as exclusive Occident agency companies:

- Occident GCO Mediadores, Sociedad de Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.
- Occident GCO Canal Mediación, Sociedad de Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.
- Occident Direct, S.L.U.

### **1.d) Other information**

All of the parent company's shares have been admitted to trading on the Stock Market Interconnection System (Continuous Market) for almost the entire financial year, although with effect from the close of the stock market on 16 December 2025, the CNMV agreed, at the request of INOC, S.A., within the framework of the voluntary public takeover bid for all the shares representing the share capital of GCO, to suspend trading in those shares until their definitive delisting (see Note 5.a).

In this respect, as at 31 December 2025, GCO shares remained suspended, with no official listing on that date, and the governing bodies of the Barcelona and Madrid stock exchanges announced their definitive delisting on 5 January 2026.

## **2. Basis of presentation for consolidated accounts**

### **2.a) Regulatory framework of financial reporting applicable to the Group**

These consolidated financial statements have been produced by the Board Members of the parent company in accordance with the financial reporting regulatory framework applicable to the Group, which is established by:

- a) The Commercial Code and other commercial legislation.
- b) The International Financial Reporting Standards (hereinafter, "IFRS") as adopted by the European Union through EU Regulations, pursuant to Regulation (EU) no. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 and subsequent amendments thereto.
- c) Royal Decree 1060/2015 of 20 November 2015 on the Regulation, Supervision and Solvency of Insurance and Reinsurance Entities (hereinafter "ROSSEAR") and the regulatory provisions established by the Directorate General of Insurance and Pension Funds.
- d) Law 20/2015, of 14 July, on Organisation, Supervision and Solvency of Insurance and Reinsurance Entities (hereinafter, "LOSSEAR").

### **2.b) True and Fair View**

The Group's consolidated financial statements have been obtained from the accounting records of the parent company and its subsidiaries and investees are presented in accordance with the financial reporting regulatory framework applicable and in particular the accounting principles and criteria it contains. Therefore they present a true reflection of the equity, financial position, results of the Group and cash flows for the year concerned. These consolidated financial statements were prepared by the Board of Directors of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. at their meeting on 26 February 2026, shall be subject, as well as those from investee companies, to the approval by the respective Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. The 2024 consolidated annual financial statements were approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. which was held on 30 April 2025.

The Group's consolidated financial statements have been prepared from accounting records maintained by the parent company and the other companies of the Group and include certain adjustments and reclassifications to standardise the principles and criteria used by the various companies integrated into GCO.

As recommended by IAS 1, assets and liabilities are generally classified in the balance sheet according to their liquidity, but not by classifying assets and liabilities as current or non-current, which is more relevant for the purposes of insurance groups. As with other insurance groups, expenses in the profit and loss account are classified and presented according to their function.

### **2.c) Responsibility for information and matters subject to judgement and uncertainty**

The information in these consolidated financial statements is the responsibility of the Board Members of the parent company, who have taken due care to ensure the effective operation of the various controls put in place to guarantee the quality of financial and accounting information, both for the parent company and the companies of the Group.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, judgements and estimates were occasionally made by the management of the parent company and of the consolidated companies, which were subsequently ratified by the Board Members, and these judgements and estimates relate, inter alia, to:

- The fair value of certain unlisted financial assets (Notes 3.b.3).
- Impairment of financial assets (Note 3.b.5).
- Significant increase in credit risk (Note 3.b.3).
- The useful life of the property, plant and equipment and investment property (Notes 3.c and 3.d) and intangible assets (Note 3.e).
- The determination of the recoverable amount of goodwill on consolidation and other intangible assets with a definite and indefinite useful life (see Note 3.e).
- Determining the recoverable amount of brands and administrative concessions (Notes 3.e.3 and 5.a).
- The assessment of the recoverability of certain deferred tax assets (Note 3.h).
- The actuarial assumptions for the calculation of pension liabilities and commitments, in addition to the assumptions taken into account in other non-technical provisions of an occupational nature (Note 3.j).
- The determination of the discount rate used in the calculation of the financial liability arising from leases subject to IFRS 16 (Note 3.c.2).
- The identification of investment components (Note 3.i.2).
- Interpretation of the limits of the contract (Note 3.i.4).
- The coverage unit allocation method (Note 3.i.5.1)
- Assumptions and hypotheses included in the calculation of current future cash flows, discount rate and risk adjustment for non-financial risk (Note 3.i.5.1)

The aforementioned judgements and estimates have been made taking into account the current risk environment described in Note 4.

These estimates affect both the amounts recorded in the balance sheet and profit and loss account and those appearing in the statement of recognised income and expenses. Although they were prepared using the best information available, future events may make it necessary to revise these estimates (upwards or downwards) in coming years. Any such revisions would be applied prospectively, recognising the effects of the changed estimates in the consolidated financial statements.

## **2.d) New and revised standards**

### **2.d.1) Standards, amendments and interpretations adopted in 2025**

New accounting standards and/or amendments have come into force in 2025 which have naturally been taken into account in preparing the attached consolidated financial statements.

- Amendment to IAS 21 Lack of exchangeability: This amendment establishes an approach that specifies when one currency can be exchanged for another, and if not, determining the exchange rate to be used.

There are no accounting principles or measurement bases that have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements for 2025 that have not been applied in their preparation.

## 2.d.2) Standards, amendments and interpretations issued not in force

At the date these consolidated financial statements were authorised for release, the most significant standards and interpretations that had been published by the IASB but had not yet come into force, either because their effective date was after the date of the consolidated financial statements, or because they have not yet been adopted by the European Union (in the latter, only the most significant are included):

| New standards, amendments and interpretations                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Mandatory application for periods beginning as from: |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Approved for use in the European Union:</b>                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                      |
| <b>New standards</b>                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                      |
| IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements                                                               | The objective of this new Standard is to establish the presentation and disclosure requirements for financial statements, thereby replacing IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, which is currently in force.                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1 January 2027                                       |
| <b>Amendments and/or interpretations</b>                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                      |
| Amendments to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9: Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments                                   | This amendment clarifies the criteria for classifying certain financial assets, as well as the criteria for derecognising financial liabilities settled through electronic payment systems. In addition, it introduces additional disclosure requirements.                                                                                                                                                   | 1 January 2026                                       |
| Amendments to IFRS 7 and IFRS 9: Contracts referring to electricity that is dependent on nature                            | This amendment clarifies how to account for electricity contracts, differentiating between purchase/sale contracts and those that must be recorded as financial instruments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1 January 2026                                       |
| Annual improvements to IFRS (Volume 11)                                                                                    | The aim is to improve the quality and consistency of the standard, including clarifications, simplifications, corrections and changes to the following standards: IFRS 1 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards; IFRS 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures; IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments; IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows. | 1 January 2026                                       |
| <b>Not approved for use in the European Union:</b>                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                      |
| <b>Amendments and/or interpretations</b>                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                      |
| Amendment to IFRS 19: Disclosures of subsidiaries without public accountability                                            | This amendment aims to simplify reporting requirements, facilitating the preparation of financial statements for these entities.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 1 January 2027                                       |
| Amendment to IAS 21: Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates. Conversion to a hyperinflationary presentation currency | This amendment clarifies how an entity should convert its financial statements when the presentation currency is hyperinflationary, even if the functional currency is not. It establishes a consistent method of conversion to improve the comparability and usefulness of financial information.                                                                                                           | 1 January 2027                                       |
| <b>New standards</b>                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                      |
| IFRS 19 Disclosures by subsidiaries without public accountability                                                          | The aim of this standard is to set out the disclosures that a subsidiary may optionally apply in issuing its financial statements.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 1 January 2027                                       |

The Group has not made plans for the anticipated application of the aforementioned standards and interpretations and in any case their application will be subject to consideration by the Group upon approval, if applicable, by the European Union.

## 2.e) Comparison of information

The consolidated financial statements for 2025 are presented comparatively with the previous year, pursuant to the requirements of IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements.

## 2.f) Consolidation principles

The Group's scope of consolidation was defined according to the provisions of IFRS 10 – Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and IAS 28 – Investments in Associates (see Appendices I and II).



These consolidated financial statements for 2025 include all the companies of the Group, using the consolidation methods applicable in each case, in accordance with Article 42 of the Código de Comercio (Spanish Commercial Code). The parent company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements with a scope greater than that of these consolidated financial statements, as it is itself part of a group headed by CO Sociedad de Gestión y Participación, S.A. which prepares its consolidated annual financial statements separately.

### **2.f.1) Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are considered to be those entities in which the Group has control, i.e. when it is exposed to or has variable rights of return on the entity and has the capacity to influence such returns.

Appendix I to this Annual Report contains significant information on these companies and Note 5 provides information about the most significant changes during 2025 and between the balance sheet date and the date these financial statements were authorised for release.

The annual financial statements of subsidiaries are fully consolidated with the Group financial statements by aggregating assets, liabilities, net equity and income and expenses of a similar nature, which are recognised in the individual financial statements after harmonisation and restatement to comply with IFRS. The carrying amount of direct and indirect interests in the equity of subsidiaries is offset against the portion of the net assets of the subsidiaries that each represents. All other material balances and transactions between consolidated companies are eliminated on consolidation. In addition, third-party ownership interests in the Group's equity and in profit for the year are presented under the headings "Minority Interests" in the consolidated balance sheet and "Profit/(loss) attributable to minority interests" in the consolidated profit and loss account, respectively.

The individual financial statements of the parent and subsidiaries used in preparing the consolidated financial statements are prepared with the same reporting date.

The consolidation of the profits/(losses) generated by the companies acquired in a financial year is carried out taking into account only those relating to the period between the date of acquisition and the end of that financial year. In the case of subsidiaries that cease to be subsidiaries, the profits/(losses) are included up to the date on which they cease to be a Group subsidiary, and the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any minority interest or component of the equity.

In cases where the Group increases its share of a subsidiaries' voting rights, any difference between the cost of the new acquisition and the additional portion of net assets acquired is calculated on the value at which they were accounted for in the consolidated accounting records.

Regarding holdings in investment funds managed by companies of the Group where the holding in them is above 20%, the Group opts not to consolidate, taking into consideration the provisions of IAS 8 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors, section 8, which indicates that the accounting policies do not need to be applied when the effect of the use is not significant. The holdings in said funds are classified in the section "Financial investments - holdings in investment funds".

The effect of consolidating at 31 December 2025 the funds over which the Group has control (i.e. GCO Acciones, FI and GCO Eurobolsa, FI; see Note 7.a.2) would result in an increase in assets and liabilities in the financial position statement of €20,922 thousand, representing 0.1% of total assets (€19,697 thousand and 0.1% of the total at 31 December 2024).

In application of IAS 8, the Group will proceed to consolidate its holding in said funds in the case of evaluating the effect of consolidation as significant in later years.

### **2.f.2) Associates**

Associates are entities, other than subsidiaries, over which the Group has significant influence, i.e. the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not to exercise full or joint control over it.

In general, it is presumed that the Group exercises significant influence if it holds, directly or indirectly, 20% or more of the voting power of the investee, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that such influence does not exist.



However, the entity CLAL Crédit Insurance Ltd., where the Group holds less than 20% of voting rights, is considered an associate company because the Group is able to exercise significant influence over it.

Appendix II provides relevant information about these entities.

Associates are integrated in the consolidated annual financial statements using the equity method, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and subsequently adjusted to reflect any changes in the Group's share of net assets of the investee. The Group's results for the year include its share of the profit or loss of investees, less any treasury shares held by each investee, after deduction of dividends and other appropriations.

The Group's share in discontinued operations is recognised separately in the consolidated profit and loss account, while its share in the changes that associates have recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in the Group's net equity, with the details being recorded in the statement of recognised income and expenses.

In applying the equity method, the most recent available financial statements of each associate are used.

If an associate uses accounting policies other than those used by the Group, the appropriate adjustments are made to make the associate's accounting policies consistent with those of the Group.

If there is any indication of an impairment loss in the investment in the associate, the impairment loss is deducted in the first place from any remaining goodwill in the investment.

Notes 5 and 8 to the consolidated Annual Report give details of the significant new acquisitions in 2025 in associates, any increases in the Group's holdings in the capital of companies already classified as affiliates at the start of the year, as well as information on the sale and loss through impairment of holdings, if any.

## **2.g) Offsetting**

Asset and liability balances are offset and therefore recorded in the consolidated financial statements on a net basis if, and only if, they arise from transactions in which offsetting is contractually or legally permitted and which the Company intends to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## **2.h) Financial information by segment**

IFRS 8 – Segment Reporting confirms the principles governing the preparation of financial information by business lines and geographical area.

Segment reporting is presented according to the control, monitoring and internal management of the Group's insurance activities and results and is prepared for all the insurance lines and sub-lines which the Group operates, taking the Group's structure and organisation into account. The Board of Directors of Grupo Catalana Occidente is the highest body in terms of making operational decisions to define the operating segments.

The current management of the business is based on financial information reported to Group management under the former IFRS 4 and IAS 39 and, therefore, segment and geographical information (Note 18) is broken down under the accounting principles established by these standards, until the business is managed and decisions are made based on financial information reported (including the consolidated management report) under the principles established in IFRS 9 and 17 (accounting standards applicable to these consolidated financial statements).

The Group has defined the main segments as those corresponding to “Occident”, “Atradius” and “Mémora” (see Note 1.b).

The “Occident” business line includes life insurance and non-life insurance, which are subject to the risks and returns inherent to the insurance business. Life insurance groups together all those insurance contracts that guarantee hedging of a risk that may affect the existence, physical integrity or health of the insured party; and non-life insurance groups together insurance contracts other than

life insurance, which may be broken down into the branches of motor, multi-risk and other various types of insurance.

In addition, “Occident” includes Other activities to group together all operating operations other than, or not related to, the insurance or funeral business itself. Thus, the income and expenses included in this category include the results of the Group's subsidiaries that do not directly carry out insurance or funeral activities, as well as other income and expenses, as detailed in Note 18.

The “Atradius” business line includes credit and surety business and consists mainly of the insurance business of Atradius N.V., which is active both domestically and internationally.

Each of the insurance companies directly or indirectly controlled by the Group may be classified as a single-line or multi-line company, based on the definition of insurance lines provided by the DGSFP. Note 1.b gives details of the specific lines in which the Group is authorised to operate.

The ‘Mémora’ business line includes funeral services provided by the dependent subgroup Grupo Mémora, which operates in Spain and Portugal.

The accounting policies applied by each of the segments are the same as those used for preparing and presenting the Group's consolidated financial statements, including all the accounting policies relating specifically to financial information of the segments.

The rules for allocating assets and liabilities and income and expenses to the Group's segments are as follows:

#### Allocation of assets and liabilities to the segments

Assets for each segment are those relating to the Group's insurance and complementary operations that are used by a segment to provide its services, including assets that are directly attributable to the segment or that can reasonably be allocated to it.

Segment assets include investments accounted for by the equity method, based on the allocation of these investments in the “Investment Book” of each dependent subsidiary. The profit or loss from such investments is included in the ordinary profit or loss of the segment in question.

Segment liabilities include the Group's share of the liabilities arising from the segment's activities that are directly attributable to the segment or can reasonably be allocated to it. If the segment result includes interest expense, the related interest-bearing liabilities are included in segment liabilities.

#### Allocation of Income and Expenses to the segments

Income and technical expenses arising from insurance operations are allocated directly to the Occident and Atradius segments respectively and, in the case of Occident, to its various activities, depending on the nature of the operation from which they arise.

Financial income and expenses are allocated to the segments according to the prior allocation of the assets that generated the income or expense in question, as shown in each company's “Investment Book”. The same financial instrument may be allocated to more than one segment. The Group's share of the profits/(losses) of associates, which is shown separately in the profit and loss account, has been allocated to the different segments on the basis of the percentage of the investment that each segment represents within each investment portfolio.

The aforesaid financial income and expenses is allocated between the various non-life insurance mainly on the basis of the technical provisions established for each of the lines in question. Likewise, the income and expenses deriving from equity securities and other financial instruments not directly related to the insurance business are assigned to ‘Other Activities’

All other non-technical and non-financial income and expense directly or indirectly related to the different segments has been assigned to the corresponding segments directly, according to the segment that generated it or on some other fair basis. In the latter case, a cost allocation method based on functional activities has been used. This involves identifying the activities and tasks performed in each business process and allocating to each activity the resources it uses or generates. Thus, in the accompanying consolidated profit and loss account, part of the overheads are presented under the headings ‘Benefits and expenses incurred’, ‘Amortisation of acquisition costs’, ‘Change in claims

liabilities incurred', 'Income / (expenses) from property, plant and equipment and investment property' and 'Other expenses'.

The appendices to the Group's consolidated financial statements and Note 18 provide consolidated segment financial information, including breakdowns of ordinary income and expense and segment assets and liabilities, as well as any assets and liabilities which have been excluded or have not been allocated. This information is provided independently of the obligation under Spanish GAAP, applicable to the Spanish insurance companies included in the consolidated group, to disclose accounting and statistical information to the DGSFP.

The Group has aligned the segment reporting note consistently with the information used internally for management reporting and with that presented in other public documents.

## **2.i) Cash flow statement**

The following expressions are used in the cash flow statement:

- Cash flows: inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are highly liquid short-term investments, with a maturity of less than three months which are readily convertible into specific cash amounts and are subject to negligible risk of changes in value.
- Operating activities: activities typical of insurance companies and other activities that cannot be classified as investment or finance activities.
- Investing activities: those of acquisition, sale or other disposal of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash equivalents.
- Financing activities: activities that result in changes in the size and composition of equity and of the liabilities that are not part of operating activities. Transactions involving own shares, if they occur, are considered financing activities. Dividends paid by the parent company to its shareholders are also included in this category.

### 3. Significant accounting principles and policies and measurement bases used in the consolidated accounts

The main accounting principles required by legislation, as well as accounting policies and measurement bases used in preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements are as follows:

#### 3.a) Cash and other cash equivalents

This balance sheet item consists of liquid assets, including cash, sight deposits, and cash equivalents.

Cash equivalents are highly liquid short-term investments, with a maturity of less than three months which are readily convertible into specific cash amounts and are subject to negligible risk of changes in value.

#### 3.b) Financial instruments

##### 3.b.1) Recognition

Financial instruments are recognised in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

##### 3.b.2) Classification of financial instruments

The criteria established by the accounting regulatory framework for the classification of financial assets according to the following variables: the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the assets. Accordingly, the Group classifies its financial assets as follows:

- (i) Financial assets at amortised cost: the aim of their business model is to hold the financial asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and, according to the terms of the contract, cash flows are received on specific dates that exclusively constitute payments of principal plus interest on such principal. Interest, impairment and exchange differences are recorded in income.
- (ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (VROCI): the business model has the aim of both obtaining contractual cash flows and selling them and, according to the terms of the contract, cash flows are received on specific dates that exclusively constitute payments of principal plus interest on such principal. Interest, impairment and exchange differences are recorded in income, as well as in the amortised cost model. Other changes in fair value are recorded in equity and may be recycled to profit or loss on their sale.
- (iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (VRPL): a financial asset shall be measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

This category includes instruments that do not meet the SPPI ("*solely payments of principal and interest*") test and holdings in investment funds, since this type of instrument does not meet the definition of equity instruments in accordance with IAS 32 and, consequently, cannot be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and must be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

In addition, the Group has considered the application of irrevocable designation options at initial recognition:

- a) An equity instrument (meeting the requirements of IAS 32), as long as it is not held for trading purposes, may be classified at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity), but may not be recycled to profit or loss on sale, and only dividends are taken to profit or loss.

The Group has assumed that equity securities represent investments that the Group intends to hold for long-term strategic purposes. As permitted by IFRS 9, it has designated these investments as "fair value through other comprehensive income".

- b) A financial asset may also be designated for measurement at fair value through profit or loss if doing so reduces or eliminates an accounting mismatch.

Investments in associated entities are accounted for under the specific sub-heading of "Investments in entities accounted for using the equity method".

A financial liability is a contractual obligation requiring the Group to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity on terms that are potentially unfavourable. Financial liabilities include those debits and payables that the Group has and that have arisen from the purchase of goods and services in the ordinary course of the company's business.

Financial liabilities are classified into the following categories: "Financial liabilities held for trading" and "Financial liabilities at amortised cost". In particular, financial liabilities that are not classified as held for trading are recorded in the "Financial liabilities at amortised cost" portfolio. Balances recorded in this category include subordinated liabilities, as well as accounts payable and deposits linked to the insurance business. Trade payables falling due in less than one year without a contractual interest rate are carried at their face value at both initial recognition and subsequent measurement, provided that the effect of not discounting flows is not significant.

No securities have been issued that are convertible into shares of the parent company or that grant privileges or rights which may, under certain circumstances, make the securities convertible into shares. The Group's most significant financial liabilities relate to the subordinated debt issued by Atradius N.V. (see Note 13.a).

At 31 December 2025, neither the parent company nor any other Group company has guaranteed any other debt securities issued by associates or third parties unrelated to the Group.

### **3.b.3) Measurement of financial instruments**

The Group requires that, on initial recognition, a financial asset or financial liability is measured at fair value, increasing or decreasing, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability that is not carried at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

After initial recognition, an entity shall measure a financial asset: i) at amortised cost; ii) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or iii) at fair value through profit or loss.

The fair value of a financial instrument on a given date is taken to be the amount for which the asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties who are properly informed and in a mutual independence condition. The most objective and common reference for the fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be determined on the basis of the quoted prices published in the active market. When such reference exists, it is used to measure the financial asset. However, in certain cases the price quotations provided by the various counterparties who would be willing to exchange a certain financial asset or the prices indicated by the contributors are also considered.

In the absence of an active market for a financial instrument, the Group determines fair value using generally accepted techniques.

In addition, the Group has contracted the service of structured investment valuation with an independent expert from the Management, Serfiex, a specialist in the sector. This service enables the valuations provided by the contributors to be compared with internal valuation methods. For those structured investments where liquidity is not guaranteed through the contributor being quoted on an active market, the Group recognises the market value calculated by Serfiex.

Financial instruments are therefore classified into three levels, according to the inputs used to determine their fair value:

- Level 1: the measurement is performed directly using the quoted price of the financial instrument, which is observable and available from independent price sources and refers to active markets accessible to the entity at the measurement date.
- Level 2: for instruments for which there is no directly observable price, their fair value is estimated by applying commonly accepted measurement techniques, where the variables used are based on observable market data.

These mainly include fiduciary deposits and fixed income assets associated with interest rate swaps, for which the Group has the separate measurement of the bond and the swap. The measurement of these assets, in most cases, are obtained using the Current Value Method (discounted future cash flows) obtained directly from the counterparty or calculated internally. This measurement technique uses the future cash flows of each instrument, which are established in the various contracts signed with the counterparty, discounted using the market curve plus a credit spread, both of which are observable.

- Level 3: instruments are measured using measurement techniques that use specific and significant variables that are not obtained from observable market data.

These mainly include equity assets, where the realisable value is generally estimated on the basis of the individual characteristics of the asset. In these cases, the measurement is usually carried out by asking a third party for a reference measurement. The main valuation technique used is the *Net Asset Value* or Theoretical Book Value of the holding and, additionally, for holdings in investment funds, the net asset values not published by management companies. *Net Asset Value* represents the most recent available net total value of the company's assets less liabilities, applying the percentage of ownership interest in the company.

The measurement models used are selected and validated by the Group's management.

Instruments measured at amortised cost are measured taking into account the effective interest rate method. Amortised cost is taken to be the amount at which the financial instrument was initially measured, minus principal repayments, plus or minus, as appropriate, the cumulative gradual amortisation or allocation, using the effective interest rate method, of any difference between that initial amount and the redemption value upon maturity, minus any reduction for impairment or non-collectability.

Financial investments shall be derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or when practically all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset have been transferred. If there are transfers of assets in which control is maintained, the accounting asset continues to be recognised.

### **3.b.4) Recognition of changes in measurements of financial instruments**

A gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of a financial asset or financial liability that is not part of a hedging transaction is recognised as follows:

- The unrealised gain or loss on a financial asset or liability at fair value through profit or loss (including those relating to 'investments for the account of holders that assume the investment risk', is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year under the subheading "Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments".
- The unrealised gain or loss on a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognised directly in equity under the heading "accumulated other comprehensive income" until the financial asset is derecognised, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains or losses. In the case of equity financial assets classified as "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income", where an irrevocable decision has been made to present changes in fair value through other comprehensive income, foreign exchange differences are recognised in equity under "Accumulated other comprehensive income". On derecognition the gain or loss that has previously been recognised in equity is recorded in reserves for the year.

However, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an equity instrument classified as an "asset at fair value through other comprehensive income" or "financial asset at fair value through profit or loss" are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

When a financial asset recognised at amortised cost is derecognised or impaired, or the effective interest rate method is applied to it, the resulting income and expenses are recognised through the profit and loss account. This category also includes those financial assets without price disclosure and other related assets associated with "Investments for the benefit of holders that assume the investment risk" (short-term deposits with credit institutions and current accounts).

### 3.b.5) Impairment of financial instruments

The Group applies the impairment requirements to financial assets measured at amortised cost and those measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Impairment losses for the period on debt instruments are recognised as an expense under "Impairment losses on credit risk" in the profit and loss account. Impairment losses on debt instruments at amortised cost are recognised against an allowance account that reduces the carrying amount of the asset, while those at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised against accumulated other comprehensive income.

The amount of impairment loss allowances is calculated based on whether or not there has been a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition of the transaction, and whether or not an event of default has occurred. The Group assumes that the credit risk of a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the credit risk of that instrument at the reporting date is determined to be low, i.e. equivalent to an *Investment Grade* credit rating (AAA to BBB-), which results in recognising an impairment provision for 12-month expected credit losses. The Group has defined a set of indications that identify events of default (Stage 3) and significant increases in risk (Stage 2) at the transaction level for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, assuming that the so-called expected credit loss is recognised over the life of the transaction.

The main issues to be taken into account in the Group's estimate of the expected loss are as follows:

- *Probability of default* (PD) and *Loss given default* (LGD) ratio: need to define the parameters incorporating a *forward looking view*.
- Debt size or exposure at default (EAD): need to define credit conversion factors for undrawn commitments, as well as early amortisation assumptions.
- Discounted flows: consideration of the effective interest rate (EIR) or adjusted EIR for those assets acquired or originated as impaired (known as "*Credit impaired*").

The credit risk of financial investments is determined on the basis of an average of the four rating agencies S&P, Moody's, Fitch and DBRS, known as a *rating composite*. In turn, these are grouped into higher levels called buckets, so that each financial asset in the Group will have one bucket assigned at initial recognition of the asset and another assigned at the reporting date based on the combined rating at the reporting date.

For equity instruments without a price listed in the section "Investment in entities accounted for using the equity method", the Group undertakes deterioration tests according to the methodology described in Note 3.e.1).

### 3.c) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### 3.c.1) Buildings, improvements in own buildings, transport elements, data processing equipment and other property, plant and equipment

Under this balance sheet item, the Group records all owner-occupied properties and those occupied by Group companies and those under construction or development for future use as properties for own use.

"Property, plant and equipment" also includes transport equipment, furniture and fixtures, and computer hardware.

Property, plant and equipment assets are stated at acquisition or construction cost, less accumulated depreciation and, where applicable, accumulated impairment losses, but never at less than their residual value. The cost of additions and improvements that expand the capacity or floor area, increase the returns or extend the useful life of property held by the Group subsequent to initial recognition are capitalised and recorded under "Other property, plant and equipment". Conversely, upkeep and maintenance costs are expensed to the profit and loss account in the year incurred.



When payments on acquisition of a property are deferred, their cost is the cash price equivalent. The difference between the cash price equivalent and the total payment is recognised as interest expense over the deferred period.

In general, the Group applies the straight-line systematic depreciation method to the acquisition cost, excluding the residual value, over the following estimated useful lives:

| Property, plant and equipment items     | Estimated useful life |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Property (excluding land)               | 33 to 77 years        |
| Improvements to owner-occupied property | 10 years              |
| Transport equipment                     | 5 to 7 years          |
| Data processing hardware                | 3 to 5 years          |
| Other property, plant and equipment     | 3 to 10 years         |

Property under construction is depreciated from the moment it is in a usable condition.

The values and the residual lives of these assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted as appropriate. The recognised carrying amount of an asset is immediately reduced in line with its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than the estimated recoverable value. Profits and losses on disposal are calculated by comparing the net sale proceeds with the recognised carrying amounts.

The market value of owner-occupied property indicated in Note 9.a) to the consolidated financial statements has been obtained from appraisals carried out by independent experts. The generally used measurement methods correspond to the methodology established in the Order ECO/805/2003, of 27 March, partially amended by Order EHA 3011/2007, of 4 October: the method of comparison, the method of cost, the residual abbreviated method and the method of income update, depending on the characteristics of the asset to be measured.

These measurements correspond to Level 2 and Level 3 of the hierarchy of fair value established by IFRS 13 Valuation of the fair value (see Note 3.b.3), depending on whether said value is determined depending on variables observed in the market or on estimates where a significant variable is not based on observable market data, respectively.

Regarding the main inputs used in the mentioned measurement techniques, it should be highlighted that:

- The comparison method (based on the principle of substitution) values the property by comparison with other property values on the market and, based on specific information on real transactions and firm offers, current cash purchase prices are obtained for said properties in accordance with standardisation coefficients (Level 2);
- The cost method calculates the replacement or substitution value based on the elements necessary in order to achieve a property of the same characteristics (value of the land, cost of construction and the expenses necessary in current prices). This is mostly applicable to the valuation of all types of buildings and elements of buildings, in design, in construction or rehabilitation or finished) (Level 2);
- The residual abbreviated method is based on the fact that the value of each of the components (generally the value of the land or the building) is the difference between the total value of each asset and the values attributable to the costs of building in order to finish the property from its current status, residually obtaining the value of the land. Fundamentally applied to urban land or land that can be developed (Level 2);
- The income update method updates the anticipated future utility (cash flow anticipated from rent or from associated economic activity) and uses unobservable inputs such as the probability of future occupation and/or current or anticipated payment defaults.

### 3.c.2) Leases

At the beginning of a contract, the Group assesses whether it is a lease. A contract is a lease if it gives the customer the right to exercise control over the use of the identified asset for a period of time in return for a consideration, i.e. the Group is entitled to obtain substantially all of the

economic benefits from the use of an identified asset and has the right to direct the use of that asset.

#### *As Lessee*

At the commencement of the lease, the Group recognises an asset for right-of-use and a liability for lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which includes the amount of the lease liability, any lease payments made before or at the inception of the lease, and any initial direct costs incurred less any incentives received. The lease liability is initially measured at the current value of the lease payments to be made, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if this cannot be readily determined, the *incremental borrowing rate* of the lessee. The Group normally uses its incremental interest rate as a discount rate. This rate has been calculated for the different portfolios defined by the Group based on the economic environment, the durations of the contracts, the debt position of the Group and the quality of the underlying assets.

The right-to-use asset is subsequently depreciated using a straight-line method based on the shorter of the asset's useful life and the duration of the lease. The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The depreciation expense for the right-of-use and the interest expense for the lease liability are recorded separately in the profit and loss account.

The Group presents its assets by right-of-use under the heading 'Property, plant and equipment' in the balance sheet and the liabilities for leasing under the heading 'Debts and payables - Other debts'.

#### *As Lessor*

The Group classifies all leases in which it is the lessor as operating leases. Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as income on a straight-line basis in the profit and loss account.

### **3.d) Investment property**

Under this balance sheet item, the Group records properties held for capital gains or long-term rental income that are not occupied by Group companies and those under construction or development for future use as investment property.

Also included under this item is land held for a currently undetermined future use and buildings that are currently vacant.

Some properties are partly held to earn rentals and partly owner-occupied. If the two parts can be sold separately, the Group accounts for the parts separately. Otherwise, dual-use property is classified as investment property only if the owner-occupied part is insignificant.

"Investment property" includes land and buildings held by the Group in full ownership. It is recognised at acquisition or construction cost, less accumulated depreciation and, where applicable, accumulated impairment losses, but never at less than its residual value. Acquisition cost consists of the purchase price and any expenses directly attributable to the acquisition (associated transaction costs). The acquisition cost of self-constructed investment property is the property's cost at the date when construction or development is complete.

The accounting treatment of the costs of any addition, modernisation or improvement and the impairment tests, depreciation methods and useful lives established for investment property are similar to those used for owner-occupied property (see Note 3.c).

The market value of the investment property indicated in Note 9.b) to the consolidated financial statements has been obtained in accordance with the valuation methods described in the previous section on owner-occupied property. In addition, the market value of investment property for non-insurance companies has been obtained from valuations under RICS standards, based on the rental update method and comparable market methods, described in the previous point

### **3.e) Intangible assets**

"Intangible assets" comprise all identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance that arise as a result of an acquisition from a third party or are generated internally by a company of the

Group. Intangible assets that are identifiable, have future economic benefits and are under the Group's control are recognised if, and only if, their cost can be reliably estimated and the future economic benefits associated with them are likely to flow to the Group.

The Group measures intangible assets initially at acquisition or production cost and subsequently at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, and the accumulated amount of losses from value impairment, if any. To determine whether intangible assets are impaired, the Group applies IAS 36 – Impairment of Assets and subsequent interpretations.

Intangible assets may have an indefinite useful life - when, based on an analysis of all the relevant factors, it is concluded that there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which they are expected to generate net cash inflows for the consolidated entities - or a finite useful life, in all other cases, in which case the duration is assessed.

### **3.e.1) Goodwill on Consolidation**

“Goodwill on Consolidation” reflects any positive consolidation differences arising from the acquisition of equity interests in subsidiaries. It is equal to the excess of the cost of the business combination over the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired, provided such excess cannot be assigned to specific tangible or intangible assets.

In accordance with the provisions of the IFRS 3, a maximum measurement period of one year from the date of acquisition is specified, during which the acquiring company can retroactively adjust the provision amounts recognised at the acquisition date, when additional information not known at the time of assignment is available.

Goodwill acquired through a business combination is not amortised, but is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if there are signs of impairment.

The Group defines a Cash Generating Unit (CGU) as each of the companies in which it holds an interest, either directly or indirectly.

In accordance with the requirements established in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets, there is impairment when the book value of the CGU assigned to the goodwill is higher than the recoverable value of the same. For determination of the value or amount recoverable, the value in use is estimated. The value in use of the CGUs corresponding to the insurance activity is obtained through subtracting the distributable dividends, a technique that refers to the current value of the potential distributable dividends once the solvency requirements have been met. For CGUs relating to non-insurance activities, the discounted cash flow technique is used.

These values are estimated taking into account different parameters or variables such as the current macroeconomic environment (effect of inflation and interest rate hikes), the type of business, historical performance, etc. All the parameters used in the calculation are internally consistent with each other, as well as with the Group's strategic assumptions in general and for each business in particular.

The key assumptions on which the Group's Management has based its earnings projections to determine the current value of future cash flows from investments in companies belonging to the insurance activity, based on the periods covered by the most recent budgets or forecasts approved by the respective governing bodies, are as follows:

- Premium income: an annual increase is projected based on the business forecasts for each company for the coming years.
- Claims: the claim over premium ratio is projected based on the business forecasts for each company for the coming years.
- Operating expenses: maintenance of current ratios over premiums.
- Financial profit/(loss): according to company forecasts for the coming years and related to its existing asset portfolio and reinvestment expectations.
- Available capital: in the projections to obtain the cash flow and therefore the distributable amount, the withholding of cash flow necessary to obtain excess capital available over the Capital Required by Solvency II has been taken into consideration.

In addition, with regard to the key assumptions associated with investments relating to companies belonging to non-insurance activities, the Group's Management has made the following assumptions:

- Income from operation and investment in capital: an annual increase is projected based on the business forecasts for each company for the coming years.
- EBITDA margin level: there is a forecast depending on the evolution estimate for the business of each company.
- Investment in circulating capital in accordance with the collections period and the payment period in line with the historic averages in each company.

In all cases, the approach used to determine the values assigned to key assumptions reflect past experience and are consistent with external information sources available when they are prepared.

The Group continuously evaluates whether there are any signs that the value of the consolidation goodwill could have been impaired, based on internal and external factors that imply an adverse incidence in the same.

In the event of an impairment loss on goodwill, the loss is recognised in the income statement for the year in which the loss occurs and cannot be reversed either at the end of that year or in subsequent years. Furthermore, to this effect, the Group periodically carries out an exercise to update the projected cash flow in order to incorporate possible deviations to the recoverable value estimate and also evaluating the next year that the projections used in the test of the previous year did not significantly deviate from reality. At 31 December 2025, it was shown that the differences between the projections used in the previous test and the reality did not affect the conclusions of the previous analysis.

Goodwill attached to associates is included, purely for presentation purposes, in the carrying amount of the CGU. In order to determine a possible loss in value, this is verified for the entirety of the carrying amount of the investment, using IAS 36, and will be calculated using the comparison of the recoverable amount (the highest between the value of use of the fair value, minus the sales costs) with the carrying amount, provided that the application of IAS 36 shows that the CGU value may have been impaired. In order to determine the value of use of the CGU, the Group:

- Calculates the current value of its share of the cash flows expected to be generated by the CGU, which include the estimated future cash flows from its ordinary activities and the amounts resulting from the final disposal or other disposal of the investment, or
- Updates the projected future cash flows it expects to receive by way of dividends and on the ultimate sale or other disposal of the investment.

Furthermore, as with the consolidation goodwill, the Group continuously assesses whether there are any signs that the value of the consolidation goodwill related to associated companies could have been impaired, based on internal and external factors that imply an adverse incidence therein. To this effect, the Group periodically carries out an exercise to update the projected cash flow in order to incorporate possible deviations to the recoverable value estimate and also evaluating the next year that the projections used in the test of the previous year did not significantly deviate from reality. At 31 December 2025, it was shown that the differences between the projections used in the previous test and the reality did not affect the conclusions of the previous analysis.

### **3.e.2) Policy portfolio acquisition expenses**

The amount of this balance sheet item corresponds basically to the difference between the price paid for an insurance business transfer and the related carrying amount. This item also includes amounts paid upon acquisition of a group of policies from various agents.

These assets are systematically amortised in the period of time when economic performance is anticipated, considering a maximum useful life of three to five years.

### 3.e.3) Other intangible assets

The specific accounting policies applied to the main assets included in Other intangible assets are described below:

#### *Computer software*

This balance sheet line consists primarily of deferred charges associated with the development of IT systems and electronic communication channels.

Acquired software licences are valued on the basis of acquisition costs and right of use of the specific software, provided they are expected to be used for several years, and are recorded as computer software acquired entirely from third parties. Also included in this line are the costs of third parties involved in developing software for the Group.

Where software is developed internally, the Group capitalises the expenses directly associated with the production of exclusive, identifiable computer software controlled by the Group, that is, the labour costs of the software development teams and the corresponding portion of associated indirect costs. The rest of the costs associated with the development or maintenance of internal projects are expensed as incurred.

Subsequent costs are capitalised only if they increase the future benefits of the related intangible assets. Recurring costs incurred as a result of modifications or updates of computer software or systems and system overhaul and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Computer software is amortised systematically over its useful life, which is estimated to be a maximum of three to five years for software acquired from third parties and a maximum of ten years for software developed internally.

The Group assesses, at each balance sheet date, whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset. If any such indication exists, the Group will take into account the recoverable amount of the asset.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired in value, the Group will consider the following factors at least:

- (i) Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the economic performance of the asset is, or will be, worse than expected.
- (ii) During the year, significant changes have taken place or are expected to take place in the near future in the extent or manner in which the asset is used or is expected to be used, which will adversely affect the Group.
- (iii) Evidence is available of the obsolescence or physical damage of an asset.

#### *Administrative concessions*

With respect to the classification of reversible assets associated with administrative concessions, the Group has followed the criteria established by IFRIC 12 Service Concession Arrangements.

In accordance with current regulations, the Group recognises under "Administrative concessions" the amount corresponding to the consideration paid in the concession agreements entered into, as well as the total cost incurred in the construction or acquisition of the works, facilities and other tangible assets necessary to provide the services associated with the concession agreement.

In this regard, IFRIC 12 regulates the treatment of public-private agreements for service concession contracts where:

- the Grantor controls or regulates what services the concessionaire must use the infrastructure for, to whom it must provide those services, and at what price; and
- the Grantor controls any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the agreement.

In general, there are two clearly differentiated stages, a first stage in which the concessionaire provides and/or subcontracts construction or improvement services which are recognised by reference to the stage of completion in accordance with IAS 11 Construction Contracts, with a balancing entry in an intangible or financial asset, and a second stage in which a series of maintenance and/or operation services are provided for the aforementioned infrastructure which are recognised in accordance with IFRS 15 Income from Contracts with Customers.

The Group has recognised an intangible asset in accordance with paragraph 17 of IFRIC 12: "An operator shall recognise an intangible asset to the extent that it receives a right (a licence) to charge users of the public service. A right to charge users of a public service is not an unconditional right to receive cash because the amounts are subject to the extent to which the public uses the service". Concession contracts do not include payments guaranteed by the grantors.

The Group assesses the borrowings or generic financing assignable to concession agreements in order to determine whether they should be capitalised as an increase in the value of the asset. Intangible assets are amortised over the concession term on a straight-line basis, unless the pattern of use can be reliably estimated by reference to the demand or use of the public service measured in physical units, in which case this method is used as the depreciation method, provided that it is the most representative of the economic usefulness of the asset. Furthermore, tangible assets associated with the administrative concession are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life corresponding to the period between the acquisition of the asset and the remaining period of operation of the funeral parlour and the estimated useful lives detailed in Note 3.c.

#### *Intangible assets from business combinations*

In the case of the acquisition of control of new companies, the Group identifies intangible assets at the time of purchase and estimates them when they are considered significant and can be measured reliably. The identifiable assets acquired were brands, distribution networks, policies in the portfolio and administrative concessions, which are measured at fair value at the acquisition date and the related costs incurred by the acquirer are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

The distribution networks and policies in the portfolio have a finite useful life and are therefore depreciated accordingly (ten years). In the case of trademarks, the measurement process determines whether their useful life is finite or infinite, and only those with a finite useful life are depreciated on the basis of their duration. Administrative concessions have a finite useful life and are depreciated according to the duration of each contract.

In addition, impairment tests are carried out at least annually regardless of the useful life of these assets.

### **3.f) Non-current assets held for sale and associated liabilities**

Assets held for sale are generally recognised at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value, less estimated costs to sell, the latter being understood to mean all marginal costs directly attributable to their disposal, excluding any finance costs and corporation tax.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are not depreciated.

Impairment losses of their carrying amount are recognised in the profit and loss account. Should the loss be reversed, the reversal is recognised in the profit and loss account for an amount equal to the impairment loss previously recognised.

### **3.g) Transactions in foreign currency**

#### **3.g.1) Functional currency**

The functional currency of the parent company and of the subsidiaries that have their registered office in the European Monetary Union is the Euro. Certain subsidiaries of Atradius N.V. present their financial statements in the currency of the main economic environment in which they operate, so their functional currency is other than the euro.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euros, the Group's presentation currency.

### 3.g.2) Rules for translation of foreign currency balances

Foreign currency balances are translated into euros in two steps:

- The foreign currency is translated into the functional currency (the currency of the main economic environment in which the subsidiary operates or into the euro in the case of companies domiciled in the Monetary Union), and
- The balances held in the functional currencies of subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the euro are translated into euros.

#### Translation of foreign currency into the functional currency:

Foreign currency transactions carried out by consolidated entities (or entities accounted for by the equity method) that are not domiciled in EMU countries are recognised initially at their equivalent value in the entities' functional currency, using the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Monetary items in foreign currency are subsequently translated to the companies' functional currencies using the closing rate. Similarly:

- Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date of acquisition,
- Non-monetary items measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate on the date when the fair value was determined,
- Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the period for all the transactions performed during the year,
- The balances arising from non-hedging forward foreign currency/foreign currency and foreign currency/euro purchase and sale transactions are translated at the closing rates prevailing in the forward foreign currency market for the related maturity.

The Group follows the same rules when converting the foreign currency items and transactions of subsidiaries domiciled in the Monetary Union into euros.

#### Translation of functional currencies into euros:

The balances reported by consolidated entities (or entities accounted for by the equity method) whose functional currency is not the euro are translated into euros as follows:

- Assets and liabilities, at the closing rate.
- Income and expenses, using the average monthly exchange rates (unless the average is not a fair approximation to the cumulative effect of the rates in force at the transaction dates, in which case the rates prevailing on the transaction dates are used), and
- Equity, at the historical exchange rates.

### 3.g.3) Recording of exchange-rate differences

Exchange-rate differences arising on translation of foreign currency balances into the functional currency are generally recognised in the profit and loss account at their net amount. However:

- Exchange-rate differences arising on non-monetary items whose fair value is adjusted against equity are recognised in equity under "Other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity - Items that can be reclassified to profits - Available-for-sale financial assets".
- Exchange-rate differences arising on non-monetary items whose gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss for the year are also recognised in profit or loss, without differentiating them from other changes in fair value.



- Exchange-rate differences arising on translation of the financial information of subsidiaries denominated in functional currencies other than the euro are recorded in consolidated equity under the heading "Exchange-rate differences" until the subsidiary or associate concerned is removed from the balance sheet, at which time they are recognised in profit or loss.

### 3.g.4) Exchange rates used

The functional currencies of the most important subsidiaries and associates of Atradius N.V. and the currencies of the Group's other foreign currency balances are listed, showing their year-end and average exchange rate for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024:

| Currency          | Year-end rate    |                  | Average annual rate |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
|                   | 31 December 2025 | 31 December 2024 | 31 December 2025    | 31 December 2024 |
| U.S. Dollar       | 0.851            | 0.963            | 0.865               | 0.947            |
| Pound sterling    | 1.146            | 1.206            | 1.143               | 1.202            |
| Australian Dollar | 0.569            | 0.596            | 0.564               | 0.616            |

### 3.h) Company income tax

The company income tax charge for the year is computed on the basis of accounting profit before taxes, determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Spain and the other countries in which the subsidiaries of Atradius N.V. operate, adjusted for any permanent differences, these being differences between taxable profit (resulting from the application of the applicable legislation) and accounting profit before tax that do not reverse in subsequent periods and differences arising from application of the new IFRS in respect of which, likewise, no reversal will take place. When the differences in value are recognised in equity, the related income tax is likewise charged to equity.

Both temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of an asset or liability and, where assets are capitalised, tax assets arising from tax credits and rebates and tax losses give rise to deferred tax assets or liabilities. Such deferred tax assets or liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered highly probable that the consolidated companies will have sufficient taxable profits in the future against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

The assets and liabilities for deferred taxes are determined in application of the regulations and the tax rates approved or on the verge of being approved on the date of the balance sheet and which are anticipated to be applied when the corresponding deferred tax assets take place or the deferred tax liabilities are settled. In this regard, the Group has applied the mandatory exception to recognise and disclose information on deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income tax.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the statutory tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Accordingly, the Group has calculated the corporate income tax at 31 December 2025 applying the tax regulations in force in companies registered in Spain and taking the various tax regimes for foreign companies into account (subsidiaries of Atradius N.V.).

As indicated in July 2014 by the IFRS Interpretations Committee, the Group recognises tax assets arising from payments required by the tax administration under inspection procedures in accordance with the provisions of IAS 12.

In accordance with IFRIC 23, the Group recognises under current and deferred tax assets and liabilities the amounts that the entity estimates to reflect the contingencies arising from litigation with the tax authorities in relation to corporate income tax.

### 3.i) Assets and liabilities arising from insurance and reinsurance contracts

The Group applies the requirements established in IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts to all the insurance assets and liabilities recognised in its consolidated financial statements that derive from insurance contracts, as defined in this standard

#### 3.i.1) Definition and classification

The Group assesses whether the contracts meet the definition of an insurance contract, i.e. whether a significant insurance risk is accepted from another party by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if an uncertain future event occurs that adversely affects the policyholder. From this assessment it is concluded that all insurance contracts previously under the scope of IFRS 4 meet the definition of an insurance contract and therefore the introduction of IFRS 17 does not result in any reclassification. The Group assesses that contracts meet the definition of an insurance contract on a contract-by-contract basis and has not identified contracts that have the legal form of an insurance contract but do not transfer significant insurance risk (with the exception of managed vehicles: Investment and Pension Funds).

#### 3.i.2) Segregation of components

The Group assesses its products to determine whether any of these components are distinct from insurance and whether they need to be separated and accounted for using other Standards. The Group has not identified components susceptible to segregation, so all components will be accounted for under IFRS 17.

#### Non-segregated investment components

Taking into account that the investment component is "the amount that an insurance contract requires the entity to reimburse the policyholder under any circumstances, regardless of whether the insured event has occurred", in Occident, the existence of a non-segregated investment component has been determined for the savings and annuity business (except for annuities with no surrender option or guaranteed payments). Therefore, such investment components will be accounted for under IFRS 17.

In the case of Atradius, the Group receives and pays the reinsurance commission. This component cannot be segregated and therefore this component will be accounted for under IFRS 17.

#### 3.i.3) Aggregation

The Group defined the units of account based on the portfolio mix, year of issue and profitability, as detailed below.

- In terms of portfolios, the Group identifies portfolios by aggregating insurance contracts that are subject to similar risks and are managed together, depending on the characteristics of the product's main and supplementary guarantees and factors such as risk management, including ALM coordination, or claims management and settlement policy, among others, respectively.

Local credit business and surety business is managed at the level of the country that issued the insurance contracts. However, comprehensive credit insurance, special products and payment protection insurance are managed at Group level.

- As for the second level of aggregation, on initial recognition the Group segregates contracts on the basis of their issuance, i.e. in annual cohorts.
- Finally, each portfolio is broken down into three groups of contracts: (i) contracts that are onerous on initial recognition, (ii) contracts that, on initial recognition, have no significant possibility of subsequently becoming onerous, and (iii) the remaining contracts in the portfolio.

These groups represent the level of aggregation at which insurance contracts are initially recognised and measured and not subsequently reconsidered.

At Occident, for contracts accounted for under the *Premium Allocation Approach* (PAA), the Group determines that the contracts are not onerous at initial recognition, unless facts and circumstances indicate otherwise. For contracts measured under the General Model (or '*Building Block Approach*' or

'BBA') and the *Variable Fee Approach* (or 'VFA'), the assessment of onerousness is performed at the individual contract level.

In Atradius, the Group monitors the profitability of contracts within the portfolios, as well as their financial and insurance exposure, with the aim of identifying potential onerous contracts at country or unit level. The assessment of onerousness at initial recognition is by portfolio. Only in very exceptional circumstances and for strategic reasons will contracts be issued that are onerous at initial recognition. In traditional credit insurance, the Group considers that contracts should not be grouped as onerous at initial recognition as the contracts are managed in conjunction with contracts yet to be recognised as a result of the ability to dynamically underwrite these risks.

### **3.i.4) Recognition and limits of the contract**

The Group recognises groups of insurance contracts issued as of the earliest of the following dates: (i) at the beginning of the coverage period of the group of contracts; (ii) the due date of the first policyholder payment (in the absence of the contract maturity date, this is deemed to be when the first payment is received); and (iii) when the Group determines that a group of contracts becomes onerous.

The Group includes all future cash flows expected to arise within the limits of each of the contracts in the group in the measurement of a group of insurance contracts. The Group determines whether cash flows are within contract limits when substantive rights and obligations arise and exist during the reporting period in which the Group can force the policyholder to pay premiums or the Group has a substantive obligation to provide services to the insured party. The substantive obligation to provide services ends when:

- the Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of a particular insured party and as a result reassess the premium charged or the level of benefits provided by the premium to substantially reflect the new level of risk; or
- the Group has the practical ability to re-assess the portfolio premium to fully reflect the risk of all policyholders and the Group's premium setting does not take into account risks beyond the next re-assessment date.

In the case of Atradius the existence of credit limits (insured sales coverage) determines the existence of the insurance contract, and not the policy itself, although insured sales are grouped by policy and month in which they occur. The definition of the insured event, as well as the occurrence of the claim, have been aligned with the description included in the policy conditions (legal insolvency or prolonged default).

### **3.i.5) Measurement of insurance contracts issued**

The liability (asset) for the remaining coverage represents the Group's obligation to investigate and pay valid claims under existing contracts for insured events that have not yet occurred and comprises (a) the cash flows arising from performance related to future services and (b) the *Contractual Service Margin* (CSM).

The liability (asset) for claims incurred includes the Group's liability to investigate and pay valid claims for insured events that have already occurred, other incurred insurance expenses arising from prior service coverage and includes the reserve for claims incurred but not yet reported.

#### **3.i.5.1) Measurement model for contracts measured under BBA and VFA**

In the case of *Liability for Remaining Coverage* (or "LRC"), the Group measures a group of contracts at initial recognition as the sum of the cash flows arising from expected performance within the contract boundary and the contractual service margin.

It should be noted that the general model (BBA) applies to Atradius and to those insurance contracts of the life business whose contract limits exceed one year and which do not have direct holding. In turn, the variable fee approach (VFA) applies to Unit Linked, which meet the conditions of direct holding contracts.

In the case of the *Liability for Incurred Claims* (LIC), which is measured under BBA, it should be noted that it is composed of the case-by-case reserve, the IBNR provision and the provision for internal settlement and claims expenses. Occident's IBNR provision for

non-life insurance for the IFRS 17 process is calculated by reserving line of business, by accident year and mainly using the global projection method. Based on this method, the IBNR provision is calculated by the chain ladder method, differentiating, if applicable, between mass claims and peak claims.

For Atradius, insurance contract liabilities are estimated on the basis of probability-weighted expected future cash flows. The estimate of such liabilities is determined as the average of various scenarios derived from information on past events, current conditions and forecasts of future conditions. The estimated future cash flows are calculated using a deterministic scenario that represents the probability-weighted average of a range of such scenarios.

Administration expenses are allocated to contracts based on the premiums for each contract, while claims expenses are allocated based on the outstanding provision for each claim.

The date of occurrence of claims corresponds to the insolvency date or the end date of the extended period of default, in accordance with the policy conditions and in line with Solvency II. The incurred claims provision is calculated by applying the best estimate to reported claims on a case-by-case basis, and by applying claims input distribution models for the IBNR provision for mass claims.

The most common methods used for the estimation of incurred claims are the "chain Ladder" and the "Bornhuetter-Ferguson", which are the standard methods used by the industry for this type of claims.

Uncertainty in the estimation of future claims payments arises primarily from the frequency and severity of claims and uncertainties about future inflation rates leading to growth in claims and claims-related expenses. The assumptions used to develop estimates of future cash flows are reassessed quarterly and adjusted as necessary.

## **Initial recognition**

### **Cash flows within the limits of the contract**

The Group estimates the expected future cash flows for a group of contracts at portfolio level and then allocates them to the groups in that portfolio in a systematic manner.

Contracts with cash flows that are dependent on underlying items that do not meet the definition of direct holding contracts (indirect holding contracts)

There is a variation of the BBA, the Modified BBA approach, which is applied to those contracts measured by the BBA model where changes in financial variables have a material effect on the flows paid to the policyholder, which in the case of the Group would correspond to indexed universal life products.

### **Discount rate**

The Group measures the time value of money using discount rates that reflect the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts and the characteristics of the cash flows, consistent with current market prices and excluding factors that influence the market prices of the reference assets but do not affect the flows of the insurance contracts. The Group calculates the discount rate using the bottom-up approach after the transition ("bottom-up") based on the risk-free curve and an illiquidity premium. The risk-free curve is mainly based on the curve published monthly by EIOPA (*European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority*). In Occident, the illiquidity premium is assimilated to the volatility adjustment, while in Atradius, an illiquidity premium of zero is applied as the liabilities are short-term insurance contracts.

The discount curves used at 31 December 2025 and 2024 are shown below:

|                     | Currency   | 31 December 2025 |         |          |          |          | 31 December 2024 |         |          |          |          |
|---------------------|------------|------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
|                     |            | 1 year           | 5 years | 10 years | 20 years | 30 years | 1 year           | 5 years | 10 years | 20 years | 30 years |
| <b>Occident</b>     | <b>EUR</b> | 2.22%            | 2.99%   | 3.64%    | 3.63%    | 3.44%    | 2.47%            | 2.37%   | 2.50%    | 2.49%    | 2.58%    |
| <b>Atradius (*)</b> | <b>EUR</b> | 2.08%            | 2.41%   | 2.75%    | 3.04%    | 3.10%    | 2.01%            | 1.98%   | 2.08%    | 2.06%    | 2.23%    |
|                     | <b>GBP</b> | 3.51%            | 3.70%   | 4.08%    | 4.51%    | 4.54%    | 4.12%            | 3.80%   | 3.83%    | 3.97%    | 3.89%    |
|                     | <b>USD</b> | 3.29%            | 3.38%   | 3.72%    | 4.08%    | 4.02%    | 3.98%            | 3.70%   | 3.71%    | 3.71%    | 3.49%    |

(\*) The discount curve with a one-month lag has been used for Atradius, which would not result in a significant change in the rate.

### Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

To estimate the non-financial risk adjustment for the liability (asset) for the remaining coverage and the non-financial risk adjustment for the liability (asset) for incurred claims of Occident, the Group uses the Value at Risk ("VaR") method. In the case of the non-financial risk adjustment for the liability (asset) for the remaining coverage of Atradius, the Group uses the Cost of Capital method by simplifying the calculation used in Solvency.

As for the calculation of Value-at-Risk in Occident for non-life insurance, this is done at "reserving line" level. The main assumptions are: (i) calculation separately for both "mass" and "peak" claims; (ii) normal distribution; (iii) the parameters used for this distribution are the "mean" of the current value of discounted future flows, without taking into account the provision for internal claims settlement expenses and the "standard deviation" depending on the method used to calculate the provision for outstanding claims "IBNR".

The Group allocates the total non-financial risk adjustment for life business at entity level to the groups based on each group's contributions to the underwriting SCR (Life and Non-Life).

The Group shall disaggregate, for life business, the change in the risk adjustment between the insurance service component and the financial component.

Applying the confidence level technique, the Group has estimated the probability distribution of the expected current value of the future cash flows of the insurance contracts at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024 and calculated the non-financial risk adjustment as the excess of the value at risk at the 70-80th percentile (target confidence levels) for Occident and at 86.0% (87.5% in 2024) for Atradius, over the expected current value of the future cash flow.

### Contractual service margin (or "CSM")

CSM is a component of the total amount of a group of insurance contracts that represents the unearned profit that the Group will recognise as it provides insurance contract services during the period of coverage for the portfolio of insurance contracts existing at that date.

On initial recognition, the Group measures CSM at an amount that, unless a group of insurance contracts is onerous, results in no income being recognised in profit or loss arising from: (i) the expected cash flows arising from the fulfilment of the group of contracts; (ii) the amount of any assets derecognised for insurance acquisition cash flows allocated to the group; (iii) any other assets or liabilities previously recognised for cash flows relating to the group; (iv) any cash flows that have already arisen from the contracts at that date.

If a group of contracts is onerous, the Group recognises a loss on initial recognition.

## Subsequent recognition

In estimating future cash flows arising from performance, the Group differentiates between those relating to claims and those relating to future service. At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of the group of insurance contracts shall reflect the estimated liability for the remaining coverage (LRC) at that date and the current estimate of Liability for incurred claims (LIC).

### Changes in cash flows within contract boundaries

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the fulfilment cash flows for both LIC and LRC to reflect the current status of the estimated amounts, the estimated timing and uncertainty of future cash flows, as well as discount rates and other financial variables.

Experience adjustments related to current or past service are recognised in profit or loss. In the case of incurred claims liabilities (including IBNR) and other incurred insurance service expenses, experience adjustments always relate to current or past service. They are included in profit or loss as part of the insurance service expenses.

Experience adjustments related to future service are included in the liability for the remaining coverage by adjusting the CSM. The release of the CSM depends on whether the contract is without holding, indirect holding or direct holding in the performance of the specified underlying elements.

### Contracts with cash flows that are dependent on underlying items that do not meet the definition of direct holding contracts (indirect holding contracts)

A change in discretionary cash flows is treated as related to future service and therefore adjusts the contractual service margin.

### Contractual service margin

At subsequent points in time, the following changes in cash flows derived from compliance are considered to be related to future services and are adjusted to the CSM: (i) experience adjustments related to premiums received in the period and any related cash flows that relate to future services; (ii) the change in the estimate of the current value of the expected future cash flows on the liability for the remaining coverage measured at the discount rates at initial recognition; (iii) changes in the non-financial risk adjustment relating to future services; (iv) differences between the amount of the investment components expected to be paid in the period and the actual amounts.

### Recognition of the CSM in profits/(losses)

The CSM is released and recognised as income due to the transfer of services in the period and such release is made based on the allocation of coverage units. The determination of the units of coverage has been made taking into account the services provided in each period. The Group selects the appropriate portfolio-by-portfolio method.

The proposed MSM release pattern by product type is as follows:

#### Occident:

- Non-renewable risk life and funeral: pattern based on the sum insured per death reached in each period.
- Annuities: pattern based on the amount of annuity paid in the period plus the surrender value (if the policy has this right)
- Other life savings:
  - a) General Model (BBA): pattern based on the survival capital achieved in the period plus the additional amount guaranteed in case of death. In traditional insurance, the survival capital taken into account is the amount payable at maturity, including the accumulated profit

participation. In the case of universal modalities, the survival capital to be considered will be the accumulated balance of the policy at any given moment.

- b) Variable fee approach (VFA): same pattern concept as for BBA.

Atradius:

- Traditional credit insurance: based on the expected period in which customer invoices are settled. After this payment, the Group no longer has any insurance risk.
- Surety business and special products: pro rata over the coverage period.

### **Main estimates and assumptions**

The main estimates and assumptions used by the Group in the measurement of insurance contract liabilities measured under the BBA and VFA model are detailed below:

At Occident, for life and death business liabilities measured under the BBA and VFA models, biometric, persistence and expense assumptions are used which are derived from the company's experience studies for the current and previous years and which are common to those applied for the Solvency II best estimate.

For Atradius, the main assumptions used are the frequency and severity of claims, which are affected by credit risk in general and country and economic risk in particular.

### **3.i.5.2) Measurement model for contracts measured under PAA**

The Group applies PAA mainly to: (i) those products whose coverage period is one year or less, as is mostly the case in the Occident non-life business and, exceptionally, to those whose measurement under PAA and BBA does not differ significantly and no significant variability in flows is expected; (ii) the products of the life business (among them, renewable funeral business) whose contract limits do not exceed one year.

On initial recognition, the Group measures the liability (asset) for the remaining coverage as the amount of premiums collected. It should be noted that in Occident non-life insurance, the accounting policy option of amortising acquisition expenses according to the coverage of the contract has been chosen, while in life business, acquisition expenses are recorded when they have been incurred.

Applying PAA, insurance income is measured by the allocated amount of expected premium receipts, excluding any investment component. The allocation is made on the basis of the passage of time unless the expected pattern of risk release differs significantly from the passage of time, in which case it is recognised at the expected time of claims and benefits incurred.

On subsequent recognition, the carrying amount of a group of contracts is the sum of the liability for the remaining cover and the liability for claims incurred. The liability for the remaining cover is the result of the opening balance plus premiums received for the period less the amount recognised as insurance income for services provided in that period.

For the incurred claims liability, the key assumptions are the same as those used in the BBA model and are detailed in note 3.i.5.1.

### **3.i.6) Reinsurance Contracts ceded or held**

Reinsurance contracts ceded or held are measured separately from the underlying insurance contracts written, with no significant difference in pooling and measurement from that shown for direct insurance.



### 3.i.7) Transition

Transition refers to the process whereby the Group adopted the changes to IFRS 17 on 1 January 2022 (i.e. on the transition date, or in other words 1 January of the year prior to the effective date of the standard). This policy applies to the extent that there are units of account prior to 1 January 2022 that have not matured or are 'alive' at the balance sheet date and at the immediately preceding balance sheet date.

In the case of Occident, the fair value approach was applied to calculate the liability/asset for the remaining coverage of contracts valued under BBA and VFA for those insurance contracts issued before the transition date. For products measured under PAA and for the calculation of the liability/asset for claims incurred, the full retrospective method was applied from the date of last issue or renewal.

In the case of Atradius, the full retrospective method was applied for the annual cohorts from 2021 onwards and the modified retrospective method for earlier periods.

#### Level of aggregation in transition

The Group included insurance contracts prior to 1 January 2022 for Occident in groups of contracts issued in periods longer than one year, while for Atradius the split was into annual cohorts.

#### Measurement at the transition date

In the case of Occident for life insurance measured under BBA or VFA, when applying the fair value approach at the transition date, the CSM or loss component of the liability for the remaining hedge was estimated as the difference between the fair value, in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 13, and the cash flows arising from the fulfilment of the group of contracts as of that date.

In applying the amended retrospective method, Atradius estimated the future cash flows from the initial recognition of the groups of contracts as equal to the amount of future cash flows at the transition date and adjusted for cash flows occurring between the date of initial recognition and the transition date.

#### Transition discount rates

The Group applied the bottom-up approach to the non-life business (both Occident and Atradius) and to Occident's life business, except for the matching portfolio - OCI option for which the top-down approach is applied. The "Other Comprehensive Income" or "OCI" accounting option was used for the pre-1999 life business and matching portfolios, unless the P&L option was chosen.

The discount rates determined under the bottom-up method are based on applying a volume and duration weighted average locked-in rate for each product based on the risk-free benchmark assets of the German government bond (before the euro came into force) and the Euroswap curve (after the euro came into force), which incorporate the corresponding illiquidity premiums.

### 3.i.8) Presentation

The Group presents the carrying amounts of the portfolios of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities, and the portfolios of reinsurance contracts held that are assets and those that are liabilities, separately in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Group disaggregates the amounts recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account and other comprehensive income into a subtotal of insurance service result comprising insurance income and insurance service expense and, separately from insurance service result, "net insurance finance income or expense" (see Note 3.l).

### 3.j) Non-technical provisions

The Group's consolidated financial statements include all the material provisions with respect to which it is considered more likely than not that the related obligation will have to be settled. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Provisions, which are quantified on the basis of the best information available regarding the consequences of the event giving rise to them and are reviewed and adjusted at the end of each year,

are used to cater for the specific risks for which they were originally recognised. Provisions are fully or partially reversed when such risks cease to exist or are reduced.

### **3.j.1) Provisions for pensions and similar obligations**

#### **Post-retirement benefits**

The most representative Group companies with pension and similar obligations are Occident Seguros and Atradius N.V.

These companies have post-employment pension obligations classified as either defined-contribution plans or defined-benefit plans, which are covered by insurance policies and employment pension plans or trustee-administered funds. Other post-employment benefits, as well as long-term benefits, such as service awards, are covered by internal provisions.

For defined contribution plans, Group companies make pre-determined contributions to a separate entity or to a Group entity, with no legal or effective obligation to make additional contributions if the separate entity is unable to pay employee benefits related to services rendered in the current and prior periods.

In defined-benefit plans the amount of the benefits will depend on one or several factors, such as age, length of service and salary. The Group makes the necessary contributions to a separate entity (or the Group, as applicable). In contrast with the case of defined-contribution plans, however, it does have a legal or effective obligation to make further contributions if the separate entity is unable to pay benefits due to employees in relation to services rendered in the current or previous years.

In accordance with IAS 19 - Employee Benefits, the liability recognised in the Group's balance sheet for defined-benefit plans is the current value of the defined-benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly.

The plan assets covering the defined benefit obligations of Atradius N.V. are represented by instruments, vehicles or insurance companies that are not part of the Group.

The Group has opted to recognise actuarial gains and losses on all post-employment defined-benefit plans in full outside the income statement, under the heading "Actuarial gains/(losses) on long-term employee benefits" in the statement of recognised income and expense. "Actuarial gains and losses" are considered to be those which result from changes in the actuarial assumptions used for quantification of our obligations, the difference between assumptions and experience, as well as the income of assets over net interest.

The annual calculation of the obligations under the defined benefit plans is carried out by independent experts, using the so-called "projected calculation unit" method and using unbiased and mutually compatible assumptions. The discount rate used to determine the current value of the obligations is the interest rate of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity that approximate the terms of the related pension liabilities. The estimated retirement age is the earliest age at which each employee is entitled to retire under current Social Security regulations.

The reversal of assets can occur when the plan assets are higher than the projected benefit obligation and the Group cannot recover any surplus through refunds from the pension's vehicle due to solvency or control requirements. These reversals are presented in the statement of recognised income and expense.

Contributions made to defined contribution pension plans are accounted as expenses on the profit and loss account of the year of occurrence in each company of the Group.

The cost of services in the current year, understanding the increase in actuarial value of bonds stemming from services rendered during the year by employees, are expensed in the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred in each of the Group companies.

### **3.j.2) Other non-technical provisions**

Other non-technical provisions mainly include estimated amounts to cover probable or certain liabilities, such as restructuring, ongoing litigation, compensation, outstanding adjustments to staff payments, and other obligations.

### **3.k) Own shares**

The negative balance of the "Equity – Treasury shares and participation units" account in the consolidated balance sheet relates to shares of the Group held exclusively by the subsidiary Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.U. These shares are held at acquisition cost. The related adjustments and the profits and losses arising from disposal of treasury shares are credited or charged, as appropriate, to the equity heading "Other reserves for changes in accounting policies – Gains/(losses) on transactions in own shares".

A summary of the transactions carried out with the Group's own shares during the year is provided in Note 16.c) to the consolidated financial statements.

### **3.l) Income and expenses**

The Group recognises income and expenses on an accrual basis, i.e. when the actual flow of the related goods and services occurs, regardless of when the resulting monetary or financial flow arises.

The main principles used by the Group to recognise income and expenses are summarised below:

#### **3.1.1) Insurance service income**

As the Group provides insurance services for a group of insurance contracts issued, it reduces its LRC and recognises insurance income, which is measured at the amount of consideration the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for those services.

For groups of insurance contracts measured under BBA and VFA, insurance income consists of the sum of the changes in LRC due to: (i) insurance service expenses incurred in the period measured at amounts expected at the beginning of the period, excluding: amounts allocated to the loss component, investment component reimbursements, insurance acquisition expenses and amounts relating to the non-financial risk adjustment; (ii) the change in the non-financial risk adjustment, excluding changes that relate to future service that adjust the CSM and amounts allocated to the loss component; (iii) the amount of CSM for services provided in the period; (iv) other amounts such as experience adjustments for premium receipts that relate to a current or past service, if applicable.

In applying the PAA, the Group recognises insurance income for the period based on the passage of time by allocating expected premium receipts including premium experience adjustments to each service period. However, when the expected pattern of risk release during the period of coverage differs significantly from the passage of time, premium receipts are allocated based on the expected pattern of insurance service expenses incurred.

#### **3.1.2) Insurance service charges**

Insurance service charges arising from a group of insurance contracts issued comprise of: (i) changes in LIC related to claims and expenses incurred in the period excluding reimbursement of the investment component; (ii) changes in LIC related to claims and expenses incurred in prior periods (related to past service); (iii) other directly attributable insurance service expenses incurred in the period; (iv) amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows; (v) the loss component of onerous groups of contracts initially recognised in the period; (vi) changes in LRC related to future service that do not adjust the CSM, because they are changes in the loss components of onerous groups of contracts.

The Group allocates to the insurance contract portfolios all expenses that are attributable, i.e. those that are directly related to the performance of those contracts. Other expenses, such as innovation, training, product development costs and generic brand advertising, among others, are considered non-attributable and are recorded, when incurred, under "Other expenses" in the income statement.

### **3.1.3) Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held**

The Group presents income or expenses of a group and financial income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held separately in the profit and loss account. Income or expense from reinsurance contracts held is split into:

- Amounts recovered from reinsurers.
- An allocation of premiums paid

### **3.1.4) Financial income or expenses from insurance contracts**

The measurement, in interaction between IFRS 9 and IFRS 17, through the possibility of applying the "other comprehensive income option" or the "income statement option", both for changes in the financial value of investments and liabilities, aims to eliminate any additional volatility in the income statement in a transparent, consistent manner, while maximising comparability.

The choice of the accounting option is made at the level of the portfolio of insurance contracts. In this respect, the "other comprehensive income option" is chosen for the Occident and Atradius insurance contract portfolios, with the exception of those whose assigned assets have not passed the SPPI test (see Note 3.b.1) and, therefore, in order to avoid asymmetries between assets and liabilities in their valuation, the "income statement option" is used.

For indirect holding contracts, the amount presented in profit or loss is based on a systematic allocation of the total expected total insurance financial income or expense over the life of the group's contracts. For the duration of the contracts in the group, the total amount recognised in OCI will be zero.

### **3.1.5) Income from information services and other technical income**

This income comes mainly from Atradius N.V. and includes fees for information services, collections and short-term credit management services and income from activities carried out as an agent of the Dutch state. This income is recognised when the service is provided, in line with IFRS 15.

### **3.1.6) Income from funeral services and other non-technical income**

Income from Other activities mainly includes income from Mémora's services. This income is recognised in accordance with IFRS 15 at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable arising from the consideration, with income being recognised when, or as, the entity meets its performance obligation to its customers.

In addition, this section includes the income from management commissions for investment funds and pension funds.

### **3.1.7) Interest income and expense and similar items**

In general, these items are recognised using the effective interest method, irrespective of the monetary or financial flow deriving from the financial assets. Dividends are recognised as income as the consolidated companies' right to receive them arises.

## **3.m) Business combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method which determines the date of acquisition and calculates the cost of the combination, registering the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at their fair value referring to said date. In the case of liabilities from insurance contracts, these are registered in accordance with IFRS 17.

The cost of the combination is determined by aggregation of the price paid plus the amount of all minority interests plus the fair value of the prior shares from the business acquired, where applicable.

The goodwill represents the excess cost, including deferred payments, whether true or contingent, over the net amount on the date of acquisition of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

In the exceptional case of there being a negative difference in the combination, this is attributed to the profit and loss account as income.

If on the close date of the year when the combination occurs the valuation processes necessary to apply the method of acquisition described above cannot be concluded, this accounting will be considered provision, and said provisional values can be adjusted in the period necessary in order to obtain the information required which under no circumstances will be more than one year. The effects of the adjustments made in this period are accounted for retrospectively, modifying the comparative information if necessary.

The later changes to the fair value of the contingent payment are adjusted in comparison to the results, except where said payment has been classified as equity, in which case the later changes to the fair value are not recognised.

## **4. Risk and capital management**

Grupo Catalana Occidente understands that solvency is ensure by gaining a strong capital position by achieving long-term results and a responsible and sustainable shareholder remuneration policy.

All Group entities must maintain the necessary financial strength to develop the business strategy, taking prudently risks and meeting the required solvency needs.

Risk management is one of the basic aspects of the insurance business.

### **4.a) Capital management**

Grupo Catalana Occidente seeks to maintain a strong capital position.

Capital management is governed by the following principles:

- Ensure that Group companies have sufficient capitalisation to meet their financial obligations, even as they face of extraordinary events.
- Manage the adaptation of capital of the Group and its entities in consideration of the economic and accounting perspective and the capital requirements and objectives established in the risk appetite.
- Optimise the capital structure through efficient allocation of resources between entities, ensuring financial flexibility and properly remunerating shareholders.

Grupo Catalana Occidente defines the strategic plan and the risk strategy considering the capital management policy, using the solvency projections made in the internal measurement process of risks and solvency (ORSA). Capital quantification is carried out at the Group level and at the level of each of the insurance and reinsurance entities, using different models for monitoring: ORSA, rating agencies, economic and regulatory models.

Since 1 January 2016 the Group's capital has been quantified on the basis of the standard formula set out in the Solvency II regulations, except in the credit and surety business for which, in order to take account of the specific features of the business, a model has been developed for calculating its underwriting risks, approved by the Board of Supervisors in July 2017. Thus, the Group's solvency ratio and that of each of its entities is the result of comparing the equity of the entity at market value (economic capital) to the mandatory solvency capital requirement (SCR). The mandatory solvency capital requirement includes all of the risks to which the entity is exposed, particularly the following: market risk, subscription risk, counterparty default risk and operational risk.

In May 2025, Moody's credit rating agency assigned a 'Baa1' (investment grade) rating with a positive outlook as a debt issuer to Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. In September 2025, following the improvement in Spain's sovereign rating, Moody's upgraded GCO's rating as a debt issuer to 'A3' with a stable outlook. It highlights the financial strength and diversification benefits of the Group's two main entities (Occident and Atradius).

In addition, in May 2025, Moody's confirmed the 'A1' rating with a stable outlook for Atradius' main operating entities. The confirmation of this rating reflects Moody's confidence in the strength of the Atradius brand, even in times of economic uncertainty. This is due to the high quality of its risk

exposure, its strong economic capitalisation and its solid positioning as the world's second largest credit insurer.

In turn, A.M. Best, in July 2025 maintained the financial strength rating of “A” (excellent) with a stable outlook for the Group's main operating entities, both Occident and Atradius. This rating reflects the solid strength of the balance sheet, good operating profits and appropriate capitalisation of the Group's main operating entities. In addition, it considers that exposure to natural disasters is limited, thanks to the existence of a national coverage system (Insurance Compensation Consortium).

GCO and all of its individual entities aim at maintaining a solvency ratio that allows them to favour growth and to undertake prudent and stable remuneration of shareholders.

GCO and its subsidiaries with insurance activity and domiciled in Spain are supervised by the DGSFP. The subsidiaries with insurance activity and domiciled outside Spain are: Atradius Seguros de Crédito, S.A. in Mexico, regulated by the Comisión Nacional de Seguros y Finanzas (CNSF); Atradius Trade Credit Insurance, Inc. in the United States, regulated by the Maryland Insurance Administration (MIA); and Atradius Crédito y Caucción Seguradora S.A. in Brazil, regulated by the Superintendência de Seguros Privados (SUSEP). The regulators mentioned above are responsible for regulating the calculation of the solvency margin in their respective countries.

The Group has a robust and solvent asset position and does not foresee a materially significant impact even in the face of economic slowdowns stemming from geopolitical instability, marked by tensions between major powers, regional conflicts such as the war in Ukraine and the Middle East, and the upward trend in stock markets.

#### **4.b) Risk management**

The Group's risk management system works holistically, consolidating this management by business, activity, subsidiary and support area at the corporate level.

The principal elements that form part of the Risk Management System are:

- i.** Risk Governance: Organisational structure of the Risk Management System. Risk Governance is regulated by policies, other regulations and a clear attribution of roles and responsibilities.
- ii.** Risk Management Process: Establishes the process that the Group and its entities use to identify, accept, evaluate, monitor, mitigate and inform the risks. Furthermore, the process defines the Risk Strategy and insures that its integration with the Business Strategy permits compliance with the risk appetite and tolerance defined by the Board of Directors.
- iii.** Business Strategy: The Business Strategy is defined in the Strategic Plan. As mentioned in section ii above, the Business Strategy is in line with the Risk Strategy. The process of self-assessment of risks and solvency (ORSA) contributes towards guaranteeing this alignment.

These elements promote a common risk culture within the Group and ensure efficiency of the Risk Management System.

The Governance of the Risk management system is based on the principle of the “Three Lines of Defence”. The principle of the three lines of defence establishes the levels of activity, roles and responsibilities that govern the Risk Management System in such a manner that the first line of defence consists of the business units which are responsible for the risk and which assume its management. The second line of defence consists of the actuarial function, the risk management function and the compliance verification function. The third line of defence is the internal audit function.

On the other hand, the Board of Directors is responsible for guaranteeing efficiency of the Risk Management System through compliance with the general strategies of the Group and the Management Committee is responsible for ensuring correct implementation, maintenance and monitoring of the Risk Management System in conformance with the guidelines defined by the Board of Directors.

In order to complete the Governance of the Risk Management system, the Group and its entities have developed written policies that, together with the existing Technical Standards, guarantee ideal administration of the risks. These policies, in their content, identify the own risks of each affected area, establishes risk quantification measures, determines actions to supervise and control said risks,



establishes measures to mitigate the impact of the same and determines the information and internal control systems that are used to control and manage the risks.

Through the risk management process, the Group and its entities identify, measure, control, manage and inform of the risks that are present or may be present. Specifically, the Group and its entities identify and determine, among others: (i) the different types of risks facing the group, (ii) the level of risk deemed acceptable, (iii) the mechanisms to mitigate the impact of the risks identified, should they materialise, and (iv) the information and internal control systems used to mitigate these risks, including contingent liabilities and off balance sheet risks. This system of risk management of the group also aims to develop processes and systems of capital allocation in light of the risks assumed by each area.

Based on this process, the Group defines its risk strategy by establishing the level of risk it is willing to take to achieve the targets set in its strategic plan and annual guidelines, according to the three pillars: Growth, Profitability and Solvency. Moreover, it stipulates risk limits controlled by the management units with the aim of appetite and tolerance levels being adhered to, thus ensuring that both are aligned with day-to-day business.

In the framework of risk management, the Group undertakes the internal assessment of future risks (ORSA; *Own Risk and Solvency Assessment*) according to the criteria defined in its ORSA Policy. The ORSA process is carried out both for the Consolidated Group and for the different entities of Occident and Atradius. Within this process, the useful stress scenarios are also defined for decision making.

The Governing Bodies (Steering Committee and Board of Directors) play an active role in the prospective internal assessment of own risks, managing the process and checking results. The Board of Directors of each insurance entity, as ultimately responsible for risk management, approves the ORSA report specifying the capital consumption projection and capital available for the plan's medium-term time horizon for each entity, approving the ORSA report for the Group by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The main risks that may affect the achievement of the Group's objectives are as follows:

- Occident technical risks
- Atradius technical risks
- Financial market risks
- Operational risks
- Geopolitical environment risks
- Environmental, social and governance risks
- Other non-operational risks such as reputational risk, strategic risk and Mémora risks.

Given the current environment of geopolitical tensions, the Group is closely monitoring developments and taking appropriate action as required. Through Atradius N.V., ongoing discussions are held with our customers to assess current exposure and identify areas of focus. In addition, communications are maintained with intermediaries, reinsurers and regulatory agencies, among others. No significant impact is expected on the Group's continuity, nor a relevant impact on income.

The adverse scenario calculated in the ORSA framework is sufficiently severe and includes all the different components that could be affected due to geopolitical tensions: claims ratio, reduction of TPE due to mitigating measures and financial market volatility. The solvency ratio after these adverse conditions would also be above the Group's risk appetite.

The Group takes into account the current economic environment, in which inflation is fairly stable, and monitors the risks associated with it. On the other hand, despite the trend of lower interest rates by central banks, we are still in an environment of relatively high rates, which has a positive impact on spreads and makes savings products more attractive.

#### **A. Occident technical risks**

With regard to non-life insurance, underwriting risk is divided into underwriting risks of insufficient premiums and provisions in insurance contracts, portfolio decline and catastrophe risk. These risks are managed differently depending on the business line.



With regards to the life insurance, biometric risks are contemplated (including the risks of mortality, longevity, morbidity/disability) as well as non-biometric (falling portfolio, expenses and catastrophes).

The technical underwriting standards consider the specificities of each business and establish:

- The limits for underwriting, through delegation of powers to the customers based on their specific knowledge.
- The specific approvals for operations that exceed the established limits.
- Monitoring of the business.
- The assignment of risk through reinsurance contracts.

The Group measures underwriting risk using the standard formula, except for Atradius where the Group uses its partial internal model.

Measures taken to monitor and control these risks include:

- Ongoing development of Technical Standards, establishing automatic and preventive mechanisms to ensure that policy underwriting meets the standards.
- Analysis of products for the purpose of determining the contractual service margin or onerousness of insurance contracts.
- Business diversification in both general and life insurance.
- Measurement of the Market Consistent Embedded Value for certain strategic products within the life insurance business.
- Implementation of the Appraisal Value measurement methodology for certain strategic products within the non-life insurance business.
- Use of reinsurance to cover deviations from the expected claims rate, allowing the Group to retain as much business as possible, in so far as its scale of operations and solvency allow. For outward reinsurance, the Group uses only market-leading reinsurers, with ratings that guarantee the necessary solvency, financial and management capacity, and business and service continuity.
- Monitoring of an appropriate policy for analysing the performance (results) of policies, taking the necessary measures to avoid a high frequency and average cost of claims.
- Traceability mechanisms in Internal Control.

Furthermore, the Group carries out continuous monitoring of the level of risk concentration. Occident has a very diversified product range. The distribution by business of the portfolio based on imputed direct insurance and accepted reinsurance premiums as at 31 December 2025 is as follows: Life 26.6%; Motor 23.3%; Multi-risk 27.6% and Others 22.5% (see Note 18).

The reinsurance business holds excess of loss, surplus and quota share reinsurance contracts.

The panel of reinsurers is:

- Solvent, in terms of credit rating: all reinsurers external to Occident have an A rating or higher on the S&P scale. In non-life insurance, 54% of assets/liabilities under reinsurance contracts are go back to reinsurers with a rating of AA- or higher. In life insurance, this percentage is 61.5%.
- Diversified, in the holdings assigned to reinsurers. In non-life insurance, the panel of external reinsurers consists of 12 reinsurers, with the top 5 companies in the panel accounting for 79.4% of premiums. In non-life insurance, the panel consists of 7 reinsurers, with the top 5 companies accounting for 82.7%.

- Stable, there is stability in the panel of reinsurers, thus comply with the principle of continuity for the business. There are no significant changes in the shares assigned to the reinsurers, nor in the inputs and outputs to the reinsurers panel.

Finally, when completing the risk management, the Group identifies the sources of uncertainty and undertakes the sensitivity analysis for the risks it is exposed to:

- The status of the economy is an important factor in the frequency and severity (average cost) of the claims, at the same time, all sections of the Group can be affected in provisions as a consequence of the legislative changes.
- In life insurance, the main sources of uncertainty are the evolution of interest rates, expenses, the behaviour of the policyholders and insured parties and the evolution of mortality and survival.
- In Occident non-life insurance, the principal sources of uncertainty are: the frequency of claims and their quantity, the number and size of serious claims and the estimate of recoverable percentages.

In addition, to assess the level of uncertainty of insurance contract assets and liabilities:

- In the case of non-life insurance: a stochastic analysis of the chain-ladder method is carried out in order to obtain a prediction of the distribution of future payouts based on the company's experience. Specifically, a generalised overdispersed Poisson linear model is assumed where the prediction errors are estimated using the Bootstrap technique.
- In the case of life insurance: a stochastic analysis of the time value of options and financial guarantees is carried out, which results from using two thousand random scenarios of the time structure of risk-free interest rates including adjustment for volatility and consistent with asset prices in the financial markets.
- With regard to the main sensitivities carried out by the Group in Occident, the analysis in 2025 of the key assumptions that may result in material impacts on results and equity is presented below (in millions of euros):

| Occident                                      | Change in the assumption (%) | Impact on Profit before tax (millions of euros) | Impact on shareholders' equity (millions of euros) |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Life Risk (including Funeral business)</b> |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Mortality                                     | +1%                          | (0.3)                                           | (0.3)                                              |
| Drop (Cancellations)                          | +10%                         | 0.5                                             | (0.6)                                              |
| <b>Life Savings</b>                           |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Survival                                      | +10%                         | (1.1)                                           | (0.7)                                              |
| Drop (Cancellations)                          | +10%                         | (0.5)                                           | (14.9)                                             |
| <b>Direct Holding Contracts</b>               |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Survival                                      | +10%                         | -                                               | -                                                  |
| Drop (Cancellations)                          | +10%                         | (0.1)                                           | (0.1)                                              |
| <b>Motor</b>                                  |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Claims                                        | +10%                         | (73.3)                                          | (55.0)                                             |
| <b>Multi-risk</b>                             |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Claims                                        | +10%                         | (81.3)                                          | (61.0)                                             |
| <b>Other Miscellaneous</b>                    |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Claims                                        | +10%                         | (27.1)                                          | (20.3)                                             |

- **Survival/mortality risk:** the risk of loss or deviation in the measurement of life insurance contract liabilities arising from the movement/volatility of mortality rates, resulting in an increase or decrease in the value of such obligations.
- **Fall/claim risk:** the risk of loss or deviation from expected profits or losses, due to policy renewals, surrenders or cancellations, resulting in variations from the fall and loss assumptions initially applied in the measurement of such insurance liabilities.

The current economic situation, affected by geopolitical tensions, has not significantly impacted Occident's risks. In view of the above, no additional sensitivity scenarios have been performed in Occident as the results for the year have remained at the usual levels and no significant negative impacts are expected.

## **B. Atradius technical risks**

The Group offers two main types of direct insurance products: credit insurance and surety insurance. Credit insurance falls into three main categories: traditional credit insurance, instalment protection and special products. Each of these categories has the characteristics of specific risks. In turn, surety insurance is presented in a single category.

### **▪ Traditional credit insurance**

The Group insures its customers against the risk of non-payment for credit sales, services rendered or installations executed. The causes of loss covered differ depending on the policy and usually include all forms of legal insolvency. Without intending to give an exhaustive list, policies can also cover so-called political causes of loss, which among others include the risk of non-payment due to cancellation of import-export licences, transfer problems and contract cancellation.

Each policy has defined credit limits that the policyholder can offer to its buyers without prior approval from the Group. Policies are issued for a fixed period, usually not longer than three years. In addition, customers are obliged to retain part of the risk (self-retention), using different formulas.

Policyholders under such policies receive cover from their customers only when the Group has set a credit limit (rating) for that customer. The rating establishes the maximum credit limit covered by the insurance for the customer, and consequently the maximum insured credit limit, and is a risk control and mitigation tool as it allows limiting the exposure per customer. A downgrading can also occur in cases where the desired aggregate exposure thresholds are exceeded for a given customer.

In this type of policy there are two underwriting processes: policy underwriting and risk underwriting. Policy underwriting is the process by which the Group decides which companies it accepts as policyholders and the terms and conditions of cover offered. Risk underwriting is the process whereby the Group sets risk limits for each buyer and establishes credit limits, thereby managing the risks of existing policies.

Credit limits are the key risk management tool for the Group, as they limit the amount that would have to be paid to a customer in the event of a claim. In addition, the Group can in principle withdraw a buyer's credit limit at any time if circumstances so require. Credit limits may be subject to specific conditions and the Group may also set conditions for country coverage or withdraw coverage for an entire country. These are important tools for managing risk exposure.

### **▪ Instalment payment protection**

Instalment payment protection covers the medium and long-term risks that financial and corporate policyholders face in their multiple instalment payment agreements with companies and private individuals, and is available in Belgium and Luxembourg.

Here the Group typically insures portfolio loans. This product does not cover losses as a result of fraud by the customer.

- **Special products**

The Group also offers a range of customised policies insuring a variety of credit and political risks. This type of product includes policies covering individual transactions, individual business relationships and forfeiture of assets. A distinctive feature of special product policies is that, unlike traditional credit insurance, credit limits cannot normally be easily withdrawn. Special product policy conditions require increased supervision and due diligence on the insured.

- **Surety**

Surety insurance is marketed in Italy, France, Spain, Portugal, Germany, the Nordic countries and the Benelux countries, and the process has begun to establish operations in the United Kingdom. Surety insurance insures the beneficiaries against the risk of our customer's failure to meet contractual, legal or tax obligations. Beneficiaries include national, regional and local governments, tax authorities and businesses. The bond types issued vary by location, owing to differing legal environments, but typically include bid bonds, performance bonds and maintenance bonds. The Group manages risk by underwriting the obligations to be covered by the bond, the financial strength of customers and their ability to perform, and also by working with customers and beneficiaries of bonds to resolve any conflicts.

In addition, Atradius Crédito y Caución, S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros (hereinafter "Atradius CyC") is the Group's reinsurer for credit insurance products. It has a diversified portfolio in about 60 countries. Most programmes are entered into quota-share.

### **Specific controls at Atradius**

Fully defined risk authorisation systems and processes are in place. Sales staff has limited authority. As the credit limit increases, decisions need authorisation from one or more co-signatories of increasing seniority. Even senior levels have authority only up to certain thresholds.

There are credit committees at local level and at Atradius N.V. level. The local credit committees can authorise amounts up to certain limits, beyond which only the Atradius credit committee can decide. The Group Credit Committee also authorises exposures to large customers and customers with the largest overall exposure.

The Group monitors exposures by counterparty, sector and country through a single database (Symphony) that contains details of the majority of credit insurance policies and credit limits and all customers with whom the Group has exposure to default risk. This database is used as a source of management information. Due to the process of including the Spanish business through Atradius C&C in Atradius N.V., the database, although independent, is accessible to this global database.

The majority of policies, both new production and renewals, are priced according to a structured system based on risk, cost and perspective that the Group assigns primarily at the country, sector and buyer rating level.

Exposure from the instalment credit protection business is monitored separately, as the risk is assumed by consumers not companies. Premiums for these policies are calculated on the basis of the probability of default, expected losses, volume and maturity of loans.

All customers with whom the Group has significant exposure are reviewed annually, although on a continuous basis information concerning defaults, both from companies and from individuals, is received.

The Group is exposed to the concentration risk by purchaser and by country and sector of the purchaser. Concentration risk is controlled and monitored through what is known as Total Potential Exposure (TPE). The TPE, being the sum of the credit limits entered into by the Group with buyers, represents an absolute measure of exposure; however, in aggregate, the actual exposure will be considerably lower. On a portfolio level, the real exposure tends to be in the range of 10% to 30% of the TPE, without taking into account that the customers also have their own withholdings.

Following there is a detail of TPE by country, sector and buyer group:

| Buyer's country                                                                                   | Of which                                                                                                            | TPE 2025<br>Millions of<br>euros                                    | TPE 2024<br>Millions of<br>euros                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Denmark, Finland, Norway,<br>Netherlands, Sweden, Baltic Countries                                | The Netherlands<br>Others                                                                                           | 42,346<br>46,207                                                    | 42,016<br>44,502                                                    |
| Austria, Czech Republic, Germany,<br>Greece, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia,<br>Switzerland and Others | Germany<br>Others                                                                                                   | 132,230<br>108,600                                                  | 131,053<br>100,178                                                  |
| UK, North America, Australia, Asia<br>and Others                                                  | United Kingdom<br>Ireland<br>USA and Canada<br>Mexico and Central America<br>Brazil<br>Asia and Australia<br>Others | 67,897<br>8,266<br>102,988<br>21,876<br>17,228<br>149,202<br>17,360 | 68,795<br>7,582<br>102,604<br>20,482<br>14,927<br>145,423<br>16,678 |
| Southern Europe                                                                                   | France<br>Italy<br>Spain and Portugal<br>Belgium and Luxembourg                                                     | 63,949<br>67,264<br>106,164<br>25,213                               | 61,179<br>65,030<br>102,578<br>24,214                               |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                                      |                                                                                                                     | <b>976,790</b>                                                      | <b>947,241</b>                                                      |

| Industrial sector      | TPE 2025<br>Millions<br>of euros | TPE 2024<br>Millions<br>of euros |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Durable consumer goods | 103,506                          | 97,346                           |
| Metals                 | 95,325                           | 100,928                          |
| Electronics            | 118,618                          | 116,536                          |
| Construction           | 72,245                           | 70,139                           |
| Chemicals              | 142,629                          | 137,187                          |
| Transport              | 90,988                           | 90,466                           |
| Machinery              | 58,506                           | 59,388                           |
| Food                   | 99,244                           | 92,672                           |
| Construction Materials | 49,232                           | 44,295                           |
| Services               | 38,535                           | 36,264                           |
| Textiles               | 20,615                           | 22,433                           |
| Finance                | 25,352                           | 23,778                           |
| Agriculture            | 43,313                           | 36,771                           |
| Paper                  | 18,682                           | 19,038                           |
| <b>Total</b>           | <b>976,790</b>                   | <b>947,241</b>                   |

| Grouping by number of buyers | TPE 2025<br>Millions of euros | TPE 2024<br>Millions of euros |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0 – 20                       | 454,089                       | 443,516                       |
| 20 – 100                     | 171,646                       | 168,264                       |
| 100 – 250                    | 111,313                       | 109,199                       |
| 250 – 500                    | 88,370                        | 80,676                        |
| 500 – 1,000                  | 81,801                        | 77,105                        |
| Over 1,000                   | 69,571                        | 68,481                        |
| <b>Total</b>                 | <b>976,790</b>                | <b>947,241</b>                |

Surety and instalment protection exposures have different characteristics and are therefore not included in the tables above. Surety exposure as at 31 December 2025 is €35,900 million and the term payment protection exposure amounts to €4,200 million.

In addition to the contributions from the standard components of the credit insurance contract liability methodology, an Event Based Provision (EBP) has been estimated specifically for the impact of the Russia-Ukraine conflict. This liability was set aside to cover those risks which are not considered to be fully covered by the standard methodology. As a result of the analysis performed, a gross reinsurance provision of €92.5 million (€73 million net of reinsurance) is maintained for claims already incurred (€105.4 million gross and €81.2 million net of reinsurance in 2024).

With regard to the main sensitivities carried out by the Group in Atradius, the analysis in 2025 of the key assumptions that may result in material impacts on results and equity is presented below (in millions of euros):

| Atradius      | Change in the assumption (%) | Impact on Profit before tax (millions of euros) | Impact on shareholders' equity (millions of euros) |
|---------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Credit</b> |                              |                                                 |                                                    |
| Claims        | +10%                         | (119.0)                                         | (115.0)                                            |
| Discount rate | -0.5%                        | -                                               | (2.0)                                              |

### C. Financial market risks

The Group's investment policy approved by the Board of Directors takes into account the ratio of assets to liabilities, risk tolerance and liquidity of positions in different scenarios. It also expressly considers the prerequisites for the use of derivative instruments and structured financial products.

At present, the Group differentiates between four types of portfolios: life portfolios, non-life portfolios, credit insurance portfolios and portfolios in which the risk is borne by the customer.

The aim in the case of life portfolios is to optimise asset and liability matching using asset liability management (ALM) frameworks, while verifying compliance with legal and internal requirements. The aim in the case of Non-life portfolios is to maximise long-term return through appropriate diversification of assets. In the insurance credit portfolios, the aim is to maintain the solvency and liquidity required by the business. Lastly, the portfolios in which the risk is borne by the customer (whether in insurance contracts or in any other type of financial product) are managed in accordance with the policies established in each case in the statement of terms and conditions or prospectus.

- Credit risk. The credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other party in a financial operation does not comply with their contractual obligations. The Group's policy on credit risk is based on two basic principles:
  - Prudence: the minimum rating for fixed-income investments is A-. Any investment below this threshold requires express senior management approval and must be reported to the Board of Directors. If Spain's sovereign rating were to drop below A-, investment in government bonds issued or guaranteed by the State shall not require authorisation as long as the investment level is maintained. In this sense, in the selection or credit risks, priority is given to those with the highest credit rating.

- Diversification: high diversification across industries and issuers, with maximum risk limits per issuer.
- Liquidity risk The Group's policy with respect to liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient cash balances to meet any contingencies arising from obligations to customers. Said liquidity risk is managed by adapting the investments to the characteristics of the liabilities in the various businesses where the Group operates. In this sense, there is a periodic ALM analysis for all portfolios that permit mitigation of this risk. On the other hand, almost all the investments are in securities traded in organised markets that permit flexibility, so the Group will be able to take measures if there is any liquidity pressure.

The maturity analysis of insurance and reinsurance contract assets and liabilities is shown below:

| 31 December 2025                                 | Carrying amount | Discounted cash flows (Thousands of euros) |              |                   |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
|                                                  |                 | Less than 1 year                           | 1 to 5 years | More than 5 years |
| Insurance contract liabilities (net of assets)   | 8,746,088       | 2,679,484                                  | 2,871,649    | 3,477,149         |
| Reinsurance contract assets (net of liabilities) | 546,051         | 411,907                                    | 152,578      | 31,553            |

| 31 December 2024                                 | Carrying amount | Discounted cash flows (Thousands of euros) |              |                   |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
|                                                  |                 | Less than 1 year                           | 1 to 5 years | More than 5 years |
| Insurance contract liabilities (net of assets)   | 8,586,541       | 3,170,430                                  | 2,595,880    | 2,987,997         |
| Reinsurance contract assets (net of liabilities) | 601,822         | 434,273                                    | 177,200      | 34,732            |

The maturity analysis of financial assets is shown in Note 7.

- Exchange rate risks. The Group has the objective of minimising the risks derived from the exchange rate. Thus, in the portfolios of companies with traditional insurance business, basically located in Spain, it only maintains positions in currencies other than the euro derived from its investment in international equity, with the exposure considered to be reduced. On the other hand, in the specific case of Atradius, in cases where the local legislation in each country of operation requires, investment is maintained in the corresponding currency. In these cases, the objective is for there to be natural coverage between the positions and the local business.
- Market risk. Market risk is the risk of loss in the fair value of the assets as a consequence of the movements in the market variables that have an impact in their measurement. The Group regularly analyses the sensitivity of its portfolios to market risk, due mainly to changes in interest rates and stock prices. In this sense, there is a monthly control of the modified durations of the fixed income portfolios and, with a period nature, there is a study of the asset-liability suitability on a product level of analyse and verify the structural correspondence between the same, as well as different stress scenarios.

One of the standard measurements for market risk is the Value at Risk (VaR), which is based on a methodology of variance-covariance that uses the historic volatility of the prices in stock indexes, the exchange rates and the rate curves, and the correlation between them, as principal inputs. This risk measurement measures the maximum potential loss of the financial instruments due to adverse movements in the prices of the shares, the exchange rates and the interest rates within a fixed period of time and with a specific level of reliability (probability). Although the Group does not manage its investments based on the VaR level of the same, it uses this indicator as additional reference information together with the other periodic risk controls that it carries out on the investment portfolios. The risk of using the variance-covariance methodology or any other methodology based on historic data is that it underestimates the risk of the financial instruments. This is because these methods assume that the historic volatility and the correlation between the financial instruments will be repeated in the future. Therefore, the aim is not to represent future prices, but to use this as a guide only for information and comparison purposes for historic behaviour. In the specific case of the calculation carried out by the Group, there is a level of reliability of 99.5% and a



period of 12 months, which implies that there is a probability of 0.5% of underestimating the maximum potential loss for the next 12 months.

Financial markets performed well, albeit unevenly, during 2025. Variable income has maintained an upward trend in the main indices for most of the year, especially in the Ibex 35 and technology-related sectors, which have been bolstered by advances in artificial intelligence. However, the strengthening of the euro against the dollar has moderated the returns on dollar-denominated assets for European investors, bringing euro-adjusted returns to levels similar to, and in some cases lower than, those obtained on European indices.

In fixed income, interest rate cuts by the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Federal Reserve, which intensified in the second half of the year, helped to stabilise curves and reduce the volatility seen in the first quarters (led by the adjustments made by the ECB, while the Fed maintained a more cautious tone, initiating minor adjustments in the second half of the year). Credit spreads have remained relatively contained, although there has been some pressure in high-yield segments and sectors most exposed to the economic slowdown.

On the other hand, trade tensions and tariffs have had a limited impact on markets, while the macroeconomic environment has been marked by a less intense global slowdown than expected, with clear signs of disinflation. This moderation in prices has allowed central banks to adopt more flexible monetary policies, which have favoured a gradual recovery in activity and improved expectations for 2026.

The Group has monitored its exposure to the various risks, specifically:

- The evolution of the positions held in liquidity has been monitored, although the levels of cash held minimise any impact in this regard.
- Credit exposure to the different sectors that are particularly affected by the current economic and price situation has been controlled. Additionally, the portfolio diversification controls in place would mitigate any risk in this regard.
- The sectoral diversification of these investments has been analysed in detail regarding variable income investments, as in the case of fixed income investments.

With regards to the main sensitivities performed by the Group for the financial market risks, we can highlight:

- Fixed Income: An increase in the curve of 100bps represents -2.4% solvency ratio whereas a decrease in the curve of 100 bps represents +1.7% in solvency ratio.
- Variable Income: A decrease in the variable income of the stock market of -10% represents +13.4% solvency ratio whereas a decrease in the variable income of -25% represents +17.4% in solvency ratio.
- Properties: A decrease in value of 5% of the property value implies -1.4% of the solvency ratio.
- A combined decrease of 10% in the variable income value and of 5% in the properties implies an increase of +11.9% of the Group's solvency ratio.

#### **D. Operational risks**

Defines operational risk is understood as the risk of loss of inadequate or poorly functioning internal processes, staff or systems, or as a result of external events. In order to deal with operational risk, the Group has IT Tools in Occident and Atradius that enable them to be monitored and quantified. In particular, the risks associated to the various processes have been categorized with the aim of standardizing this classification across all Group companies, which allows obtaining the necessary information that enhances operational risk management, in each Group company individually and in the Group as a whole.

This system allows fair undertaking of an appropriate operational risk management.

The Group likewise ensures compliance with the various regulations applicable to entities comprising the Group through audits carried out by various Departments. Amongst which we should highlight :

- **Corporate Legal Department:** Its aims include maintaining, through the Compliance Verification Department, adequate compliance with legal and internal regulations within the organisation of the Group's different entities, as well as ensuring that these are applied in a consistent manner. To this end, it has a Compliance Verification Committee, whose task is to coordinate, supervise and establish common criteria in the Group's main entities. In addition, for those regulations that are particularly sensitive in relation to the sector in which the Group operates, such as those aimed at the prevention of money laundering and the financing of terrorism and the protection of personal data, internal committees have been set up to ensure compliance with these regulations.
- **Control Department:** The unit, belonging to the Company's Financial Management, among other goals, aims to arrange and implement adequate control of the Group's financial information and its budgets, and to ensure that it complies with domestic and international accounting standards.
- **Corporate Internal Audit Department:** This Department, under the Audit Committee, is responsible for seeing that the above bodies have successfully implemented the control and self-control measures stipulated by the Group, with regard to both operational and regulatory compliance risk.

#### **E. Other non-operational risks such as reputational risk and strategic risk.**

**Reputational risk:** Risk associated with the occurrence of an event that has a negative impact on the image or notoriety of the Group and, in consequence on its reputation. This risk is materialised by unfavourable information in the public media, on the internet/networks or complaints in the context of a claim against the company.

Its causes can range from poor management of a claim, inappropriate behaviour of employees or collaborators, perception of inadequate strategic decisions by the Group or the company, poor advice in the sale of products, fraud on the part of the mediator, etc.

In order to manage this risk the Group:

- Has a reputational risk management protocol whose purpose is to establish a protocol for action, as well as to establish operations and valid interlocutors for those events and/or situations that may cause a reputational crisis affecting the external image of the Group or of any of the individual entities that comprise it.
- Has a code of ethics signed by the board members, associates and service providers.
- There is a protocol for action in the event of irregularities and fraud (whistle-blowing channel) of the Group.
- Determines the requirements of aptitude and honour.
- Monitors the information published in communication media.

**Strategic risk:** Risk of loss of earnings or capital resulting from inadequate strategic decisions, poor execution of decisions or failure to adapt to changes in the economic, technological or social environment.

Compliance with the Group's goals is monitored by the steering committee and by each of the areas, in such a manner that there is exhaustive monitoring of the plan in the medium-term and of the circumstances that may occur therein.

**Mémora risks:** These risks involve the possible loss of profits or capital of the Mémora Group's business arising from inefficient operational management, failure to adapt to trends and developments in the political, economic and competitive environment, and reputational impact affecting the entity or the funeral sector in general.

## F. Environmental, social and governance risks

Sustainability risks are defined as those risks that constitute the possibility of losses driven by environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors.

- With respect to investments, any environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it were to occur, could have an actual or potential material adverse effect on the value of the investment.
- With respect to liabilities, an environmental, social or governance event or condition that, should it occur, may cause an actual or potential material adverse impact on the value of the liability.

Environmental risks are those arising from issues related to the quality and functioning of the natural environment and natural systems. These risks are classified into three main categories: physical risks, transition risks, and liability risks: they are classified according to whether they are physical risks, transition risks, or liability risks. These risks include:

- Physical risks include an increase in extreme weather events, such as hailstorms, fires or torrential rains, which can have significant financial consequences for organisations. These include an increase in claims, higher mortality rates, as well as an increase in the risk of non-payment by reinsurers.
- Transition risks include factors such as the failure of company investments and real estate to meet legal zero-energy standards, the inability to respond to changes in customer preferences due to the absence of more sustainable products, portfolio losses linked to high exposure to polluting sectors, and increased credit spreads in sectors with high sensitivity to climate transition.
- Finally, liability risks include potential reputational damage from unsustainable practices, insufficient responses to climate change, or accusations of *greenwashing*. In addition, slow adaptation to new regulatory standards may aggravate the financial and operational consequences for the organisation.

In this context, the increase in extreme weather events, such as the recent episodes of hail and torrential rain, highlights the growing importance of the risks associated with climate change.

Social risks are those that encompass issues relating to the rights, welfare and interests of individuals and communities. These issues include impact of demographic and social changes (health, longevity, birth rate, etc.) on our customers, policyholders, employees and partners, disconnection between the organisation's initiatives/projects and the real needs of society, internal working conditions such as health, safety and well-being, talent management, and non-compliance with diversity, equality and inclusion commitments, among others.

Governance risks refer to issues related to the governance of companies and other investees, as well as issues related to the relationship between the company's management, its Board of Directors, its shareholders and its stakeholders, as well as issues of business strategy. These include: risk of loss of customers due to not having sustainable products or services; cyber risks and/or not having our IT systems adapted to new labour and market trends: teleworking, IT security, digitalisation, online customer service; reputational risk associated with not meeting stakeholder expectations of a responsible and diverse governing body; Ethics and Integrity risk related to the code of ethics, compliance, fraud and corruption; and risk arising from poor protection of personal data, among others.

Bearing in mind that these risks may affect the Group as a whole directly or indirectly and that, therefore, they must be integrated transversally in GCO's risk policies, a Sustainability Committee is in place at Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. level with the aim of:

- Implementing GCO's Sustainability Master Plan, which sets out the Group's priorities for action every three years in order to develop and implement the sustainability strategy.
- Incorporating ESG risks into GCO's Risk Management System through the Group's governance policies and other sustainability policies (such as the climate change and environment policy, the human rights policy and the diversity and equality policy, among others), which serve as an umbrella for the various action plans in this area.

- Defining the criteria for the content, methodology and presentation of the information to be disclosed with respect to ESG factors.

The following processes are established for the management, measurement and monitoring of ESG risks:

- The impacts of such risks, to the extent relevant, are analysed in financial planning with the aim of adapting, if necessary, strategic planning in the light of the risks identified.
- The necessary metrics are implemented to help measure and manage the risks and opportunities arising from climate change.
- A periodic report is prepared at the highest level on the identification of such risks and opportunities, as well as their impact on the business and financial planning. A periodic report is made at the highest level on the quantification of the main risks to which the Group is exposed and the capital resources available to deal with them, as well as information on compliance with the limits set in the risk appetite.
- The consistency of the data between the Sustainability Report and the Group's Financial Statements is ensured by means of verification procedures carried out by the teams responsible, who assess and validate the information. Likewise, the exchange of information between the different areas of the Group involved and the use of the same data sources ensures consistency and reliability between the different reports. On the other hand, to ensure that the data reported are equivalent to those obtained from the information systems, various controls are established to guarantee their reliability.

During the 2025 financial year, Grupo Catalana Occidente has carried out an exercise to assess the risks derived from climate change in its activity under alternative climate scenarios. The Group's risk profile was used to estimate the impact on the Group of two opposing climate scenarios: one with a global temperature increase of no more than 2°C, and the other with an increase of more than 2°C.

To simulate both scenarios, an analysis of the climate scenarios proposed by the *Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change* (IPCC) in its August 2021 report has been carried out, where the most robust climate futures have been defined, considering environmental and socio-economic factors intrinsically linked to climate change. Based on this information, the scenarios studied are:

- Scenario with global planetary temperature increase of no more than 2°C: the SSP1-RCP2.6 scenario has been selected in line with the upper limit of the achievement of the Paris Agreement targets and the nationally determined contributions updated at COP26.
- Scenario with global temperature increase exceeding 2°C: information from the SSP5-RCP8.5 scenario has been used, which represents a *non-climate-policy* scenario that allows us to study the most unfavourable conditions for the climate.

The results of the analysis of these scenarios projected over a 5-year time horizon show the following possible impacts on the business:

- On the one hand, a slight increase in claims in Occident.
- On the other hand, in the SSP1-RCP2.6 scenario, there could be a negative impact on the valuation of variable income and fixed income, a devaluation of the return on real estate assets in the portfolio, and an impact on the result due to the investment required to adapt operations to environmental requirements.

## **F. Monitoring of risks**

Through mechanisms deployed to identify, analyse and address the associated risks in different areas, the Group recognises and addresses the risks it faces. To do so it boasts:

- Stringent strategic planning
- A process of internal self-evaluation of risks and solvency.
- Prudent management of operational risk

The Group's main committees are responsible for control and monitoring of the various risks.

Monitoring of the risk strategy is performed by the business units through early alert indicators that are the basis both for monitoring the risks and for compliance with the risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In addition, the internal control area and the function of risk management perform due monitoring.

#### **H. Risk mitigation measures**

The Group assesses and reviews risk mitigation measures. These include the following:

- Underwriting risk: The main mitigation mechanism is the reinsurance program and the underwriting techniques.
- Market risk: a detailed analysis of asset-liability matching (ALM) is carried out periodically, including VaR analysis of investment portfolios and sensitivity analysis of future scenarios.
- Counterparty default risk: The credit rating of major financial counterparties and reinsurers is monitored. Exposure from commercial credit risk with agents and the age of the debt is also monitored.
- Operational Risk: thought internal control system its monitoring via its integrated tool and the reporting, as described below.

Additionally, there are plans in place to ensure business continuity. These establish processes to minimise the impact on business functions in the event of a disaster, and thus reduce downtime of information and systems.

#### 4.c) Internal Control

Grupo Catalana Occidente has an internal control system that guarantees the goals of effectiveness and efficiency in operations, reliability of financial and non-financial information, asset protection and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and also allows it to have the appropriate mechanisms in place with respect to its solvency to identify and measure all significant existing risks and adequately cover them with eligible own funds.

To this end, the internal control system is built around five components:

- The **control environment** is an essential element of internal control, since all other components are based on it, and it boosts employees' awareness of its importance. In order to ensure that the Group has an environment of adequate control, the Board of Directors applies the principles of Good Governance with transparency and rigour, availing of a human resources policy geared to motivate and retain talent and also has a Code of Ethics and Internal Behaviour Regulation that formalises the commitment of employees, Management and the Board of Directors to behave under the principles of good faith and integrity.
- **Risk assessment.** The Group knows and approaches all of the risks it faces, establishing mechanisms to identify, analyse and process the corresponding risks in the various areas and has a framework policy for the entire risk management system with specific policies for each specific risk, in conformance with the establishments of the insurance regulations.
- **Control activity.** The Group has a number of policies and procedures, with appropriate authorisation levels, and adequate segregation of duties, that help ensure that management and Board of Directors directives are carried out and risks associated with the achievement of goals are properly managed. The control activities of the Group take place under a framework of: (i) a suitable segregation of tasks and responsibilities both between the personnel and between the functions carried out, (ii) a suitable structure of powers and capacities for the performance of operations linked to critical processes, establishing a system of limits adjusted to the same, (iii) a system of authorisations prior to the assumption of risks, global information security guidelines, understood as the preservation of the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the information and of the systems that process it against any threat, risk or damage that may be suffered, especially in the field of cybersecurity, in accordance with its importance for the Group, and (iv) the existence of the mechanisms necessary to guarantee the continuity of the business.
- **Information and communication.** The Group has adequate systems of internal and external communication. Regarding internal communication, the Group avails of a structure of committees and different processes that guarantee transparency and correct supply of information. In reference to communication with external stakeholders, it should be noted that, in compliance with the recommendations of the CNMV regarding the Internal Control System of Financial Reporting (SCIIF), in 2025 and through the Internal Control Unit and its mission, the Group has made progress in strengthening the reliability of the financial reporting released through the documentation of the processes, the homogenisation of criteria and the reflection on efficiency improvements. The result has been noticeable improvement in the traceability of this information.
- **Supervision.** The internal control system is subject to a monitoring process that verifies proper operation over time. This is achieved through continuous supervision activities and periodic supervision. The continued supervision occurs over the course of the operations and includes both normal activities of management and supervision as well as other activities carried out by personnel during the performance of their roles. The scope and frequency of the periodic evaluations will essentially depend on an evaluation of the risks and the efficacy of the continued supervision processes. In addition, the Group has independent supervisors who check that adequate operation of the internal control system is maintained over time. Specifically, there are three key functions: risk management function, actuarial function and compliance verification function, which act as the second line of defence, and an internal audit function which acts as the third line of defence, undertaking integral supervision of the internal control system.

#### Internal Control in the area of Financial Investments

The investment control systems constitute a useful early warning system given the current situation of financial markets.

In this sense, the concentration and dispersal of fixed income and equity, the average rating of the portfolio, exposures by rating and how they have changed, changes in the optionality of assets due to

changes in interest rates, and the performance of underlying assets are monitored at monthly intervals.

Furthermore, based on the regulations derived from solvency II, the Group has continued to examine the capital charge that might result from the credit risk associated with investments.

The financial investments are valued at their fair value, which corresponds to the price that would be received for the sale of a financial asset through a transaction organised between the participants in the market on the date of valuation, except:

- Financial investments included in the "Maturity portfolio", which is valued for its amortised cost using the method of the effective interest rate.
- The financial assets which are capital instruments where the fair value cannot be estimated in a reliable manner, and are valued at cost.

Fair value measurements of financial investments included in the 'Financial assets held for trading', 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' and 'Financial assets through profit or loss' portfolios are classified according to the levels of the variables used in their measurement (see Note 3.b.3).

The breakdown of financial assets at 31 December 2025 according to the inputs used is as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                                                      | <b>Tier 1</b>     | <b>Tier 2</b>  | <b>Tier 3</b>  | <b>Total at<br/>31/12/2025</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Financial assets held for trading</b>                                             | -                 | -              | -              | -                              |
| Derivatives                                                                          | -                 | -              | -              | -                              |
| <b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss<br/>(VRPL)</b>              | <b>1,613,246</b>  | <b>200,839</b> | <b>420,132</b> | <b>2,234,217</b>               |
| Financial Investments in capital                                                     | -                 | -              | -              | -                              |
| Holdings in investment funds                                                         | 201,383           | -              | 420,132        | <b>621,515</b>                 |
| Debt securities                                                                      | 105,564           | -              | -              | <b>105,564</b>                 |
| Investments held for the benefit of policyholders<br>who bear the investment risk    | 1,306,299         | -              | -              | <b>1,306,299</b>               |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                                    | -                 | 200,839        | -              | <b>200,839</b>                 |
| <b>Financial assets at fair value through other<br/>comprehensive income (VROCI)</b> | <b>10,224,748</b> | <b>104,528</b> | <b>35,100</b>  | <b>10,364,376</b>              |
| Financial Investments in capital                                                     | 2,300,886         | -              | 35,100         | <b>2,335,986</b>               |
| Debt securities                                                                      | 7,923,862         | -              | -              | <b>7,923,862</b>               |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                                    | -                 | 104,528        | -              | <b>104,528</b>                 |
| <b>Total at 31/12/2025</b>                                                           | <b>11,837,994</b> | <b>305,367</b> | <b>455,232</b> | <b>12,598,593</b>              |

The same information reported at the end of 2024 is as follows (in thousands of euros):



|                                                                                  | Tier 1            | Tier 2         | Tier 3         | Total at<br>31/12/2024 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| <b>Financial assets held for trading</b>                                         | -                 | -              | -              | -                      |
| Derivatives                                                                      | -                 | -              | -              | -                      |
| <b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (VRPL)</b>              | <b>1,411,847</b>  | <b>224,292</b> | <b>390,612</b> | <b>2,026,751</b>       |
| Financial Investments in capital                                                 | -                 | -              | -              | -                      |
| Holdings in investment funds                                                     | 232,327           | -              | 390,612        | <b>622,939</b>         |
| Debt securities                                                                  | 106,606           | -              | -              | <b>106,606</b>         |
| Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk   | 1,072,914         | -              | -              | <b>1,072,914</b>       |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                                | -                 | 224,292        | -              | <b>224,292</b>         |
| <b>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (VROCI)</b> | <b>9,958,791</b>  | <b>103,537</b> | <b>33,905</b>  | <b>10,096,233</b>      |
| Financial Investments in capital                                                 | 2,076,011         | -              | 33,905         | <b>2,109,916</b>       |
| Debt securities                                                                  | 7,882,780         | -              | -              | <b>7,882,780</b>       |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                                | -                 | 103,537        | -              | <b>103,537</b>         |
| <b>Total at 31/12/2024</b>                                                       | <b>11,370,638</b> | <b>327,829</b> | <b>424,517</b> | <b>12,122,984</b>      |

At 31 December 2025, financial instruments at fair value classified in Tier 3 represent 3.37% of financial assets (3.24% at 31 December 2024).

The Group carries out a periodic review of the existing portfolio in order to analyse whether it is necessary to change the classification of any of the existing assets. As a result of this review, there have been no reclassifications between measurement levels in 2025.

In the 2024 financial year there were no reclassifications between the different measurement levels.

In addition, below is a breakdown of the movement in financial assets classified in Tier 3 (in thousands of euros):

|                                           | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (VRPL) | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (VROCI) | Total           |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                           | Holdings in investment funds                                 | Financial Investments in capital                                          |                 |
| <b>Net book value on 1 January 2024</b>   | <b>349,812</b>                                               | <b>24,627</b>                                                             | <b>374,439</b>  |
| Changes to the scope                      | -                                                            | -                                                                         | -               |
| Purchases                                 | 47,905                                                       | 7,726                                                                     | <b>55,631</b>   |
| Sales and amortisations                   | (3,847)                                                      | (34)                                                                      | <b>(3,881)</b>  |
| Reclassifications and transfers           | -                                                            | -                                                                         | -               |
| Changes in value against results or OCI   | (3,258)                                                      | 1,586                                                                     | <b>(1,672)</b>  |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates   | -                                                            | -                                                                         | -               |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2024</b> | <b>390,612</b>                                               | <b>33,905</b>                                                             | <b>424,517</b>  |
| Changes to the scope                      | -                                                            | -                                                                         | -               |
| Purchases                                 | 44,013                                                       | 776                                                                       | <b>44,789</b>   |
| Sales and amortisations                   | (17,311)                                                     | -                                                                         | <b>(17,311)</b> |
| Reclassifications and transfers           | -                                                            | -                                                                         | -               |
| Changes in value against results or OCI   | 2,818                                                        | 419                                                                       | <b>3,237</b>    |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates   | -                                                            | -                                                                         | -               |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2025</b> | <b>420,132</b>                                               | <b>35,100</b>                                                             | <b>455,232</b>  |

In order to obtain the fair value of the equity assets classified in Tier 3, for whose measurement there are no directly observable market data, alternative techniques are used, based mainly on quotations provided by brokers or market contributors. The Group has assessed that small changes in the assumptions used in these measurement models would involve no substantial changes in the values obtained.

The credit rating of fixed income issuers and deposits with credit institutions at 31 December 2025 and 2024 (amounts in thousands of euros) according to phases or stages based on their risk of expected loss is detailed below (amounts in thousands of euros):

| 31 December 2025                                                      | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3      | Not applicable | Total            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>                                      | <b>1,607,429</b> | -             | -            | -              | <b>1,607,429</b> |
| AAA                                                                   | 5,072            | -             | -            | -              | 5,072            |
| AA                                                                    | 51,947           | -             | -            | -              | 51,947           |
| A                                                                     | 1,512,856        | -             | -            | -              | 1,512,856        |
| BBB                                                                   | 17,037           | -             | -            | -              | 17,037           |
| Under investment grade                                                | 20,278           | -             | -            | -              | 20,278           |
| No rating                                                             | 253              | -             | -            | -              | 253              |
| Gross amount                                                          | 1,607,443        | -             | -            | -              | 1,607,443        |
| Value adjustments for impairment                                      | (14)             | -             | -            | -              | (14)             |
| <b>FA at fair value through profit or loss</b>                        |                  |               |              | <b>306,403</b> | <b>306,403</b>   |
| <b>Debt securities - Public issuers</b>                               |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| AAA                                                                   |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| BBB                                                                   |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| Under investment grade                                                |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| <b>Debt securities - Private issuers</b>                              |                  |               |              | <b>105,564</b> | <b>105,564</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     |                  |               |              | 61,879         | 61,879           |
| BBB                                                                   |                  |               |              | 43,685         | 43,685           |
| Under investment grade                                                |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>                              |                  |               |              | <b>200,839</b> | <b>200,839</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     |                  |               |              | 200,839        | 200,839          |
| BBB                                                                   |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| Under investment grade                                                |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             |                  |               |              | -              | -                |
| <b>FA at fair value through changes in other comprehensive income</b> | <b>8,013,382</b> | <b>15,008</b> | -            | -              | <b>8,028,390</b> |
| <b>Debt securities - Public issuers</b>                               | <b>3,522,499</b> | <b>15,008</b> | -            | -              | <b>3,537,507</b> |
| AAA                                                                   | 446,341          | -             | -            | -              | 446,341          |
| AA                                                                    | 382,358          | -             | -            | -              | 382,358          |
| A                                                                     | 2,620,340        | -             | -            | -              | 2,620,340        |
| BBB                                                                   | 73,460           | -             | -            | -              | 73,460           |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | 15,008        | -            | -              | 15,008           |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| <b>Debt securities - Private issuers</b>                              | <b>4,386,355</b> | -             | -            | -              | <b>4,386,355</b> |
| AAA                                                                   | 51,988           | -             | -            | -              | 51,988           |
| AA                                                                    | 319,498          | -             | -            | -              | 319,498          |
| A                                                                     | 2,477,626        | -             | -            | -              | 2,477,626        |
| BBB                                                                   | 1,537,243        | -             | -            | -              | 1,537,243        |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>                              | <b>104,528</b>   | -             | -            | -              | <b>104,528</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   | 2,468            | -             | -            | -              | 2,468            |
| AA                                                                    | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     | 102,060          | -             | -            | -              | 102,060          |
| BBB                                                                   | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| <b>FA at amortised cost</b>                                           | <b>455,501</b>   | <b>2,103</b>  | <b>8,716</b> | -              | <b>466,320</b>   |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>                              | <b>318,773</b>   | -             | -            | -              | <b>318,773</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   | 156,848          | -             | -            | -              | 156,848          |
| AA                                                                    | 40,559           | -             | -            | -              | 40,559           |
| A                                                                     | 104,176          | -             | -            | -              | 104,176          |
| BBB                                                                   | 17,190           | -             | -            | -              | 17,190           |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| Gross amount                                                          | 318,773          | -             | -            | -              | 318,773          |
| Value adjustments for impairment                                      | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| <b>Loans</b>                                                          | <b>136,728</b>   | <b>2,103</b>  | <b>8,716</b> | -              | <b>147,547</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     | -                | -             | -            | -              | -                |
| BBB                                                                   | 47,270           | -             | -            | -              | 47,270           |
| Under investment grade                                                | 15,700           | -             | -            | -              | 15,700           |
| No rating                                                             | 78,046           | 2,103         | 12,726       | -              | 92,875           |
| Gross amount                                                          | 141,016          | 2,103         | 12,726       | -              | 155,845          |
| Value adjustments for impairment                                      | (4,288)          | -             | (4,010)      | -              | (8,298)          |

| December 2024                                                         | Stage 1          | Stage 2       | Stage 3       | Not applicable | Total            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>                                      | <b>1,426,708</b> | -             | -             | -              | <b>1,426,708</b> |
| AAA                                                                   | 20,152           | -             | -             | -              | 20,152           |
| AA                                                                    | 53,383           | -             | -             | -              | 53,383           |
| A                                                                     | 1,303,428        | -             | -             | -              | 1,303,428        |
| BBB                                                                   | 12,155           | -             | -             | -              | 12,155           |
| Under investment grade                                                | 37,343           | -             | -             | -              | 37,343           |
| No rating                                                             | 248              | -             | -             | -              | 248              |
| Gross amount                                                          | 1,426,709        | -             | -             | -              | 1,426,709        |
| Value adjustments for impairment                                      | (1)              | -             | -             | -              | (1)              |
| <b>FA at fair value through profit or loss</b>                        |                  |               |               | <b>330,898</b> | <b>330,898</b>   |
| <b>Debt securities - Public issuers</b>                               |                  |               |               | <b>2,031</b>   | <b>2,031</b>     |
| AAA                                                                   |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    |                  |               |               | 2,031          | 2,031            |
| A                                                                     |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| BBB                                                                   |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| Under investment grade                                                |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| <b>Debt securities - Private issuers</b>                              |                  |               |               | <b>104,575</b> | <b>104,575</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     |                  |               |               | 61,073         | 61,073           |
| BBB                                                                   |                  |               |               | 43,502         | 43,502           |
| Under investment grade                                                |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>                              |                  |               |               | <b>224,292</b> | <b>224,292</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     |                  |               |               | 224,292        | 224,292          |
| BBB                                                                   |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| Under investment grade                                                |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             |                  |               |               | -              | -                |
| <b>FA at fair value through changes in other comprehensive income</b> | <b>7,973,183</b> | <b>13,134</b> | -             | -              | <b>7,986,317</b> |
| <b>Debt securities - Public issuers</b>                               | <b>3,494,949</b> | <b>13,134</b> | -             | -              | <b>3,508,083</b> |
| AAA                                                                   | 511,237          | -             | -             | -              | 511,237          |
| AA                                                                    | 425,142          | -             | -             | -              | 425,142          |
| A                                                                     | 2,445,962        | -             | -             | -              | 2,445,962        |
| BBB                                                                   | 112,608          | -             | -             | -              | 112,608          |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | 13,134        | -             | -              | 13,134           |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| <b>Debt securities - Private issuers</b>                              | <b>4,374,697</b> | -             | -             | -              | <b>4,374,697</b> |
| AAA                                                                   | 32,244           | -             | -             | -              | 32,244           |
| AA                                                                    | 310,546          | -             | -             | -              | 310,546          |
| A                                                                     | 2,473,025        | -             | -             | -              | 2,473,025        |
| BBB                                                                   | 1,543,546        | -             | -             | -              | 1,543,546        |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             | 15,336           | -             | -             | -              | 15,336           |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>                              | <b>103,537</b>   | -             | -             | -              | <b>103,537</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   | 2,726            | -             | -             | -              | 2,726            |
| AA                                                                    | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     | 98,311           | -             | -             | -              | 98,311           |
| BBB                                                                   | 500              | -             | -             | -              | 500              |
| Under investment grade                                                | 2,000            | -             | -             | -              | 2,000            |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| <b>FA at amortised cost</b>                                           | <b>477,476</b>   | <b>2,239</b>  | <b>10,027</b> | -              | <b>489,742</b>   |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>                              | <b>295,577</b>   | -             | -             | -              | <b>295,577</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   | 149,260          | -             | -             | -              | 149,260          |
| AA                                                                    | 37,376           | -             | -             | -              | 37,376           |
| A                                                                     | 90,851           | -             | -             | -              | 90,851           |
| BBB                                                                   | 18,090           | -             | -             | -              | 18,090           |
| Under investment grade                                                | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| No rating                                                             | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| Gross amount                                                          | 295,577          | -             | -             | -              | 295,577          |
| Value adjustments for impairment                                      | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| <b>Loans</b>                                                          | <b>181,899</b>   | <b>2,239</b>  | <b>10,027</b> | -              | <b>194,165</b>   |
| AAA                                                                   | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| AA                                                                    | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| A                                                                     | -                | -             | -             | -              | -                |
| BBB                                                                   | 48,747           | -             | -             | -              | 48,747           |
| Under investment grade                                                | 50,080           | -             | -             | -              | 50,080           |
| No rating                                                             | 87,667           | 2,239         | 13,842        | -              | 103,748          |
| Gross amount                                                          | 186,494          | 2,239         | 13,842        | -              | 202,575          |
| Value adjustments for impairment                                      | (4,595)          | -             | (3,815)       | -              | (8,410)          |

At 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024, no credit risk attributable to the Group has been identified in relation to financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss, as they mainly correspond to investments on behalf of policyholders who bear the investment risk. Given the credit quality of the financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss, the credit risk is not considered to be significant in relation to their total exposure. Changes in the measurement of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as a result of changes in credit risk are not significant due to their credit quality.

The investment criteria also include various measures of risk diversification by sector, country and currency (amounts in thousands of euros):

| Sector                      | 31 December 2025   |                 |                  |                 | 31 December 2024   |                 |                  |                 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
|                             | Equity instruments | %               | Debt securities  | %               | Equity instruments | %               | Debt securities  | %               |
| Communications              | 198,890            | 6.73 %          | 378,825          | 4.72 %          | 186,245            | 6.82 %          | 374,972          | 4.69 %          |
| Cyclical consumer goods     | 109,551            | 3.70 %          | 517,351          | 6.44 %          | 142,485            | 5.21 %          | 551,728          | 6.91 %          |
| Non-cyclical consumer goods | 197,367            | 6.67 %          | 671,353          | 8.36 %          | 238,641            | 8.73 %          | 609,771          | 7.63 %          |
| Energy                      | 46,217             | 1.56 %          | 72,016           | 0.90 %          | 65,537             | 2.40 %          | 95,733           | 1.20 %          |
| Financial                   | 1,189,375          | 40.22 %         | 1,792,674        | 22.33 %         | 922,930            | 33.77 %         | 1,881,637        | 23.55 %         |
| Industrial                  | 257,755            | 8.72 %          | 505,043          | 6.29 %          | 245,815            | 8.99 %          | 486,590          | 6.09 %          |
| Technological               | 279,741            | 9.46 %          | 121,370          | 1.51 %          | 285,377            | 10.44 %         | 150,622          | 1.89 %          |
| Public Services             | 213,988            | 7.24 %          | 397,001          | 4.94 %          | 176,222            | 6.45 %          | 309,468          | 3.87 %          |
| Diversified                 | 3,053              | 0.10 %          | -                | -               | 3,494              | 0.13 %          | -                | -               |
| Commodities                 | 25,269             | 0.85 %          | 38,741           | 0.48 %          | 27,289             | 1.00 %          | 21,231           | 0.27 %          |
| Governance                  | -                  | -               | 3,535,052        | 44.03 %         | -                  | -               | 3,507,634        | 43.90 %         |
| Others (*)                  | 436,295            | 14.75 %         | -                | -               | 438,820            | 16.06 %         | -                | -               |
| <b>Total</b>                | <b>2,957,501</b>   | <b>100.00 %</b> | <b>8,029,426</b> | <b>100.00 %</b> | <b>2,732,855</b>   | <b>100.00 %</b> | <b>7,989,386</b> | <b>100.00 %</b> |

(\*) Includes investment funds.

## Year 2025

| Country           | Thousands of Euros |                     |                      |                   |                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
|                   | Equity instruments | Public Fixed Income | Private Fixed Income | Deposits in banks | Cash and other equivalent assets |
| Spain             | 887,653            | 2,437,654           | 1,622,737            | 180,243           | 1,040,220                        |
| Greece            | -                  | -                   | -                    | -                 | 3,473                            |
| Portugal          | 784                | -                   | 1,504                | -                 | 25,020                           |
| Ireland (*)       | 109,114            | 14,570              | 59,242               | 161               | 264                              |
| Italy             | 97,841             | 122,283             | 13,933               | (38,335)          | 1,064                            |
| Germany           | 335,695            | 199,772             | 227,795              | (8,824)           | 21,741                           |
| France            | 425,484            | 115,012             | 826,474              | (3,896)           | 1,025                            |
| United Kingdom    | 13,475             | 5,278               | 268,434              | 62,082            | 2,884                            |
| The Netherlands   | 138,236            | 36,923              | 556,865              | 40,523            | 296,681                          |
| Other Europe      | 462,559            | 288,955             | 239,913              | 301,497           | 14,254                           |
| U.S.              | 464,936            | 91,789              | 607,656              | 4,343             | 13,488                           |
| Rest OECD         | 12,128             | 198,003             | 65,414               | 20,440            | 74,614                           |
| Rest of the world | 9,596              | 27,268              | 1,952                | 65,906            | 112,701                          |
| <b>Total</b>      | <b>2,957,501</b>   | <b>3,537,507</b>    | <b>4,491,919</b>     | <b>624,140</b>    | <b>1,607,429</b>                 |

(\*) Ireland equity instruments are investment funds.

**Year 2024**

| Country           | Thousands of Euros |                     |                      |                   |                                  |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
|                   | Equity instruments | Public Fixed Income | Private Fixed Income | Deposits in banks | Cash and other equivalent assets |
| Spain             | 726,301            | 2,458,360           | 1,620,488            | 178,622           | 755,793                          |
| Greece            | -                  | -                   | -                    | -                 | 4,809                            |
| Portugal          | 90                 | -                   | 1,481                | 2,500             | 9,696                            |
| Ireland (*)       | 167,621            | 21,943              | 59,392               | 513               | 4,892                            |
| Italy             | 80,427             | 81,516              | 3,609                | (38,959)          | 957                              |
| Germany           | 315,094            | 238,923             | 222,631              | (8,729)           | 19,432                           |
| France            | 462,135            | 152,927             | 868,808              | 2,152             | 2,137                            |
| United Kingdom    | 13,690             | 2,927               | 253,121              | 43,219            | 1,717                            |
| The Netherlands   | 114,850            | 34,957              | 499,587              | 95,607            | 414,848                          |
| Other Europe      | 347,762            | 257,725             | 296,270              | 271,973           | 18,071                           |
| U.S.              | 486,093            | 93,187              | 568,442              | 232               | 10,900                           |
| Rest OECD         | 9,728              | 141,966             | 81,664               | 24,158            | 91,054                           |
| Rest of the world | 9,064              | 25,683              | 3,779                | 52,118            | 92,402                           |
| <b>Total</b>      | <b>2,732,855</b>   | <b>3,510,114</b>    | <b>4,479,272</b>     | <b>623,406</b>    | <b>1,426,708</b>                 |

(\*) Ireland equity instruments are investment funds.

Below are the financial investments broken down by currencies, along with the other assets and liabilities held by the Group as of 31 December 2025 and 2024:

**Year 2025**

| Currency     | Thousands of Euros |                  |                   |                                  |                                                  |                  |                            |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
|              | Equity Instruments | Debt securities  | Deposits in banks | Cash and other equivalent assets | Assets under insurance and reinsurance contracts | Other assets     | Total Assets at 31/12/2025 |
| Euro         | 2,067,956          | 7,580,058        | 339,901           | 1,291,101                        | 588,450                                          | 5,444,115        | 17,311,581                 |
| GB pound     | 6,057              | 26,533           | 38,706            | 23,468                           | 28,192                                           | 60,501           | 183,457                    |
| U.S. Dollar  | 475,525            | 203,680          | 146,653           | 131,550                          | 102,423                                          | 23,869           | 1,083,700                  |
| Other        | 407,963            | 219,155          | 98,880            | 161,310                          | 119,418                                          | 128,346          | 1,135,072                  |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>2,957,501</b>   | <b>8,029,426</b> | <b>624,140</b>    | <b>1,607,429</b>                 | <b>838,483</b>                                   | <b>5,656,831</b> | <b>19,713,810</b>          |

**Year 2024**

| Currency     | Thousands of Euros |                  |                   |                                  |                                                  |                  |                            |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
|              | Equity Instruments | Debt securities  | Deposits in banks | Cash and other equivalent assets | Assets under insurance and reinsurance contracts | Other assets     | Total Assets at 31/12/2024 |
| Euro         | 1,934,082          | 7,598,375        | 359,502           | 1,047,155                        | 656,869                                          | 5,161,317        | 16,757,300                 |
| GB pound     | 4,442              | 25,778           | 18,992            | 28,847                           | 30,605                                           | 69,944           | 178,608                    |
| U.S. Dollar  | 493,238            | 204,273          | 178,703           | 127,884                          | 123,238                                          | 99,507           | 1,226,843                  |
| Other        | 301,093            | 160,960          | 66,209            | 222,822                          | 149,687                                          | 181,893          | 1,082,664                  |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>2,732,855</b>   | <b>7,989,386</b> | <b>623,406</b>    | <b>1,426,708</b>                 | <b>960,399</b>                                   | <b>5,512,661</b> | <b>19,245,415</b>          |

**Year 2025****Thousands of Euros**

| <b>Currency</b> | <b>Subordinated liabilities</b> | <b>Liabilities under insurance and reinsurance contracts</b> | <b>Other liabilities</b> | <b>Total Liabilities at 31/12/2025</b> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Euro            | 248,145                         | 10,007,194                                                   | 1,976,470                | <b>12,231,809</b>                      |
| GB pound        | -                               | 67,489                                                       | 32,377                   | <b>99,866</b>                          |
| U.S. Dollar     | -                               | 263,388                                                      | 22,057                   | <b>285,445</b>                         |
| Other           | -                               | 337,833                                                      | 108,370                  | <b>446,203</b>                         |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>248,145</b>                  | <b>10,675,904</b>                                            | <b>2,139,274</b>         | <b>13,063,323</b>                      |

**Year 2024****Thousands of Euros**

| <b>Currency</b> | <b>Subordinated liabilities</b> | <b>Liabilities under insurance and reinsurance contracts</b> | <b>Other liabilities</b> | <b>Total Liabilities at 31/12/2024</b> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Euro            | 247,938                         | 9,777,769                                                    | 1,932,939                | <b>11,958,646</b>                      |
| GB pound        | -                               | 68,855                                                       | 52,688                   | <b>121,543</b>                         |
| U.S. Dollar     | -                               | 294,263                                                      | 50,769                   | <b>345,032</b>                         |
| Other           | -                               | 368,518                                                      | 162,758                  | <b>531,276</b>                         |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>247,938</b>                  | <b>10,509,405</b>                                            | <b>2,199,154</b>         | <b>12,956,497</b>                      |

The average spot exchange rates at year-end most often used in translating these types of foreign currency balances into euros coincide with the rates published by the European Central Bank and are detailed in Note 3.g.4 to the consolidated financial statements.

The risk arising from credit derivatives held by the Group can be considered insignificant.



## 5. Main transactions and changes in the consolidation perimeter

### 5.a) Voluntary public takeover bid for the acquisition of GCO shares

On 27 March 2025, INOC, S.A. (hereinafter, "Inocsa"), the controlling shareholder of GCO, announced its intention to draw up a voluntary public offer (the "Offer") for all of the shares representing GCO's share capital. At that time, Inocsa directly and indirectly controlled 62.03% of the share capital, so the Offer was directed at the remaining 37.97%.

On 28 April 2025, Inocsa formally submitted the application for authorisation of the Offer to the Spanish National Securities Market Commission (Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores, CNMV), accompanied by the explanatory prospectus and the corresponding legal documentation. The Offer consisted of a cash consideration of 50 euros per share or, alternatively, a share exchange consisting of one newly issued Class B Inocsa share for every 43.8419 GCO share, up to a maximum of 6.66% of GCO's share capital (8,000,000 shares).

Inocsa also made the effectiveness of the Offer conditional upon meeting the following two conditions:

- The minimum acceptance of the Offer by holders of 15,671,159 GCO shares, representing approximately 13.05% of its share capital, in such a way that Inocsa directly would acquire ownership of at least 60,000,001 GCO shares (representing the majority of the total share capital) after settlement of the Offer.
- Approval of the terms and conditions of the Offer by Inocsa's general shareholders' meeting, as well as approval of the transfer of powers to the Board of Directors to carry out the issue of new Inocsa shares to meet the consideration in shares.

In relation to this second condition, on 30 April 2025, the Inocsa's General Shareholders' Meeting approved the terms and conditions of the Offer, as well the delegation of authority to its Board of Directors to carry out the capital increase necessary to satisfy the consideration in shares, thereby fulfilling this condition.

On 8 May 2025, Inocsa announced the adjustment of the consideration for the Offer to 49.45 euros per share (in the case of cash consideration) and 1 newly issued Class B Inocsa share for every 43.8967 GCO share (in the case of consideration through a share exchange), as a result of (i) the dividend that GCO paid to its shareholders out of the profit for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 for the gross amount of 0.594 euros per GCO share, and (ii) the dividend paid by Inocsa to its shareholders from the profits for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 for the gross amount of €21.0009 per Inocsa share.

The CNMV accepted the Offer for processing on 16 May 2025. Subsequently, on 3 July 2025, Inocsa announced a further adjustment to the consideration for the Offer to €49.20 per share (in the case of cash consideration) and 1 newly issued Class B Inocsa share for every 43.9464 GCO share (in the case of consideration through a share exchange), as a result of (i) the dividend that GCO paid to its shareholders from reserves for the gross amount of 0.25 euros per GCO share, and (ii) the interim dividend for the 2025 financial year that Inocsa paid to its shareholders for the gross amount of 8.3282 euros per Inocsa share.

Likewise, on 25 September 2025, Inocsa announced a further adjustment to the consideration for the Offer to €49.00 per share (in the case of cash consideration) and 1 newly issued Class B Inocsa share for every 43.9528 GCO share (in the case of consideration through a share exchange), as a result of (i) the dividend that GCO paid its shareholders from reserves for the gross amount of 0.20 euros per GCO share, and (ii) the interim dividend for the 2025 financial year that Inocsa paid its shareholders for the gross amount of 8.3282 euros per Inocsa share.

Finally, on 21 October 2025, Inocsa announced an increase in the consideration of the Offer by €0.75 per share, bringing it to €49.75 per share (in the case of cash consideration) and updating the exchange ratio to 1 newly issued Inocsa Class B share for every 43.9446 GCO shares.

The Offer was authorised by the CNMV on 29 October 2025, with the acceptance period set from 30 October 2025 to 28 November 2025, inclusive.

On 5 December 2025, the CNMV announced the result of the Offer, confirming that the minimum threshold required for its effectiveness had been exceeded. In particular, the Offer, excluding the

restricted shares representing 62.03% of GCO's share capital, was accepted for 42,950,434 shares representing 94.27% of the shares targeted by the Offer and 35.79% of GCO's share capital, with 38,010,278 shares accepted in cash and 4,940,156 shares accepted in exchange.

In view of the acceptance data for the Offer, it was found that the requirements set forth in Article 116 of Law 6/2023 and Article 47 of Royal Decree 1066/2007 for the exercise of compulsory purchases had been met, and therefore, on that same date, the board of directors of Inocsa agreed, in accordance with the provisions of the explanatory prospectus of the Offer, to demand the compulsory purchase ('squeeze-out') of all GCO shares not directly or indirectly owned by the parent company of Inocsa, following the settlement of the Offer on 30 December 2025, with the consideration being equal to that provided for in the cash option of the Offer, i.e. €49.75 per GCO share, adjusted downwards in the gross amount per share for any distributions (of dividends, reserves or any other distributions, whether ordinary, extraordinary, interim or supplementary) that may be paid to GCO shareholders prior to the date on which the compulsory sale transaction is settled.

On 9 December 2025, the Offer was settled in relation to shareholders who opted for cash payment, while on 10 December 2025, the capital increase of Inocsa necessary to meet the consideration in shares provided for in the Offer was formalised before a notary public.

Likewise, on 9 December 2025, Inocsa announced an adjustment to the consideration for the compulsory sale to €45.10 per share, as a result of the interim dividend for the 2025 financial year that the GCO board of directors agreed on that same date to pay to its shareholders, for a gross amount of €4.65 per GCO share.

Subsequently, as a result of the aforementioned squeeze-out process, on 30 December 2025, Inocsa acquired the remaining non-locked-up shares of GCO that had not been tendered in the Offer (nor had their compulsory purchase right been exercised prior to that date), with the compulsory sale being settled on 2 January 2026.

Finally, the Company was delisted with effect from 5 January 2026, following the announcement issued on 2 January 2026 by the governing bodies of the Barcelona and Madrid Stock Exchanges.

#### **5.b) Transformation of Prepresa Peritación de Seguros y Prevención, A.I.E. into S.L.U.**

On 3 March 2025, the governing body of Prepresa Peritación de Seguros y Prevención, AIE (hereinafter, "Prepresa") signed a transformation plan under which Prepresa was to be transformed into a single-member limited liability company ("SLU" in Spanish).

On 8 April 2025, Prepresa's sole shareholder took the corresponding transformation decisions, and the corresponding announcements were published on 14 April 2025.

On 15 April 2025, the public deed for the aforementioned transformation was executed and duly registered in the Mercantile Registry of Barcelona.

#### **5.c) Merger of Cosalud Servicios, S.A.U. with Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L.U.**

On 27 May 2025, the governing bodies of Cosalud Servicios, S.A.U. (hereinafter, "Cosalud") and Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L.U. (hereinafter, "GCO AI"), entered into a joint merger plan whereby they planned to merge into a single entity through the absorption of Cosalud by GCO AI.

On 26 June 2025, the sole shareholders of Cosalud and GCO AI took the corresponding merger decisions and published the relevant announcements.

On 2 July 2025, the public deed of the aforementioned merger by absorption was granted, and it was duly registered in the Mercantile Registry of Barcelona.

#### **5.d) Acquisition of 20% of Servicios Funerarios Baztán Bidasoa, S.L.**

On 17 June 2025, Mémora Servicios Funerarios, S.L.U. (hereinafter, "Mémora") completed the purchase of 20% of the shares of Servicios Funerarios Baztán Bidasoa, S.L. held by minority shareholders, thereby acquiring 100% of the latter's share capital.

### 5.e) Merger of Serveis Funeraris de Barcelona, S.A. and Transports Sanitaris Parets, S.L.U.

On 3 June 2025, the governing bodies of Serveis Funeraris de Barcelona, S.A. (hereinafter, "SFB") and Transports Sanitaris Parets, S.L.U. (hereinafter, "TSP") signed a joint merger plan under which they planned to merge into a single entity through the absorption of TSP by SFB.

On 30 June 2025, SFB shareholders and TSP's sole shareholder entered into the corresponding merger agreements, and the relevant announcements were published.

On 16 July 2025, the public deed of the aforementioned merger by absorption was granted, and it was duly registered in the Mercantile Registry of Barcelona.

### 5.f) Acquisition of 100% of Servicios Funerarios Sever, S.L.

On 18 June 2025, Mémora signed a private purchase and sale agreement with the owners of Servicios Funerarios Sever, S.L. (hereinafter, "SFS") for the acquisition of 100% of SFS' shares.

The transaction was subject to the condition precedent of obtaining the required authorisation from the Spanish National Markets and Competition Commission (CNMC), which was granted on 15 July 2025.

Once this condition precedent had been fulfilled, the corresponding public deed was granted on 19 September 2025, executing the purchase and sale.

### 5.g) Acquisition of properties under a sale and leaseback arrangement from Grupo Mémora

On 17 June 2025, Mémora and SFB formalised, by means of a public deed of sale, the acquisition of 26 funeral homes that until that date had been leased from their owner by both entities, pursuant to the sale and leaseback transaction on said funeral homes signed in 2022 by said companies.

The repurchase transaction was financed through a capital increase in Mémora, fully subscribed by its sole shareholder, GCO, with the aim of consolidating ownership of the funeral group's strategic assets.

## 6. Cash and cash equivalents

The breakdown of cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

| Cash and other cash equivalents | Thousands of Euros |                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|                                 | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024       |
| Cash in banks and in cash (*)   | 1,491,559          | 1,408,534        |
| Other financial assets          | 115,870            | 18,174           |
| <b>Total</b>                    | <b>1,607,429</b>   | <b>1,426,708</b> |

(\*) At 31 December 2025 and 2024 includes €22,734 thousand and €34,994 thousand, respectively, of restricted cash at banks from Atradius NV. This cash is not immediately available to the Group for normal business use or investment.

## 7. Financial assets

The breakdown of financial assets at 31 December 2025, without taking into account the shares in entities valued by equity accounting, is as follows (in thousands of euros):

| Investments classified by category of financial asset and by type   | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (VRPL) |                  | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (VROCI) | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Total at 31/12/2025 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                                                     | Designated                                                   | Compulsory       |                                                                           |                                             |                     |
| <b>Financial investments:</b>                                       | -                                                            | <b>2,234,217</b> | <b>10,364,376</b>                                                         | <b>511,850</b>                              | <b>13,110,443</b>   |
| Equity Instruments                                                  | -                                                            | 621,515          | 2,335,986                                                                 | -                                           | 2,957,501           |
| - Financial investments in capital                                  | -                                                            | -                | 2,335,986                                                                 | -                                           | 2,335,986           |
| - Stakes in investment funds                                        | -                                                            | 621,515          | -                                                                         | -                                           | 621,515             |
| Debt securities                                                     | -                                                            | 105,564          | 7,923,862                                                                 | -                                           | 8,029,426           |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                   | -                                                            | 200,839          | 104,528                                                                   | 318,773                                     | 624,140             |
| Derivatives                                                         | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | -                                           | -                   |
| Investments on behalf of policyholders who bear the investment risk | -                                                            | 1,306,299        | -                                                                         | 1,261                                       | 1,307,560           |
| Loans                                                               | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 147,547                                     | 147,547             |
| Other financial assets                                              | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 14,503                                      | 14,503              |
| Deposits for accepted reinsurance                                   | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 29,766                                      | 29,766              |
| <b>Receivables:</b>                                                 | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | <b>378,522</b>                              | <b>378,522</b>      |
| Receivables for direct insurance, coinsurance and reinsurance       | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 181,566                                     | 181,566             |
| Other receivables                                                   | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 196,956                                     | 196,956             |
| <b>Total financial assets</b>                                       | -                                                            | <b>2,234,217</b> | <b>10,364,376</b>                                                         | <b>890,372</b>                              | <b>13,488,965</b>   |

The same information reported at year-end, 31 December 2024 is as follows (in thousands of euros):

| Investments classified by category of financial asset and by type   | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (VRPL) |                  | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (VROCI) | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Total at 31/12/2024 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                                                     | Designated                                                   | Compulsory       |                                                                           |                                             |                     |
| <b>Financial investments:</b>                                       | -                                                            | <b>2,026,751</b> | <b>10,096,233</b>                                                         | <b>537,733</b>                              | <b>12,660,717</b>   |
| Equity Instruments                                                  | -                                                            | 622,939          | 2,109,916                                                                 | -                                           | 2,732,855           |
| - Financial investments in capital                                  | -                                                            | -                | 2,109,916                                                                 | -                                           | 2,109,916           |
| - Stakes in investment funds                                        | -                                                            | 622,939          | -                                                                         | -                                           | 622,939             |
| Debt securities                                                     | -                                                            | 106,606          | 7,882,780                                                                 | -                                           | 7,989,386           |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                   | -                                                            | 224,292          | 103,537                                                                   | 295,577                                     | 623,406             |
| Derivatives                                                         | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | -                                           | -                   |
| Investments on behalf of policyholders who bear the investment risk | -                                                            | 1,072,914        | -                                                                         | 3,783                                       | 1,076,697           |
| Loans                                                               | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 194,165                                     | 194,165             |
| Other financial assets                                              | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 12,827                                      | 12,827              |
| Deposits for accepted reinsurance                                   | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 31,381                                      | 31,381              |
| <b>Receivables:</b>                                                 | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | <b>438,014</b>                              | <b>438,014</b>      |
| Receivables for direct insurance, coinsurance and reinsurance       | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 120,888                                     | 120,888             |
| Other receivables                                                   | -                                                            | -                | -                                                                         | 317,126                                     | 317,126             |
| <b>Total financial assets</b>                                       | -                                                            | <b>2,026,751</b> | <b>10,096,233</b>                                                         | <b>975,747</b>                              | <b>13,098,731</b>   |

## 7.a) Financial investments

The movements in this section, broken down by portfolio, are shown below (in thousands of euros):

*Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

|                                           | Thousands of Euros                                           |                 |                                                                                    |                                   |                  |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
|                                           | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (VRPL) |                 |                                                                                    |                                   | Total            |
|                                           | Equity Instruments                                           | Debt securities | Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk (1) | Deposits with credit institutions |                  |
| <b>Net book value on 1 January 2024</b>   | <b>532,493</b>                                               | <b>115,882</b>  | <b>869,715</b>                                                                     | <b>219,606</b>                    | <b>1,737,696</b> |
| Changes to the scope                      | -                                                            | -               | -                                                                                  | -                                 | -                |
| Purchases                                 | 685,706                                                      | 2,023           | 164,066                                                                            | -                                 | <b>851,795</b>   |
| Sales and amortisations                   | (607,317)                                                    | (1,029)         | (75,329)                                                                           | (10,486)                          | <b>(694,161)</b> |
| Reclassifications and transfers           | 450                                                          | (14,017)        | (450)                                                                              | 14,017                            | -                |
| Change of implicit interest               | -                                                            | (7)             | -                                                                                  | (30)                              | <b>(37)</b>      |
| Changes in value against profits          | 13,560                                                       | 3,738           | 114,912                                                                            | 1,185                             | <b>133,395</b>   |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates   | (1,953)                                                      | 16              | -                                                                                  | -                                 | <b>(1,937)</b>   |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2024</b> | <b>622,939</b>                                               | <b>106,606</b>  | <b>1,072,914</b>                                                                   | <b>224,292</b>                    | <b>2,026,751</b> |
| Changes to the scope                      | -                                                            | -               | -                                                                                  | -                                 | -                |
| Purchases                                 | 666,257                                                      | 27              | 219,740                                                                            | -                                 | <b>886,024</b>   |
| Sales and amortisations                   | (703,226)                                                    | (2,002)         | (110,743)                                                                          | (11,208)                          | <b>(827,179)</b> |
| Reclassifications and transfers           | 603                                                          | -               | (603)                                                                              | -                                 | -                |
| Change of implicit interest               | -                                                            | (21)            | -                                                                                  | (35)                              | <b>(56)</b>      |
| Changes in value against profits          | 34,834                                                       | 971             | 124,991                                                                            | (12,210)                          | <b>148,586</b>   |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates   | 108                                                          | (17)            | -                                                                                  | -                                 | <b>91</b>        |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2025</b> | <b>621,515</b>                                               | <b>105,564</b>  | <b>1,306,299</b>                                                                   | <b>200,839</b>                    | <b>2,234,217</b> |

(1) At 31 December 2025, net unrealised capital gains on investments on behalf of policyholders who bear the investment risk amount to €120,902 thousand (€ 105,644 thousand at 31 December 2024).

Most of the changes in value recognised with credit/charge to the profit and loss account, net of the related tax effect and of the allocation to minority interests, arose from financial instruments listed on organised markets or which, being unlisted, the Group has a sufficiently reliable market measurement (see Note 4.c).

*Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income*

|                                           | Thousands of Euros                                                        |                  |                                   |                    |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
|                                           | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (VROCI) |                  |                                   | Total              |
|                                           | Financial Investments in capital                                          | Debt securities  | Deposits with credit institutions |                    |
| <b>Net book value on 1 January 2024</b>   | <b>1,855,423</b>                                                          | <b>7,215,633</b> | <b>104,641</b>                    | <b>9,175,697</b>   |
| Changes to the scope                      | -                                                                         | -                | -                                 | -                  |
| Purchases                                 | 109,348                                                                   | 1,995,370        | 9,516                             | <b>2,114,234</b>   |
| Sales and amortisations                   | (118,841)                                                                 | (1,475,877)      | (9,942)                           | <b>(1,604,660)</b> |
| Reclassifications and transfers           | -                                                                         | (3,034)          | 3,034                             | -                  |
| Changes in value against OCI              | 264,183                                                                   | 98,552           | (234)                             | <b>362,501</b>     |
| Change of implicit interest (*)           | -                                                                         | 47,434           | (3,478)                           | <b>43,956</b>      |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates   | (197)                                                                     | 4,702            | -                                 | <b>4,505</b>       |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2024</b> | <b>2,109,916</b>                                                          | <b>7,882,780</b> | <b>103,537</b>                    | <b>10,096,233</b>  |
| Changes to the scope                      | -                                                                         | -                | -                                 | -                  |
| Purchases                                 | 112,126                                                                   | 1,922,663        | 2,968                             | <b>2,037,757</b>   |
| Sales and amortisations                   | (313,517)                                                                 | (1,849,198)      | 1,029                             | <b>(2,161,686)</b> |
| Reclassifications and transfers           | -                                                                         | -                | -                                 | -                  |
| Changes in value against OCI              | 427,444                                                                   | (17,655)         | (3,053)                           | <b>406,736</b>     |
| Change of implicit interest (*)           | -                                                                         | 16,878           | 47                                | <b>16,925</b>      |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates   | 17                                                                        | (31,606)         | -                                 | <b>(31,589)</b>    |
| <b>Net book value at 31 December 2025</b> | <b>2,335,986</b>                                                          | <b>7,923,862</b> | <b>104,528</b>                    | <b>10,364,376</b>  |

(\*) Includes the variation for the year derived from implicit interest, both of what is above par and generates implicit interest, as well as the implicit interest that is derecognised with the sale and maturity of securities in the portfolio.

Most of the changes in value recognised with credit/charge to reserves, net of the related tax effect and the allocation to minority interests, arose from financial instruments listed on organised markets or for which the Group has a sufficiently reliable market measurement when they are not listed.

During the 2025 financial year, the following amounts were removed from the heading 'Other comprehensive income' €1,845 thousand and €39,057 thousand corresponding to net capital gains on debt instruments and net capital gains on equity investments, respectively, which were latent in the 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' portfolio, with these amounts being recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account for the period and in reserves, respectively, following their disposal. In the 2024 financial year, net capital losses of (€7,061) thousand and net capital gains of €22,594 thousand were recognised for this item in the profit and loss account and reserves, respectively.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

|                                         | Thousands of Euros                          |                                                                           |                |                        |                                   |                                              |                 |           |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
|                                         | Financial assets measured at amortised cost |                                                                           |                |                        |                                   |                                              |                 | Total     |
|                                         | Non-mortgage loans and advances on policies | Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment | Mortgage loans | Other financial assets | Deposits with credit institutions | Deposits constituted by accepted reinsurance | Debt securities |           |
| Net book value on 1 January 2024        | 145,735                                     | 2,366                                                                     | 53,346         | 12,527                 | 287,712                           | 24,244                                       | -               | 525,930   |
| Changes to the scope                    | -                                           | -                                                                         | -              | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | -         |
| Purchases                               | 5,891                                       | 1,417                                                                     | 4,275          | 612                    | 464,262                           | 10,784                                       | -               | 487,241   |
| Sales and amortisations                 | (5,964)                                     | -                                                                         | (8,302)        | (312)                  | (466,579)                         | (3,573)                                      | -               | (484,730) |
| Reclassifications and transfers         | -                                           | -                                                                         | -              | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | -         |
| Change of implicit interest             | (307)                                       | -                                                                         | 8              | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | (299)     |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates | -                                           | -                                                                         | -              | -                      | 10,182                            | (74)                                         | -               | 10,108    |
|                                         |                                             |                                                                           |                |                        |                                   |                                              |                 | -         |
| Changes in loss due to value impairment | 7                                           | -                                                                         | (524)          | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | (517)     |
| Net book value at 31 December 2024      | 145,362                                     | 3,783                                                                     | 48,803         | 12,827                 | 295,577                           | 31,381                                       | -               | 537,733   |
| Changes to the scope                    | -                                           | -                                                                         | -              | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | -         |
| Purchases                               | 67,511                                      | -                                                                         | 2,939          | 3,437                  | 554,911                           | 1,949                                        | -               | 630,747   |
| Sales and amortisations                 | (110,664)                                   | (2,522)                                                                   | (6,208)        | (1,761)                | (506,786)                         | (3,487)                                      | -               | (631,428) |
| Reclassifications and transfers         | -                                           | -                                                                         | -              | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | -         |
| Change of implicit interest             | (173)                                       | -                                                                         | 6              | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | (167)     |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates | -                                           | -                                                                         | -              | -                      | (24,929)                          | (77)                                         | -               | (25,006)  |
|                                         |                                             |                                                                           |                |                        |                                   |                                              |                 | -         |
| Changes in loss due to value impairment | 293                                         | -                                                                         | (322)          | -                      | -                                 | -                                            | -               | (29)      |
| Net book value at 31 December 2025      | 102,329                                     | 1,261                                                                     | 45,218         | 14,503                 | 318,773                           | 29,766                                       | -               | 511,850   |

At 31 December 2025, it is estimated that the fair value of financial investments classified as 'Financial assets at amortised cost' does not differ significantly from their carrying amount.



### 7.a.1) Equity investments

The Group has designated investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as the Group's intention is to hold them for the long term. The breakdown of the balances of this sub-heading at 31 December 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

|                                | Thousands of Euros |            |                  |                  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                | VRPL               |            | VROCI            |                  |
|                                | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024 | 31/12/2025       | 31/12/2024       |
| Shares of listed companies     | -                  | -          | 2,298,459        | 2,073,879        |
| Shares of non-listed companies | -                  | -          | 37,527           | 36,037           |
| <b>Total</b>                   | -                  | -          | <b>2,335,986</b> | <b>2,109,916</b> |

The fair value of the shares of unlisted companies has been determined using measurement methods that are generally accepted in the financial industry.

Dividends received by the Group in 2025 amounted to €85,650 thousand (€80,367 thousand in 2024).

### 7.a.2) Holdings in investment funds

A breakdown of the investments classified under this sub-heading by type of investment is given below:

|                        | Thousands of Euros |                |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                        | VRPL               |                |
|                        | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| Fixed income           | 81,039             | 77,646         |
| Variable income        | 405,270            | 351,668        |
| Money market           | 38,341             | 100,003        |
| Other investment funds | 96,865             | 93,622         |
| <b>Total</b>           | <b>621,515</b>     | <b>622,939</b> |

The value of the investment funds has been taken to be the net asset value published by the fund management companies.

Listed below is the equity of the investment funds managed by GCO Gestión de Activos, and that are not consolidated (see Note 2.f.1), as well as the participation available to the Group of each one of them on 31 December 2025 and 2024 (excluding the participation corresponding to investments on behalf of policyholders, see Note 7.a.4):

|                       | 31/12/2025                                                                  |                             |                              | 31/12/2024                                                                  |                             |                              |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
|                       | Equity managed by GCO Gestión de Activos at 31.12.2025 (thousands of euros) | Shareholding percentage (%) | Equity (thousands of euros). | Equity managed by GCO Gestión de Activos at 31.12.2024 (thousands of euros) | Shareholding percentage (%) | Equity (thousands of euros). |
| GCO Mixto, FI         | 195,244                                                                     | -                           | -                            | 182,092                                                                     | -                           | -                            |
| GCO Acciones, FI      | 262,722                                                                     | 31%                         | 80,637                       | 189,534                                                                     | 29%                         | 55,640                       |
| GCO Eurobolsa, FI     | 90,455                                                                      | 29%                         | 25,971                       | 72,625                                                                      | 30%                         | 21,503                       |
| GCO Renta Fija, FI    | 74,923                                                                      | -                           | -                            | 56,590                                                                      | -                           | -                            |
| GCO Global 50, FI     | 146,604                                                                     | -                           | -                            | 113,346                                                                     | -                           | -                            |
| GCO Internacional, FI | 311,458                                                                     | -                           | -                            | 245,593                                                                     | -                           | -                            |
| GCO Bolsa USA, FI     | 92,040                                                                      | 15%                         | 14,022                       | 65,722                                                                      | 20%                         | 13,182                       |
| GCO Ahorro, FI        | 108,225                                                                     | -                           | -                            | 80,297                                                                      | -                           | -                            |
| <b>Total</b>          | <b>1,281,671</b>                                                            |                             | <b>120,630</b>               | <b>1,005,799</b>                                                            |                             | <b>90,325</b>                |

### 7.a.3) Fixed-income securities

The breakdown of the balances included under this sub-heading is as follows:

|                                                             | Thousands of Euros |                |                  |                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                                             | VRPL               |                | VROCI            |                  |
|                                                             | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     | 31/12/2025       | 31/12/2024       |
| Public debt, securities and public bonds                    | -                  | 2,031          | 3,537,507        | 3,508,083        |
| Issued by financial institutions and other private entities | 105,564            | 104,575        | 4,386,355        | 4,374,697        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                | <b>105,564</b>     | <b>106,606</b> | <b>7,923,862</b> | <b>7,882,780</b> |

The average internal rate of return of the existing portfolio at 31 December 2025 is 3.10% (3.19% at 31 December 2024), with an estimated average duration of approximately 3.93 years (3.94 years at 31 December 2024).

The income earned on these fixed-income securities, other than the change in their fair value, basically from interest and the net accrual of positive and negative premiums, is recorded under "Interest income" in the profit and loss account, amounting to a total of €251,631 thousand in the 2025 financial year (€219,235 thousand in the 2024 financial year).

The maturities of the securities included under this sub-heading, classified by the portfolio to which they were assigned at 31 December 2025 and 2024 and taking their fair value into account, are as follows:

| Residual maturity | Thousands of Euros |                |                  |                  |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
|                   | VRPL               |                | VROCI            |                  |
|                   | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     | 31/12/2025       | 31/12/2024       |
| Less than 1 year  | 1,006              | 2,030          | 1,338,820        | 1,282,695        |
| 1 to 3 years      | -                  | 1,015          | 2,146,703        | 2,599,959        |
| 3 to 5 years      | -                  | -              | 1,816,855        | 1,715,635        |
| 5 to 10 years     | -                  | -              | 1,828,065        | 1,554,646        |
| 10 to 15 years    | -                  | -              | 432,591          | 315,969          |
| 15 to 20 years    | 18,981             | 18,605         | 230,248          | 211,813          |
| 20 to 25 years    | 66,172             | 65,697         | 84,583           | 139,436          |
| Over 25 years     | 19,405             | 19,259         | 45,997           | 62,627           |
| <b>Total</b>      | <b>105,564</b>     | <b>106,606</b> | <b>7,923,862</b> | <b>7,882,780</b> |

#### 7.a.4) Direct holding contracts: Investments held for the benefit of insurance policyholders who bear the investment risk

The breakdown by nature of the investment as at 31 December 2025 and 2024 for direct holding contracts is as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                    | Thousands of Euros |                  |                                             |              |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------|
|                                                    | VRPL               |                  | Financial assets measured at amortised cost |              |
|                                                    | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024       | 31/12/2025                                  | 31/12/2024   |
| Equities                                           | -                  | -                | -                                           | -            |
| Holdings in investment funds                       | 1,306,299          | 1,072,914        | -                                           | -            |
| Fixed-Income                                       | -                  | -                | -                                           | -            |
| Other Balances affected                            |                    |                  |                                             |              |
| - Banks (current accounts and short-term deposits) | -                  | -                | 1,261                                       | 3,783        |
| - Others                                           | -                  | -                | -                                           | -            |
| <b>Total</b>                                       | <b>1,306,299</b>   | <b>1,072,914</b> | <b>1,261</b>                                | <b>3,783</b> |

The balance of “Other assigned balances” is included in the “Financial assets at amortised cost” portfolio, as it is the policyholder who assumes the investment risk in each year.

The market value of investments held for the benefit of insurance policyholders who bear the investment risk is determined by the same method as the market value of the Group's own investments of the same type.

A breakdown of the above fixed-income securities and other assigned balances by maturity year is given below:

| Residual maturity                    | Thousands of Euros |                         |              |                         |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
|                                      | 31/12/2025         |                         | 31/12/2024   |                         |
|                                      | Fixed income       | Other Balances affected | Fixed income | Other Balances affected |
| Less than 1 year                     | -                  | 1,261                   | -            | 3,783                   |
| 1 to 3 years                         | -                  | -                       | -            | -                       |
| 3 to 5 years                         | -                  | -                       | -            | -                       |
| 5 to 10 years                        | -                  | -                       | -            | -                       |
| Over 10 years                        | -                  | -                       | -            | -                       |
| Rest of investments without maturity | -                  | -                       | -            | -                       |
| <b>Total</b>                         | <b>-</b>           | <b>1,261</b>            | <b>-</b>     | <b>3,783</b>            |

At 31 December 2025 and 2024 the balance of holdings in investment funds is classified in the portfolio measured at fair value with changes in the profit or loss account and corresponds to investment funds managed by GCO Gestión de Activos according to the following breakdown:

| Type of Asset | Description (name) | Thousands of Euros |                |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|               |                    | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| IF            | GCO Ahorro         | 101,960            | 74,338         |
| IF            | GCO Mixto          | 190,575            | 177,575        |
| IF            | GCO Acciones       | 166,042            | 121,576        |
| IF            | GCO Eurobolsa      | 60,416             | 47,013         |
| IF            | GCO Renta fija     | 70,836             | 52,861         |
| IF            | GCO Global 50      | 134,096            | 100,611        |
| IF            | GCO Internacional  | 299,949            | 234,396        |
| IF            | GCO Bolsa USA      | 75,216             | 49,963         |
|               |                    | <b>1,099,090</b>   | <b>858,333</b> |

On 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group's share in the investment funds managed by GCO Gestión de Activos, corresponding to policyholder investments, is as follows:

|                      | Shareholding percentage (%) |            |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
|                      | 31/12/2025                  | 31/12/2024 |
| GCO Mixto, FI        | 98%                         | 98%        |
| GCO Acciones, FI     | 63%                         | 64%        |
| GCO Eurobolsa, FI    | 67%                         | 65%        |
| GCO Renta Fija, FI   | 95%                         | 93%        |
| GCO Global 50, FI    | 91%                         | 89%        |
| GCO Internacional FI | 96%                         | 95%        |
| GCO Ahorro, FI       | 94%                         | 93%        |
| GCO Bolsa USA, FI    | 82%                         | 76%        |

#### 7.a.5) Loans and other financial assets

The breakdown of the balances making up this sub-heading at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

|                                              | Thousands of Euros                          |                |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|
|                                              | Financial assets measured at amortised cost |                |
|                                              | 31/12/2025                                  | 31/12/2024     |
| Non-mortgage loans and advances on policies: |                                             |                |
| · Advances on policies                       | 12,320                                      | 12,226         |
| · Other loans                                | 90,009                                      | 133,136        |
| Mortgage loans                               | 45,218                                      | 48,803         |
| Other financial assets                       | 14,503                                      | 12,827         |
| <b>Total</b>                                 | <b>162,050</b>                              | <b>206,992</b> |

The maturities of mortgage loans and other loans held by the Group at amortised cost are as follows:

| Year of maturity                  | Thousands of Euros                          |                |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|
|                                   | Financial assets measured at amortised cost |                |
|                                   | 31/12/2025                                  | 31/12/2024     |
| Matured and up to three months    | 8,985                                       | 7,982          |
| Between 3 months and up to 1 year | 13,434                                      | 14,361         |
| Between one year and five years   | 82,712                                      | 131,045        |
| Over five years                   | 30,096                                      | 28,551         |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>135,227</b>                              | <b>181,939</b> |

There are some mortgage loans ("reverse mortgages"), totalling €31,900 thousand, at a fixed interest rate of between 6.00% and 7.50%. The remaining mortgage loans bear annual interest rates of between 2.18% and 4.51% (between 2.40% and 6.02% in 2024). The interest rate is fixed in the first year and variable from the second year. The reference rate used is the one-year interbank rate (EURIBOR).

### 7.a.6) Deposits with credit institutions

The long-term deposits relate mainly to euro deposits, trust deposits, structured deposits and asset swaps held with credit institutions. The maturity of these deposits is as follows:

| Residual maturity       | Thousands of Euros |                |                                             |                 |                |                |                                             |                  |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|
|                         | 31/12/2025         |                |                                             |                 | 31/12/2024     |                |                                             |                  |
|                         | VRPL               | VROCI          | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Total           | VRPL           | VROCI          | Financial assets measured at amortised cost | Total            |
| From 3 months to 1 year | -                  | (52,179)       | 318,773                                     | <b>266,594</b>  | -              | 2,750          | 294,350                                     | <b>297,100</b>   |
| From 1 year to 3        | 32,877             | 87,153         | -                                           | <b>120,030</b>  | 39,160         | 22,294         | 1,227                                       | <b>62,681</b>    |
| From 3 years to 5       | -                  | (1,205)        | -                                           | <b>(1,205)</b>  | -              | 5,051          | -                                           | <b>5,051</b>     |
| From 5 years to 10      | -                  | (8,005)        | -                                           | <b>(8,005)</b>  | -              | (8,935)        | -                                           | <b>(8,935)</b>   |
| From 10 years to 15     | 43,950             | 20,549         | -                                           | <b>64,499</b>   | 48,487         | 30,986         | -                                           | <b>79,473</b>    |
| From 15 years to 20     | 124,012            | (99,736)       | -                                           | <b>24,276</b>   | 131,539        | (35,124)       | -                                           | <b>96,415</b>    |
| From 20 years to 25     | -                  | (37,194)       | -                                           | <b>(37,194)</b> | 5,106          | (133,114)      | -                                           | <b>(128,008)</b> |
| Over 25 years           | -                  | 195,145        | -                                           | <b>195,145</b>  | -              | 219,629        | -                                           | <b>219,629</b>   |
|                         | <b>200,839</b>     | <b>104,528</b> | <b>318,773</b>                              | <b>624,140</b>  | <b>224,292</b> | <b>103,537</b> | <b>295,577</b>                              | <b>623,406</b>   |

### 7.a.7) Impairment losses

During the 2025 financial year, an impairment loss of (€730) thousand was recognised ((€2,864) thousand in impairment losses in the 2024 financial year), mainly arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The movement in the expected loss for 2025 and 2024 for these financial assets and by stage is shown below:

|                                                   | Thousands of Euros |           |         |               |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|
|                                                   | 2025               |           |         |               |
|                                                   | Stage 1            | Stage 2   | Stage 3 | Total         |
| <b>Financial assets at fair value through OCI</b> |                    |           |         |               |
| <b>Debt securities</b>                            |                    |           |         |               |
| Opening balance                                   | 14,163             | 147       | -       | 14,310        |
| New financial assets                              | 2,806              | 794       | -       | 3,600         |
| Provision (net) for change in contractual flows   | -                  | -         | -       | -             |
| Provision (net) for stage changes                 | 765                | (765)     | -       | -             |
| Changes in value                                  | 271                | (15)      | -       | 256           |
| Changes in the probability of non-compliance      | (1,770)            | (111)     | -       | (1,881)       |
| Disposal/transfer of assets                       | (1,264)            | (4)       | -       | (1,268)       |
| Balance at the close of the year                  | <b>14,971</b>      | <b>46</b> | -       | <b>15,017</b> |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>          |                    |           |         |               |
| Opening balance                                   | 24                 | -         | -       | 24            |
| New financial assets                              | 1                  | -         | -       | 1             |
| Provision (net) for change in contractual flows   | -                  | -         | -       | -             |
| Provision (net) for stage changes                 | -                  | -         | -       | -             |
| Changes in value                                  | -                  | -         | -       | -             |
| Changes in the probability of non-compliance      | (9)                | -         | -       | (9)           |
| Disposal/transfer of assets                       | 2                  | -         | -       | 2             |
| Balance at the close of the year                  | <b>18</b>          | -         | -       | <b>18</b>     |
| <b>Value as at 31 December 2025</b>               | <b>14,989</b>      | <b>46</b> | -       | <b>15,035</b> |

|                                                   | Thousands of Euros |            |         |               |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|---------------|
|                                                   | 2024               |            |         |               |
|                                                   | Stage 1            | Stage 2    | Stage 3 | Total         |
| <b>Financial assets at fair value through OCI</b> |                    |            |         |               |
| <b>Debt securities</b>                            |                    |            |         |               |
| Opening balance                                   | 11,807             | 156        | -       | 11,963        |
| New financial assets                              | 2,485              | 40         | -       | 2,525         |
| Provision (net) for change in contractual flows   | -                  | -          | -       | -             |
| Provision (net) for stage changes                 | 40                 | (40)       | -       | -             |
| Changes in value                                  | 222                | (8)        | -       | 214           |
| Changes in the probability of non-compliance      | 282                | 26         | -       | 308           |
| Disposal/transfer of assets                       | (673)              | (27)       | -       | (700)         |
| Balance at the close of the year                  | <b>14,163</b>      | <b>147</b> | -       | <b>14,310</b> |
| <b>Deposits with credit institutions</b>          |                    |            |         |               |
| Opening balance                                   | 24                 | -          | -       | 24            |
| New financial assets                              | 34                 | -          | -       | 34            |
| Provision (net) for change in contractual flows   | -                  | -          | -       | -             |
| Provision (net) for stage changes                 | -                  | -          | -       | -             |
| Changes in value                                  | 1                  | -          | -       | 1             |
| Changes in the probability of non-compliance      | (14)               | -          | -       | (14)          |
| Disposal/transfer of assets                       | (21)               | -          | -       | (21)          |
| Balance at the close of the year                  | <b>24</b>          | -          | -       | <b>24</b>     |
| <b>Value as at 31 December 2024</b>               | <b>14,187</b>      | <b>147</b> | -       | <b>14,334</b> |

The value adjustment of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income does not reduce the carrying amount of these investments.

## 7.b) Receivables

A breakdown of the receivables from insurance, reinsurance and coinsurance contracts at 31 December 2025 and 2024, together with other receivables, is given below:

|                                                                             | Thousands of Euros |                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                                             | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| Receivables from direct insurance, coinsurance and reinsurance transactions | 181,566            | 120,888        |
| Other receivables                                                           | 196,956            | 317,126        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                                | <b>378,522</b>     | <b>438,014</b> |

As of 31 December 2025 we estimate that the fair value of loans does not differ significantly from the net carrying amount.

A breakdown of other credits in the consolidated balance sheet on 31 December 2025 and 2024 is given below:

|                                                                        | Thousands of Euros |                |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                                        | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| <b>Other credits:</b>                                                  |                    |                |
| <b>Credits with Public Administrations</b>                             | <b>40,893</b>      | <b>44,702</b>  |
| <b>Other receivables at amortised cost</b>                             | <b>156,063</b>     | <b>272,424</b> |
| Commissions to collect for Credit Insurance information services       | 31,410             | 34,436         |
| Agencies                                                               | 8,043              | 7,614          |
| Staff                                                                  | 1,341              | 1,582          |
| Balances of brokers with dubious collection and other dubious balances | 5,933              | 6,703          |
| Debtors by leases                                                      | 188                | 1,075          |
| Sundry debtors                                                         | 116,094            | 229,040        |
| Provision for impairment of rest of receivables                        | (6,946)            | (8,026)        |
| <b>Total</b>                                                           | <b>196,956</b>     | <b>317,126</b> |

As indicated in Note 3.b.3), the Group assesses the financial assets at their fair values, with the exception of certain loans and receivables that are valued at amortised cost. For the latter, its carrying amount is a fair approximation of its fair value.



### 7.c) Gains and losses on financial investments

The income and expenses of financial investments are presented below according to their classification in portfolio and type of asset for the 2025 and 2024 financial years:

| (thousands of euros)                                                                                                      | 2025           | 2024           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Net gains or losses on financial instruments mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (*)</b>         | <b>151,686</b> | <b>136,499</b> |
| Equity Instruments                                                                                                        | 38,294         | 16,212         |
| Debt securities                                                                                                           | 611            | 3,938          |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                                                                         | (12,210)       | 1,366          |
| Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk                                            | 124,991        | 114,983        |
| <b>Net gains or losses on financial instruments measured at fair value with changes in OCI (*)</b>                        | <b>1,845</b>   | <b>(7,061)</b> |
| Debt securities                                                                                                           | 1,845          | (7,061)        |
| Deposits with credit institutions                                                                                         | -              | -              |
| <b>Net gains or losses on financial instruments measured at amortised cost (*)</b>                                        | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>       |
| Loans                                                                                                                     | -              | -              |
| Other financial assets                                                                                                    | -              | -              |
| <b>Income from dividends</b>                                                                                              | <b>85,650</b>  | <b>80,367</b>  |
| Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk                                            | -              | -              |
| Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss                                                | 16,176         | 12,620         |
| Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income                                                | 69,474         | 67,747         |
| <b>Income from interest</b>                                                                                               | <b>270,331</b> | <b>240,744</b> |
| Investments held for the benefit of policyholders who bear the investment risk                                            | -              | -              |
| Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss                                                | 11,598         | 10,370         |
| Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income                                                | 241,275        | 210,520        |
| Financial assets measured at amortised cost                                                                               | 17,458         | 19,854         |
| <b>Net exchange rate differences</b>                                                                                      | <b>5,293</b>   | <b>2,557</b>   |
| <b>Impairment or reversal of impairment of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</b> | <b>(701)</b>   | <b>(2,347)</b> |
| <b>Impairment or reversal of impairment of financial assets carried at amortised cost</b>                                 | <b>(29)</b>    | <b>(517)</b>   |
| <b>Total financial investments recognised in the profit and loss account</b>                                              | <b>514,075</b> | <b>450,242</b> |

(\*) Net gains on financial instruments for 2024 amount to a total of €127,586 thousand and include a loss of group companies amounting to (€1,852) thousand arising from the sale of Servicios Funerarios Zarautz, S.A.

The relationship between insurance financial income or expenses and the return on investment in financial assets underlying insurance and reinsurance contracts is presented below:

| 2025<br><br>(thousands of euros)                                                                 | Occident                 |                                  |          | Atradius | Total     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
|                                                                                                  | Life                     |                                  | Non-Life |          |           |
|                                                                                                  | Direct holding contracts | Contracts without direct holding |          |          |           |
| Total net investment income / (expenses) associated with the underlying assets recognised in PL  | 124,991                  | 233,577                          | 66,675   | 111,962  | 537,205   |
| Total net investment income / (expenses) associated with the underlying assets recognised in OCI | 1                        | 150,391                          | 145,839  | 110,458  | 406,689   |
| Financial income / (expenses) from insurance contracts issued recognised in PL                   | (137,993)                | (157,835)                        | (14,540) | (45,324) | (355,692) |
| Accredited interest                                                                              | (1,654)                  | (173,345)                        | (14,540) | (7,363)  | (196,902) |
| Effect of changes in interest rates and other financial assumptions                              | (3,141)                  | 15,510                           | -        | (41,391) | (29,022)  |
| Exchange rate income / (expenses)                                                                | -                        | -                                | -        | 3,430    | 3,430     |
| Effects of the risk mitigation approach                                                          | (22,978)                 | -                                | -        | -        | (22,978)  |
| Changes in the fair value of the underlying assets measured under VFA                            | (110,220)                | -                                | -        | -        | (110,220) |
| Financial income / (expenses) from insurance contracts issued recognised in OCI                  | -                        | 151,102                          | (1,235)  | 15,330   | 165,197   |
| Financial income / (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held recognised in PL                   | -                        | -                                | 1,372    | 15,104   | 16,476    |
| Accredited interest                                                                              | -                        | -                                | 1,372    | 218      | 1,590     |
| Effect of changes in interest rates and other financial assumptions                              | -                        | -                                | -        | 14,886   | 14,886    |
| Exchange rate income / (expenses)                                                                | -                        | -                                | -        | -        | -         |
| Financial income / (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held recognised in OCI                  | -                        | -                                | 404      | (22,800) | (22,396)  |

| 2024<br><br>(thousands of euros)                                                                 | Occident                 |                                  |          | Atradius | Total     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
|                                                                                                  | Life                     |                                  | Non-Life |          |           |
|                                                                                                  | Direct holding contracts | Contracts without direct holding |          |          |           |
| Total net investment income / (expenses) associated with the underlying assets recognised in PL  | 114,982                  | 231,533                          | 47,404   | 87,808   | 481,727   |
| Total net investment income / (expenses) associated with the underlying assets recognised in OCI | 1                        | 135,484                          | 141,995  | 84,824   | 362,304   |
| Financial income / (expenses) from insurance contracts issued recognised in PL                   | (125,388)                | (166,349)                        | (14,956) | (55,761) | (362,454) |
| Accredited interest                                                                              | (2,109)                  | (163,421)                        | (14,956) | (7,726)  | (188,212) |
| Effect of changes in interest rates and other financial assumptions                              | (1,146)                  | (2,928)                          | -        | (44,321) | (48,395)  |
| Exchange rate income / (expenses)                                                                | -                        | -                                | -        | (3,714)  | (3,714)   |
| Effects of the risk mitigation approach                                                          | (26,769)                 | -                                | -        | -        | (26,769)  |
| Changes in the fair value of the underlying assets measured under VFA                            | (95,364)                 | -                                | -        | -        | (95,364)  |
| Financial income / (expenses) from insurance contracts issued recognised in OCI                  | -                        | (82,015)                         | (831)    | (8,732)  | (91,578)  |
| Financial income / (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held recognised in PL                   | -                        | -                                | 1,486    | 12,742   | 14,228    |
| Accredited interest                                                                              | -                        | -                                | 1,486    | 1,018    | 2,504     |
| Effect of changes in interest rates and other financial assumptions                              | -                        | -                                | -        | 13,039   | 13,039    |
| Exchange rate income / (expenses)                                                                | -                        | -                                | -        | (1,315)  | (1,315)   |
| Financial income / (expenses) from reinsurance contracts held recognised in OCI                  | -                        | (113)                            | (604)    | 10,734   | 10,017    |

## 8. Investments in entities accounted for using the equity method (associates accounted for using the equity method)

The composition and movements during 2025 of those investments in the capital of companies over which the Group exercises significant influence is as follows:

| Company                                                      | Thousands of Euros     |                      |                                                      |                           |                   | Balances at 31/12/2025 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
|                                                              | Balances at 31/12/2024 | Changes to the scope | Increases due to non-distributed profit for the year | Other measurement changes | Impairment losses |                        |
| Asitur Asistencia, S.A.                                      | 9,739                  | -                    | 1,114                                                | (49)                      | -                 | 10,804                 |
| Gesiuris Asset Management, S.G.I.I.C., S.A. (1)              | 4,123                  | -                    | 142                                                  | (56)                      | -                 | 4,209                  |
| Inversiones Credere, S.A.                                    | -                      | -                    | -                                                    | -                         | -                 | -                      |
| CLAL Credit Insurance Ltd. (2) (5)                           | 21,537                 | -                    | 1,971                                                | 475                       | -                 | 23,983                 |
| Compañía de Seguros de Crédito Continental S.A. (3) (5)      | 61,413                 | -                    | 139                                                  | (1,367)                   | -                 | 60,185                 |
| Credit Guarantee Insurance Corporation of Africa Limited (5) | 21,561                 | -                    | 1,385                                                | (130)                     | -                 | 22,816                 |
| Funerarias Gaditanas Asociadas, S.A. (4) (6)                 | 3,662                  | -                    | 14                                                   | -                         | -                 | 3,676                  |
| Servicios Funerarios Costa de Barcelona, S.L. (6)            | 13                     | -                    | -                                                    | -                         | -                 | 13                     |
| Serfunle, S.A. (6)                                           | 2,927                  | -                    | 127                                                  | -                         | -                 | 3,054                  |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                 | <b>124,975</b>         | <b>-</b>             | <b>4,892</b>                                         | <b>(1,127)</b>            | <b>-</b>          | <b>128,740</b>         |

- (1) Gesiuris includes goodwill totalling €1,836 thousand.
- (2) CLAL includes goodwill totalling €2,127 thousand.
- (3) CSC Continental includes goodwill of €11,366 thousand.
- (4) Fugasa includes goodwill totalling €2,203 thousand.
- (5) Invested in through the company Atradius N.V.
- (6) Invested in through Grupo Mémora.

These investments are accounted for using the equity method, using the best estimate available at the time of preparing the financial statements. Appendix II details the data on total assets, capital, reserves, profit or loss, dividends from this financial result, and the year's earned premiums net of reinsurance or otherwise standard earned incomes.

As shown in Note 3.b.4, the Group has conducted the test for impairment on the companies included in the heading "holdings in entities measured using the equity method", considering the projections of future business of the companies and financial market parameters.

Dividend and cash flows are estimated using a projection period and a standardised period. The projection period is 10 years, where the projections of the first 1-3 years are based on quotes and/or financial forecasts. The remaining years are estimated using growth rates and ratios, which are considered the relevant figures for each of the estimated lines, which converge toward their standardised terminal value.

The discount rate used varies depending on the location and the associated company, using custom risk-free rates, Betas of the market and country risk premiums. The terminal value is calculated on the basis of the flow of dividends/free cash flows in the normalised period through a perpetuity that applies a growth rate of 3% and the specific discount rate. For those associated to the use of the measurement of discounted dividends, it is assumed that the profits, if available after complying with the capital requirements, are distributable dividends. The capital requirements are calculated on the basis of local targets for regulation and management.

The discount rates, before taxes, and the perpetual growth rates used in 2025 and 2024 have been as follows:

| Insurance entity CGU    | Discount rate |            |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|
|                         | 31/12/2025    | 31/12/2024 |
| CLAL - Israel           | 7.60%         | 8.90%      |
| CSC Continental - Chile | 8.60%         | 10.30%     |

| Insurance entity CGU    | Perpetual growth rate |            |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
|                         | 31/12/2025            | 31/12/2024 |
| CLAL - Israel           | 3.00%                 | 3.00%      |
| CSC Continental - Chile | 2.80%                 | 3.00%      |

In parallel to this central measurement scenario, possible changes have been calculated in the main assumptions of the model and the CGU has been subject to a sensitivity analysis. The impacts regarding the value in use derived from this analysis are the following:

| Insurance entity CGU | Discount rate |         | Perpetual growth rate |         | Combined ratio |         | Solvency ratio |          |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|----------|
|                      | + 50 bp       | - 50 bp | + 50 bp               | - 50 bp | + 50 bp        | - 50 bp | + 500 bp       | - 500 bp |
| CLAL                 | -4.5%         | 5.5%    | 3.2%                  | -2.6%   | -1.7%          | 1.7%    | -0.8%          | 0.8%     |
| CSC Continental      | -9.5%         | 11.4%   | 7.2%                  | -6.0%   | -3.2%          | 3.2%    | -2.9%          | 2.9%     |

At 31 December 2025, based on the results of the impairment tests, the Group has not recognised any impairment in the consolidated income statement.

2024 movements are shown below:

| Company                                                      | Thousands of Euros     |                      |                                                      |                           |                   | Balances at 31/12/2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
|                                                              | Balances at 31/12/2023 | Changes to the scope | Increases due to non-distributed profit for the year | Other measurement changes | Impairment losses |                        |
| Asitur Asistencia, S.A.                                      | 8,292                  | -                    | 1,435                                                | 12                        | -                 | 9,739                  |
| Gesiuris Asset Management, S.G.I.I.C., S.A. (1)              | 4,028                  | -                    | 82                                                   | 13                        | -                 | 4,123                  |
| Inversiones Credere, S.A.                                    | 0                      | -                    | -                                                    | -                         | -                 | -                      |
| CLAL Credit Insurance Ltd. (2) (5)                           | 19,281                 | -                    | 1,333                                                | 923                       | -                 | 21,537                 |
| Compañía de Seguros de Crédito Continental S.A. (3) (5)      | 60,186                 | -                    | 4,473                                                | (3,246)                   | -                 | 61,413                 |
| Credit Guarantee Insurance Corporation of Africa Limited (5) | 20,813                 | -                    | 332                                                  | 416                       | -                 | 21,561                 |
| Funerarias Gaditanas Asociadas, S.A. (4) (6)                 | 3,657                  | -                    | 10                                                   | (5)                       | -                 | 3,662                  |
| Servicios Funerarios Costa de Barcelona, S.L. (6)            | 1                      | -                    | 1                                                    | 11                        | -                 | 13                     |
| Serfunle, S.A. (6)                                           | 2,818                  | -                    | 146                                                  | (37)                      | -                 | 2,927                  |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                 | <b>119,076</b>         | <b>-</b>             | <b>7,812</b>                                         | <b>(1,913)</b>            | <b>-</b>          | <b>124,975</b>         |

- (1) Includes goodwill totalling €1,836 thousand.  
(2) CLAL includes goodwill totalling €2,127 thousand.  
(3) CSC Continental includes goodwill of €11,366 thousand.  
(4) Fugasa includes goodwill totalling €2,203 thousand.  
(5) Invested in through the company Atradius N.V.  
(6) Invested in through Grupo Mémora.

At 31 December 2024, based on the results of the impairment tests, the Group has not recognised any impairment in the consolidated income statement.

## 9. Property, plant and equipment and investment property

### 9.a) Property, Plant and Equipment

The breakdown by type of items that make up the balance of this segment and sub segment of the consolidated balance sheet, on 31 December 2025 is as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                                | Owner-Occupied Property | Advances Owner-Occupied Property | Furniture and installations | Transport equipment | Data processing hardware | Improvements to owner-occupied property | Rights of use    | Other tangible fixed asset | Total            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Cost on 1 January 2025</b>                                  | <b>349,680</b>          | <b>250</b>                       | <b>137,393</b>              | <b>22,772</b>       | <b>135,232</b>           | <b>107,679</b>                          | <b>341,153</b>   | <b>5,478</b>               | <b>1,099,637</b> |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 1 January 2025</b>              | <b>(69,933)</b>         | <b>-</b>                         | <b>(87,184)</b>             | <b>(14,936)</b>     | <b>(101,378)</b>         | <b>(38,848)</b>                         | <b>(137,422)</b> | <b>(3,027)</b>             | <b>(452,728)</b> |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                                       | <b>(4,067)</b>          | <b>-</b>                         | <b>(35)</b>                 | <b>-</b>            | <b>-</b>                 | <b>-</b>                                | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>                   | <b>(4,102)</b>   |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 1 January 2025</b>                   | <b>275,680</b>          | <b>250</b>                       | <b>50,174</b>               | <b>7,836</b>        | <b>33,854</b>            | <b>68,831</b>                           | <b>203,731</b>   | <b>2,451</b>               | <b>642,807</b>   |
| Changes to the scope                                           | 4,014                   | -                                | 488                         | 272                 | 75                       | -                                       | -                | 145                        | <b>4,994</b>     |
| Investments or Additions                                       | 185,083                 | 1,238                            | 7,347                       | 2,819               | 9,721                    | 21,728                                  | 41,998           | 7,816                      | <b>277,750</b>   |
| Reclassifications and transfers (Note 9.b)                     | (6,985)                 | (61)                             | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>(7,046)</b>   |
| Sales and Withdrawals                                          | (2,255)                 | -                                | (4,125)                     | (3,057)             | (648)                    | (1,920)                                 | (60,967)         | -                          | <b>(72,972)</b>  |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | 26                      | -                                | (1,228)                     | -                   | (1,388)                  | -                                       | (3,511)          | -                          | <b>(6,101)</b>   |
| Changes to the scope                                           | (596)                   | -                                | (408)                       | (249)               | (70)                     | -                                       | -                | (137)                      | <b>(1,460)</b>   |
| Depreciation for the year                                      | (7,246)                 | -                                | (8,363)                     | (1,377)             | (6,357)                  | (11,005)                                | (33,007)         | (121)                      | <b>(67,476)</b>  |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the depreciation (Note 9.b) | 3,291                   | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>3,291</b>     |
| Withdrawals from Depreciation                                  | 1,435                   | -                                | 841                         | 1,702               | 64                       | 1,026                                   | 8,395            | -                          | <b>13,463</b>    |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | (2)                     | -                                | 926                         | -                   | 1,250                    | -                                       | 2,117            | -                          | <b>4,291</b>     |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                       | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>-</b>         |
| Impairment losses                                              | (632)                   | -                                | -                           | -                   | (2,607)                  | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>(3,239)</b>   |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the impairment (Note 9.b)   | 2                       | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>2</b>         |
| Impairment withdrawals                                         | -                       | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>-</b>         |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 31 December 2025</b>                 | <b>451,815</b>          | <b>1,427</b>                     | <b>45,652</b>               | <b>7,946</b>        | <b>33,894</b>            | <b>78,660</b>                           | <b>158,756</b>   | <b>10,154</b>              | <b>788,304</b>   |

#### Breakdown of the net carrying amount on 31 December 2025 (in thousands of euros):

|                                                     | Owner-Occupied Property | Advances Owner-Occupied Property | Furniture and installations | Transport equipment | Data processing hardware | Improvements to owner-occupied property | Rights of use    | Other tangible fixed asset | Total            |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Cost on 31 December 2025</b>                     | <b>529,563</b>          | <b>1,427</b>                     | <b>139,875</b>              | <b>22,806</b>       | <b>142,992</b>           | <b>127,487</b>                          | <b>318,673</b>   | <b>13,439</b>              | <b>1,296,262</b> |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 31 December 2025</b> | <b>(73,051)</b>         | <b>-</b>                         | <b>(94,188)</b>             | <b>(14,860)</b>     | <b>(106,491)</b>         | <b>(48,827)</b>                         | <b>(159,917)</b> | <b>(3,285)</b>             | <b>(500,619)</b> |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                            | <b>(4,697)</b>          | <b>-</b>                         | <b>(35)</b>                 | <b>-</b>            | <b>(2,607)</b>           | <b>-</b>                                | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>                   | <b>(7,339)</b>   |

The movement and detail for 2024 are as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                                | Owner-Occupied Property | Advances Owner-Occupied Property | Furniture and installations | Transport equipment | Data processing hardware | Improvements to owner-occupied property | Rights of use    | Other tangible fixed asset | Total            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Cost on 1 January 2024</b>                                  | <b>333,425</b>          | -                                | <b>125,040</b>              | <b>22,074</b>       | <b>118,058</b>           | <b>84,701</b>                           | <b>317,961</b>   | <b>3,940</b>               | <b>1,005,199</b> |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 1 January 2024</b>              | <b>(107,364)</b>        | -                                | <b>(87,596)</b>             | <b>(14,514)</b>     | <b>(101,070)</b>         | <b>(34,022)</b>                         | <b>(137,290)</b> | <b>(2,849)</b>             | <b>(484,705)</b> |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                                       | <b>(9,419)</b>          | -                                | <b>(35)</b>                 | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>(9,454)</b>   |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 1 January 2024</b>                   | <b>216,642</b>          | -                                | <b>37,409</b>               | <b>7,560</b>        | <b>16,988</b>            | <b>50,679</b>                           | <b>180,671</b>   | <b>1,091</b>               | <b>511,040</b>   |
| Changes to the scope                                           | 5,085                   | -                                | 1,476                       | 533                 | 16                       | -                                       | -                | 96                         | <b>7,206</b>     |
| Investments or Additions                                       | 131,571                 | 250                              | 23,070                      | 2,256               | 29,720                   | 25,932                                  | 34,468           | 1,481                      | <b>248,748</b>   |
| Reclassifications and transfers (Note 9.b)                     | (116,092)               | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>(116,092)</b> |
| Sales and Withdrawals                                          | (4,090)                 | -                                | (12,841)                    | (2,091)             | (13,426)                 | (2,954)                                 | (12,677)         | (39)                       | <b>(48,118)</b>  |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | (219)                   | -                                | 648                         | -                   | 864                      | -                                       | 1,401            | -                          | <b>2,694</b>     |
| Changes to the scope                                           | (2,027)                 | -                                | (1,331)                     | (465)               | (16)                     | -                                       | -                | (78)                       | <b>(3,917)</b>   |
| Depreciation for the year                                      | (5,242)                 | -                                | (5,890)                     | (1,456)             | (9,020)                  | (7,288)                                 | (5,814)          | (139)                      | <b>(34,849)</b>  |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the depreciation (Note 9.b) | 43,484                  | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>43,484</b>    |
| Withdrawals from Depreciation                                  | 1,190                   | -                                | 8,084                       | 1,499               | 9,519                    | 2,462                                   | 6,240            | 39                         | <b>29,033</b>    |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | 26                      | -                                | (451)                       | -                   | (791)                    | -                                       | (558)            | -                          | <b>(1,774)</b>   |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                       | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | -                |
| Impairment losses                                              | 5,406                   | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>5,406</b>     |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the impairment (Note 9.a)   | (54)                    | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | <b>(54)</b>      |
| Impairment withdrawals                                         | -                       | -                                | -                           | -                   | -                        | -                                       | -                | -                          | -                |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 31 December 2024</b>                 | <b>275,680</b>          | <b>250</b>                       | <b>50,174</b>               | <b>7,836</b>        | <b>33,854</b>            | <b>68,831</b>                           | <b>203,731</b>   | <b>2,451</b>               | <b>642,807</b>   |

**Breakdown of the net carrying amount on 31 December 2024 (in thousands of euros):**

|                                                     | Owner-Occupied Property | Advances Owner-Occupied Property | Furniture and installations | Transport equipment | Data processing hardware | Improvements to owner-occupied | Rights of use    | Other tangible fixed asset | Total            |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| <b>Cost on 31 December 2024</b>                     | <b>349,680</b>          | <b>250</b>                       | <b>137,393</b>              | <b>22,772</b>       | <b>135,232</b>           | <b>107,679</b>                 | <b>341,153</b>   | <b>5,478</b>               | <b>1,099,637</b> |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 31 December 2024</b> | <b>(69,933)</b>         | -                                | <b>(87,184)</b>             | <b>(14,936)</b>     | <b>(101,378)</b>         | <b>(38,848)</b>                | <b>(137,422)</b> | <b>(3,027)</b>             | <b>(452,728)</b> |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                            | <b>(4,067)</b>          | -                                | <b>(35)</b>                 | -                   | -                        | -                              | -                | -                          | <b>(4,102)</b>   |



On 17 June 2025, the Group acquired 26 funeral homes for €140 million as part of the sale & leaseback transaction described in note 5.g. This transaction has resulted in a reduction in the right of use and an increase in properties for own use.

In addition, on 21 July 2025, the Group acquired the Tanatorio Norte de Madrid funeral home for €26 million.

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group has full title to the properties for its own use, none of which are pledged as security of any kind.

The Group has no significant commitments to acquire new properties.

At year-end 2025, all the Group's property, plant and equipment were used directly in operations.

During the 2025 financial year there were no impairment losses of significant amounts on property, plant and equipment (in the 2024 financial year there were no impairment losses of significant amounts either).

The net value of property for owner-occupied located abroad amounts to €23,094 thousand as at 31 December 2025 (€22,354 thousand as at 31 December 2024).

During 2025, profits were obtained from own-occupied property amounting to €2,770 thousand.

The market value at 31 December 2025 and 2024 of the Group's owner-occupied properties was as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                   | Owner-Occupied Property |          |         |                |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------|----------------|
|                                   | Occident                | Atradius | Mémora  | Total          |
| <b>Market value on 31/12/2025</b> | 233,021                 | 48,085   | 243,250 | <b>524,356</b> |
| <b>Market value on 31/12/2024</b> | 227,330                 | 48,883   | 75,103  | <b>351,316</b> |

The capital gains associated with owner-occupied property amount to €71,114 thousand in the 2025 financial year (€75,386 thousand in the 2024 financial year).

The market value of the owner-occupied property has been obtained according to the methodology described in Note 3.c).

### Leases: Right-of- use assets

Right-of-use assets relate 98% to buildings (95% in 2024) and 2% to cars (5% in 2024) under a number of operating leases.

The leases at 31 December 2025 and 2024 for which the Group is the lessee are (in thousands of euros):

|                                   | Year 2025 | Year 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Lease liabilities (see Note 13.b) | 166,149   | 296,145   |

Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement:

|                                        |                |            |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|------------|
| Amortisation expense for rights of use | 37,322         | 37,582     |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities  | 8,581          | 11,985     |
| (minus) Rent expense (*)               | (49,164)       | (49,075)   |
| Loss /(Profit) from rights of use      | (1,270)        | 354        |
| <b>Gross profit impact</b>             | <b>(4,531)</b> | <b>846</b> |
| Fiscal impact                          | 1,135          | (208)      |
| <b>Net profit impact</b>               | <b>(3,396)</b> | <b>638</b> |

(\*) Cash outflows for the year

The Group has excluded those contracts with a term of 12 months or less from the general treatment of leases, as well as those contracts where the value of the leased item is €5,000 or less. Lease expenses for these exclusions have been recognised in the Group's income statement and amounted to €3,079 thousand in 2025 (€3,334 thousand in 2024).

## 9.b) Investment property

The breakdown by type of items that make up the balance of this segment and sub segment of the condensed consolidated income statement, on 31 December 2025 is as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                                | Buildings for<br>third party use | Investment<br>property<br>advances | Total<br>investment<br>properties |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Cost on 1 January 2025</b>                                  | <b>1,047,829</b>                 | -                                  | <b>1,047,829</b>                  |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 1 January 2025</b>              | <b>(252,181)</b>                 | -                                  | <b>(252,181)</b>                  |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                                       | <b>(5,571)</b>                   | -                                  | <b>(5,571)</b>                    |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 1 January 2025</b>                   | <b>790,077</b>                   | -                                  | <b>790,077</b>                    |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| Investments or Additions                                       | 15,336                           | -                                  | <b>15,336</b>                     |
| Reclassifications and transfers (Note 9.a)                     | 7,046                            | -                                  | <b>7,046</b>                      |
| Sales and Withdrawals                                          | (20,795)                         | -                                  | <b>(20,795)</b>                   |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | 11                               | -                                  | <b>11</b>                         |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| Depreciation for the year                                      | (16,431)                         | -                                  | <b>(16,431)</b>                   |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the Depreciation (Note 9.a) | (3,291)                          | -                                  | <b>(3,291)</b>                    |
| Withdrawals from Depreciation                                  | 8,648                            | -                                  | <b>8,648</b>                      |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | (1)                              | -                                  | <b>(1)</b>                        |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| Impairment losses                                              | 1,556                            | -                                  | <b>1,556</b>                      |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the impairment (Note 9.a)   | (2)                              | -                                  | <b>(2)</b>                        |
| Impairment withdrawals                                         | 278                              | -                                  | <b>278</b>                        |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 31 December 2025</b>                 | <b>782,432</b>                   | -                                  | <b>782,432</b>                    |

### Breakdown of the net carrying amount on 31 December 2025 (in thousands of euros):

|                                                     | Buildings for<br>third party use | Investment<br>property<br>advances | Total<br>investment<br>properties |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Cost on 31 December 2025</b>                     | <b>1,049,427</b>                 | -                                  | <b>1,049,427</b>                  |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 31 December 2025</b> | <b>(263,256)</b>                 | -                                  | <b>(263,256)</b>                  |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                            | <b>(3,739)</b>                   | -                                  | <b>(3,739)</b>                    |

The movement and detail for 2024 are as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                                | Buildings for<br>third party use | Investment<br>property<br>advances | Total<br>investment<br>properties |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Cost on 1 January 2024</b>                                  | <b>938,170</b>                   | <b>2,826</b>                       | <b>940,996</b>                    |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 1 January 2024</b>              | <b>(201,194)</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(201,194)</b>                  |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                                       | <b>(7,935)</b>                   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(7,935)</b>                    |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 1 January 2024</b>                   | <b>729,041</b>                   | <b>2,826</b>                       | <b>731,867</b>                    |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| Investments or Additions                                       | 11,632                           | 12,084                             | <b>23,716</b>                     |
| Reclassifications and transfers (Note 9.a)                     | 116,092                          | -                                  | <b>116,092</b>                    |
| Sales and Withdrawals                                          | (17,971)                         | (14,910)                           | <b>(32,881)</b>                   |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | (94)                             | -                                  | <b>(94)</b>                       |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| Depreciation for the year                                      | (15,078)                         | -                                  | <b>(15,078)</b>                   |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the Depreciation (Note 9.a) | (43,484)                         | -                                  | <b>(43,484)</b>                   |
| Withdrawals from Depreciation                                  | 7,565                            | -                                  | <b>7,565</b>                      |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates                        | 10                               | -                                  | <b>10</b>                         |
| Changes to the scope                                           | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| Impairment losses                                              | 2,310                            | -                                  | <b>2,310</b>                      |
| Reclassifications and transfers of the impairment (Note 9.a)   | 54                               | -                                  | <b>54</b>                         |
| Impairment withdrawals                                         | -                                | -                                  | -                                 |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 31 December 2024</b>                 | <b>790,077</b>                   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>790,077</b>                    |

**Breakdown of the net carrying amount on 31 December 2024 (in thousands of euros):**

|                                                     | Buildings for<br>third party use | Investment<br>property<br>advances | Total<br>investment<br>properties |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Cost on 31 December 2024</b>                     | <b>1,047,829</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>1,047,829</b>                  |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 31 December 2024</b> | <b>(252,181)</b>                 | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(252,181)</b>                  |
| <b>Impairment losses</b>                            | <b>(5,571)</b>                   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(5,571)</b>                    |

During the 2025 financial year, divestments were made in real estate assets of lesser amounts, notably offices in Bilbao – Barrincua for €1,725 thousand, Getxo – Avda. Leioa for €1,500 thousand, Sevilla – Adolfo Suárez for €1,275 thousand and Valencia – Avda. Chile for €1,100 thousand.

The Group also developed an industrial warehouse in Sant Jaume de Llerca for a total amount of €5,000 thousand.

On 17 December, the Group acquired an industrial warehouse in Bedizzole (Italy) for €3,590 thousand.

The Group has full title to its investment property and has no commitments in addition to those recorded in its consolidated financial statements for the acquisition of new property, plant and equipment.

During the 2025 financial year, a reversal of impairment of investment property was recorded for the amount of €1,556 thousand (in the 2024 financial year, a reversal of impairment of investment property was recorded in the amount for €2,310 thousand).

The most significant investments under this heading of the consolidated balance sheet relate to commercial property, mainly office buildings, which the Group operates on a lease basis.

At year-end 2025 there were no restrictions of any kind on the execution of further property investments, on the collection of income from investment property or in relation to the proceeds of disposals.

During the 2025 financial year, gains on realisation of investment property amounting to €6,927 thousand were realised.

The market value of the Group's investment property at 31 December 2025 and 2024 was as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                   | Property investments, third party use |          |        |                  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|--------|------------------|
|                                   | Occident                              | Atradius | Mémora | Total            |
| <b>Market value on 31/12/2025</b> | 1,238,409                             | 24,042   | 1,042  | <b>1,263,493</b> |
| <b>Market value on 31/12/2024</b> | 1,235,030                             | 24,243   | 1,062  | <b>1,260,335</b> |

Capital gains associated with investment property amount to €481,061 thousand in 2025 financial year (€470,258 thousand in 2024).

The market value of the third-party property has been obtained according to the methodology described in Note 3.d).

The income from investment property rentals that generated income from rentals and the direct operating expenses related to property investments (under operating leases or otherwise) recorded in the consolidated profit and loss account for 2025 and 2024 are listed below:

| Thousands of Euros        | Ceded in operative lease |           | Property investments |           |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
|                           | Year 2025                | Year 2024 | Year 2025            | Year 2024 |
| Rental income             | 65,033                   | 53,999    | -                    | -         |
| Direct operating expenses | 19,614                   | 17,783    | 2,552                | 1,307     |

As of 31 December, the minimum future income for the last two years of non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

| Future operating lease receipts  | Thousands of Euros |                |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                  | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2025     |
| Less than 1 year                 | 61,771             | 58,920         |
| Over one year but less than five | 148,473            | 142,205        |
| Over five years                  | 123,972            | 96,467         |
| <b>Total</b>                     | <b>334,216</b>     | <b>297,592</b> |

The Group has not taken into account income from contingent charges for 2025 and 2024.

Most leases have a duration of between 5 and 10 years and are renewable.

## 10. Intangible fixed assets

Activity of this balance sheet item in 2025 and 2024 was as follows (in thousands of euros):

|                                                     | Goodwill         | Policy portfolio acquisition costs | Other intangible assets              |                          |                            |                 |                      |                    |                | Total other intangible assets |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
|                                                     |                  |                                    | Internally generated IT applications | IT Applications acquired | Administrative concessions | Brands          | Distribution network | Portfolio policies | Others         |                               |
| <b>Cost on 1 January 2024</b>                       | <b>1,167,606</b> | <b>218</b>                         | <b>329,020</b>                       | <b>167,607</b>           | <b>319,933</b>             | <b>131,669</b>  | <b>16,140</b>        | <b>33,000</b>      | <b>2,916</b>   | <b>1,000,285</b>              |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 1 January 2024</b>   | <b>-</b>         | <b>(73)</b>                        | <b>(135,108)</b>                     | <b>(144,921)</b>         | <b>(107,463)</b>           | <b>(15,215)</b> | <b>(13,719)</b>      | <b>(16,225)</b>    | <b>(2,592)</b> | <b>(435,243)</b>              |
| <b>Impairment loss on 1 January 2024</b>            | <b>(110)</b>     | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(122,514)</b>                     | <b>-</b>                 | <b>(15,635)</b>            | <b>(3,170)</b>  | <b>-</b>             | <b>-</b>           | <b>-</b>       | <b>(141,319)</b>              |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 1 January 2024</b>        | <b>1,167,496</b> | <b>145</b>                         | <b>71,398</b>                        | <b>22,686</b>            | <b>196,835</b>             | <b>113,284</b>  | <b>2,421</b>         | <b>16,775</b>      | <b>324</b>     | <b>423,723</b>                |
| Changes to the scope                                | 12,225           | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Additions                                           | -                | -                                  | 17,391                               | 13,725                   | 2,389                      | 5,003           | -                    | -                  | 1,091          | 39,599                        |
| Reclassifications and transfers                     | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Withdrawals                                         | -                | -                                  | -                                    | (11,116)                 | (112)                      | -               | -                    | -                  | (850)          | (12,078)                      |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates             | (14)             | -                                  | 5,546                                | 974                      | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | 6,520                         |
| Changes to the scope                                | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Depreciation for the year                           | -                | (145)                              | (762)                                | (7,597)                  | (8,612)                    | (1,289)         | (1,614)              | (3,300)            | (205)          | (23,379)                      |
| Reclassifications and transfers                     | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Withdrawals in depreciation                         | -                | -                                  | -                                    | 3,998                    | 88                         | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | 4,086                         |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates             | -                | -                                  | (4,347)                              | (978)                    | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | (5,325)                       |
| Changes to the scope                                | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Impairment losses                                   | -                | -                                  | (16,535)                             | -                        | 125                        | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | (16,410)                      |
| <b>Cost on 31 December 2024</b>                     | <b>1,179,817</b> | <b>218</b>                         | <b>351,957</b>                       | <b>171,190</b>           | <b>322,210</b>             | <b>136,672</b>  | <b>16,140</b>        | <b>33,000</b>      | <b>3,157</b>   | <b>1,034,326</b>              |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 31 December 2024</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>(218)</b>                       | <b>(140,217)</b>                     | <b>(149,498)</b>         | <b>(115,987)</b>           | <b>(16,504)</b> | <b>(15,333)</b>      | <b>(19,525)</b>    | <b>(2,797)</b> | <b>(459,861)</b>              |
| <b>Impairment loss on 31 December 2024</b>          | <b>(110)</b>     | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(139,049)</b>                     | <b>-</b>                 | <b>(15,510)</b>            | <b>(3,170)</b>  | <b>-</b>             | <b>-</b>           | <b>-</b>       | <b>(157,729)</b>              |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 31 December 2024</b>      | <b>1,179,707</b> | <b>-</b>                           | <b>72,691</b>                        | <b>21,692</b>            | <b>190,713</b>             | <b>116,998</b>  | <b>807</b>           | <b>13,475</b>      | <b>360</b>     | <b>416,736</b>                |
| Changes to the scope                                | 3,444            | -                                  | -                                    | 5                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | 5                             |
| Additions                                           | -                | -                                  | 17,839                               | 11,437                   | 17,296                     | -               | -                    | -                  | 335            | 46,907                        |
| Reclassifications and transfers                     | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Withdrawals                                         | (62,668)         | (168)                              | -                                    | (11,770)                 | (11,137)                   | -               | -                    | -                  | (390)          | (23,297)                      |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates             | 16               | -                                  | (6,333)                              | (1,034)                  | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | (7,367)                       |
| Changes to the scope                                | -                | -                                  | -                                    | (5)                      | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | (5)                           |
| Depreciation for the year                           | -                | -                                  | (6,465)                              | (8,523)                  | (9,542)                    | -               | (807)                | (3,300)            | (154)          | (28,791)                      |
| Reclassifications and transfers                     | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Withdrawals in depreciation                         | -                | 168                                | -                                    | 8,190                    | 10,360                     | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | 18,550                        |
| Effect of changes on the exchange rates             | -                | -                                  | 5,002                                | 1,033                    | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | 6,035                         |
| Changes to the scope                                | -                | -                                  | -                                    | -                        | -                          | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | -                             |
| Impairment losses                                   | (1,092)          | -                                  | (24,545)                             | -                        | (28)                       | -               | -                    | -                  | -              | (24,573)                      |
| <b>Cost on 31 December 2025</b>                     | <b>1,120,609</b> | <b>50</b>                          | <b>363,463</b>                       | <b>169,828</b>           | <b>328,369</b>             | <b>136,672</b>  | <b>16,140</b>        | <b>33,000</b>      | <b>3,102</b>   | <b>1,050,574</b>              |
| <b>Accumulated Depreciation on 31 December 2025</b> | <b>-</b>         | <b>(50)</b>                        | <b>(141,680)</b>                     | <b>(148,803)</b>         | <b>(115,169)</b>           | <b>(16,504)</b> | <b>(16,140)</b>      | <b>(22,825)</b>    | <b>(2,951)</b> | <b>(464,072)</b>              |
| <b>Impairment loss on 31 December 2025</b>          | <b>(1,202)</b>   | <b>-</b>                           | <b>(163,594)</b>                     | <b>-</b>                 | <b>(15,538)</b>            | <b>(3,170)</b>  | <b>-</b>             | <b>-</b>           | <b>-</b>       | <b>(182,302)</b>              |
| <b>Net carrying amount on 31 December 2025</b>      | <b>1,119,407</b> | <b>-</b>                           | <b>58,189</b>                        | <b>21,025</b>            | <b>197,662</b>             | <b>116,998</b>  | <b>-</b>             | <b>10,175</b>      | <b>151</b>     | <b>404,200</b>                |

Key information relating to these intangible assets is given below.

## 10.a) Goodwill

The breakdown of the “Goodwill” account in the consolidated balance sheet, according to the cash generating units (CGUs) from which it arose, is as follows:

| CGU                                  | Thousands of Euros |                  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|                                      | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024       |
| <b>Fully consolidated companies:</b> |                    |                  |
| Occident Seguros                     | 278,882            | 278,882          |
| Atradius N.V. (*)                    | 461,360            | 462,436          |
| Mémora (**)                          | 375,670            | 434,894          |
| Others                               | 3,495              | 3,495            |
| <b>Gross Total</b>                   | <b>1,119,407</b>   | <b>1,179,707</b> |
| <b>Less: Impairment losses</b>       | -                  | -                |
| <b>Net book value</b>                | <b>1,119,407</b>   | <b>1,179,707</b> |

(\*) During the first six months of 2025, impairment losses of €1,092 thousand were recorded from Pro Kolekt, a subsidiary of Atradius N.V.

(\*\*) The decrease in Mémora's goodwill is mainly due to the sale & lease back transaction described in note 5.g, as part of the value of the rights of use associated with this contract was implicitly included in the value of the allocated goodwill.

The Group, as defined by IAS 36, considers that Mémora is defined as a CGU given that it is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash input independent of other cash flows arising from other assets or groups of assets. In this regard, management controls operations on a unified basis and makes decisions to continue, dispose or otherwise dispose of the assets and operations of the business. All information relevant to management is generated on an aggregated basis for the Mémora business line. Management approves the estimates of flows and the medium-term plans jointly without traceability for a smaller group of assets.

As indicated in Note 3.e.1, at year-end we assess whether any goodwill show impairment losses based on the calculation of value in use of the related CGU.

The financial projections used in the assessment exercises cover a period of 3 years and are based on business plans previously approved by the Group's directors. From the fourth year, growth is expected in accordance with the perpetual rate.

In the case of goodwill for Atradius N.V., the projection of cash flows has been made for a period of 10 years so as to allow the model to reflect a full business cycle. This extended period is necessary to increase the reliability of projections, given the close relationship between the economic cycle phase and changes in the cash flows from the Atradius. The first three years are based on financial budgets and/or forecasts. The remaining years are estimated using normalised ratios and growth rates.

The key assumptions, on which the projections have been based, used for the determination of the value in use of Occident Seguros, Atradius N.V. and Mémora are detailed below:

**Key assumptions used in the calculations for value in use:**

|                                                                           | <b>Occident Seguros</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <b>Atradius N.V.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>Mémora</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Key assumptions</b>                                                    | Projection period                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Projection period                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Projection period                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Basis for determining the value(s) assigned to each key assumption</b> | -The financial projections cover a 3-year period, from 2026 to 2028, based on the business plans approved by the Group's Directors.                                                                                                                                       | -The financial projections approved by the Group's Directors cover a 3-year period. The projection period has been extended to 10 years, from 2029 to 2035, as this is a cyclical business and the extension of the projection period allows for a complete economic cycle to be taken into account.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | -The financial projections cover a 3-year period, from 2026 to 2028, based on the business plans approved by the Group's Directors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Key assumptions</b>                                                    | Premium income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Premium income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Basis for determining the value(s) assigned to each key assumption</b> | -The Group's Directors consider an income growth until 2028 based on their historical experience in their business plan.<br>-Income growth in perpetuity is based on macroeconomic expectations, as well as estimates from market analysts and other comparable entities. | -The Group's Directors consider in their business plan income growth based on historical experience to 2028. In 2029, negative income growth is projected to be in line with that observed in 2020. For the 2030-2035 period, a convergence of income growth to levels in line with the perpetual growth rate in 2035 has been taken into account.<br>- Growth is considered to be in line with the growth expectations of market analysts and other comparable entities in order to calculate terminal value income. | - The business plan estimates income growth in line with the growth in the funeral business plus the CPI estimated by the International Monetary Fund.<br>-Growth in line with macroeconomic expectations and the expected growth of deaths are taken into account in order to calculate the terminal value.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Key assumptions</b>                                                    | Claims                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Claims                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | EBITDA margin                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Basis for determining the value(s) assigned to each key assumption</b> | - In the 2026 to 2028 period, the business plan projects progressive improvements in the claims ratio based on the Group's historical experience.                                                                                                                         | -In the 2026 to 2028 period, an increase in claims has been estimated. In 2029 an increase in the claims ratio in line with that observed in 2020 has been taken into account. Subsequently, a stepwise reduction in the claims ratio has been taken into account until 2035.<br>-The loss ratio considered in perpetuity reflects the Group's historical experience by reflecting the historical average of a complete economic cycle.                                                                               | - A progressive improvement in EBITDA margin is expected for the period covered by the business plan, based on internal efficiency improvements and the effect of savings on funeral home rentals following the repurchase of 26 funeral homes (see note 5.g).<br>-The terminal value calculated for its EBITDA margin in perpetuity reflects the past experience of the Group's Directors taking into account a historical average. |
| <b>Key assumptions</b>                                                    | Operating expenses                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Operating expenses                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Basis for determining the value(s) assigned to each key assumption</b> | -The business plan estimates an improvement in operating expenses based on a redistribution of the internal distribution network initiated in recent years within the Group.                                                                                              | -The evolution of operating expenses estimated in the business plan for 2026 to 2028 is based on the Group's historical experience. Average growth in line with 2028 has been considered for the period 2029-2035.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |



The discount rates, before taxes, used in the 2025 financial year for updating the cash flow projections obtained from the projection of income and expenses carried out according to the criteria mentioned above, have been as follows:

| CGU              | Discount rate |            |
|------------------|---------------|------------|
|                  | 31/12/2025    | 31/12/2024 |
| Occident Seguros | 9.20%         | 9.50%      |
| Atradius N.V.    | 9.20%         | 9.50%      |
| Mémora           | 6.80%         | 6.80%      |

The inputs used in calculating the discount rate were the risk-free rate, the risk premium for the country or countries where the CGU operates, the market risk premium, the leveraged beta and the cost of debt, in accordance with each of the CGUs being valued.

With regard to the perpetual growth rates used beyond the period covered in the financial projections, the following are the details of the CGUs:

| CGU              | Perpetual growth rate |            |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------|
|                  | 31/12/2025            | 31/12/2024 |
| Occident Seguros | 1.00%                 | 1.00%      |
| Atradius N.V.    | 1.00%                 | 1.00%      |
| Mémora           | 2.40%                 | 2.40%      |

The growth rate has been substantiated, generally, in the analysis of real GDP growth in the country in which each CGU develops its business, considering both the history and the forecast estimated, except for the CGU of Mémora where, due to the specificities of the business, obtaining this rate has been based on the evolution of the CPI and the anticipated national growth in deaths. To obtain both rates, wherever possible, the discount and perpetual growth rates used in the valuation of comparable companies in business, dimension and geographic location have been compared, so that the values obtained are close on average to those used in similar companies.

Two different methodologies have been used to estimate the terminal value, depending on the type of business of the CGU: for Mémora the terminal value has been estimated based on the Gordon-Shapiro formula, while in the case of the insurance business (for both Occident and Atradius) the methodology has been based on the normalised distributable dividend perpetuity income formula, this calculation methodology having been compared with other similar and generally accepted methodologies such as Gordon-Shapiro and resulting in non-significant differences.

As for the calculation of the perpetual income of the normalized distributable dividend, it is assumed that the dividend of the last year of projection increases according to the growth rate in perpetuity ("g"). With regards to the Gordon- Shapiro model, the normalised flow has been calculated by adjusting the free flow of the last year projected by Management, assuming an increase of income in accordance with the perpetual growth rate and a normalised EBITDA margin in accordance with the evolution of the CHU in question.

The excess capital available over the capital required by Solvency II is positioned at 200% for Atradius N.V., and at 175% for the units located in Spain.

In parallel to this central measurement scenario, possible changes have been calculated in the main assumptions of the model and the CGU has been subject to a sensitivity analysis. The impacts regarding the value in use derived from this analysis are the following:

|                             | Discount rate |         | Perpetual growth rate |         | Combined ratio |         | Solvency ratio |            |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|------------|
|                             | + 50 bp       | - 50 bp | + 50 bp               | - 50 bp | + 50 bp        | - 50 bp | + 1,000 bp     | - 1,000 bp |
| <b>Insurance entity CGU</b> |               |         |                       |         |                |         |                |            |
| Occident Seguros            | -4.6%         | 5.2%    | 4.0%                  | -3.6%   | -5.6%          | 5.6%    | -4.8%          | 4.8%       |
| Atradius N.V.               | -5.8%         | 6.7%    | 3.5%                  | -3.1%   | -2.6%          | 2.6%    | -5.7%          | 5.7%       |

|                      | Discount rate |         | Perpetual growth rate |         | EBIDTA  |         |
|----------------------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
|                      | + 50 bp       | - 50 bp | + 50 bp               | - 50 bp | + 50 bp | - 50 bp |
| <b>Funeral CGU's</b> |               |         |                       |         |         |         |
| Mémora               | -12.7%        | 16.0%   | 15.8%                 | -12.6%  | 3.1%    | -3.1%   |

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, according to the estimates, projections and independent expert reports available to the Directors and Management of the parent company, the projected revenue and cash flows attributable to the Group of these companies considered as CGUs support the value of the net assets recognised and therefore the Group has not recognised any impairment losses affecting goodwill on consolidation.

Likewise, no sensitivity analysis mentioned above would imply that the book value of the units would exceed the recoverable amount, with the exception of Mémora. In this CGU, the reduction in recoverable amount in the scenarios analysed would not have a significant effect on the Group's equity and financial position.

## 10.b) Other intangible assets

### 10.b.1) IT applications

These intangible assets have a defined useful life, in accordance with their nature, and their amortisation as set criteria have been in the accounting policies (see Note 3.e.3).

Investments in intangible assets whose rights may be exercised outside Spanish territory or are related to investments located outside Spanish territory have a gross carrying amount of €399,248 thousand and an accumulated amortisation of €343,656 thousand.

The Group measures all capitalised software to determine whether the capitalisation criteria are met (see Note 3.e.3). Based on this measurement, the Group has recognised impairment losses on internally generated software from Atradius N.V. amounting to €24,545 thousand (€16,535 thousand in 2024).

### 10.b.2) Administrative concessions

On 9 February 2023, as a result of the acquisition of Grupo Mémora, the Group incorporated an intangible asset amounting to €26,611 thousand for the difference between the carrying amount of the administrative concessions and their fair value. This fair value was determined using the Multi-period Excess Earnings Method (MEEM), with the support of an independent expert. The useful life considered to estimate the fair value of the different administrative concessions corresponds to the remaining life of the contracts associated with each concession. The average remaining life of the main concession contracts is 20 years.

### **10.b.3) Brand**

On 9 February 2023, as a result of the acquisition of Grupo Mémora, the Group incorporated an intangible asset for the difference between the carrying amount of Grupo Mémora brands ("Mémora", "Serveis Funeraris de Barcelona" and "Servilusa") and their fair value. This fair value was determined using the 'Royalty Relief Method' (RRM), with the support of an independent expert, determining a royalty rate of 3.5% applied to projected income. In the measurement process an indefinite useful life was established for Grupo Mémora brands.

### **10.b.4) Distribution network**

As part of the process of allocating the acquisition cost of Plus Ultra, the Group incorporated an intangible asset to its balance sheet during the year 2015, at fair value, corresponding to the network of intermediaries of "Plus Ultra". Said fair value was determined based on the "Method of Multi-period excess profits (MEEM)" based on the excess profit from the contributory assets required for the operation of the business.

The estimated useful life for the network of mediators was initially determined at twenty years according to the type of mediators and their historical age. In the 2021 financial year, this useful life was re-estimated to ten years considering the legally established terms. Consequently, the entire value of the distribution network has been depreciated in the 2025 financial year.

### **10.b.5) Portfolio policies**

In the business combination of Seguros de Vida y Pensiones Antares, S.A. (merged with Occident), the Group included an intangible asset amounting to €33,000 thousand for the fair value of the collaboration agreement with Telefónica. This fair value determined using the Multi-period Excess Earnings Method (MEEM), with the support of an independent expert, assigning a useful life of ten years, as established in the acquisition contract.

The Group has no further commitments to those recorded in its consolidated financial statements for the acquisition of intangible assets. At year-end 2025, all intangible assets of the Group are directly affected by the operation.

## 11. Tax position

### 11.a) Tax consolidation regime

From the 2002 financial year, part of the companies included in the commercial consolidation perimeter with corporate address in Spain pay taxes, for the purposes of corporation tax, in accordance with the special regime of tax consolidation anticipated by Chapter VI of Title VII of the Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporation Tax (hereinafter "LIS") applicable in common territory.

In 2025, the tax consolidation group number 173/01 consists of the company Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (as parent company) and the following subsidiaries: (i) Atradius Collections, S.L.; (ii) Atradius Crédito y Caución S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros ("ACyC"); (iii) Atradius Information Services BV Branch in Spain; (iv) Atradius Participations Holding, S.L., Sociedad Unipersonal; (v) B2B SAFE, S.A. (In liquidation); (vi) Cosalud Servicios, S.A.U.; (vii) Eurofunerarias, S.A.; (viii) Flores Mémore, S.L.U.; (ix) Funcantabria Servicios Funerarios, S.L.U.; (x) Funeraria Merino Díez, S.L.U.; (xi) Funeraria Nuestra Señora de los Remedios, S.L.U.; (xii) GCO Ventures, S.L.U.; (xiii) Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L.U.; (xiv) Grupo Catalana Occidente Gestión de Activos, S.A.U. S.G.I.I.C.; (xv) Iberinform Internacional, S.A.U.; (xvi) Iberinmobiliaria, S.A.U.; (xvii) Mémore Servicios Funerarios, S.L.U.; (xviii) Mémore Serveis Funeraris del Camp, S.L.U.; (xix) Mémore Servicios Funerarios Internacionales, S.L.U.; (xx) Multirepar Servicio Técnico de Reparaciones, S.L.U.; (xxi) Musky Solutions, S.L.; (xxii) Occident Direct, S.L.U.; (xxiii) Occident GCO S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros; (xxiv) Occident GCO Canal Mediación, Sociedad de Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.; (xxv) Occident GCO Capital, Agencia de Valores, S.A.U.; (xxvi) Occident GCO Mediadores, Sociedad de Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.; (xxvii) Occident Pensiones, E.G.F.P., S.A.U.; (xxviii) Olympia Mediación, Agencia de Seguros Exclusiva, S.L.U.; (xxix); Pompas Fúnebres Mediterráneas, S.L.; (xxx) Portal Funerario, S.L.U.; (xxxi) Prepersa, Peritación de Seguros y Prevención, S.L.U.; (xxxii) Serveis Funeraris de Barcelona, S.A.; (xxxiii) Servicios Funerarios de Guadalajara Nuestra Señora La Antigua, S.A.; (xxxiv) Servicios Funerarios Montero, S.A.U.; (xxxv) Servicios Funerarios y Tanatorios de Soria, S.L.U.; (xxxvi) Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.U.; (xxxvii) Tanatorio de Palencia, S.L.U.; (xxxviii) Theraup Solutions, S.L.; and (xxxix) Transports Sanitaris Parets, S.L.U.

Since 2016, the taxable income obtained by this tax consolidation group under tax legislation has been subject to a tax rate of 25%.

As a result of the execution of the Offer described in Note 5.a, on 5 December 2025 the Board of Directors of Inocsa approved the application of the tax consolidation regime for the purposes of Chapter VI of Title VII of the LIS, together with those entities over which it holds the status of parent company in accordance with the provisions of Article 58 of the LIS. In this regard, on 9 December 2025 the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to be taxed under said regime, with effect for tax periods commencing on or after 1 January 2026.

On 23 December 2025, Inocsa registered with the Spanish Tax Authorities (AEAT) as the new "Parent Company", filing the corresponding registration form and identifying all subsidiary companies of the tax consolidation group. Consequently, with effect from 1 January 2026, Inocsa will be the Parent Company of the corporate income tax consolidation group, and not Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A.

On the other hand, the company Asistea Servicios Integrales S.L.U. is the representative of the tax consolidation group number 0497B, which is subject to the tax regulations of the historical territory of Vizcaya and whose subsidiaries in 2025 are: (i) Funerarias Bilbaína y La Auxiliadora, S.L.U.; (ii) Landarri, S.L.U.; (iii) Mediagen, S.L.U.; (iv) Occident Hipotecaria, S.A.U., E.F.C, (v) S. Órbita Sociedad Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.; (vi) Servicios Funerarios Baztan Bidasoa, S.L.; (vii) Tanatorio Donostialdea, S.A.U.; and (viii) Zentolen Berri, S.A.U. The tax base obtained by this tax consolidation group, in accordance with regional tax legislation, is subject to a tax rate of 24%.

The other companies with tax domicile in Spain that form part of the commercial consolidation perimeter are subject to the general tax rates established in the regulations applicable in common territory or local territory, as appropriate. As an exception, Hercasol, S.A. SICAV is subject to a tax rate of 1% as it is an open-ended investment company that meets the requirements of Chapter V of Title VII of the LIS.

Atradius N.V., its subsidiaries and branches that are located outside Spanish territory apply the various tax regimes in force in the various countries in which they reside or are established, with the effective tax rate being 25.03% for the 2025 financial year.

From the year 2014, part of the companies included in the commercial consolidation perimeter with tax address in common territory pay taxes, for the purposes of Value Added Tax, in conformance with the Special Regime for the Group of Entities anticipated by Chapter IX of the Title IX of Law 37/1992 on Value Added Tax.

In 2025, the group of entities VAT number 002/14 (hereinafter, VAT Tax Group) is formed by Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (as parent company) and subsidiaries: (i) Cosalud Servicios, S.A.U., until the date of its absorption by Grupo Catalana Occidente Gestión de Activos, S.A.U.; (ii) Grupo Catalana Occidente Contact Centre, A.I.E.; (iii) Grupo Catalana Occidente Gestión de Activos, S.A.U. S.G.I.I.C.; (iv) Grupo Catalana Occidente Tecnología y Servicios, A.I.E.; (v) Occident GCO Capital, Agencia de Valores, S.A.U.; (vi) Occident GCO S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros; and (viii) Prepersa, Peritación de Seguros y Prevención, S.L.U.

## **Pillar Two**

On 20 December 2024, Law 7/2024 of 20 December 2024 was approved in Spain, establishing, among others, a supplementary tax to guarantee an overall minimum level of taxation for multinational groups and large domestic groups. The aforementioned Law complies with the obligation to transpose Council Directive (EU) 2022/2523 of 15 December 2022, which transposes the rules of Pillar Two of the OECD's Inclusive Framework to the European Union.

The aforementioned Directive (EU) 2022/2523, in turn, is based on the so-called Pillar Two of the BEPS ('Base Erosion Profit Shifting') initiative of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OCDE), whose aim is to achieve the establishment of a global minimum taxation of 15% for multinational groups and which, to achieve this, adopted a set of rules (Model Rules) to calculate the effective taxation and capture, where appropriate, the tax shortfall up to a minimum of 15%.

The aforementioned Law has been approved in Spain with effect for tax periods beginning on or after 31 December 2023. In the case of the Group, whose ultimate parent entity ('UPE') is CO Sociedad de Gestión y Participación, S.A. ('COGESPAR'), it applies with effect for the 2024 financial year and structures the new Supplementary Tax as a separate tax entity outside the scope of corporate income tax regulations. In compliance with these regulations, the Group has calculated at year-end 2025 the impact of the Complementary Tax based on the Transitional Safe Harbour analysis, which is based on the country-by-country reporting and financial statements of the Group's entities.

This analysis concludes that the effective tax rates calculated under the Pillar Two rules are above 15% in most of the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, with the exception of a small number of countries, including Ireland, Hong Kong and Singapore.

In most jurisdictions where the minimum threshold is not reached, including those mentioned above, at the end of the 2025 financial year, the Pillar Two rules are in force and a Domestic Top-up Tax has been approved, so the obligation to settle falls at local level.

As a result of the analysis carried out and given that the vast majority of jurisdictions where the Group operates exceed the 15% threshold, the supplementary tax expense recorded by the Group at the end of the 2025 and 2024 financial years, recorded as current tax expense, is very insignificant.

## **11.b) Current Assets and Liabilities**

Current tax assets and liabilities at 31 December 2025 and 2024 include the following items:

|                                                                       | Thousands of Euros |                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                                       | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| <b>Current tax assets:</b>                                            |                    |                |
| Public Treasury debtor for:                                           |                    |                |
| • Debtor balance Liquidation Consolidated tax group parent company    | 117,476            | 80,819         |
| • Other debtor balances of other tax groups or individual companies   | 85,719             | 50,188         |
| <b>Total current tax assets</b>                                       | <b>203,195</b>     | <b>131,007</b> |
| <b>Current tax liabilities:</b>                                       |                    |                |
| Public Treasury creditor for:                                         |                    |                |
| • Corporate tax litigation                                            | 734                | 734            |
| • Other creditor balances of other tax groups or individual companies | 105,070            | 54,215         |
| <b>Total current tax liabilities</b>                                  | <b>105,804</b>     | <b>54,949</b>  |

Current tax assets and liabilities consist of tax assets and liabilities that are expected to be offset against the Group's corporation tax liability when the tax return is filed.

At 31 December 2025, in application of the provisions of IFRIC 23, €734 thousand has been recognised under current tax liabilities to reflect contingencies arising from litigation with the tax authorities in relation to corporate income tax (€734 thousand at 31 December 2024).

### 11.c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

In addition, at 31 December 2025 the Group had anticipated and deferred tax assets totalling €252,125 thousand and €849,379 thousand respectively, recognised under "Deferred tax assets" and "Deferred tax liabilities".

At 31 December 2024 these deferred tax assets and liabilities amounted to €355,481 thousand and €800,153 thousand respectively.

The origins of the deferred tax assets and liabilities available to the Group at 31 December 2025 and 2024, are as follows:

| Deferred taxes debtors with origin in:               | Thousands of Euros |                |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                      | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| Tax losses passed on                                 | 11,925             | 17,939         |
| Tax adjustments in technical provisions              | 154,022            | 155,440        |
| Tax goodwill                                         | 1,124              | 1,127          |
| Provisions for insolvencies                          | 1,588              | 1,404          |
| Expense from outsourcing of pensions                 | 7,153              | 6,599          |
| Accelerated depreciation balance sheet update        | 1,457              | 1,474          |
| Provision for invoices pending collection            | 1,922              | 1,922          |
| Adjustments for measurement of financial investments | 44,213             | 52,123         |
| Other deferred tax debtors                           | 132,565            | 149,782        |
| Impacts of measurement changes IFRS 9 / IFRS 17      | (31,083)           | 77,360         |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                         | <b>324,886</b>     | <b>465,170</b> |
| Balance offsetting (*)                               | (72,761)           | (109,689)      |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                         | <b>252,125</b>     | <b>355,481</b> |

(\*) This offsetting complies with the criteria for offsetting deferred tax assets and liabilities established by IAS 12.

| Deferred taxes creditors with origin in:             | Thousands of Euros |                |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                      | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024     |
| Adjustments for measurement of financial investments | 427,642            | 357,197        |
| Stabilisation reserve                                | 191,386            | 182,547        |
| Other deferred tax creditors                         | 139,199            | 133,176        |
| Impacts of measurement changes IFRS 9 / IFRS 17      | 163,913            | 236,922        |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                         | <b>922,140</b>     | <b>909,842</b> |
| Balance offsetting (*)                               | (72,761)           | (109,689)      |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                         | <b>849,379</b>     | <b>800,153</b> |

(\*) This offsetting complies with the criteria for offsetting deferred tax assets and liabilities established by IAS 12.

At 31 December 2025, in accordance with IFRIC 23, no contingencies arising from corporate income tax litigation with the tax authorities have been recognised under deferred tax liabilities. At 31 December 2024, no deferred tax liabilities were recognised in this respect either.

The Group does not have, on 31 December 2025, losses or tax credits of a significant amount for which deferred tax assets have been recognised on the balance sheet.



## 11.d) Reconciliation of accounting result and tax base

The reconciliation between the accounting result and tax base for Corporate Tax is as follows:

|                                                         | 2025 financial year in thousands of euros |           |                                                       |           |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                         | Profit and loss account                   |           | Income and expenses directly attributed to net equity |           | Total     |
| Balance of income and expenses for the year             | 757,732                                   |           | 317,534                                               |           | 1,075,266 |
| Corporate tax                                           | 234,670                                   |           | 127,573                                               |           | 362,243   |
|                                                         | I                                         | D         | I                                                     | D         |           |
| Permanent differences                                   | 58,777                                    | (96,850)  | -                                                     | -         | (38,073)  |
| Temporary differences                                   | 164,337                                   | (364,488) | 147,534                                               | (592,641) | (645,258) |
| Compensation for negative tax bases from previous years | -                                         |           | -                                                     |           | -         |
| Tax base                                                | 754,178                                   |           | -                                                     |           | 754,178   |

|                                                         | 2024 financial year in thousands of euros |           |                                                       |           |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                         | Profit and loss account                   |           | Income and expenses directly attributed to net equity |           | Total     |
| Balance of income and expenses for the year             | 697,478                                   |           | 205,261                                               |           | 902,739   |
| Corporate tax                                           | 225,210                                   |           | 53,293                                                |           | 278,503   |
|                                                         | I                                         | D         | I                                                     | D         |           |
| Permanent differences                                   | 69,850                                    | (10,370)  | -                                                     | -         | 59,480    |
| Temporary differences                                   | 412,384                                   | (762,476) | 153,731                                               | (412,285) | (608,646) |
| Compensation for negative tax bases from previous years | -                                         |           | -                                                     |           | -         |
| Tax base                                                | 632,076                                   |           | -                                                     |           | 632,076   |

The main permanent differences for the 2025 financial year are as follows:

|                                    | Thousands of Euros |                 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|                                    | Increases          | Decreases       |
| Tax rate adjustment                | -                  | (5,454)         |
| Non-deductible expenses            | 12,817             | -               |
| Impairment Financial investments   | -                  | (5,862)         |
| Foreign withholdings               | 4,874              | -               |
| Donations                          | 4,205              | -               |
| Others (*)                         | 36,881             | (85,534)        |
| <b>Other permanent differences</b> | <b>58,777</b>      | <b>(96,850)</b> |

(\*) The decrease in 'Others' includes the elimination of €75 million in profit from the sale of GCO shares by the consolidated subsidiary Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.U. (see Note 16.c).

The main temporary differences for the 2025 financial year are as follows:

|                                                 | Thousands of Euros |                  |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|                                                 | Increases          | Decreases        |
| Tax losses passed on                            | -                  | (25,433)         |
| Tax adjustments in technical provisions         | -                  | (5,997)          |
| Outsourcing of pensions                         | 2,343              | -                |
| measurement of financial investments            | -                  | (331,358)        |
| Stabilisation reserve                           | -                  | (37,379)         |
| Impacts of measurement changes IFRS 9 / IFRS 17 | 308,750            | (458,597)        |
| Others                                          | 778                | (98,365)         |
| <b>Total temporary differences</b>              | <b>311,871</b>     | <b>(957,129)</b> |

### 11.e) Reconciliation of accounting result and corporate income tax expense

The reconciliation between the income tax expense resulting from applying the general tax rate in force in each country to the accounting profit obtained by the various companies forming part of the Group and the income tax expense recorded for 2025 and 2024 is presented below:

|                                                                                           | Thousands of Euros |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                                                           | Year 2025          | Year 2024      |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                                                  | <b>992,402</b>     | <b>922,688</b> |
| Non-tax consolidation adjustments                                                         | 49,585             | 63,369         |
| Adjustments for permanent differences                                                     | (38,073)           | 59,480         |
| Integrated tax base                                                                       | 1,003,914          | 1,045,537      |
| 25% of adjusted pre-tax profit                                                            | 250,979            | 261,384        |
| Tax effect by tax rates other than 25%                                                    | (14,055)           | (6,273)        |
| Market share resulting from applying the tax rate of each country                         | 236,924            | 255,111        |
| Deductions from the quota                                                                 | (14,279)           | (3,507)        |
| Offsetting for negative tax bases                                                         | -                  | -              |
| Current tax expense with origin in previous years                                         | 1,671              | (5,429)        |
| Changes in local tax rates                                                                | (110)              | -              |
| Impacts of measurement changes IFRS 9 / IFRS 17                                           | 10,464             | (20,965)       |
| <b>Expense of corporate income tax registered with offsetting in the income statement</b> | <b>234,670</b>     | <b>225,210</b> |

Of the corporate income tax expense for the year recognised in the income statement, an amount of €281,906 thousand relates to current tax (€310,632 thousand in 2024) and an amount of (€47,236) thousand ((€85,422) thousand in 2024) relates to the change in deferred taxes, in both cases corresponding in full to continuing operations.

Double taxation deductions have not been considered in the previous table as they are mostly from dividends charged from subsidiaries eliminated in the consolidation process.

### 11.f) Years open for review by the tax authorities

According to current legislation in Spain, tax returns cannot be deemed definitive until they have been inspected by the tax authorities or, as the case may be, the statute of limitations period has elapsed (currently, and in general, four years from the day after the end of the regulatory deadline established for filing the corresponding declaration or self-assessment).

On 31 December 2025, Grupo Catalana Occidente and the tax consolidation group have the following years open for inspection:

| <b>Taxes</b>                                     | <b>Years</b>                     |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Corporate tax                                    | 2020-2024 (*)                    |
| Value Added Tax                                  | December 2021-November 2025 (**) |
| Withholdings from Income Tax and Corporation Tax | December 2021-November 2025 (**) |
| Tax on insurance premiums                        | 2020-November 2025 (**)          |
| Others                                           | 2022-2025                        |
| Local Taxes                                      | 2022-2025                        |

(\*) The Corporate Income Tax for the year 2025 is pending presentation, with the maximum date for submission being 27 July 2026.

(\*\*) In accordance with a judgement by the Supreme Court, which defends a thesis which is in principle already overcome, the year 2020 expires on 30 January 2026, after the completion of the deadline for submission of annual summaries for that financial year.

In general, the Group companies are open to inspection by the tax authorities for the years determined by the applicable tax regulations in relation to the main taxes applicable to them, without prejudice to the following:

- (i) On 2 January 2019, Plus Ultra and Grupo Catalana Occidente received communication of the start of proceedings for audit and investigation of a partial character. In particular, the inspection is designed to check the tax deductible financial goodwill regarding the Corporate Tax of Plus Ultra Companies (financial years 2014 and 2015) and the individual corporation tax of this (financial years 2016 and 2017). Therefore, the statute of limitations period for the years 2014 and 2015 Corporate Income Tax of Plus Ultra was interrupted.

In this sense, in the past, the Tax Authority already inspected this same concept and, at the opening of 2019, Plus Ultra has opened a number of contentious-administrative proceedings against the inspection records: (i) in relation to the goodwill deducted in 2005 to 2010, the Company had filed a contentious-administrative appeal with the Spanish National Court ("NC") against the decision of the Central Economic Administrative Tribunal ("TEAC") of 13 January 2016, amounting to 4,021 thousand euros; and (ii) in relation to the goodwill deducted in 2011 to 2013, the Company is awaiting a ruling from the TEAC, which amounts to €2,022 thousand.

On 19 December 2019, the NC issued a judgement, the content of which was made known to Plus Ultra on 27 January 2020. In that judgement, the NC upheld the Company's claims, confirming that the total amount of goodwill for accounting purposes is tax deductible for the purposes of determining the taxable income for income tax purposes for 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010. On 2 June 2020, the NC declares the previous sentence to be final and the Administration is notified for its execution and compliance.

As a result of the foregoing, the Group has recognised a provision of €11,419 thousand under "Tax Liabilities" in the consolidated balance sheet, relating to the risk associated with this contingency from 2007 to the present day. During the first half of 2020, the Group has recognised the aforementioned amount as income under the heading 'Other non-technical income' in the income statement for the period, thereby cancelling this provision.

On 23 May 2022, the NC issued a judgement, the content of which was made known to Plus Ultra on 27 May 2022. In that judgement, the NC upheld the Company's claims, confirming that the goodwill for accounting purposes is tax deductible for the purposes of determining the taxable income for income tax purposes for 2011, 2012 and 2013.

- (ii) On 5 July 2018, the ACyC received notification of the initiation of partial verification and investigation proceedings. Specifically, the purpose of the inspection was to verify the R&D+IT deduction for the 2013 and 2014 financial years. Therefore, the limitation period for ACyC's corporate income tax for the years 2013 and 2014 was interrupted.

On 30 September 2020, the Tax Agency notified ACyC of the Settlement Agreement issued, with a total settlement of €1,789 thousand due to discrepancies regarding the quantification of the deduction for the development of innovation and development activities applied in 2013 and 2014.

This settlement was paid and was the object of an Economic-Administrative Claim, presented in due time and form. In addition, the Tax Agency opened a penalty proceeding against ACyC for a total of €734 thousand.

On 19 May 2021, ACyC filed a written economic-administrative claim against the penalty imposed by the Tax Agency, having submitted the corresponding allegations on 25 November 2021. The TEAC has partially upheld ACyC's claims, annulling the penalty but confirming the regularisation.

- (iii) On 20 November 2020, the tax authorities notified Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., in its capacity as the parent company of the consolidated tax group, of the commencement of partial tax audits limited to the verification of the tax credit for international double taxation applied in 2016, 2017 and 2018 by Seguros Catalana Occidente. Although this inspection was closed on 18 February 2022, the statute of limitations period for the aforementioned years of the consolidated group was again interrupted.

- (iv) In October 2021, the Tax Agency notified Atradius Collections S.L. of the initiation of a limited verification procedure for Value Added Tax for 2020. Consequently, the statute of limitations period for Value Added Tax of Atradius Collections S.L. for the aforementioned financial year was interrupted.

- (v) Between April and June 2025, the following general inspection reports were formalised before the Tax Agency:

- Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., in its capacity as the controlling entity of tax consolidation group 173/01, for the verification of corporate income tax for the years 2016 to 2019 and certain items for the year 2020.
- Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., in its capacity as parent entity of VAT group 002/14, for the verification of VAT for the months of June to December 2019.
- Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., ACYC, Nortehispana and Occident, for the verification of withholdings on income from real estate, non-resident taxation, capital gains, income from employment, professional income and income from economic activities, all corresponding to the months of June to December of the 2019 financial year.
- ACyC, Nortehispana, Seguros Catalana Occidente and Plus Ultra, for the verification of the Tax on Insurance Premiums and withholdings of income on account of real estate capital, non-resident taxation, movable capital, income from work, professional income and income from economic activities, all corresponding to the months of June to December of the 2019 financial year.

The amounts recorded in these reports have not had a significant effect on either the individual entities involved or, therefore, on the Group's consolidated financial statements. At the end of the financial year, all reports signed in agreement and disagreement have been paid in full.

The foregoing shall be interpreted without prejudice to Article 66.bis of Law 58/2003, of 17 December, General Tax, which establishes the right in favour of the Administration to start the procedure for checking: (i) the bases or fees offset or pending offset or deductions applied or pending application, will expire after 10 years from the day after the end of the regulatory deadline established for filing the declaration or self-assessment corresponding to the tax year or period in which the right to offset said bases or quotas or to implement said deductions was generated; and (ii) to investigate the facts, acts, elements, activities, operations, businesses, values and other determining factors of the tax obligation in order to verify correct compliance with the applicable regulations.

On the other hand, as a result of possible varying interpretations of applicable tax legislation for the years subject to inspection, contingent tax liabilities might result, which cannot be objectively quantified. However, the Directors of the parent company believe that the applicable tax debt, if any, would not have a significant effect on the financial statements.

In compliance with the provisions of article 86 of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporate Income Tax ('LIS') and 110 of Provincial Regulation 2/2014, of 17 January, on Corporate Income Tax in the Historical Territory of Guipuzkoa (hereinafter, "NFIS"), the following is hereby stated:

- On 2 July 2025, a merger deed was granted, whereby Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L. (hereinafter, the 'Absorbing Company') absorbed the company Cosalud Servicios, S.A.U. (hereinafter, the 'Absorbed Company'), in order to create operational synergies, more efficient management of the business, and simplification of the administrative and management of the economic activities carried out by the Companies, with the consequent cost savings and generation of efficiencies. The aforementioned merger operation was covered by the tax neutrality regime established in Chapter VII of Title VII of the LIS, for which purpose, and in accordance with the aforementioned regulation, the mandatory notification was made to the Tax Authorities. Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L. plans to include in the notes to its individual financial statements for 2025 the information required by article 86 of the Spanish Corporation Tax Law.
- On 16 July 2025, a merger deed was granted, whereby Serveis Funeraris de Barcelona, S.A. (hereinafter, the 'Absorbing Company') absorbed the company Transports Sanitaris Parets, S.L.U. (hereinafter, the 'Absorbed Company') in order to achieve operational synergies, more efficient management of the activity, and simplification of the administrative management and direction of the economic activities carried out by the Companies, with the consequent cost savings and generation of efficiencies. The aforementioned merger operation was covered by the tax neutrality regime established in Chapter VII of Title VII of the LIS, for which purpose, and in accordance with the aforementioned regulation, the mandatory notification was made to the Tax Authorities. Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios, S.L. plans to include in the notes to its individual financial statements for 2025 the information required by article 86 of the Spanish Corporation Tax Law.

## 12. Other assets

The breakdown of financial liabilities at 31 December 2025 and 2024 broken down by nature, is as follows (in thousands of euros):

| Other assets                                                 | Thousands of Euros |                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                              | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2025     |
| <b>Assets derived from pension liabilities</b> (see Note 15) | <b>45,870</b>      | <b>46,691</b>  |
| <b>Accruals</b>                                              | <b>50,246</b>      | <b>67,837</b>  |
| Prepayment                                                   | 23,955             | 26,669         |
| Other accruals                                               | 26,291             | 41,168         |
| <b>Other assets</b>                                          | <b>4,414</b>       | <b>4,259</b>   |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                 | <b>100,530</b>     | <b>118,787</b> |

The assets arising from pension commitments correspond to the surplus of pension plans from the subsidiaries of Atradius NV.

### 13. Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The breakdown of financial liabilities at 31 December 2025 and 2024 broken down by nature, is as follows (in thousands of euros):

| Financial liabilities at amortised cost                            | Thousands of Euros |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|                                                                    | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2025       |
| <b>Subordinated liabilities</b>                                    | <b>248,145</b>     | <b>247,938</b>   |
| <b>Other debts</b>                                                 | <b>894,714</b>     | <b>1,065,844</b> |
| Payables on direct insurance, coinsurance and reinsurance business | 80,250             | 68,445           |
| Deposits received on buying reinsurance                            | 11,099             | 12,763           |
| Bank borrowings                                                    | 1,354              | 629              |
| Rest of debts                                                      | 802,011            | 984,007          |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                       | <b>1,142,859</b>   | <b>1,313,782</b> |

Financial liabilities mature in the short term, except for subordinated liabilities whose maturity is detailed in note 13.a).

#### 13.a) Subordinated liabilities

Subordinated liabilities include, the subordinated issue made by Atradius Crédito y Caución S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros, a subsidiary of Atradius N.V.

On 17 April 2024, Atradius Crédito y Caución S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros, issued subordinated bonds for a nominal amount of 300,000 thousand euros with a maturity of 10 years and a fixed nominal annual interest rate of 5.000% payable in annual instalments in arrears. The bonds are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Since the issue date, Occident has underwritten a total of 49,600 thousand euros in nominal value of such subordinated debt. These operations have been eliminated in the consolidation process.

At 31 December 2025, the Group estimates the fair value of 100% of the subordinated bonds at €315,239 thousand (€317,702 thousand at 31 December 2024), and they are classified as Tier 2 in the fair value hierarchy set out in *IFRS 13 Measurement of the Fair Value*.

The estimate of the fair value of the subordinated bond is obtained from the quotation provided by an independent expert, who uses proprietary measurement techniques in which the economic and market variables are provided by financial information providers. The measurement technique used calculates, in accordance with IFRS standards, the current value of the future cash flows of the subordinated bond, discounted using the euro government bond rate curve plus a risk spread. This risk spread is estimated using the credit spreads of listed subordinated bond issues of similar issuers and with similar rating and maturity profiles.

During the 2025 financial year, interest of €15,225 thousand was paid on subordinated bonds.

#### 13.b) Other debts

A breakdown of the debts arising out of insurance, reinsurance and coinsurance contracts, together with other debts, at 31 December 2025 and 2024, is given below:

|                                                                    | Thousands of Euros |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|                                                                    | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2024       |
| Payables on direct insurance, coinsurance and reinsurance business | 80,250             | 68,445           |
| Deposits received on buying reinsurance                            | 11,099             | 12,763           |
| Bank borrowings                                                    | 1,354              | 629              |
| Rest of other debts                                                | 802,011            | 984,007          |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                       | <b>894,714</b>     | <b>1,065,844</b> |

“Rest of Other debts” includes the following items at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

| <b>Other debts</b>                                                 | <b>Thousands of Euros</b> |                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                    | <b>31/12/2025</b>         | <b>31/12/2024</b> |
| <b>Tax and social debts</b>                                        | <b>93,228</b>             | <b>92,373</b>     |
| Public Treasury creditor for other items (withholdings, VAT, etc.) | 42,387                    | 38,115            |
| Surcharges on insurance premiums                                   | 34,116                    | 38,924            |
| Social security agencies                                           | 16,725                    | 15,334            |
| <b>Rest of debts</b>                                               | <b>708,783</b>            | <b>891,634</b>    |
| Bonds received                                                     | 9,661                     | 7,958             |
| Research and Development project loan                              | 1,752                     | 1,981             |
| Lease liabilities                                                  | 166,149                   | 296,145           |
| Accrued expenses                                                   | 303,019                   | 294,797           |
| Invoices pending payment                                           | 33,082                    | 24,937            |
| Sundry creditors                                                   | 195,120                   | 265,816           |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                                                       | <b>802,011</b>            | <b>984,007</b>    |

The breakdown by maturity of the “Lease liabilities” recorded at year-end is as follows:

| <b>Lease liabilities</b>         | <b>Thousands of Euros</b> |                   |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
|                                  | <b>31/12/2025</b>         | <b>31/12/2024</b> |
| Less than 1 year                 | 37,678                    | 35,445            |
| Over one year but less than five | 96,856                    | 100,021           |
| Over five years                  | 47,965                    | 171,958           |
| <b>Total (*)</b>                 | <b>182,499</b>            | <b>307,424</b>    |

(\*) Does not include the effect of the financial discount.

The following items are included under the section 'accrued expenses by item' at 31 December 2025 and 2024:

| <b>Accrued expenses by item</b> | <b>Thousands of Euros</b> |                   |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
|                                 | <b>31/12/2025</b>         | <b>31/12/2024</b> |
| Personnel expenses              | 88,306                    | 89,814            |
| Production expenses             | 55,370                    | 51,181            |
| External services and supplies  | 35,707                    | 52,732            |
| Other items                     | 123,636                   | 101,070           |
| <b>Total</b>                    | <b>303,019</b>            | <b>294,797</b>    |



## 14. Assets and liabilities from insurance and reinsurance contracts

### Measurement of insurance and reinsurance assets and liabilities

The breakdown of insurance and reinsurance contract assets and liabilities at 31 December 2025 and 2024 by segment is as follows:

| 31 December 2025                        | Occident      |              |                          |            |          |            |                     | Atradius  | Total      |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|
|                                         | Life          |              |                          |            | Non-Life |            |                     |           |            |
|                                         | Life Risk (*) | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts | Other life | Motor    | Multi-risk | Other miscellaneous |           |            |
| Assets under insurance contracts        | 1             | -            | -                        | -          | -        | 288        | 2,179               | 144,992   | 147,460    |
| Assets for remaining coverage           | 227           | -            | -                        | -          | -        | 288        | 2,681               | (66,546)  | (63,350)   |
| Assets for claims incurred              | (226)         | -            | -                        | -          | -        | -          | (502)               | 199,190   | 198,462    |
| Assets for acquisition cash flows       | -             | -            | -                        | -          | -        | -          | -                   | 12,348    | 12,348     |
| Assets under reinsurance contracts      | 207           | -            | -                        | -          | 28,864   | 10,791     | 31,755              | 619,406   | 691,023    |
| Assets for remaining coverage           | (1,775)       | -            | -                        | -          | (5,525)  | (9,492)    | (16,719)            | 302,943   | 269,432    |
| Assets for claims incurred              | 1,982         | -            | -                        | -          | 34,389   | 20,283     | 48,474              | 316,463   | 421,591    |
| Liabilities under insurance contracts   | 217,388       | 5,273,630    | 1,292,719                | 42,974     | 939,563  | 582,864    | 382,087             | 1,938,041 | 10,669,266 |
| Liabilities for remaining coverage      | 97,644        | 5,121,340    | 1,283,232                | 6,218      | 271,534  | 282,521    | 83,796              | 864,018   | 8,010,303  |
| Liabilities for incurred claims         | 119,744       | 152,290      | 9,487                    | 36,756     | 668,029  | 300,343    | 298,291             | 1,074,023 | 2,658,963  |
| Liabilities under reinsurance contracts | 152           | -            | -                        | 672        | -        | 2,777      | 2,986               | 51        | 6,638      |
| Liabilities for remaining coverage      | 152           | -            | -                        | 159        | -        | 4,718      | 6,226               | 18        | 11,273     |
| Liabilities for incurred claims         | -             | -            | -                        | 513        | -        | (1,941)    | (3,240)             | 33        | (4,635)    |

(\*) Includes funeral business.

| 31 December 2024                        | Occident      |              |                          |            |          |            |                     | Atradius  | Total      |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|
|                                         | Life          |              |                          |            | Non-Life |            |                     |           |            |
|                                         | Life Risk (*) | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts | Other life | Motor    | Multi-risk | Other miscellaneous |           |            |
| Assets under insurance contracts        | 2,055         | -            | -                        | -          | -        | 333        | 1,272               | 157,956   | 161,616    |
| Assets for remaining coverage           | 2,230         | -            | -                        | -          | -        | 341        | 1,552               | (42,404)  | (38,281)   |
| Assets for claims incurred              | (175)         | -            | -                        | -          | -        | (8)        | (280)               | 187,276   | 186,813    |
| Assets for acquisition cash flows       | -             | -            | -                        | -          | -        | -          | -                   | 13,084    | 13,084     |
| Assets under reinsurance contracts      | -             | -            | -                        | -          | 28,554   | 20,851     | 54,656              | 694,722   | 798,783    |
| Assets for remaining coverage           | -             | -            | -                        | -          | (4,804)  | (4,540)    | (1,916)             | 298,111   | 286,851    |
| Assets for claims incurred              | -             | -            | -                        | -          | 33,358   | 25,391     | 56,572              | 396,611   | 511,932    |
| Liabilities under insurance contracts   | 221,036       | 5,438,808    | 1,069,167                | 42,149     | 831,107  | 535,297    | 369,052             | 1,997,704 | 10,504,320 |
| Liabilities for remaining coverage      | 108,571       | 5,287,497    | 1,063,312                | 5,479      | 246,788  | 257,835    | 93,993              | 966,983   | 8,030,458  |
| Liabilities for incurred claims         | 112,465       | 151,311      | 5,855                    | 36,670     | 584,319  | 277,462    | 275,059             | 1,030,721 | 2,473,862  |
| Liabilities under reinsurance contracts | 995           | -            | -                        | 744        | -        | 1,939      | 1,189               | 218       | 5,085      |
| Liabilities for remaining coverage      | 2,781         | -            | -                        | 157        | -        | 5,591      | 1,532               | 231       | 10,292     |
| Liabilities for incurred claims         | (1,786)       | -            | -                        | 587        | -        | (3,652)    | (343)               | (13)      | (5,207)    |

(\*) Includes funeral business.

#### 14.a.1) Amounts determined at transition

For contracts measured under BBA and VFA, details of the insurance income and the movement in CSM by transitional approach as at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024 are shown below:

| 2025                                                                                  | Business at the start of the transition (1 January 2022) |              |                          |                               |                           | Business after 1 January 2022 |              |                          |           | Total     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                                                       | Fair value approach                                      |              |                          | Modified Retroactive Approach | Full Retroactive Approach | Occident                      |              |                          | Atradius  |           |
|                                                                                       | Occident                                                 |              |                          | Atradius                      | Atradius                  |                               |              |                          |           |           |
|                                                                                       | Life Risk (*)                                            | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |                               |                           | Life Risk (*)                 | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |           |           |
| Contract income measured under BBA and VFA for 2025                                   | 43,829                                                   | 90,798       | 13,085                   | 71,719                        | 25,779                    | 3,865                         | 15,863       | 16,385                   | 2,180,375 | 2,461,698 |
| CSM at 1 January 2025                                                                 | 41,165                                                   | 154,267      | 66,182                   | 28,100                        | 10,533                    | 2,643                         | 64,407       | 23,138                   | 193,307   | 583,742   |
| Changes related to current services                                                   | (3,989)                                                  | (16,499)     | (6,386)                  | (23,867)                      | (7,945)                   | (399)                         | (3,104)      | (1,362)                  | (173,737) | (237,288) |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                  | (3,989)                                                  | (16,499)     | (6,386)                  | (23,867)                      | (7,945)                   | (399)                         | (3,104)      | (1,362)                  | (173,737) | (237,288) |
| Changes related to future services                                                    | (5,217)                                                  | (6,104)      | (66,238)                 | 6,195                         | 5,881                     | 1,786                         | (14,202)     | (15,393)                 | 177,043   | 83,751    |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                            | -                                                        | -            | -                        | 100                           | 114                       | -                             | 14,097       | 7,040                    | 190,965   | 212,316   |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                | (5,332)                                                  | (9,403)      | (66,238)                 | 649                           | (247)                     | 2,388                         | (28,715)     | (22,433)                 | (12,706)  | (142,037) |
| Changes in estimates resulting in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts | 115                                                      | 3,299        | -                        | 5,446                         | 6,014                     | (602)                         | 416          | -                        | (1,216)   | 13,472    |
| Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement   | 78                                                       | 2,880        | 80,670                   | 131                           | (14)                      | 78                            | 2,108        | 29,550                   | 7,246     | 122,727   |
| Changes to the scope                                                                  | -                                                        | -            | -                        | -                             | -                         | -                             | -            | -                        | -         | -         |
| CSM at 31 December 2025                                                               | 32,037                                                   | 134,544      | 74,228                   | 10,559                        | 8,455                     | 4,108                         | 49,209       | 35,933                   | 203,859   | 552,932   |

(\*) Includes funeral business.

| 2024                                                                                  | Business at the start of the transition (1 January 2022) |              |                          |                               |                           | Business after 1 January 2022 |              |                          |           | Total     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                                                                       | Fair value approach                                      |              |                          | Modified Retroactive Approach | Full Retroactive Approach | Occident                      |              |                          | Atradius  |           |
|                                                                                       | Occident                                                 |              |                          | Atradius                      | Atradius                  |                               |              |                          |           |           |
|                                                                                       | Life Risk (*)                                            | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |                               |                           | Life Risk (*)                 | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |           |           |
| Contract income measured under BBA and VFA for 2024                                   | 38,728                                                   | 102,847      | 12,754                   | 85,679                        | 55,710                    | 2,582                         | 17,061       | 12,930                   | 2,166,102 | 2,494,393 |
| CSM at 1 January 2024                                                                 | 54,223                                                   | 147,870      | 69,587                   | 47,665                        | 22,234                    | 387                           | 45,163       | 13,147                   | 148,238   | 548,514   |
| Changes related to current services                                                   | (4,380)                                                  | (18,537)     | (6,004)                  | (22,063)                      | (11,560)                  | (316)                         | (2,583)      | (609)                    | (174,752) | (240,804) |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                  | (4,380)                                                  | (18,537)     | (6,004)                  | (22,063)                      | (11,560)                  | (316)                         | (2,583)      | (609)                    | (174,752) | (240,804) |
| Changes related to future services                                                    | (8,723)                                                  | 22,002       | (70,836)                 | 2,213                         | (72)                      | 2,493                         | 20,191       | (11,329)                 | 212,311   | 168,250   |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                            | -                                                        | -            | -                        | 182                           | 288                       | 227                           | 14,714       | 3,073                    | 257,096   | 275,580   |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                | (7,344)                                                  | 27,080       | (70,836)                 | 1,687                         | (3,656)                   | 2,534                         | 5,722        | (14,402)                 | (51,946)  | (111,161) |
| Changes in estimates resulting in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts | (1,379)                                                  | (5,078)      | -                        | 344                           | 3,296                     | (268)                         | (245)        | -                        | 7,161     | 3,831     |
| Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement   | 45                                                       | 2,932        | 73,435                   | 285                           | (69)                      | 79                            | 1,636        | 21,929                   | 7,510     | 107,782   |
| Changes to the scope                                                                  | -                                                        | -            | -                        | -                             | -                         | -                             | -            | -                        | -         | -         |
| CSM at 31 December 2024                                                               | 41,165                                                   | 154,267      | 66,182                   | 28,100                        | 10,533                    | 2,643                         | 64,407       | 23,138                   | 193,307   | 583,742   |

(\*) Includes funeral business.

The same information is then provided for the reinsurance contracts held at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024. In this case, only for Atradius, as it presents the most significant amounts of reinsurance held by the Group:

| 2025                                                                                      | Business at the start of the transition (1 January 2022) |                           | Business after 1 January 2022 | Total     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                                           | Modified Retroactive Approach                            | Full Retroactive Approach | Atradius                      |           |
|                                                                                           | Atradius                                                 | Atradius                  |                               |           |
| Reinsurance expenses for contracts measured under BBA and VFA for the 2025 financial year | (23,287)                                                 | (3,773)                   | (466,260)                     | (493,320) |
| CSM at 1 January 2025 (*)                                                                 | 34,858                                                   | 3,306                     | 93,914                        | 132,078   |
| Changes related to current services                                                       | (11,266)                                                 | (2,880)                   | (55,719)                      | (69,865)  |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                      | (11,266)                                                 | (2,880)                   | (55,719)                      | (69,865)  |
| Changes related to future services                                                        | (4,811)                                                  | 2,556                     | 38,679                        | 36,424    |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                                | 640                                                      | 1,901                     | 54,185                        | 56,726    |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                    | (5,451)                                                  | 655                       | (15,506)                      | (20,302)  |
| Financial income/expenses on reinsurance contracts recognised in the income statement     | 13                                                       | 38                        | 167                           | 218       |
| Changes to the scope                                                                      | -                                                        | -                         | -                             | -         |
| CSM at 31 December 2025 (*)                                                               | 18,794                                                   | 3,020                     | 77,041                        | 98,855    |

(\*) The CSM of reinsurance contracts held includes the loss recovery component:

| 2024                                                                                      | Business at the start of the transition (1 January 2022) |                           | Business after 1 January 2022 | Total     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                                           | Modified Retroactive Approach                            | Full Retroactive Approach | Atradius                      |           |
|                                                                                           | Atradius                                                 | Atradius                  |                               |           |
| Reinsurance expenses for contracts measured under BBA and VFA for the 2024 financial year | (28,779)                                                 | (8,232)                   | (471,508)                     | (508,519) |
| CSM at 1 January 2024 (*)                                                                 | 35,168                                                   | 7,945                     | 60,319                        | 103,432   |
| Changes related to current services                                                       | (2,799)                                                  | (5,277)                   | 890                           | (7,186)   |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                      | (2,799)                                                  | (5,277)                   | 890                           | (7,186)   |
| Changes related to future services                                                        | 2,489                                                    | 637                       | 31,689                        | 34,815    |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                                | 38                                                       | 55                        | 82,890                        | 82,983    |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                    | 2,451                                                    | 582                       | (51,201)                      | (48,168)  |
| Financial income/expenses on reinsurance contracts recognised in the income statement     | -                                                        | 1                         | 1,016                         | 1,017     |
| Changes to the scope                                                                      | -                                                        | -                         | -                             | -         |
| CSM at 31 December 2024 (*)                                                               | 34,858                                                   | 3,306                     | 93,914                        | 132,078   |

(\*) The CSM of reinsurance contracts held includes the loss recovery component:

## 14.a.2) Reconciliation of insurance and reinsurance contract assets and liabilities - Analysis by remaining coverage and incurred claims

### 14.a.2.1) Non holding and indirect holding contracts

For contracts measured under BBA, the reconciliation from opening to closing balances of the liability/asset for remaining cover and the asset/liability for incurred claims for the financial years 2025 and 2024 for insurance contracts issued by the Group is shown below:

#### Occident - Life

| Occident - Life BBA                                                                        | 2025                         |                |                 |           | 2024                         |                |                 |           |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|
|                                                                                            | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred | Total     | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred | Total     |
|                                                                                            | Excluding the loss component | Loss component |                 |           | Excluding the loss component | Loss component |                 |           |
| <b>Insurance contracts issued</b>                                                          |                              |                |                 |           |                              |                |                 |           |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January</b>          | 5,303,624                    | 57,945         | 159,272         | 5,520,841 | 5,312,576                    | 68,499         | 144,203         | 5,525,278 |
| <b>Insurance service income</b>                                                            | (154,355)                    | -              | -               | (154,355) | (161,219)                    | -              | -               | (161,219) |
| <b>Insurance service expenses</b>                                                          | 50,857                       | (26,361)       | 134,899         | 159,395   | 20,455                       | (12,522)       | 111,290         | 119,223   |
| Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses                                       | 9,614                        | -              | 102,374         | 111,988   | (7,784)                      | -              | 97,728          | 89,944    |
| Changes related to past services: adjustments to incurred claims liability                 | -                            | -              | 296             | 296       | -                            | -              | (409)           | (409)     |
| Losses and loss reversals on onerous contracts                                             | -                            | (26,361)       | 32,229          | 5,868     | -                            | (12,522)       | 13,971          | 1,449     |
| Amortisation and impairment of insurance acquisition flows                                 | 41,243                       | -              | -               | 41,243    | 28,239                       | -              | -               | 28,239    |
| <b>Profit/(loss) of the insurance service</b>                                              | (103,498)                    | (26,361)       | 134,899         | 5,040     | (140,764)                    | (12,522)       | 111,290         | (41,996)  |
| <b>Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement</b> | 157,362                      | 473            | -               | 157,835   | 165,800                      | 548            | -               | 166,348   |
| <b>Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI</b>                 | (151,102)                    | -              | -               | (151,102) | 82,015                       | -              | -               | 82,015    |
| <b>Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income</b>     | (97,238)                     | (25,888)       | 134,899         | 11,773    | 107,051                      | (11,974)       | 111,290         | 206,367   |
| <b>Investment components</b>                                                               | (465,707)                    | -              | 465,707         | -         | (613,608)                    | -              | 613,608         | -         |
| <b>Other changes</b>                                                                       | (867)                        | -              | (522)           | (1,389)   | (524)                        | -              | (291)           | (815)     |
| <b>Cash flow</b>                                                                           | 421,158                      | (96)           | (597,580)       | (176,518) | 498,129                      | 1,420          | (709,538)       | (209,989) |
| Premiums received                                                                          | 461,275                      | (96)           | -               | 461,179   | 525,761                      | 1,420          | -               | 527,181   |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                                | (40,117)                     | -              | -               | (40,117)  | (27,632)                     | -              | -               | (27,632)  |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                                 | -                            | -              | (597,580)       | (597,580) | -                            | -              | (709,538)       | (709,538) |
| <b>Changes to the scope</b>                                                                | -                            | -              | -               | -         | -                            | -              | -               | -         |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December</b>        | 5,160,970                    | 31,961         | 161,776         | 5,354,707 | 5,303,624                    | 57,945         | 159,272         | 5,520,841 |

## Atradius

| Atradius                                                                                   | 2025                         |                  |                    |                    | 2024                         |                |                  |                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                            | Remaining cover              |                  | Claims incurred    | Total              | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred  | Total              |
|                                                                                            | Excluding the loss component | Loss component   |                    |                    | Excluding the loss component | Loss component |                  |                    |
| <b>Insurance contracts issued</b>                                                          |                              |                  |                    |                    |                              |                |                  |                    |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January (*)</b>      | <b>667,524</b>               | <b>341,863</b>   | <b>843,445</b>     | <b>1,852,832</b>   | <b>657,624</b>               | <b>202,347</b> | <b>753,072</b>   | <b>1,613,043</b>   |
| <b>Insurance service income</b>                                                            | <b>(2,277,873)</b>           | <b>-</b>         | <b>-</b>           | <b>(2,277,873)</b> | <b>(2,307,491)</b>           | <b>-</b>       | <b>-</b>         | <b>(2,307,491)</b> |
| <b>Insurance service expenses</b>                                                          | <b>548,189</b>               | <b>(105,461)</b> | <b>1,164,652</b>   | <b>1,607,380</b>   | <b>528,974</b>               | <b>129,191</b> | <b>1,068,911</b> | <b>1,727,076</b>   |
| Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses                                       | (117)                        | (234,944)        | 1,260,584          | <b>1,025,523</b>   | 10,457                       | (175,455)      | 1,263,186        | <b>1,098,188</b>   |
| Changes related to past services: adjustments to incurred claims liability                 | 46                           | -                | (95,932)           | <b>(95,886)</b>    | (20)                         | -              | (194,275)        | <b>(194,295)</b>   |
| Losses and loss reversals on onerous contracts                                             | -                            | 129,483          | -                  | <b>129,483</b>     | -                            | 304,646        | -                | <b>304,646</b>     |
| Amortisation and impairment of insurance acquisition flows                                 | 548,260                      | -                | -                  | <b>548,260</b>     | 518,537                      | -              | -                | <b>518,537</b>     |
| <b>Profit/(loss) of the insurance service</b>                                              | <b>(1,729,684)</b>           | <b>(105,461)</b> | <b>1,164,652</b>   | <b>(670,493)</b>   | <b>(1,778,517)</b>           | <b>129,191</b> | <b>1,068,911</b> | <b>(580,415)</b>   |
| <b>Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement</b> | <b>21,556</b>                | <b>4,613</b>     | <b>19,155</b>      | <b>45,324</b>      | <b>22,439</b>                | <b>4,121</b>   | <b>29,293</b>    | <b>55,853</b>      |
| <b>Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI</b>                 | <b>946</b>                   | <b>6,915</b>     | <b>(23,191)</b>    | <b>(15,330)</b>    | <b>11,195</b>                | <b>6,204</b>   | <b>(8,667)</b>   | <b>8,732</b>       |
| <b>Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income</b>     | <b>(1,707,182)</b>           | <b>(93,933)</b>  | <b>1,160,616</b>   | <b>(640,499)</b>   | <b>(1,744,883)</b>           | <b>139,516</b> | <b>1,089,537</b> | <b>(515,830)</b>   |
| <b>Investment components</b>                                                               | -                            | -                | -                  | -                  | -                            | -              | -                | -                  |
| <b>Other changes</b>                                                                       | -                            | -                | -                  | -                  | -                            | -              | -                | -                  |
| <b>Cash flow</b>                                                                           | <b>1,722,292</b>             | <b>-</b>         | <b>(1,129,228)</b> | <b>593,064</b>     | <b>1,754,783</b>             | <b>-</b>       | <b>(999,164)</b> | <b>755,619</b>     |
| Premiums received                                                                          | 2,276,155                    | -                | -                  | <b>2,276,155</b>   | 2,280,813                    | -              | -                | <b>2,280,813</b>   |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                                | (553,863)                    | -                | -                  | <b>(553,863)</b>   | (526,030)                    | -              | -                | <b>(526,030)</b>   |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                                 | -                            | -                | (1,129,228)        | <b>(1,129,228)</b> | -                            | -              | (999,164)        | <b>(999,164)</b>   |
| <b>Changes to the scope</b>                                                                | -                            | -                | -                  | -                  | -                            | -              | -                | -                  |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December (*)</b>    | <b>682,634</b>               | <b>247,930</b>   | <b>874,833</b>     | <b>1,805,397</b>   | <b>667,524</b>               | <b>341,863</b> | <b>843,445</b>   | <b>1,852,832</b>   |

(\*) Insurance contract assets exclude acquisition cash flow assets.

As described in note 3.i.3) Aggregation, the Atradius business is managed at country level, except for global credit insurance, special products and payment protection insurance which are managed at Group level. This aggregation level implies that, in certain accounting units, there is a loss component when they are adversely impacted by macroeconomic conditions or peak losses, even though the Atradius business has been a profitable business as a whole.

The same information is presented below for the reinsurance contracts held for Atradius:

| Atradius                                                                              | 2025                              |                         |                 |           | 2024                              |                         |                 |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
|                                                                                       | Remaining cover                   |                         | Claims incurred | Total     | Remaining cover                   |                         | Claims incurred | Total     |
|                                                                                       | Excluding loss recovery component | Loss recovery component |                 |           | Excluding loss recovery component | Loss recovery component |                 |           |
| Reinsurance contracts held                                                            |                                   |                         |                 |           |                                   |                         |                 |           |
| Reinsurance contract assets/(Reinsurance contract liabilities) as of 1 January        | 179,413                           | 118,467                 | 396,624         | 694,504   | 201,153                           | 73,869                  | 378,958         | 653,980   |
| Profit/(loss) of the reinsurance service                                              | (493,666)                         | (33,622)                | 270,359         | (256,929) | (508,451)                         | 44,598                  | 262,038         | (201,815) |
| Financial income/expenses on reinsurance contracts recognised in the income statement | 11,855                            | -                       | 3,248           | 15,103    | 7,790                             | -                       | 4,951           | 12,741    |
| Financial income/expense from reinsurance contracts recognised in OCI                 | (9,573)                           | -                       | (13,227)        | (22,800)  | 6,682                             | -                       | 4,052           | 10,734    |
| Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income       | (491,384)                         | (33,622)                | 260,380         | (264,626) | (493,979)                         | 44,598                  | 271,041         | (178,340) |
| Cash flow                                                                             | 530,051                           | -                       | (340,574)       | 189,477   | 472,239                           | -                       | (253,375)       | 218,864   |
| Premiums paid                                                                         | 852,845                           | -                       | -               | 852,845   | 803,947                           | -                       | -               | 803,947   |
| Benefits and expenses received                                                        | (322,794)                         | -                       | (340,574)       | (663,368) | (331,708)                         | -                       | (253,375)       | (585,083) |
| Changes to the scope                                                                  | -                                 | -                       | -               | -         | -                                 | -                       | -               | -         |
| Reinsurance contract assets/(Reinsurance contract liabilities) as of 31 December      | 218,080                           | 84,845                  | 316,430         | 619,355   | 179,413                           | 118,467                 | 396,624         | 694,504   |



For contracts measured under the simplified approach, the reconciliation from the opening to the closing balances of the liability/asset for the remaining coverage and the incurred claims asset/liability for 2025 and 2024 is shown below:

Occident - Non-Life

| Occident - Non-Life PAA                                                             | 2025                         |                |                                        |                               |             | 2024                         |                |                                        |                               |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
|                                                                                     | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred                        |                               | Total       | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred                        |                               | Total       |
|                                                                                     | Excluding the loss component | Loss component | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment |             | Excluding the loss component | Loss component | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment |             |
| Insurance contracts issued                                                          |                              |                |                                        |                               |             |                              |                |                                        |                               |             |
| Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January          | 596,723                      | -              | 1,058,747                              | 78,381                        | 1,733,851   | 549,757                      | -              | 940,398                                | 74,419                        | 1,564,574   |
| Insurance service income                                                            | (2,161,049)                  | -              | -                                      | -                             | (2,161,049) | (1,987,657)                  | -              | -                                      | -                             | (1,987,657) |
| Insurance service expenses                                                          | 510,117                      | -              | 1,376,049                              | 5,793                         | 1,891,959   | 476,432                      | -              | 1,281,725                              | 3,962                         | 1,762,119   |
| Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses                                | -                            | -              | 1,371,173                              | 23,759                        | 1,394,932   | -                            | -              | 1,290,650                              | 26,118                        | 1,316,768   |
| Changes related to past services: adjustments to incurred claims liability          | -                            | -              | 4,876                                  | (17,966)                      | (13,090)    | -                            | -              | (8,925)                                | (22,156)                      | (31,081)    |
| Losses and loss reversals on onerous contracts                                      | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -           | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -           |
| Amortisation and impairment of insurance acquisition flows                          | 510,117                      |                |                                        |                               | 510,117     | 476,432                      |                |                                        |                               | 476,432     |
| Profit/(loss) of the insurance service                                              | (1,650,932)                  | -              | 1,376,049                              | 5,793                         | (269,090)   | (1,511,225)                  | -              | 1,281,725                              | 3,962                         | (225,538)   |
| Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement | -                            | -              | 14,540                                 | -                             | 14,540      | -                            | -              | 14,956                                 | -                             | 14,956      |
| Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI                 | -                            | -              | 1,235                                  | -                             | 1,235       | -                            | -              | 831                                    | -                             | 831         |
| Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income     | (1,650,932)                  | -              | 1,391,824                              | 5,793                         | (253,315)   | (1,511,225)                  | -              | 1,297,512                              | 3,962                         | (209,751)   |
| Investment components                                                               | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -           | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -           |
| Other changes                                                                       | (3,264)                      | -              | (2,656)                                | -                             | (5,920)     | (3,642)                      | -              | (2,632)                                | -                             | (6,274)     |
| Cash flow                                                                           | 1,692,355                    | -              | (1,264,924)                            | -                             | 427,431     | 1,561,833                    | -              | (1,176,531)                            | -                             | 385,302     |
| Premiums received                                                                   | 2,222,531                    | -              | -                                      | -                             | 2,222,531   | 2,053,417                    | -              | -                                      | -                             | 2,053,417   |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                         | (530,176)                    | -              | -                                      | -                             | (530,176)   | (491,584)                    | -              | -                                      | -                             | (491,584)   |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                          | -                            | -              | (1,264,924)                            | -                             | (1,264,924) | -                            | -              | (1,176,531)                            | -                             | (1,176,531) |
| Changes to the scope                                                                | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -           | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -           |
| Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December        | 634,882                      | -              | 1,182,991                              | 84,174                        | 1,902,047   | 596,723                      | -              | 1,058,747                              | 78,381                        | 1,733,851   |

## Accident - Life

| Occident - Life PAA                                                                 | 2025                         |                |                                        |                               |           | 2024                         |                |                                        |                               |           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                                     | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred                        |                               | Total     | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred                        |                               | Total     |
|                                                                                     | Excluding the loss component | Loss component | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment |           | Excluding the loss component | Loss component | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment |           |
| Insurance contracts issued                                                          |                              |                |                                        |                               |           |                              |                |                                        |                               |           |
| Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January          | 37,748                       | -              | 125,105                                | 16,244                        | 179,097   | 13,206                       | -              | 126,365                                | 16,276                        | 155,847   |
| Insurance service income                                                            | (452,031)                    | -              | -                                      | -                             | (452,031) | (436,243)                    | -              | -                                      | -                             | (436,243) |
| Insurance service expenses                                                          | 81,930                       | -              | 253,530                                | (611)                         | 334,849   | 89,632                       | -              | 247,909                                | (32)                          | 337,509   |
| Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses                                | -                            | -              | 248,324                                | (611)                         | 247,713   | -                            | -              | 242,909                                | (32)                          | 242,877   |
| Changes related to past services: adjustments to incurred claims liability          | -                            | -              | 5,206                                  | -                             | 5,206     | -                            | -              | 5,000                                  | -                             | 5,000     |
| Losses and loss reversals on onerous contracts                                      | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         |
| Amortisation and impairment of insurance acquisition flows                          | 81,930                       | -              | -                                      | -                             | 81,930    | 89,632                       | -              | -                                      | -                             | 89,632    |
| Profit/(loss) of the insurance service                                              | (370,101)                    | -              | 253,530                                | (611)                         | (117,182) | (346,611)                    | -              | 247,909                                | (32)                          | (98,734)  |
| Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         |
| Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI                 | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         |
| Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income     | (370,101)                    | -              | 253,530                                | (611)                         | (117,182) | (346,611)                    | -              | 247,909                                | (32)                          | (98,734)  |
| Investment components                                                               | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         |
| Other changes                                                                       | (610)                        | -              | (400)                                  | -                             | (1,010)   | (973)                        | -              | (636)                                  | -                             | (1,609)   |
| Cash flow                                                                           | 365,007                      | -              | (246,628)                              | -                             | 118,379   | 372,126                      | -              | (248,533)                              | -                             | 123,593   |
| Premiums received                                                                   | 448,020                      | -              | -                                      | -                             | 448,020   | 464,112                      | -              | -                                      | -                             | 464,112   |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                         | (83,013)                     | -              | -                                      | -                             | (83,013)  | (91,986)                     | -              | -                                      | -                             | (91,986)  |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                          | -                            | -              | (246,628)                              | -                             | (246,628) | -                            | -              | (248,533)                              | -                             | (248,533) |
| Changes to the scope                                                                | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         | -                            | -              | -                                      | -                             | -         |
| Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December        | 32,044                       | -              | 131,607                                | 15,633                        | 179,284   | 37,748                       | -              | 125,105                                | 16,244                        | 179,097   |

#### 14.a.2.2) Direct holding contracts

For contracts measured under VFA, the reconciliation from the opening to the closing balances of the liability/asset for the remaining coverage and the incurred claims asset/liability for 2025 and 2024 is shown below:

| Occident - Life VFA                                                                        | 2025                         |                |                  |                  | 2024                         |                |                  |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                                                                            | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred  | Total            | Remaining cover              |                | Claims incurred  | Total            |
|                                                                                            | Excluding the loss component | Loss component |                  |                  | Excluding the loss component | Loss component |                  |                  |
| <b>Insurance contracts issued</b>                                                          |                              |                |                  |                  |                              |                |                  |                  |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January</b>          | <b>1,063,312</b>             | -              | <b>5,855</b>     | <b>1,069,167</b> | <b>867,060</b>               | -              | <b>3,922</b>     | <b>870,982</b>   |
| <b>Insurance service income</b>                                                            | <b>(29,470)</b>              | -              | -                | <b>(29,470)</b>  | <b>(25,683)</b>              | -              | -                | <b>(25,683)</b>  |
| <b>Insurance service expenses</b>                                                          | <b>7,329</b>                 | -              | <b>1,611</b>     | <b>8,940</b>     | <b>11,789</b>                | -              | <b>2,937</b>     | <b>14,726</b>    |
| Incurred claims and other insurance service expenses                                       | (5,388)                      | -              | 1,611            | (3,777)          | (345)                        | -              | 2,937            | 2,592            |
| Changes related to past services: adjustments to incurred claims liability                 | -                            | -              | -                | -                | -                            | -              | -                | -                |
| Losses and loss reversals on onerous contracts                                             | -                            | -              | -                | -                | -                            | -              | -                | -                |
| Amortisation and impairment of insurance acquisition flows                                 | 12,717                       | -              | -                | 12,717           | 12,134                       | -              | -                | 12,134           |
| <b>Profit/(loss) of the insurance service</b>                                              | <b>(22,141)</b>              | -              | <b>1,611</b>     | <b>(20,530)</b>  | <b>(13,894)</b>              | -              | <b>2,937</b>     | <b>(10,957)</b>  |
| <b>Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement</b> | <b>137,992</b>               | -              | -                | <b>137,992</b>   | <b>125,388</b>               | -              | -                | <b>125,388</b>   |
| <b>Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI</b>                 | -                            | -              | -                | -                | -                            | -              | -                | -                |
| <b>Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income</b>     | <b>115,851</b>               | -              | <b>1,611</b>     | <b>117,462</b>   | <b>111,494</b>               | -              | <b>2,937</b>     | <b>114,431</b>   |
| <b>Investment components</b>                                                               | <b>(237,771)</b>             | -              | <b>237,771</b>   | -                | <b>(142,800)</b>             | -              | <b>142,800</b>   | -                |
| <b>Other changes</b>                                                                       | <b>(163)</b>                 | -              | <b>(70)</b>      | <b>(233)</b>     | <b>(170)</b>                 | -              | <b>(63)</b>      | <b>(233)</b>     |
| <b>Cash flow</b>                                                                           | <b>342,003</b>               | -              | <b>(235,680)</b> | <b>106,323</b>   | <b>227,728</b>               | -              | <b>(143,741)</b> | <b>83,987</b>    |
| Premiums received                                                                          | 354,341                      | -              | -                | 354,341          | 239,516                      | -              | -                | 239,516          |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                                | (12,338)                     | -              | -                | (12,338)         | (11,788)                     | -              | -                | (11,788)         |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                                 | -                            | -              | (235,680)        | (235,680)        | -                            | -              | (143,741)        | (143,741)        |
| <b>Changes to the scope</b>                                                                | -                            | -              | -                | -                | -                            | -              | -                | -                |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December</b>        | <b>1,283,232</b>             | -              | <b>9,487</b>     | <b>1,292,719</b> | <b>1,063,312</b>             | -              | <b>5,855</b>     | <b>1,069,167</b> |

### 14.a.3) Reconciliation of insurance and reinsurance contract assets and liabilities - Analysis by measurement components

#### 14.a.3.1) Non holding and indirect holding contracts

For contracts measured under BBA, the reconciliation from opening to closing balances, broken down by component, for insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held for 2025 and 2024 is shown below:

#### Occident - Life

| Occident - Life BBA                                                                        | 2025                                   |                               |                 |                  | 2024                                   |                               |                 |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
|                                                                                            | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM             | Total            | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM             | Total            |
| <b>Insurance contracts issued</b>                                                          |                                        |                               |                 |                  |                                        |                               |                 |                  |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January</b>          | <b>5,114,564</b>                       | <b>143,795</b>                | <b>262,482</b>  | <b>5,520,841</b> | <b>5,152,133</b>                       | <b>125,502</b>                | <b>247,643</b>  | <b>5,525,278</b> |
| <b>Changes related to current services</b>                                                 | <b>37,486</b>                          | <b>(14,618)</b>               | <b>(23,991)</b> | <b>(1,123)</b>   | <b>(4,377)</b>                         | <b>(12,841)</b>               | <b>(25,817)</b> | <b>(43,035)</b>  |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                       | -                                      | -                             | (23,991)        | <b>(23,991)</b>  | -                                      | -                             | (25,817)        | <b>(25,817)</b>  |
| Change in non-financial risk adjustment for past due risk                                  | -                                      | (14,618)                      | -               | <b>(14,618)</b>  | -                                      | (12,841)                      | -               | <b>(12,841)</b>  |
| Experience settings                                                                        | 37,486                                 | -                             | -               | <b>37,486</b>    | (4,377)                                | -                             | -               | <b>(4,377)</b>   |
| <b>Changes related to future services</b>                                                  | <b>11,419</b>                          | <b>18,185</b>                 | <b>(23,736)</b> | <b>5,868</b>     | <b>(40,949)</b>                        | <b>6,433</b>                  | <b>35,964</b>   | <b>1,448</b>     |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                                 | (20,102)                               | 7,367                         | 14,097          | <b>1,362</b>     | (21,146)                               | 8,399                         | 14,941          | <b>2,194</b>     |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                     | 29,423                                 | 11,639                        | (41,062)        | -                | (25,804)                               | (2,189)                       | 27,993          | -                |
| Changes in estimates resulting in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts      | 2,098                                  | (821)                         | 3,229           | <b>4,506</b>     | 6,001                                  | 223                           | (6,970)         | <b>(746)</b>     |
| <b>Changes related to past services</b>                                                    | <b>296</b>                             | -                             | -               | <b>296</b>       | <b>(409)</b>                           | -                             | -               | <b>(409)</b>     |
| Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims                                             | 296                                    | -                             | -               | <b>296</b>       | (409)                                  | -                             | -               | <b>(409)</b>     |
| <b>Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement</b> | <b>149,916</b>                         | <b>2,776</b>                  | <b>5,143</b>    | <b>157,835</b>   | <b>157,042</b>                         | <b>4,614</b>                  | <b>4,692</b>    | <b>166,348</b>   |
| <b>Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI</b>                 | <b>(142,602)</b>                       | <b>(8,500)</b>                | -               | <b>(151,102)</b> | <b>61,929</b>                          | <b>20,087</b>                 | -               | <b>82,016</b>    |
| <b>Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income</b>     | <b>7,314</b>                           | <b>(5,724)</b>                | <b>5,143</b>    | <b>6,733</b>     | <b>218,971</b>                         | <b>24,701</b>                 | <b>4,692</b>    | <b>248,364</b>   |
| <b>Other changes</b>                                                                       | <b>(1,389)</b>                         | -                             | -               | <b>(1,389)</b>   | <b>(815)</b>                           | -                             | -               | <b>(815)</b>     |
| <b>Cash flow</b>                                                                           | <b>(176,519)</b>                       | -                             | -               | <b>(176,519)</b> | <b>(209,990)</b>                       | -                             | -               | <b>(209,990)</b> |
| Premiums received                                                                          | 461,179                                | -                             | -               | <b>461,179</b>   | 527,181                                | -                             | -               | <b>527,181</b>   |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                                | (40,117)                               | -                             | -               | <b>(40,117)</b>  | (27,633)                               | -                             | -               | <b>(27,633)</b>  |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                                 | (597,581)                              | -                             | -               | <b>(597,581)</b> | (709,538)                              | -                             | -               | <b>(709,538)</b> |
| <b>Changes to the scope</b>                                                                | -                                      | -                             | -               | -                | -                                      | -                             | -               | -                |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December</b>        | <b>4,993,171</b>                       | <b>141,638</b>                | <b>219,898</b>  | <b>5,354,707</b> | <b>5,114,564</b>                       | <b>143,795</b>                | <b>262,482</b>  | <b>5,520,841</b> |

## Atradius

| Atradius                                                                                | 2025                                   |                               |                  |                  | 2024                                   |                               |                  |                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                                                                         | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM              | Total            | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM              | Total            |
| <b>Insurance contracts issued</b>                                                       |                                        |                               |                  |                  |                                        |                               |                  |                  |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January (*)</b>   | <b>1,368,721</b>                       | <b>252,171</b>                | <b>231,940</b>   | <b>1,852,832</b> | <b>1,227,481</b>                       | <b>167,425</b>                | <b>218,137</b>   | <b>1,613,043</b> |
| <b>Changes related to current services</b>                                              | <b>(326,664)</b>                       | <b>(28,472)</b>               | <b>(205,549)</b> | <b>(560,685)</b> | <b>(374,213)</b>                       | <b>(4,986)</b>                | <b>(208,375)</b> | <b>(587,574)</b> |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                    | -                                      | -                             | (205,549)        | <b>(205,549)</b> | -                                      | -                             | (208,375)        | <b>(208,375)</b> |
| Change in non-financial risk adjustment for past due risk                               | -                                      | (28,472)                      | -                | <b>(28,472)</b>  | -                                      | (4,986)                       | -                | <b>(4,986)</b>   |
| Experience settings                                                                     | (326,664)                              | -                             | -                | <b>(326,664)</b> | (374,213)                              | -                             | -                | <b>(374,213)</b> |
| <b>Changes related to future services</b>                                               | <b>(200,352)</b>                       | <b>140,718</b>                | <b>189,119</b>   | <b>129,485</b>   | <b>(62,893)</b>                        | <b>153,582</b>                | <b>214,452</b>   | <b>305,141</b>   |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                              | (236,578)                              | 143,957                       | 191,179          | <b>98,558</b>    | (274,106)                              | 136,873                       | 257,566          | <b>120,333</b>   |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                  | 15,272                                 | (2,968)                       | (12,304)         | -                | 51,454                                 | 2,462                         | (53,916)         | -                |
| Changes in estimates resulting in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts   | 20,954                                 | (271)                         | 10,244           | <b>30,927</b>    | 159,759                                | 14,247                        | 10,802           | <b>184,808</b>   |
| <b>Changes related to past services</b>                                                 | <b>(137,872)</b>                       | <b>(101,420)</b>              | -                | <b>(239,292)</b> | <b>(226,489)</b>                       | <b>(70,997)</b>               | -                | <b>(297,486)</b> |
| Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims                                          | (138,771)                              | (101,420)                     | -                | <b>(240,191)</b> | (238,257)                              | (70,997)                      | -                | <b>(309,254)</b> |
| Adjustments to the remaining hedging liability                                          | 899                                    | -                             | -                | <b>899</b>       | 11,768                                 | -                             | -                | <b>11,768</b>    |
| <b>Financial income /expenses from insurance contracts</b>                              | <b>19,232</b>                          | <b>3,398</b>                  | <b>7,363</b>     | <b>29,993</b>    | <b>49,215</b>                          | <b>7,147</b>                  | <b>7,726</b>     | <b>64,088</b>    |
| <b>Cash flow</b>                                                                        | <b>593,064</b>                         | -                             | -                | <b>593,064</b>   | <b>755,620</b>                         | -                             | -                | <b>755,620</b>   |
| <b>Changes to the scope</b>                                                             | -                                      | -                             | -                | -                | -                                      | -                             | -                | -                |
| <b>Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December (*)</b> | <b>1,316,129</b>                       | <b>266,395</b>                | <b>222,873</b>   | <b>1,805,397</b> | <b>1,368,721</b>                       | <b>252,171</b>                | <b>231,940</b>   | <b>1,852,832</b> |

(\*) Insurance contract assets exclude acquisition cash flow assets.

Current services:

- CSM recognised for services provided: insurance income linked to the amortisation of the CSM accrued in the year based on the cover provided.
- Change in non-financial risk adjustment for past due risk: insurance income associated with the release of the risk adjustment.
- Experience adjustments: reflects the difference between actual flows and expected flows for the current period.

Future services:

- Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM: changes linked to non-financial assumptions, resulting in changes in future cash flows or in the risk adjustment and allocated to CSM.

The same information is presented below for the reinsurance contracts held for Atradius:

| Atradius                                                                                | 2025                                   |                               |                 |                  | 2024                                   |                               |                |                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
|                                                                                         | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM             | Total            | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM            | Total            |
| <b>Reinsurance contracts held</b>                                                       |                                        |                               |                 |                  |                                        |                               |                |                  |
| <b>Reinsurance contract assets/(Reinsurance contract liabilities) as of 1 January</b>   | <b>491,818</b>                         | <b>70,608</b>                 | <b>132,078</b>  | <b>694,504</b>   | <b>482,874</b>                         | <b>67,674</b>                 | <b>103,432</b> | <b>653,980</b>   |
| <b>Changes related to current services</b>                                              | <b>(127,622)</b>                       | <b>(12,379)</b>               | <b>(69,865)</b> | <b>(209,866)</b> | <b>(160,247)</b>                       | <b>(14,461)</b>               | <b>(7,186)</b> | <b>(181,894)</b> |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                    | -                                      | -                             | (69,865)        | <b>(69,865)</b>  | -                                      | -                             | (7,186)        | <b>(7,186)</b>   |
| Change in non-financial risk adjustment for past due risk                               | -                                      | (12,379)                      | -               | <b>(12,379)</b>  | -                                      | (14,461)                      | -              | <b>(14,461)</b>  |
| Experience settings                                                                     | (127,622)                              | -                             | -               | <b>(127,622)</b> | (160,247)                              | -                             | -              | <b>(160,247)</b> |
| <b>Changes related to future services</b>                                               | <b>(43,655)</b>                        | <b>55,628</b>                 | <b>36,424</b>   | <b>48,397</b>    | <b>4,793</b>                           | <b>49,649</b>                 | <b>34,814</b>  | <b>89,256</b>    |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                              | (66,331)                               | 53,554                        | 56,726          | <b>43,949</b>    | (79,247)                               | 44,528                        | 82,983         | <b>48,264</b>    |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                  | 22,676                                 | 2,074                         | (20,302)        | <b>4,448</b>     | 84,040                                 | 5,121                         | (48,169)       | <b>40,992</b>    |
| <b>Changes related to past services</b>                                                 | <b>(57,550)</b>                        | <b>(37,911)</b>               | -               | <b>(95,461)</b>  | <b>(73,578)</b>                        | <b>(35,600)</b>               | -              | <b>(109,178)</b> |
| Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims                                          | (57,606)                               | (37,911)                      | -               | <b>(95,517)</b>  | (74,030)                               | (35,600)                      | -              | <b>(109,630)</b> |
| Adjustments to the remaining hedging liability                                          | 56                                     | -                             | -               | <b>56</b>        | 452                                    | -                             | -              | <b>452</b>       |
| <b>Financial income / expense from reinsurance contracts</b>                            | <b>(7,455)</b>                         | <b>(459)</b>                  | <b>218</b>      | <b>(7,696)</b>   | <b>19,112</b>                          | <b>3,346</b>                  | <b>1,018</b>   | <b>23,476</b>    |
| <b>Cash flow</b>                                                                        | <b>189,477</b>                         | -                             | -               | <b>189,477</b>   | <b>218,864</b>                         | -                             | -              | <b>218,864</b>   |
| <b>Changes to the scope</b>                                                             | -                                      | -                             | -               | -                | -                                      | -                             | -              | -                |
| <b>Reinsurance contract assets/(Reinsurance contract liabilities) as of 31 December</b> | <b>445,013</b>                         | <b>75,487</b>                 | <b>98,855</b>   | <b>619,355</b>   | <b>491,818</b>                         | <b>70,608</b>                 | <b>132,078</b> | <b>694,504</b>   |

### 14.a.3.2) Direct holding contracts

For contracts measured under VFA, the reconciliation from opening to closing balances, broken down by measurement component for 2025 and 2024, is shown below:

| Occident - Life VFA                                                                   | 2025                                   |                               |          |           | 2024                                   |                               |          |           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|
|                                                                                       | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM      | Total     | Estimation of the current value of FCF | Non-financial risk adjustment | CSM      | Total     |
| <b>Insurance contracts issued</b>                                                     |                                        |                               |          |           |                                        |                               |          |           |
| Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 1 January            | 919,407                                | 60,440                        | 89,320   | 1,069,167 | 736,236                                | 52,012                        | 82,734   | 870,982   |
| Changes related to current services                                                   | (8,352)                                | (4,430)                       | (7,748)  | (20,530)  | (902)                                  | (3,441)                       | (6,613)  | (10,956)  |
| CSM recognised for services provided                                                  | -                                      | -                             | (7,748)  | (7,748)   | -                                      | -                             | (6,613)  | (6,613)   |
| Change in non-financial risk adjustment for past due risk                             | -                                      | (4,430)                       | -        | (4,430)   | -                                      | (3,441)                       | -        | (3,441)   |
| Experience settings                                                                   | (8,352)                                | -                             | -        | (8,352)   | (902)                                  | -                             | -        | (902)     |
| Changes related to future services                                                    | 77,756                                 | 3,874                         | (81,630) | -         | 73,628                                 | 8,537                         | (82,165) | -         |
| Contracts initially recognised in the year                                            | (15,690)                               | 8,649                         | 7,041    | -         | (11,905)                               | 8,832                         | 3,073    | -         |
| Changes in estimates adjusting the CSM                                                | 93,446                                 | (4,775)                       | (88,671) | -         | 85,533                                 | (295)                         | (85,238) | -         |
| Changes in estimates resulting in losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         |
| Changes related to past services                                                      | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         |
| Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims                                        | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         |
| Financial income/expenses on insurance contracts recognised in the income statement   | 27,292                                 | 481                           | 110,219  | 137,992   | 26,692                                 | 3,332                         | 95,364   | 125,388   |
| Financial income/expense from insurance contracts recognised in OCI                   | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         |
| Total changes recognised in the income statement and other comprehensive income       | 27,292                                 | 481                           | 110,219  | 137,992   | 26,692                                 | 3,332                         | 95,364   | 125,388   |
| Other changes                                                                         | (233)                                  | -                             | -        | (233)     | (233)                                  | -                             | -        | (233)     |
| Cash flow                                                                             | 106,323                                | -                             | -        | 106,323   | 83,986                                 | -                             | -        | 83,986    |
| Premiums received                                                                     | 354,341                                | -                             | -        | 354,341   | 239,517                                | -                             | -        | 239,517   |
| Cash flows from acquisition                                                           | (12,338)                               | -                             | -        | (12,338)  | (11,789)                               | -                             | -        | (11,789)  |
| Benefits and other insurance expenses paid                                            | (235,680)                              | -                             | -        | (235,680) | (143,742)                              | -                             | -        | (143,742) |
| Changes to the scope                                                                  | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         | -                                      | -                             | -        | -         |
| Insurance contract liabilities/(Insurance contract assets) as at 31 December          | 1,122,193                              | 60,365                        | 110,161  | 1,292,719 | 919,407                                | 60,440                        | 89,320   | 1,069,167 |



## 14.b) Impact of contracts recognised in the year

The following table shows an analysis of the contracts initially recognised in the year, based on whether the groups of contracts are profitable or onerous, as at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024, for contracts measured under BBA and VFA:

### 31 December 2025

|                                                                                  | Profitable contracts |              |                          |             | Onerous contracts |              |                          |             | Total       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                                                  | Occident             |              |                          | Atradius    | Occident          |              |                          | Atradius    |             |
|                                                                                  | Life Risk            | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |             | Life Risk         | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |             |             |
| Estimates of current value of future cash flow outflows                          | -                    | 261,035      | 376,799                  | 983,108     | 8,798             | 8,644        | -                        | 1,135,493   | 2,773,877   |
| - Acquisition flows                                                              | -                    | 6,663        | 9,937                    | 279,508     | 1,203             | 203          | -                        | 277,816     | 575,330     |
| - Benefits and other directly attributable expenses                              | -                    | 254,372      | 366,862                  | 703,600     | 7,595             | 8,441        | -                        | 857,677     | 2,198,547   |
| Estimates of the current value of future cash flow inflows                       | -                    | (281,729)    | (392,488)                | (1,242,668) | (8,825)           | (8,025)      | -                        | (1,112,510) | (3,046,245) |
| Non-financial risk adjustment                                                    | -                    | 6,597        | 8,649                    | 68,381      | 614               | 156          | -                        | 75,575      | 159,972     |
| CSM                                                                              | -                    | 14,097       | 7,040                    | 191,179     | -                 | -            | -                        | -           | 212,316     |
| Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the year | -                    | -            | -                        | -           | 587               | 775          | -                        | 98,558      | 99,920      |

### 31 December 2024

|                                                                                  | Profitable contracts |              |                          |             | Onerous contracts |              |                          |             | Total       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                                                  | Occident             |              |                          | Atradius    | Occident          |              |                          | Atradius    |             |
|                                                                                  | Life Risk            | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |             | Life Risk         | Life Savings | Direct holding contracts |             |             |
| Estimates of current value of future cash flow outflows                          | 1,863                | 264,804      | 313,775                  | 900,510     | 5,190             | 25,178       | -                        | 1,127,540   | 2,638,860   |
| - Acquisition flows                                                              | 180                  | 7,596        | 8,992                    | 275,193     | 837               | 768          | -                        | 242,216     | 535,782     |
| - Benefits and other directly attributable expenses                              | 1,683                | 257,208      | 304,783                  | 625,317     | 4,353             | 24,410       | -                        | 885,324     | 2,103,078   |
| Estimates of the current value of future cash flow inflows                       | (2,101)              | (284,440)    | (325,680)                | (1,215,932) | (5,376)           | (26,264)     | -                        | (1,086,224) | (2,946,017) |
| Non-financial risk adjustment                                                    | 11                   | 4,922        | 8,832                    | 57,856      | 443               | 3,023        | -                        | 79,017      | 154,104     |
| CSM                                                                              | 227                  | 14,714       | 3,073                    | 257,566     | -                 | -            | -                        | -           | 275,580     |
| Increase in insurance contract liabilities from contracts recognised in the year | -                    | -            | -                        | -           | 257               | 1,937        | -                        | 120,333     | 122,527     |

Atradius records the higher uncertainty observed in the risk environment for the most recent months in the estimates of future cash flows. This is why Atradius shows losses at initial recognition. If these risks do not materialise, these insurance contracts become profitable.

#### 14.c) Future contractual service margin income

The following table shows the expected income statement recognition of the contractual service margin at 31 December 2025 and 31 December 2024 for direct insurance contracts:

| 2025                                    | Less than 1 year | 1 to 5 years   | More than 5 years | Total          |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| <b>Occident</b>                         | <b>76,476</b>    | <b>119,828</b> | <b>133,755</b>    | <b>330,059</b> |
| Life Risk                               | 9,378            | 12,139         | 14,628            | <b>36,145</b>  |
| Life Savings                            | 28,893           | 38,784         | 116,076           | <b>183,753</b> |
| Direct holding contracts                | 38,205           | 68,905         | 3,051             | <b>110,161</b> |
| <b>Atradius</b>                         | <b>112,458</b>   | <b>98,766</b>  | <b>11,649</b>     | <b>222,873</b> |
| <b>Total CSM by insurance contracts</b> | <b>188,934</b>   | <b>218,594</b> | <b>145,404</b>    | <b>552,932</b> |

| 2024                                    | Less than 1 year | 1 to 5 years   | More than 5 years | Total          |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| <b>Occident</b>                         | <b>66,635</b>    | <b>109,397</b> | <b>175,770</b>    | <b>351,802</b> |
| Life Risk                               | 5,084            | 15,593         | 23,131            | <b>43,808</b>  |
| Life Savings                            | 16,184           | 51,516         | 150,974           | <b>218,674</b> |
| Direct holding contracts                | 45,367           | 42,288         | 1,665             | <b>89,320</b>  |
| <b>Atradius</b>                         | <b>122,129</b>   | <b>97,746</b>  | <b>12,065</b>     | <b>231,940</b> |
| <b>Total CSM by insurance contracts</b> | <b>188,764</b>   | <b>207,143</b> | <b>187,835</b>    | <b>583,742</b> |

#### 14.d) Evolution of the incurred claims liability

The evolution in Occident of non-life insurance and in Atradius of the incurred claims liability constituted at the different gross dates of reinsurance is shown below, according to the occurrence of the claims, based on the benefits paid and the reserve available for them after the closing dates. The evolution for Occident's life insurance is not shown as there is no uncertainty as to the time and amount of payment and as the claims are immediately payable.

| MOTOR                                                                                                                                       | Year of occurrence |         |         |         |         |         | Total          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                             | 2020               | 2021    | 2022    | 2023    | 2024    | 2025    |                |
| Estimated claims measurement (gross of reinsurance, undiscounted, including other directly attributable claims management related expenses) |                    |         |         |         |         |         |                |
| At the end of the year of occurrence                                                                                                        | 423,747            | 468,115 | 499,104 | 529,814 | 539,790 | 577,078 |                |
| 1 year later                                                                                                                                | 381,380            | 441,152 | 484,414 | 528,797 | 548,946 |         |                |
| 2 years later                                                                                                                               | 361,855            | 418,765 | 482,282 | 518,611 |         |         |                |
| 3 years later                                                                                                                               | 345,315            | 412,215 | 480,400 |         |         |         |                |
| 4 years later                                                                                                                               | 341,184            | 406,369 |         |         |         |         |                |
| 5 years later                                                                                                                               | 335,552            |         |         |         |         |         |                |
| Gross cumulative amounts paid (claims and other directly attributable expenses)                                                             | 321,341            | 380,675 | 430,183 | 441,847 | 409,497 | 290,979 | 2,274,522      |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - years of occurrence from 2020 to 2025                                                                | 14,211             | 25,694  | 50,217  | 76,764  | 139,449 | 286,099 | 592,434        |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - prior years of occurrence                                                                            |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 52,719         |
| Liabilities for internal gross reinsurance claims settlement expenses                                                                       |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 16,205         |
| Discounting effect                                                                                                                          |                    |         |         |         |         |         | (25,718)       |
| Effect of non-financial risk adjustment                                                                                                     |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 32,389         |
| <b>Gross reinsurance incurred claims liabilities</b>                                                                                        |                    |         |         |         |         |         | <b>668,029</b> |

| MULTI-RISK                                                                                                                                  | Year of occurrence |         |         |         |         |         | Total          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                             | 2020               | 2021    | 2022    | 2023    | 2024    | 2025    |                |
| Estimated claims measurement (gross of reinsurance, undiscounted, including other directly attributable claims management related expenses) |                    |         |         |         |         |         |                |
| At the end of the year of occurrence                                                                                                        | 380,211            | 400,656 | 458,743 | 480,744 | 449,771 | 481,448 |                |
| 1 year later                                                                                                                                | 362,993            | 392,730 | 458,618 | 478,837 | 469,625 |         |                |
| 2 years later                                                                                                                               | 360,649            | 390,243 | 461,572 | 479,943 |         |         |                |
| 3 years later                                                                                                                               | 360,843            | 390,128 | 466,141 |         |         |         |                |
| 4 years later                                                                                                                               | 361,125            | 390,101 |         |         |         |         |                |
| 5 years later                                                                                                                               | 361,314            |         |         |         |         |         |                |
| Gross cumulative amounts paid (claims and other directly attributable expenses)                                                             | 354,898            | 380,329 | 443,052 | 455,168 | 421,086 | 339,383 | 2,393,916      |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - years of occurrence from 2020 to 2025                                                                | 6,416              | 9,772   | 23,089  | 24,775  | 48,539  | 142,065 | 254,656        |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - prior years of occurrence                                                                            |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 18,505         |
| Liabilities for internal gross reinsurance claims settlement expenses                                                                       |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 5,767          |
| Discounting effect                                                                                                                          |                    |         |         |         |         |         | (11,222)       |
| Effect of non-financial risk adjustment                                                                                                     |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 32,637         |
| <b>Gross reinsurance incurred claims liabilities</b>                                                                                        |                    |         |         |         |         |         | <b>300,343</b> |

| VARIOUS                                                                                                                                     | Year of occurrence |         |         |         |         |         | Total          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                             | 2020               | 2021    | 2022    | 2023    | 2024    | 2025    |                |
| Estimated claims measurement (gross of reinsurance, undiscounted, including other directly attributable claims management related expenses) |                    |         |         |         |         |         |                |
| At the end of the year of occurrence                                                                                                        | 173,674            | 160,706 | 153,450 | 169,855 | 187,253 | 207,284 |                |
| 1 year later                                                                                                                                | 147,020            | 150,653 | 154,272 | 177,204 | 175,654 |         |                |
| 2 years later                                                                                                                               | 145,400            | 155,582 | 163,631 | 187,811 |         |         |                |
| 3 years later                                                                                                                               | 146,720            | 158,337 | 168,880 |         |         |         |                |
| 4 years later                                                                                                                               | 147,548            | 161,473 |         |         |         |         |                |
| 5 years later                                                                                                                               | 150,662            |         |         |         |         |         |                |
| Gross cumulative amounts paid (claims and other directly attributable expenses)                                                             | 140,922            | 147,435 | 143,263 | 147,403 | 124,955 | 101,550 | 805,528        |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - years of occurrence from 2020 to 2025                                                                | 9,740              | 14,038  | 25,617  | 40,408  | 50,699  | 105,734 | 246,236        |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - prior years of occurrence                                                                            |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 46,291         |
| Liabilities for internal gross reinsurance claims settlement expenses                                                                       |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 5,165          |
| Discounting effect                                                                                                                          |                    |         |         |         |         |         | (18,490)       |
| Effect of non-financial risk adjustment                                                                                                     |                    |         |         |         |         |         | 19,089         |
| <b>Gross reinsurance incurred claims liabilities</b>                                                                                        |                    |         |         |         |         |         | <b>298,291</b> |

| ATRADIUS                                                                                                                                    | Year of occurrence |         |         |           |           |           | Total          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                             | 2020               | 2021    | 2022    | 2023      | 2024      | 2025      |                |
| Estimated claims measurement (gross of reinsurance, undiscounted, including other directly attributable claims management related expenses) |                    |         |         |           |           |           |                |
| At the end of the year of occurrence                                                                                                        | 502,253            | 555,967 | 751,052 | 1,026,736 | 1,071,707 | 1,065,536 |                |
| 1 year later                                                                                                                                | 394,339            | 420,691 | 690,454 | 950,974   | 1,007,986 |           |                |
| 2 years later                                                                                                                               | 401,661            | 407,972 | 657,370 | 919,208   |           |           |                |
| 3 years later                                                                                                                               | 384,093            | 365,046 | 634,949 |           |           |           |                |
| 4 years later                                                                                                                               | 364,604            | 359,843 |         |           |           |           |                |
| 5 years later                                                                                                                               | 353,074            |         |         |           |           |           |                |
| Gross cumulative amounts paid (claims and other directly attributable expenses)                                                             | 337,383            | 335,076 | 613,726 | 731,208   | 924,644   | 737,081   | 3,679,118      |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - years of occurrence from 2020 to 2025                                                                | 15,691             | 24,767  | 21,223  | 188,000   | 83,342    | 328,455   | 661,478        |
| Gross reinsurance claims liabilities - prior years of occurrence                                                                            |                    |         |         |           |           |           | 90,073         |
| Liabilities for internal gross reinsurance claims settlement expenses                                                                       |                    |         |         |           |           |           | -              |
| Discounting effect                                                                                                                          |                    |         |         |           |           |           | (2,604)        |
| Effect of non-financial risk adjustment                                                                                                     |                    |         |         |           |           |           | 125,886        |
| <b>Gross reinsurance incurred claims liabilities</b>                                                                                        |                    |         |         |           |           |           | <b>874,833</b> |

## 14.e) Acquisition cash flows

The reconciliation of the opening and closing balance of the assets to the insurance acquisition cash flows for 2025 and 2024 is presented below:

|                                                                        | 2025      |             |           |            |                     |          | Atradius  | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|-------|
|                                                                        | Occident  |             |           |            |                     |          |           |       |
|                                                                        | Life      |             | Non-Life  |            |                     |          |           |       |
|                                                                        | Life Risk | Others Life | Motor     | Multi-risk | Other miscellaneous |          |           |       |
| Opening balance                                                        | 5,342     | 632         | 52,927    | 89,391     | 32,591              | 13,084   | 193,967   |       |
| New acquisition costs                                                  | 73,787    | 9,835       | 138,355   | 270,183    | 124,901             | 12,348   | 629,409   |       |
| Amount derecognised during the period due to contract group assignment | (72,189)  | (9,723)     | (131,556) | (257,760)  | (120,084)           | (13,084) | (604,396) |       |
| Impairment losses                                                      | (12)      | (6)         | (185)     | (259)      | (273)               | -        | (735)     |       |
| Closing balance                                                        | 6,928     | 738         | 59,541    | 101,555    | 37,135              | 12,348   | 218,245   |       |

|                                                                        | 2024      |             |           |            |                     |          | Atradius  | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|-------|
|                                                                        | Occident  |             |           |            |                     |          |           |       |
|                                                                        | Life      |             | Non-Life  |            |                     |          |           |       |
|                                                                        | Life Risk | Others Life | Motor     | Multi-risk | Other miscellaneous |          |           |       |
| Opening balance                                                        | 1,983     | 664         | 43,058    | 83,408     | 29,648              | 12,831   | 171,592   |       |
| New acquisition costs                                                  | 83,112    | 9,847       | 129,826   | 244,880    | 120,521             | 13,084   | 601,270   |       |
| Amount derecognised during the period due to contract group assignment | (79,813)  | (9,885)     | (120,141) | (239,105)  | (117,651)           | (12,831) | (579,426) |       |
| Impairment losses                                                      | 60        | 6           | 184       | 208        | 73                  | -        | 531       |       |
| Closing balance                                                        | 5,342     | 632         | 52,927    | 89,391     | 32,591              | 13,084   | 193,967   |       |

As the maturity of these is in the short term, it is expected that the recognition of their derecognition will take place within one year at the latest from the current closing date.

## 15. Non-technical provisions

The breakdown as of 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

|                                                 | Thousands of Euros |                |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
|                                                 | 31/12/2025         | 31/12/2025     |
| Provisions for pensions and similar obligations | 95,109             | 94,187         |
| Temporary income - indemnities for termination  | -                  | -              |
| Other commitments with the personnel            | 8,623              | 7,385          |
| Provisions for liabilities                      | 309                | 354            |
| Provisions for restructuring                    | 47,110             | 53,007         |
| Litigation/Legal                                | 29,642             | 18,543         |
| Other provisions                                | 3,819              | 2,120          |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>184,612</b>     | <b>175,596</b> |

Besides the stipulations noted in Note 11 and those that correspond to the nature of the insurance business which are duly measured and included, where necessary, in the claims provisions, the Group has no significant claims, lawsuits or court processes which individually imply damage or that may affect the consolidated financial statements as well as contingent liabilities that could involve the Group in law suits or involve the imposition of sanctions or penalties with a significant effect on the company's Equity.

With the aim of achieving better organisational alignment following the corporate merger of Occident, the voluntary redundancy plan agreed with the Trade Union Sections representing the majority of employees was implemented. The termination of contracts took place during the 2023 and 2024 financial years. The amount provisioned for this item at the end of 2025 mainly corresponds to social security contributions and income from the redundancy plan.

In relation to the inspection report issued on 13 September 2023 by the DGSFP to the insurer Seguros Catalana Occidente, S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros (currently Occident GCO, S.A.U de Seguros y Reaseguros), and following the analysis and interpretation of the resolution of this inspection, said company lodged an appeal with respect to some of the points of said resolution. The possible and different interpretations of the points indicated in the resolution of the DGSFP and their resolution could finally result in economic obligations for this Group insurer.

Likewise, on 8 March 2024 an inspection report was received by insurance company Nortehispana de Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A.U. (currently Occident GCO, S.A.U de Seguros y Reaseguros) from the DGSFP, the purpose of which is the analysis of the underwriting, management and settlement of claims in the funeral branch.

As a result of the above, a provision for risks and other legal contingencies of €24 million has been set up.

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, the commitments are reflected in the provision for pensions, and similar obligations are detailed as follows:

|                                                        | 2025 (thousands of euros) |                     |                   | 2024 (thousands of euros) |                     |                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
|                                                        | Provision defined         | Contributed defined | Total Commitments | Provision defined         | Contributed defined | Total Commitments |
| <b>Commitments for pensions</b>                        |                           |                     |                   |                           |                     |                   |
| Accrued by active personnel                            | 131,255                   | 45,025              | 176,280           | 142,392                   | 37,771              | 180,163           |
| Caused by passive personnel                            | 230,791                   | -                   | 230,791           | 237,206                   | -                   | 237,206           |
| <b>Total Obligations</b>                               | <b>362,046</b>            | <b>45,025</b>       | <b>407,071</b>    | <b>379,598</b>            | <b>37,771</b>       | <b>417,369</b>    |
| <b>Assets affected by the plan</b>                     |                           |                     |                   |                           |                     |                   |
| Affected assets Atradius N.V.                          | 311,962                   | -                   | 311,962           | 323,182                   | -                   | 323,182           |
| Assets not recognised Atradius N.V. Dutch Plan         | -                         | -                   | -                 | -                         | -                   | -                 |
| <b>Total assets</b>                                    | <b>311,962</b>            | <b>-</b>            | <b>311,962</b>    | <b>323,182</b>            | <b>-</b>            | <b>323,182</b>    |
| <b>Provisions for pensions and similar obligations</b> | <b>50,084</b>             | <b>45,025</b>       | <b>95,109</b>     | <b>56,416</b>             | <b>37,771</b>       | <b>94,187</b>     |

Assets and liabilities for pension obligations relate mainly to assets and liabilities for defined benefit plans.

The main defined benefit plans as at 31 December 2025 are in the UK, Germany and Spain, representing 89% (2024: 90%) of the assets derived from pension commitments and 87% (2024: 88%) of the defined benefit obligations recorded as liabilities. The remaining plans are in Italy, Switzerland, Belgium, Norway, France and Mexico with defined benefit liabilities between €1.5 million and €5.8 million (2024: between €1.2 million and €6.6 million) and the number of participants is between 13 and 443 persons (2024: between 13 and 443).

Defined benefit plans expose the Group primarily to investment market risk, interest rate risk and inflation risk:

- a decrease in the market value of assets will impact the balance sheet liabilities and cash flows for those countries where there is a minimum funding requirement;
- a decrease in corporate bond yields will lead to an increase in plan liabilities, even if the effect is partially mitigated by an increase in the value of plan bonds; and
- an increase in the rate of inflation will lead to an increase in plan liabilities and, consequently, an increase in company contributions in those plans where there is a minimum funding requirement.

The following table summarises the conciliation, the funding status and the amounts recognised in the consolidated balance sheet as of 31 December 2025 for defined benefit obligations (in thousands of euros):



|                                                                        | Securities of defined benefit |                 | Fair value of assets affected |                 | Impact of the minimum requirement / Limit of the asset |              | (Asset)/Net liability of the provision defined |                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                                        | 2025                          | 2024            | 2025                          | 2024            | 2025                                                   | 2024         | 2025                                           | 2024            |
| <b>Balance at 1 January</b>                                            | <b>379,338</b>                | <b>378,868</b>  | <b>323,182</b>                | <b>313,678</b>  | <b>(260)</b>                                           | <b>(97)</b>  | <b>56,416</b>                                  | <b>65,287</b>   |
| <b>Reclassification of plans</b>                                       | -                             | -               | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | -                                              | -               |
| Included in profit and loss:                                           |                               |                 |                               |                 |                                                        |              |                                                |                 |
| Cost of services for the current financial year                        | 4,113                         | 5,466           | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | 4,113                                          | 5,466           |
| Cost for past services - Plan modifications                            | 29                            | (871)           | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | 29                                             | (871)           |
| Cost of past services - Recalculation of pension commitments           | (1,111)                       | -               | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | (1,111)                                        | -               |
| Cost (Income) of the interest                                          | 15,651                        | 15,474          | 16,370                        | 17,911          | (10)                                                   | -            | (709)                                          | (2,437)         |
| Administration costs                                                   | 4                             | 4               | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | 4                                              | 4               |
| Termination benefit expenses                                           | 530                           | -               | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | 530                                            | -               |
| <b>Total included in profit and loss</b>                               | <b>19,216</b>                 | <b>20,073</b>   | <b>16,370</b>                 | <b>17,911</b>   | <b>(10)</b>                                            | <b>-</b>     | <b>2,856</b>                                   | <b>2,162</b>    |
| Included in OCI:                                                       |                               |                 |                               |                 |                                                        |              |                                                |                 |
| Revaluation loss (gain):                                               |                               |                 |                               |                 |                                                        |              |                                                |                 |
| Actuarial loss (gain) by:                                              |                               |                 |                               |                 |                                                        |              |                                                |                 |
| - Demographic assumption                                               | 1,483                         | (560)           | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | 1,483                                          | (560)           |
| - Financial assumption                                                 | (18,322)                      | (17,132)        | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | (18,322)                                       | (17,132)        |
| - Experience adjustments                                               | 8,216                         | 19,417          | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | 8,216                                          | 19,417          |
| - adjustments for defined benefit restrictions on net assets           | -                             | -               | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | -                                              | -               |
| Input of assets affected by the plan, excluding income of interest (*) | -                             | -               | (8,911)                       | (58,262)        | -                                                      | -            | 8,911                                          | 58,262          |
| Changes in unrecoverable surplus other than interest                   | -                             | -               | -                             | -               | 93                                                     | (163)        | (93)                                           | 163             |
| <b>Total included in OCI</b>                                           | <b>(8,623)</b>                | <b>1,725</b>    | <b>(8,911)</b>                | <b>(58,262)</b> | <b>93</b>                                              | <b>(163)</b> | <b>195</b>                                     | <b>60,150</b>   |
| Others:                                                                |                               |                 |                               |                 |                                                        |              |                                                |                 |
| Contributions paid by the employer                                     | (5,114)                       | (4,561)         | 3,382                         | 10,797          | -                                                      | -            | (8,496)                                        | (15,358)        |
| Contributions from the participants                                    | 612                           | 615             | 612                           | 615             | -                                                      | -            | -                                              | -               |
| Benefits paid                                                          | (13,518)                      | (18,757)        | (12,407)                      | (14,523)        | -                                                      | -            | (1,111)                                        | (4,234)         |
| Settlement                                                             | -                             | -               | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | -                                              | -               |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations                                   | (8,887)                       | 8,278           | (11,088)                      | 12,659          | 1                                                      | -            | 2,200                                          | (4,381)         |
| Excess asset reclassifications                                         | -                             | -               | 822                           | 47,849          | -                                                      | -            | (822)                                          | (47,849)        |
| Additional profits/losses                                              | (1,154)                       | 639             | -                             | -               | -                                                      | -            | (1,154)                                        | 639             |
| Others                                                                 | -                             | (7,542)         | -                             | (7,542)         | -                                                      | -            | -                                              | -               |
| <b>Total Other</b>                                                     | <b>(28,061)</b>               | <b>(21,328)</b> | <b>(18,679)</b>               | <b>49,855</b>   | <b>1</b>                                               | <b>-</b>     | <b>(9,383)</b>                                 | <b>(71,183)</b> |
| <b>Balance on 31 December</b>                                          | <b>361,870</b>                | <b>379,338</b>  | <b>311,962</b>                | <b>323,182</b>  | <b>(176)</b>                                           | <b>(260)</b> | <b>50,084</b>                                  | <b>56,416</b>   |

(\*) In 2024, this includes the impact of the UK buy-in on OCI amounting to (€45.7) million.

### **Financial instruments not qualified as plan assets**

The Group has pension-related assets which under IAS 19 cannot be recognised as plan assets (more details on plans below).

In Germany, for one of the plans, assets of €13.0 million (€13.4 million in the 2024 financial year) are recognised as cash and cash equivalents. In the United Kingdom, there are financial investments amounting to €26.4 thousand (€26.4 thousand in 2024) in a deposit escrow account to support the pension fund for this country. In the event of insolvency, the Trustee of the pension fund has the rights to these investments, provided certain conditions are met.

The net pension plan assets correspond to the surplus of the UK pension plan, which at 31 December 2025 is €45,870 thousand (€46,691 thousand in 2024) and is recorded as assets arising from pension commitments (see Note 12).

### **Actuarial profit and loss**

In 2025, actuarial losses (net) of (€935) thousand (losses (net) of (€60,659) thousand in 2024), of which (€195) thousand are associated with net defined benefit liabilities (assets) ((€60,150) thousand in 2024).

### **Characteristics of the main defined benefit plans**

The following table highlights the main characteristics of defined benefit plans:

| Characteristic                      | United Kingdom                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Germany                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Spain                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Commitment                          | Right to pension based on a percentage of the final salary (closed to new employees).                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Right to pension based on a percentage of the average salary for the past 10 years.                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Post employment: Retirement awards, post-retirement life insurance, annuities, amount EX GAN, Christmas hamper, holiday insurance.<br>Long-term: permanence awards. |
| Census                              | 62 active (2024: 66 active members).<br>695 inactive (2024: 698 inactive members).                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 480 active (2024: 479 active members).<br>580 inactive (2024: 520 inactive members).                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 2,413 active (2024: 2,577 active members).<br>745 inactive (2024: 526 inactive members).                                                                            |
| Securities of defined benefit       | €165.4 million (2024: €179.9 million).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | €113.7 million (2024: €117.4 million).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | €34.9 million (2024: €34.8 million).                                                                                                                                |
| Plan Assets                         | €207.9 million (2024: €223.4 million).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | €102.4 million (2024: €100.8 million).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Plan 0 assets.<br>Reimbursement rights<br>€13.1 million (2024: €13.1 million).                                                                                      |
| Revaluation profits (losses) in OCI | €1.6 million - loss (2024: €57 million - loss (*)).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | €2.1 million - profit (2024: €1 million - profit).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | €1.0 million - profit (2024: €2.0 million - profit).                                                                                                                |
| Instruments                         | The basis of the financing agreement for both commitments is borne by the Trust Deed and Rules. The Pension Fund performs actuarial measurements every three years in order to determine the contributions to be made by the employer.                                                                           | A contractual agreement is established as a funding vehicle to cover part of the pension liability. There is no specific financing agreement although the assets must not exceed €39.2 million financed initially.                                                                              | The commitments are externalised through linked insurance policies and with the company itself.                                                                     |
| Contributions paid by the employee  | In 2025, the contributions amounted to 7.1% (2024: 7.1%) of the pensionable salary.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | None, all contributions are made by the contributor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | None, all contributions are made by the contributor.                                                                                                                |
| ALM Strategy                        | In 2024, the pension plan invested in an insurance policy (buy in). As a result, the assets of the pension plan were transferred to the insurer in kind. There was a surplus of assets in the pension plan that were not needed to finance the buy-in, which are held in cash as an interim investment strategy. | The investment goals and policies are developed on the basis of an ALM study.<br><br>The investment policy limits the interest rate risk by restricting the investment in bonds to fixed interest bonds. The risk of equity is controlled in accordance with the Dow Jones Euro Stoxx 50 index. | N/A.                                                                                                                                                                |
| Regulatory Framework                | The UK pension scheme is subject to UK pension legislation and guidelines issued by the Pensions Regulator in the UK.                                                                                                                                                                                            | The German pension plan is subject to German pension legislation and guidelines issued by the German Pension Regulator.                                                                                                                                                                         | The Spanish pension plan is subject to Spanish pension legislation and guidelines issued by the Spanish Pension Regulator.                                          |

(\*) In 2024, this includes the impact of the UK buy-in on OCI amounting to (€45.7) million.

### Fair value of assets affected

The fair value of plan assets at year end is analysed in the following table (in thousands of euros):

| Plan Assets               | 2025           | 2024           |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | 35,488         | 35,512         |
| Equity                    | 27,141         | 25,694         |
| Fixed income              | 75,812         | 75,718         |
| Investment funds          | -              | -              |
| Insurance contracts       | 173,521        | 186,258        |
| Real estate assets        | -              | -              |
| <b>Total</b>              | <b>311,962</b> | <b>323,182</b> |

All equities and government bonds are traded in active markets. The plan assets do not include any instrument of the Group's own equity nor any property occupied or other assets used by the Group. As a result of the transaction described above, the assets associated with the Dutch Pension Fund have been liquidated and transferred to the aforementioned insurance company.

The current return on plan assets in the 2025 financial year was a profit of €7.3 million (a loss of (€40.3) million in the 2024 financial year).

The main assumptions used in 2025 and 2024 for the major defined benefit plans are as follows:

| Main actuarial assumptions                    | United Kingdom       |                      | Germany                |                        | Spain                                                            |                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                               | 2025                 | 2024                 | 2025                   | 2024                   | 2025                                                             | 2024                                                             |
| Discount rate                                 | 5.60%                | 5.50%                | 4.10%                  | 3.50%                  | 4.02%                                                            | 3.32%                                                            |
| Inflation rate                                | 3.20%                | 3.50%                | 2.00%                  | 2.00%                  | 2.00%                                                            | 2.00%                                                            |
| Expected increase of future wages             | 2.95%                | 3.25%                | 2.55%                  | 2.55%                  | 2.00%                                                            | 2.00%                                                            |
| Expected increase in levels of future profits | 2.95%                | 3.20%                | 1.75%                  | 1.75%                  | N/A                                                              | N/A                                                              |
| Mortality table                               | CMI 2024<br>(1% LTR) | CMI 2023<br>(1% LTR) | Heubeck<br>Richttafeln | Heubeck<br>Richttafeln | PER 2020<br>Col 1st<br>Order<br>PASEM -<br>2020 Rel<br>1st Order | PER 2020<br>Col 1st<br>Order<br>PASEM -<br>2020 Rel<br>1st Order |
| Duration                                      | 13                   | 13                   | 11                     | 12                     | 20                                                               | 14                                                               |

Discount rate breakdowns were obtained by hypothetical yield curves developed from information provided by the yield of corporate bonds in the reference market. According to international standards defined under IAS 19, the definition of these curves is based on the performance of AA credit quality corporate bonds.

Possible reasonable changes at year-end in one of the main assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have the following effect on the value of obligations (in thousands of euros):

| Securities of defined benefit                               | 2025     |          | 2024     |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|                                                             | Increase | Decrease | Increase | Decrease |
| Discount rate (1% movement)                                 | (31,241) | 38,108   | (34,166) | 41,802   |
| Inflation rate (1% movement)                                | 16,452   | (13,966) | 31,930   | (28,910) |
| Wage growth rate (1% movement)                              | 3,659    | (3,364)  | 4,022    | (3,648)  |
| Expected increase in levels of future profits (1% movement) | 30,155   | (25,841) | 31,828   | (27,196) |
| Future mortality (+ 1 year)                                 | 9,501    | -        | 10,608   | -        |

The aforementioned sensitivity analysis has been obtained using the "Projected Unit Credit" calculation method, and we have proceeded to replicate the calculation of obligations by changing a variable and leaving all other actuarial assumptions constant. A limitation of this method is that some of the variables may be correlated. There has been no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis for previous years.

## 16. Equity attributed to parent company shareholders

As part of the consolidated financial statements, the Group presents a statement of changes in consolidated equity which shows, among other things:

- The year's results derived from the profit and loss account
- Each of the year's income and expense items which, according to IFRS has been reflected directly in the net equity
- The total of the year's income and expenses (result of adding the two previous sections), showing separately the total amount attributed to shareholders of the parent company and minority shareholders
- The effects of changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors in each of the net equity components, if any
- The amounts of transactions that holders of net equity instruments have undertaken as, for example, capital contributions, the repurchase of own shares held in treasury and dividend distributions, showing these distributions separately, and
- The balance of retained earnings at the beginning of the year and the balance sheet date, and changes during the year.

The Group also separately details all income and expenses that have been recognised during the year, either through the profit or loss account or directly to equity. This statement is called "Recognised income and expenses statement" and is supplementary to the information provided in the net equity change status.

### 16.a) Capital

The parent company's subscribed capital stands at €36,000 thousand consisting of 120,000,000 fully subscribed and paid in book entry shares of €0.30 par value each represented in book-entry form (although, pursuant to a resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting of the parent company dated 19 January 2026, they have been converted into registered shares). All shares have the same rights, and the parent company may issue shares without voting rights.

The shareholders owning 10% or more of the parent company's share capital on 31 December 2025 were as follows:

|                       | <b>Percentage of<br/>holding</b> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Inoc, S.A.            | 74.91%                           |
| La Previsión 96, S.A. | 25.09%                           |

Inoc, S.A.'s shareholding percentage has increased by 37.97% compared to the percentage as at 31 December 2024 (36.94%), within the framework of the voluntary public takeover bid to acquire GCO shares and the exercise of the squeeze-out rights over the remaining shares (see Note 5.a).

The company Inoc, S.A., which owns 72.25% of La Previsión 96, S.A., directly and indirectly holds 93.03% of the parent company and belongs to a group whose parent company is CO Sociedad de Gestión y Participación, S.A.

## 16.b) Share premium and reserves

The statement of changes in equity attached to these financial statements details the balances of the share premium and retained earnings at the beginning of 2025 and on 31 December 2025, and the movements during the year.

The breakdown of the share premium and each type of reserve as of 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

|                                                 | Thousands of Euros     |                        |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|                                                 | Balances at 31/12/2025 | Balances at 31/12/2024 |
| <b>Share issue premium</b>                      | <b>1,533</b>           | <b>1,533</b>           |
| Differences from adjustment of capital to euros | 61                     | 61                     |
| Legal reserve                                   | 7,212                  | 7,212                  |
| Other reserves                                  | 4,903,042              | 4,312,325              |
| <b>Reserves</b>                                 | <b>4,910,315</b>       | <b>4,319,598</b>       |
| <b>Total share premium and Reserves</b>         | <b>4,911,848</b>       | <b>4,321,131</b>       |

### 16.b.1) Share issue premium

The balance of this type of reserves, according to the revised text of the Capital Companies Law can be used to expand capital. No restriction whatsoever is established for its availability.

### 16.b.2) Differences from adjustment of capital to euros

The balance of this reserve comes from the capital reduction carried out in the 2001 financial year as a result of changing corporate capital to euros. Availability is subject to the same requirements as the legal reserve.

### 16.b.3) Legal reserve

Under the Consolidated Text of the Capital Companies Law 10% of profit for each year must be transferred to the legal reserve until the balance of this reserve reaches at least 20% of share capital. The legal reserve may be used to increase share capital, providing that the remaining balance is no less than 10% of the increased share capital. Only for this purpose and as long as it does not exceed 20% of the corporate capital, this reserve can only be used to offset losses, as long as there are no other sufficient reserves available for this. At the various dates presented, the amount of this reserve accounted for 20% of the share capital.

## 16.c) Stocks and Treasury Shares

The balance of this subheading, which is the result of deducting the equity attributable to the shareholders of the parent company from the consolidated balance sheet on 31 December 2025 and 2024, in accordance with the reporting requirements established by IAS 32, which corresponds to the shares of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. property of the subsidiary Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.U. (hereinafter, 'SOGESCO').



The development of acquisitions and sales carried out during the 2025 and 2024 financial years has been as follows:

|                                     | Thousands of Euros  |               | Number of shares |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|
|                                     | Cost of acquisition | Nominal value |                  |
| <b>Balances on 1 January 2024</b>   | <b>22,787</b>       | <b>593</b>    | <b>1,977,283</b> |
| Additions                           | -                   | -             | -                |
| Withdrawals                         | -                   | -             | -                |
| <b>Balances on 31 December 2024</b> | <b>22,787</b>       | <b>593</b>    | <b>1,977,283</b> |
| Additions                           | -                   | -             | -                |
| Withdrawals (*)                     | (22,787)            | (593)         | (1,977,283)      |
| <b>Balances on 31 December 2025</b> | <b>-</b>            | <b>-</b>      | <b>-</b>         |

(\*) SOGESCO has sold all of its shares in GCO as part of the voluntary public Offer to acquire GCO shares (see Note 5.a).

#### 16.d) Distribution of profits

The Board members will propose to the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting that the 2025 profit of Grupo Catalana Occidente, Sociedad Anónima would be distributed as follows:

| Distribution                   | Year 2025          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
|                                | Thousands of Euros |
| To dividends                   | 663,732            |
| To voluntary reserves          | 265,524            |
| <b>Net profit for the year</b> | <b>929,256</b>     |

The distribution of profit for 2024 approved by the parent company's General Shareholders' Meeting, held 30 April 2025 is as follows:

| Distribution                   | Year 2024          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
|                                | Thousands of Euros |
| To dividends                   | 71,280             |
| To voluntary reserves          | 126,028            |
| <b>Net profit for the year</b> | <b>197,308</b>     |

Previously, the Board of Directors of the parent company, at its meetings held on 27 June 2024, 26 September 2024 and 30 January 2025, resolved to distribute, with a charge to reserves, the amount of €74,520 thousand, which was paid in several instalments on 10 July 2024, 09 October 2024 and 12 February 2025.

The consolidated net profit of 2024 is detailed in the statement of changes in equity.

## 16.e) Dividends

The various amounts paid by shareholders in 2025 as dividends is as follows:

| Governing Body:               | Date of Agreement: | Date of Payment: | Type of Dividend:            | Per share in euros | Total in thousands of euros |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Board of Directors            | 30 January 2025    | 12 February 2025 | Dividend charged to reserves | 0.2070             | 24,840                      |
| General Shareholders' Meeting | 30 April 2025      | 8 May 2025       | 2024 final dividend          | 0.5940             | 71,280                      |
| Board of Directors            | 26 June 2025       | 9 July 2025      | Dividend charged to reserves | 0.2500             | 30,000                      |
| Board of Directors            | 25 September 2025  | 8 October 2025   | Dividend charged to reserves | 0.2000             | 24,000                      |
| Board of Directors            | 9 December 2025    | 17 December 2025 | Interim dividend 2025        | 4.6500             | 558,000                     |
|                               |                    |                  |                              |                    | <b>708,120</b>              |

The completed dividend payouts during 2025 comply with the requirements and limitations established by the current legal framework and the Articles of Association in the parent company.

In addition, at its meeting on 29 January 2026, the Company's Board of Directors agreed to distribute an interim dividend for 2025 for the amount of €27,324 thousand, which was paid on 11 February 2026.

The decision to distribute dividends is based on a thorough, reflective analysis of the Group's situation, does not compromise either the Group's future solvency or the protection of policyholders' and insured party's interests, and is made in the context of the supervisors' recommendations on this matter.

## 16.f) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are determined by dividing net income attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, excluding the average number of treasury shares held during the year.

This calculation is illustrated as follows:

|                                                                                      | 2025        | 2024        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent company (thousands of euros) | 690,013     | 636,449     |
| Average weighted number of shares issued (thousands of shares)                       | 120,000     | 120,000     |
| Less: Weighted treasury shares (thousands of shares) (*)                             | (1,813)     | (1,977)     |
| Average weighted number of shares outstanding (thousands of shares)                  | 118,187     | 118,023     |
| <b>Earnings per share (Euros)</b>                                                    | <b>5.84</b> | <b>5.39</b> |

(\*) Refers to treasury shares held in treasury stock for 2025 and 2024.

As there are no stock options, warrants or other equivalent instruments that might cause a potential dilutive effect, the earnings per share figure is the same as the diluted earnings per share in the different periods presented.

## 16.g) Other accumulated comprehensive income

The comprehensive income accumulated outside of the profit and loss account includes the amounts relative to income and expenses charged directly to equity, broken down between items that were not reclassified to profits and those that can be subsequently reclassified to profits.

The main items that can be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss include: changes in the measurement of debt instruments held in the 'assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' portfolio, changes in the measurement for financial risk of insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts issued as well as those associated with exchange differences on translation of balances held in foreign currencies of this portfolio and of foreign subsidiaries of Atradius N.V.

### Other accumulated comprehensive income - Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profits by:

|                                                                                                         | Thousands of Euros     |                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|                                                                                                         | Balances at 31/12/2025 | Balances at 31/12/2024 |
| Changes in the fair value of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | 7,785                  | 24,852                 |
| Exchange-rate differences                                                                               | (41,462)               | 40,189                 |
| Changes in the fair value of issued insurance contracts                                                 | 130,750                | 8,571                  |
| Changes in the fair value of reinsurance contracts held                                                 | (6,548)                | 7,321                  |
| Entities accounted for using the equity method                                                          | (9,908)                | (9,119)                |
| Other adjustments                                                                                       | -                      | -                      |
| <b>Other accumulated comprehensive income</b>                                                           | <b>80,617</b>          | <b>71,814</b>          |

#### *Changes in the fair value of debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income*

This item mainly includes the net amount of changes in the fair value of debt instruments classified as 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' which, in accordance with Note 3.b.4, are classified as part of the Group's consolidated equity. These changes are recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account when the assets from which they arise are sold.

#### *Exchange-rate differences*

This item includes exchange-rate differences arising mainly on non-monetary items whose fair value is adjusted with a balancing entry in equity.

#### *Changes in the fair value of insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held*

For portfolios whose accounting policy option is "Other comprehensive income", this item includes changes attributable to market variables, i.e. changes in the discount rate and interest credited for the difference between the current market rate and the initial recognition rate.

#### *Entities accounted for using the equity method*

Includes income and expenses charged directly to net equity derived from holdings in entities measured using the equity method.

### Other accumulated comprehensive income - Items that cannot be reclassified to profits by:

#### *Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income*

This item mainly includes the net amount of changes in the fair value of equity instruments classified, under irrevocable option, as 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' which, in accordance with Note 3.b.4, are classified as part of the Group's consolidated equity. These changes are recognised in consolidated reserves when the assets from which they arise are sold, as there is no possibility of recycling.

### Actuarial profit and loss

Includes the actuarial changes that arise when calculating the securities for pensions and the fair value of the assets of the defined benefit plans of the Group, to be recognised in the period in which they occur, different from the reserves constituted by the net amount of income and expenses directly and definitively recognised in the equity. It also includes any reversal of assets that may occur when a plan's assets are greater than the expected benefit obligation and the Group cannot recover any surplus through redemptions of the pension vehicle, due to capital adequacy and control requirements.

The Group reclassified the accumulated balance of this item to Reserves. The reclassified gross amount for the 2025 financial year, as indicated in the defined benefit obligations table in Note 15, amounts to a loss of (€935) thousand (loss of (€60,659) thousand).

## 17. Minority interests

A breakdown of "Minority interests" and "Profit or loss attributable to minority interests" on 31 December 2025 and 2024, by consolidated company, is given below:

|                                                                    | Thousands of Euros |                                       |                    |                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                                                                    | 31/12/2025         |                                       | 31/12/2024         |                                       |
|                                                                    | Minority Interests | P&L attributable to external partners | Minority interests | P&L attributable to external partners |
| Atradius N.V. / Grupo Compañía Española de Crédito y Caución, S.L. | 488,229            | 66,386                                | 522,788            | 60,045                                |
| Grupo Catalana Occidente Tecnología y Servicios, A.I.E.            | -                  | -                                     | -                  | -                                     |
| Hercasol, S.A. SICAV                                               | 3,799              | 400                                   | 6,535              | 81                                    |
| Grupo Mémora                                                       | 8,859              | 933                                   | 8,824              | 903                                   |
| Asistea                                                            | -                  | -                                     | -                  | -                                     |
| <b>Total</b>                                                       | <b>500,887</b>     | <b>67,719</b>                         | <b>538,147</b>     | <b>61,029</b>                         |

The movement in "Minority interests" during 2025 and 2024 is shown in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

## 18. Financial information by segment

The current management of the business is based on financial information reported in the former IFRS 4 to the Group's management and, therefore, the information by segment and geographical area is broken down under the accounting principles established by said standard, until the management of the business and decision-making are based on financial information reported (including the consolidated management report) under the principles established in IFRS 17 (accounting standards applicable in these financial statements).

The breakdown of the financial information according to the segments defined by the Group is as follows:

| ASSETS                                                      | 31 December 2025  |                  |                |                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                                                             | Occident          | Atradius         | Mémora         | TOTAL              |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                   | 979,156           | 597,669          | 30,618         | <b>1,607,443</b>   |
| Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 1,306,361         | -                | -              | <b>1,306,361</b>   |
| Available-for-sale financial assets                         | 8,048,688         | 3,241,710        | 1,834          | <b>11,292,232</b>  |
| Loans and receivables                                       | 2,247,085         | (92,201)         | (504,723)      | <b>1,650,161</b>   |
| Reinsurance share of technical provisions                   | 154,410           | 1,115,857        | -              | <b>1,270,267</b>   |
| Property, plant and equipment and investment property       | 1,113,857         | 153,596          | 303,283        | <b>1,570,736</b>   |
| Intangible fixed assets                                     | 301,873           | 527,374          | 694,360        | <b>1,523,607</b>   |
| Holdings in group companies and associates                  | 15,013            | 106,984          | 6,743          | <b>128,740</b>     |
| Tax assets                                                  | 267,655           | 203,711          | 15,037         | <b>486,403</b>     |
| Other assets                                                | 235,021           | 637,957          | 5,360          | <b>878,338</b>     |
| Assets held for sale                                        | -                 | -                | -              | -                  |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS IFRS 4</b>                                  | <b>14,669,119</b> | <b>6,492,657</b> | <b>552,512</b> | <b>21,714,288</b>  |
| Reconciliation adjustments                                  |                   |                  |                | <b>(2,000,478)</b> |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS IFRS 17</b>                                 |                   |                  |                | <b>19,713,810</b>  |

| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY                      | Occident          | Atradius         | Mémora         | TOTAL              |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Debts and items payable                     | 228,564           | 736,053          | 376,999        | <b>1,341,616</b>   |
| Technical provisions                        | 9,564,808         | 3,558,456        | -              | <b>13,123,264</b>  |
| Non-technical provisions                    | 173,867           | 31,594           | 2,947          | <b>208,408</b>     |
| Tax liabilities                             | 446,636           | 282,397          | 62,236         | <b>791,269</b>     |
| Other liabilities                           | (1,733)           | 183,755          | 6,065          | <b>188,087</b>     |
| Liabilities linked to assets held for sale  | -                 | -                | -              | -                  |
| Net equity                                  | 4,256,977         | 1,700,402        | 104,265        | <b>6,061,644</b>   |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY IFRS 4</b>  | <b>14,669,119</b> | <b>6,492,657</b> | <b>552,512</b> | <b>21,714,288</b>  |
| Reconciliation adjustments                  |                   |                  |                | <b>(2,000,478)</b> |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY IFRS 17</b> |                   |                  |                | <b>19,713,810</b>  |

| ASSETS                                                      | 31 December 2024  |                  |                |                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                                                             | Occident          | Atradius         | Mémora         | TOTAL              |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                   | 697,444           | 695,187          | 34,078         | <b>1,426,709</b>   |
| Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 1,072,975         | -                | -              | <b>1,072,975</b>   |
| Available-for-sale financial assets                         | 7,742,401         | 3,304,003        | 3,605          | <b>11,050,009</b>  |
| Loans and receivables                                       | 2,112,050         | 11,964           | (404,652)      | <b>1,719,362</b>   |
| Reinsurance share of technical provisions                   | 156,461           | 1,133,533        | -              | <b>1,289,994</b>   |
| Property, plant and equipment and investment property       | 1,091,167         | 170,930          | 170,787        | <b>1,432,884</b>   |
| Intangible fixed assets                                     | 308,909           | 539,292          | 748,242        | <b>1,596,443</b>   |
| Holdings in group companies and associates                  | 13,862            | 104,511          | 6,602          | <b>124,975</b>     |
| Tax assets                                                  | 236,702           | 136,017          | 36,409         | <b>409,128</b>     |
| Other assets                                                | 214,996           | 624,771          | 4,757          | <b>844,524</b>     |
| Assets held for sale                                        | -                 | -                | -              | -                  |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS IFRS 4</b>                                  | <b>13,646,967</b> | <b>6,720,208</b> | <b>599,828</b> | <b>20,967,003</b>  |
| Reconciliation adjustments                                  |                   |                  |                | <b>(1,721,588)</b> |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS IFRS 17</b>                                 |                   |                  |                | <b>19,245,415</b>  |

| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY                      | Occident          | Atradius         | Mémora         | TOTAL              |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Debts and items payable                     | 201,972           | 847,972          | 485,939        | <b>1,535,883</b>   |
| Technical provisions                        | 9,121,001         | 3,512,754        | -              | <b>12,633,755</b>  |
| Non-technical provisions                    | 157,442           | 37,511           | 1,292          | <b>196,245</b>     |
| Tax liabilities                             | 356,584           | 196,736          | 64,860         | <b>618,180</b>     |
| Other liabilities                           | 23,970            | 181,952          | 8,429          | <b>214,351</b>     |
| Liabilities linked to assets held for sale  | -                 | -                | -              | -                  |
| Net equity                                  | 3,785,998         | 1,943,283        | 39,308         | <b>5,768,589</b>   |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY IFRS 4</b>  | <b>13,646,967</b> | <b>6,720,208</b> | <b>599,828</b> | <b>20,967,003</b>  |
| Reconciliation adjustments                  |                   |                  |                | <b>(1,721,588)</b> |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY IFRS 17</b> |                   |                  |                | <b>19,245,415</b>  |

The breakdown of earned premiums in 2025 and 2024, and all other income and expense items, grouped according to the main business segments is as follows:

**2025 Financial year (thousands of euros)**

|                                                                                                          | Occident      |                |                        |                | Atradius       | Total              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                                          | Motor         | Multi-risk     | Other<br>Miscellaneous | Life           |                |                    |
| Earned premiums from direct business and accepted reinsurance                                            | 793,181       | 939,591        | 766,178                | 906,656        | 2,314,211      | <b>5,719,817</b>   |
| Premiums attributed to transferred reinsurance                                                           | (17,479)      | (44,647)       | (55,387)               | (5,674)        | (778,715)      | <b>(901,902)</b>   |
| Income from property, plant and equipment and investments                                                | 47,019        | 37,241         | 48,424                 | 298,842        | 157,478        | <b>589,004</b>     |
| Income from investments assigned to insurance policies in which policyholders bear the investment risk   | -             | -              | -                      | 139,042        | -              | <b>139,042</b>     |
| Other technical income                                                                                   | 2             | 2              | 2                      | 20             | 256,296        | <b>256,322</b>     |
| Claims incurred in the year, net of reinsurance                                                          | (584,531)     | (503,752)      | (386,760)              | (843,778)      | (677,957)      | <b>(2,996,778)</b> |
| Change in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance                                                 | -             | -              | (12,287)               | (196,019)      | -              | <b>(208,306)</b>   |
| Provision for policyholder dividends and return premiums                                                 | -             | -              | 286                    | (29,676)       | -              | <b>(29,390)</b>    |
| Net operating expenses                                                                                   | (155,423)     | (283,998)      | (195,509)              | (81,970)       | (652,022)      | <b>(1,368,922)</b> |
| Other technical expenses                                                                                 | 7,191         | (1,151)        | (387)                  | (309)          | (25,954)       | <b>(20,610)</b>    |
| Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and investments                                      | (19,588)      | (14,543)       | (15,798)               | (46,950)       | (60,970)       | <b>(157,849)</b>   |
| Expenses from investments assigned to insurance policies in which policyholders bear the investment risk | -             | -              | -                      | (1,050)        | -              | <b>(1,050)</b>     |
| <b>Technical-financial profit/(loss)</b>                                                                 | <b>70,372</b> | <b>128,743</b> | <b>148,762</b>         | <b>139,134</b> | <b>532,367</b> | <b>1,019,378</b>   |

**2024 Financial year (thousands of euros)**

|                                                                                                          | Occident      |                |                        |                | Atradius       | Total              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                                          | Motor         | Multi-risk     | Other<br>Miscellaneous | Life           |                |                    |
| Earned premiums from direct business and accepted reinsurance                                            | 722,597       | 856,859        | 736,933                | 845,443        | 2,296,311      | <b>5,458,143</b>   |
| Premiums attributed to transferred reinsurance                                                           | (20,259)      | (42,036)       | (62,043)               | (6,293)        | (801,446)      | <b>(932,077)</b>   |
| Income from property, plant and equipment and investments                                                | 41,635        | 32,618         | 42,952                 | 312,180        | 138,208        | <b>567,593</b>     |
| Income from investments assigned to insurance policies in which policyholders bear the investment risk   | -             | -              | -                      | 125,461        | -              | <b>125,461</b>     |
| Other technical income                                                                                   | -             | -              | 32                     | 3              | 248,618        | <b>248,653</b>     |
| Claims incurred in the year, net of reinsurance                                                          | (543,095)     | (456,147)      | (349,700)              | (876,586)      | (708,392)      | <b>(2,933,920)</b> |
| Change in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance                                                 | -             | -              | (19,032)               | (95,401)       | -              | <b>(114,433)</b>   |
| Provision for policyholder dividends and return premiums                                                 | -             | -              | (952)                  | (30,115)       | -              | <b>(31,067)</b>    |
| Net operating expenses                                                                                   | (146,282)     | (265,038)      | (195,274)              | (77,491)       | (578,544)      | <b>(1,262,629)</b> |
| Other technical expenses                                                                                 | 10,208        | (1,268)        | (2,107)                | (1,805)        | (17,648)       | <b>(12,620)</b>    |
| Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and investments                                      | (17,713)      | (13,061)       | (12,372)               | (61,066)       | (58,360)       | <b>(162,572)</b>   |
| Expenses from investments assigned to insurance policies in which policyholders bear the investment risk | -             | -              | -                      | (73)           | -              | <b>(73)</b>        |
| <b>Technical-financial profit/(loss)</b>                                                                 | <b>47,091</b> | <b>111,927</b> | <b>138,437</b>         | <b>134,257</b> | <b>518,747</b> | <b>950,459</b>     |

Below is an explanation of the main changes in the accounting for insurance contracts established in IFRS 17 compared to the former IFRS 4:

- Under the heading "Financial assets at amortised cost", those previously referred to as "Loans and receivables" are grouped together, with the exception of the instalment of premiums to be written, classified in IFRS 4 under the asset heading "Receivables from direct insurance operations", which in IFRS 17 is classified under the liability heading "Liabilities for remaining hedges".
- IFRS 17 introduces the heading "Assets under insurance contracts", which mainly classifies consumer credit contracts (ICP) from Atradius, where premium and recovery flows exceed payment and expense flows.
- The accrual of acquisition commissions and expenses, classified in IFRS 4 under "Other assets", is classified in IFRS 17 under the liability item "Liabilities for remaining hedges".
- The impact on OCI mainly comprises two components: i) changes in value of the investment portfolio classified at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income and ii) changes in value of liabilities between the initial recognition rate (the so-called "locked-in-rate") and the current rate.
- Under IFRS 17, the Group no longer applies the shadow accounting approach. This has an impact on "Other comprehensive income" and "Other liabilities" with a corresponding deferred tax impact.
- Insurance service income: Income from premiums is replaced by changes in the liability for the remaining coverage in the BBA and VFA models, including the recognition of the service margin earned on insurance contracts (CSM). In the PAA model, the insurance service income is similar to the earned premium concept under IFRS 4.
- Insurance finance income and expenses: includes the effect of credited interest on the current value of the associated future cash flows, on the non-financial risk adjustment and on the CSM of insurance contract liabilities, as well as the effect of discount rate restatement for insurance contract liabilities measured under BBA/VFA and allocated to the income statement.



Additionally, at balance sheet level, the above changes imply, in terms of presentation, both in assets and liabilities, the replacement of the current headings of "Reinsurance participation in technical provisions" and "Technical provisions" by "Assets/liabilities under reinsurance contracts held" and "Assets/liabilities under insurance contracts issued", respectively.

With regard to IFRS 9, the heading mainly impacted by the application of this standard is that of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which increases its value due to the reclassification of those assets that do not pass the SPPI test, such as investment funds and certain fixed income instruments and deposits, which were valued through adjustments for changes in value in equity.

On the other hand, the Group has managed contributions to pension plans and investment funds, not reflected in the consolidated profit and loss account, amounting to €50,134 thousand during the 2025 financial year and €50,573 thousand during the 2024 financial year.

In the profit and loss account of the Atradius business line for the financial years 2025 and 2024, under the item "Other technical income", the income from services of Atradius N.V. is included as follows:

| Thousands of Euros                               |                |                |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                                  | Year 2025      | Year 2024      |
| Collection and recovery services                 | 68,591         | 61,878         |
| Information services and commissions             | 150,764        | 150,063        |
| Other income for services                        | 36,941         | 36,677         |
| <b>Total "Other technical income" - Atradius</b> | <b>256,296</b> | <b>248,618</b> |

A breakdown of staff costs for 2024 and 2025 and allocation to the profit and loss for each segment is shown below:

| Thousands of Euros                      |                |                |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                         | Year 2025      | Year 2024      |
| Wages and Salaries                      | 528,714        | 512,242        |
| Social Security                         | 115,972        | 110,907        |
| Contributions to external pension funds | 36,037         | 31,982         |
| Awards and Prizes                       | 7,932          | 2,764          |
| Other personnel costs                   | 24,971         | 21,610         |
| <b>Total</b>                            | <b>713,626</b> | <b>679,505</b> |

| Destination for personnel expenses – Year 2025                      | Occident       |               |                  | Atradius       | Mémora        | Total          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
|                                                                     | Non-Life       | Life          | Other activities |                |               |                |
| Claims incurred in the year, net of reinsurance                     | 24,869         | 406           | -                | 18,732         | -             | 44,007         |
| Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and investments | 1,455          | 1,511         | -                | -              | -             | 2,966          |
| Net operating expenses                                              | 123,690        | 24,540        | -                | 367,494        | -             | 515,724        |
| Other expenses                                                      | 774            | 404           | 27,543           | 33,147         | 89,061        | 150,929        |
| <b>Total net</b>                                                    | <b>150,788</b> | <b>26,861</b> | <b>27,543</b>    | <b>419,373</b> | <b>89,061</b> | <b>713,626</b> |

| Destination for personnel expenses – Year 2024          | Occident       |               |                  | Atradius       | Mémora        | Total          |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
|                                                         | Non-Life       | Life          | Other activities |                |               |                |
| Claims incurred in the year, net of reinsurance         | 25,625         | 347           | -                | 17,798         | -             | 43,770         |
| Expenses arising from property, plant and equipment and | 903            | 1,551         | -                | -              | -             | 2,454          |
| Net operating expenses                                  | 120,437        | 22,184        | -                | 345,789        | -             | 488,410        |
| Other expenses                                          | 698            | 406           | 29,125           | 31,929         | 82,713        | 144,871        |
| <b>Total net</b>                                        | <b>147,663</b> | <b>24,488</b> | <b>29,125</b>    | <b>395,516</b> | <b>82,713</b> | <b>679,505</b> |

## 18.a) Information by geographical area

### 18.a.1) Net premiums earned under reinsurance by geographical area

The territorial distribution of premiums earned net of reinsurance during 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

| Geographical Area          | Earned premiums in the period, net of reinsurance per geographical area |                |                  |                  |                  |                |                  |                  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
|                            | Year 2025                                                               |                |                  |                  | Year 2024        |                |                  |                  |
|                            | Occident                                                                |                | Atradius         | TOTAL            | Occident         |                | Atradius         | TOTAL            |
|                            | Non-Life                                                                | Life           |                  |                  | Non-Life         | Life           |                  |                  |
| Domestic market            | 2,339,630                                                               | 897,869        | 224,520          | <b>3,462,019</b> | 2,157,764        | 836,050        | 223,074          | <b>3,216,888</b> |
| International market       |                                                                         |                |                  |                  |                  |                |                  |                  |
| a) European Union          |                                                                         |                |                  |                  |                  |                |                  |                  |
| a.1) Euro zone             | 21,899                                                                  | -              | 806,305          | <b>828,204</b>   | 16,310           | -              | 772,923          | <b>789,233</b>   |
| a.2) Non-Euro zone         | -                                                                       | -              | 101,571          | <b>101,571</b>   | -                | -              | 100,989          | <b>100,989</b>   |
| b) Other                   | 19,908                                                                  | 3,113          | 403,100          | <b>426,121</b>   | 17,977           | 3,100          | 397,879          | <b>418,956</b>   |
| <b>Total IFRS 4</b>        | <b>2,381,437</b>                                                        | <b>900,982</b> | <b>1,535,496</b> | <b>4,817,915</b> | <b>2,192,051</b> | <b>839,150</b> | <b>1,494,865</b> | <b>4,526,066</b> |
| Reconciliation adjustments |                                                                         |                |                  | (366,170)        |                  |                |                  |                  |
| <b>Total IFRS 17</b>       |                                                                         |                |                  | <b>4,451,745</b> |                  |                |                  |                  |

### 18.a.2) Assets by geographical area

The distribution of the Group's assets by geographical location, based on the location of the service centres where the Group's insurance and complementary businesses are managed, is as follows:

|                                       | Spain      | The Netherlands and Scandinavian countries | Central and Eastern Europe, Greece and Turkey | Southern Europe | United Kingdom and Ireland | North America | Oceania, Asia and other emerging countries | Total             |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Assets IFRS 4 as at 31/12/2025</b> | 14,250,032 | 1,405,871                                  | 1,321,583                                     | 1,632,619       | 1,307,670                  | 1,117,406     | 679,107                                    | <b>21,714,288</b> |
| Reconciliation adjustments            |            |                                            |                                               |                 |                            |               |                                            | (2,000,478)       |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS IFRS 17</b>           |            |                                            |                                               |                 |                            |               |                                            | <b>19,713,810</b> |
| <b>Assets IFRS 4 as at 31/12/2024</b> | 13,461,881 | 1,643,436                                  | 1,178,754                                     | 1,603,572       | 1,364,142                  | 1,073,738     | 641,480                                    | <b>20,967,003</b> |
| Reconciliation adjustments            |            |                                            |                                               |                 |                            |               |                                            | (1,721,588)       |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS IFRS 17</b>           |            |                                            |                                               |                 |                            |               |                                            | <b>19,245,415</b> |

## 19. Profit before tax under IFRS 17 and IFRS 9

The profit before tax, considering the applicability of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9, is presented below for 2025 and 2024 on a segment basis:

|                                                                                            | 2025 Financial year (thousands of euros) |                  |                 |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
|                                                                                            | Occident                                 | Atradius         | Mémora          | Total            |
| 1. Insurance service income                                                                | 2,796,906                                | 2,277,873        | -               | 5,074,779        |
| a) Income from contracts measured under the general method (BBA) and equity method (VFA)   | 183,825                                  | 2,277,873        | -               | 2,461,698        |
| a.1) Amounts related to changes in the liability for the remaining coverage                | 183,339                                  | 1,679,021        | -               | 1,862,360        |
| - Expected benefits and expenses                                                           | 132,551                                  | 1,355,544        | -               | 1,488,095        |
| - Changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk                                    | 19,049                                   | 117,928          | -               | 136,977          |
| - CSM recognised for services provided                                                     | 31,739                                   | 205,549          | -               | 237,288          |
| a.2) Release (recovery) of acquisition costs allocated to the period                       | 486                                      | 548,260          | -               | 548,746          |
| a.3) Adjustment of experience related to current services                                  | -                                        | 50,592           | -               | 50,592           |
| b) Contract income measured under the simplified approach (PAA)                            | 2,613,081                                | -                | -               | 2,613,081        |
| 2. Insurance service expenses                                                              | (2,395,143)                              | (1,607,380)      | -               | (4,002,523)      |
| a) Benefits and expenses incurred                                                          | (1,672,182)                              | (1,189,178)      | -               | (2,861,360)      |
| b) Acquisition costs                                                                       | (646,007)                                | (548,260)        | -               | (1,194,267)      |
| c) Change in liability for incurred claims                                                 | (76,954)                                 | 130,058          | -               | 53,104           |
| <b>A) PROFIT/(LOSS) ASSOCIATED WITH INSURANCE CONTRACTS ISSUED</b>                         | <b>401,763</b>                           | <b>670,493</b>   | -               | <b>1,072,256</b> |
| 3. Reinsurance expenses                                                                    | (129,714)                                | (493,320)        | -               | (623,034)        |
| 4. Income from reinsurance recoveries                                                      | 88,830                                   | 236,391          | -               | 325,221          |
| <b>B) PROFIT/(LOSS) ASSOCIATED WITH REINSURANCE CONTRACTS HELD</b>                         | <b>(40,884)</b>                          | <b>(256,929)</b> | -               | <b>(297,813)</b> |
| <b>C) PROFIT/(LOSS) OF THE INSURANCE SERVICE (A + B)</b>                                   | <b>360,879</b>                           | <b>413,564</b>   | -               | <b>774,443</b>   |
| 5. Income from interest                                                                    | 187,706                                  | 82,247           | 378             | 270,331          |
| 6. Income from dividends                                                                   | 64,381                                   | 21,239           | 30              | 85,650           |
| 7. Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments                                              | 148,769                                  | 4,762            | -               | 153,531          |
| 8. Reversal / (loss) for impairment of financial instruments                               | (938)                                    | 208              | -               | (730)            |
| 9. Net gain / (loss) for exchange rate                                                     | 1,788                                    | 3,506            | (1)             | 5,293            |
| 10. Other financial income / (expenses)                                                    | 39,721                                   | (11,476)         | (12,319)        | 15,926           |
| 11. Income / (expenses) from property, plant and equipment and investment property         | 9,382                                    | 943              | (16,425)        | (6,100)          |
| 12. Profits/(losses) of entities accounted for using the equity method                     | 2,435                                    | 13,124           | 321             | 15,880           |
| <b>D) NET INVESTMENT PROFIT/(LOSS)</b>                                                     | <b>453,244</b>                           | <b>114,553</b>   | <b>(28,016)</b> | <b>539,781</b>   |
| 13. Financial income / (expenses) for insurance associated with insurance contracts issued | (310,368)                                | (45,324)         | -               | (355,692)        |
| 14. Financial income / (expenses) associated with reinsurance contracts held               | 1,373                                    | 15,103           | -               | 16,476           |
| <b>E) TOTAL FINANCIAL INCOME OR EXPENSES FOR INSURANCE</b>                                 | <b>(308,995)</b>                         | <b>(30,221)</b>  | -               | <b>(339,216)</b> |
| <b>F) NET INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT PROFIT/(LOSS) (C+D+E)</b>                               | <b>505,128</b>                           | <b>497,896</b>   | <b>(28,016)</b> | <b>975,008</b>   |
| 15. Other income                                                                           | 10,715                                   | 260,232          | 293,232         | 564,179          |
| 16. Other expenses                                                                         | (85,707)                                 | (223,096)        | (237,982)       | (546,785)        |
| <b>G) PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>                                                                | <b>430,136</b>                           | <b>535,032</b>   | <b>27,234</b>   | <b>992,402</b>   |

|                                                                                            | 2024 Financial year (thousands of euros) |                  |                 |                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                            | Occident                                 | Atradius         | Mémora          | Total              |
| 1. Insurance service income                                                                | 2,610,802                                | 2,307,491        | -               | <b>4,918,293</b>   |
| a) Income from contracts measured under the general method (BBA) and equity method (VFA)   | 186,902                                  | 2,307,491        | -               | <b>2,494,393</b>   |
| a.1) Amounts related to changes in the liability for the remaining coverage                | 186,431                                  | 1,669,752        | -               | <b>1,856,183</b>   |
| - Expected benefits and expenses                                                           | 137,720                                  | 1,385,331        | -               | <b>1,523,051</b>   |
| - Changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk                                    | 16,282                                   | 76,046           | -               | <b>92,328</b>      |
| - CSM recognised for services provided                                                     | 32,429                                   | 208,375          | -               | <b>240,804</b>     |
| a.2) Release (recovery) of acquisition costs allocated to the period                       | 471                                      | 518,536          | -               | <b>519,007</b>     |
| a.3) Adjustment of experience related to current services                                  | -                                        | 119,203          | -               | <b>119,203</b>     |
| b) Contract income measured under the simplified approach (PAA)                            | 2,423,900                                | -                | -               | <b>2,423,900</b>   |
| 2. Insurance service expenses                                                              | (2,233,580)                              | (1,738,209)      | -               | <b>(3,971,789)</b> |
| a) Benefits and expenses incurred                                                          | (1,562,649)                              | (1,413,302)      | -               | <b>(2,975,951)</b> |
| b) Acquisition costs                                                                       | (606,438)                                | (529,669)        | -               | <b>(1,136,107)</b> |
| c) Change in liability for incurred claims                                                 | (64,493)                                 | 204,762          | -               | <b>140,269</b>     |
| <b>A) PROFIT/(LOSS) ASSOCIATED WITH INSURANCE CONTRACTS ISSUED</b>                         | <b>377,222</b>                           | <b>569,282</b>   | -               | <b>946,504</b>     |
| 3. Reinsurance expenses                                                                    | (135,557)                                | (508,519)        | -               | <b>(644,076)</b>   |
| 4. Income from reinsurance recoveries                                                      | 103,354                                  | 306,705          | -               | <b>410,059</b>     |
| <b>B) PROFIT/(LOSS) ASSOCIATED WITH REINSURANCE CONTRACTS HELD</b>                         | <b>(32,203)</b>                          | <b>(201,814)</b> | -               | <b>(234,017)</b>   |
| <b>C) PROFIT/(LOSS) OF THE INSURANCE SERVICE (A + B)</b>                                   | <b>345,019</b>                           | <b>367,468</b>   | -               | <b>712,487</b>     |
| 5. Income from interest                                                                    | 176,267                                  | 63,950           | 527             | <b>240,744</b>     |
| 6. Income from dividends                                                                   | 59,416                                   | 20,636           | 315             | <b>80,367</b>      |
| 7. Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments                                              | 129,859                                  | (421)            | (1,852)         | <b>127,586</b>     |
| 8. Reversal / (loss) for impairment of financial instruments                               | (2,746)                                  | (118)            | -               | <b>(2,864)</b>     |
| 9. Net gain / (loss) for exchange rate                                                     | (1,200)                                  | 3,760            | (3)             | <b>2,557</b>       |
| 10. Other financial income / (expenses)                                                    | 46,827                                   | 417              | (18,566)        | <b>28,678</b>      |
| 11. Income / (expenses) from property, plant and equipment and investment property         | 33,209                                   | (1,091)          | (15,018)        | <b>17,100</b>      |
| 12. Profits/(losses) of entities accounted for using the equity method                     | 1,656                                    | 13,757           | 337             | <b>15,750</b>      |
| <b>D) NET INVESTMENT PROFIT/(LOSS)</b>                                                     | <b>443,288</b>                           | <b>100,890</b>   | <b>(34,260)</b> | <b>509,918</b>     |
| 13. Financial income / (expenses) for insurance associated with insurance contracts issued | (306,693)                                | (55,761)         | -               | <b>(362,454)</b>   |
| 14. Financial income / (expenses) associated with reinsurance contracts held               | 1,486                                    | 12,742           | -               | <b>14,228</b>      |
| <b>E) TOTAL FINANCIAL INCOME OR EXPENSES FOR INSURANCE</b>                                 | <b>(305,207)</b>                         | <b>(43,019)</b>  | -               | <b>(348,226)</b>   |
| <b>F) NET INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT PROFIT/(LOSS) (C+D+E)</b>                               | <b>483,100</b>                           | <b>425,339</b>   | <b>(34,260)</b> | <b>874,179</b>     |
| 15. Other income                                                                           | 12,483                                   | 264,751          | 265,896         | <b>543,130</b>     |
| 16. Other expenses                                                                         | (80,169)                                 | (201,721)        | (212,731)       | <b>(494,621)</b>   |
| <b>G) PROFIT BEFORE TAX</b>                                                                | <b>415,414</b>                           | <b>488,369</b>   | <b>18,905</b>   | <b>922,688</b>     |

## 20. Related-party transactions

All related party transactions have been carried out under market conditions.

### 20.a) Breakdown of related parties

During 2025, there have been no relevant transactions by the company with other companies in the same Group that have not been eliminated in the process of producing the consolidated financial statements and that do not form part of the normal business of the company.

The detail of the most significant balances and transactions maintained by the Group with various related parties are shown below:

| <b>Year 2025</b><br><b>(thousands of euros)</b> | <b>Group companies</b> | <b>Associated companies</b> | <b>Administrators and Directors</b> | <b>Other related parties (majority shareholder)</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                   |                        |                             |                                     |                                                     |
| Receivables                                     | 22,610                 | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>22,610</b>          | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| <b>LIABILITY</b>                                |                        |                             |                                     |                                                     |
| Payables                                        | 117,134                | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| Loans                                           | 361,191                | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>478,325</b>         | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| <b>PROFIT AND LOSS</b>                          |                        |                             |                                     |                                                     |
| Provision of services (payments)                | -                      | (76,179)                    | -                                   | -                                                   |
| Provision of services (charges)                 | 9,531                  | 19,822                      | -                                   | -                                                   |
| Interest on loans                               | (13,229)               | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| Sale of holdings                                | -                      | -                           | -                                   | -                                                   |
| Dividends received                              | 936,929                | 1,074                       | -                                   | -                                                   |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>933,231</b>         | <b>(55,283)</b>             | -                                   | -                                                   |
| <b>OTHER</b>                                    |                        |                             |                                     |                                                     |
| Dividends paid                                  | -                      | -                           | 3,871                               | 641,193                                             |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | -                      | -                           | <b>3,871</b>                        | <b>641,193</b>                                      |

| Year 2024<br>(thousands of euros) | Group<br>companies | Associated<br>companies | Administrators<br>and Directors | Other related<br>parties<br>(majority<br>shareholder) |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                     |                    |                         |                                 |                                                       |
| Receivables                       | 32,352             | 157                     | -                               | -                                                     |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>32,352</b>      | <b>157</b>              | -                               | -                                                     |
| <b>LIABILITY</b>                  |                    |                         |                                 |                                                       |
| Payables                          | 86,065             | 1                       | -                               | -                                                     |
| Loans                             | 365,231            | -                       | -                               | -                                                     |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>451,296</b>     | <b>1</b>                | -                               | -                                                     |
| <b>PROFIT AND LOSS</b>            |                    |                         |                                 |                                                       |
| Provision of services (payments)  | -                  | (73,536)                | -                               | -                                                     |
| Provision of services (charges)   | 8,375              | 16,962                  | -                               | -                                                     |
| Interest on loans                 | (16,920)           | -                       | -                               | -                                                     |
| Sale of holdings                  | 5,315              | -                       | -                               | -                                                     |
| Dividends received                | 229,689            | -                       | -                               | -                                                     |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>226,459</b>     | <b>(56,574)</b>         | -                               | -                                                     |
| <b>OTHER</b>                      |                    |                         |                                 |                                                       |
| Dividends paid                    | -                  | -                       | 3,584                           | 85,354                                                |
| <b>Total</b>                      |                    |                         | <b>3,584</b>                    | <b>85,354</b>                                         |

## 20.b) Board Members' and Senior Management's remuneration and other benefits

At the General Shareholders' Meeting held on 30 April 2025, the following was agreed: (i) the remuneration for all Directors, in their capacity as such for the aforementioned 2025 financial year; (ii) the attendance fees for Board meetings were set, (iii) the maximum annual remuneration for all Directors, in their capacity as such, for the 2025 financial year was set, and (iv) the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration for the 2024 financial year was submitted to a consultative vote by the General Shareholders' Meeting.

As at 31 December 2025, the Board of Directors of the parent company consisted of 9 individual directors, 6 men and 3 women (9 individual directors, 6 men and 3 women as at 31 December 2024). In this regard, on 13 January 2026, Director Ms Maria Assumpta Soler Serra submitted her resignation, which was accepted by the Company's General Shareholders' Meeting on 19 January 2026.

The members of the Board of Directors have received the following amounts for 2025 and 2024 for the items specified in the following detail:

### Board Members' remuneration

| Members of the Board of Directors | Thousands of Euros |              |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
|                                   | Year 2025          | Year 2024    |
| Remuneration item -               |                    |              |
| Fixed remuneration                | 719                | 611          |
| Variable remuneration             | 311                | 281          |
| Allowances                        | 397                | 343          |
| Statutory attentions              | 2,079              | 2,079        |
| Others                            | 24                 | 19           |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>3,530</b>       | <b>3,333</b> |

In addition, non-consolidated deferred variable remuneration amounts to €97 thousand.

## Other provisions for members of the Board of Directors

| Members of the Board of Directors               | Thousands of Euros |            |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
|                                                 | Year 2025          | Year 2024  |
| Other benefits                                  | -                  | -          |
| Advances                                        | -                  | -          |
| Loans granted                                   | -                  | -          |
| Pension schemes and funds: Contributions        | -                  | -          |
| Pension schemes and funds: Liabilities incurred | -                  | -          |
| Life insurance premiums                         | 130                | 108        |
| Guarantees provided in favour of Board Members  | -                  | -          |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>130</b>         | <b>108</b> |

## Remuneration of members of the Senior Management, excluding members of the Board of Directors

Senior Management is considered to be those executives who report directly to the Board or to the chief executive of the company and, in any case, the internal auditor.

The members of Senior Management received the following remuneration for the financial years 2025 and 2024:

| Senior Management                                | Thousands of Euros |           |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
|                                                  | Year 2025          | Year 2024 |
| Total remuneration received by Senior Management | 5,874              | 4,546     |

In addition, non-consolidated deferred variable remuneration amounts to €518 thousand.

In the preparation of these consolidated financial statements and for the purposes of the above table, 7 persons (5 men and 2 women) have been considered as Senior Management personnel as at 31 December 2025 (8 persons (6 men and women) as at 31 December 2024). Of the above 7 persons, 5 persons (3 men and 2 women) are employed in the parent company.

The Group has taken out two civil liability insurance contracts where the policyholder is the parent company that encompasses, among other workers, the Directors and Board Members of the Group. These policies have generated an insurance premium expense in 2025 of €109 thousand.

On 31 December 2025 and 2024 there have been no advances or loans granted by the Parent company to the members of the Board of Directors, nor have any liabilities been incurred by these members as security.

Under Article 229 of the Capital Companies Law, approved by Royal Decree 1/2010 of 2 July, Board members and people linked to them must notify the Board any conflict of interests that they may have with the company. In this regard, it is noted that during the 2025 financial year, the Company's Board of Directors has been informed of potential conflicts of interest involving the Company's proprietary directors in relation to (a) actions related to the voluntary public offer to acquire shares in Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A., as disclosed to the Company and in the prospectus for the aforementioned voluntary public offer to acquire shares, as appropriate, and (b) the proposal to distribute an interim dividend by the parent company agreed on 9 December 2025, payable on 17 December 2025.

The members of the Board of Directors and the persons related to them, as defined in art. 529 vices of the Consolidated Text of the Capital Companies Law (TRLSC in Spanish), have not carried out related-party transactions other than those established in article 529 unvicies 4 b) TRLSC, that is, those whose standardised conditions are applied en masse to a large number of customers, are carried out at prices or rates established generally by whoever acts as supplier of the goods or service in question, and whose amount does not exceed 0.5 per cent of the net turnover of the parent company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and insofar as this was a transaction between related parties, with the favourable report of the Audit Committee of the parent company, the Board of Directors of the parent company, on 3 November 2025, approved the possible acceptance of the voluntary public offer to acquire shares in Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. with respect to the shares that the parent company held in treasury, through the wholly-owned company Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.U.



In accordance with the same article, these transactions have been authorised in accordance with the internal reporting and/or periodic control procedures established by the Board of Directors with the prior involvement of the Audit Committee.

## 21. Other Information

### 21.a) Employees

In compliance with Article 260 of the revised text of the Capital Companies Law, the Group provides the following breakdown of the average number of full-time employees (or equivalent) of the parent and its subsidiaries in 2025 and 2024 by job category and gender.

| Professional category      | Year 2025    |              |              | Year 2024    |              |              |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                            | Men          | Women        | Total        | Men          | Women        | Total        |
| Executives                 | 121          | 28           | 149          | 131          | 27           | 158          |
| Intermediate management    | 1,044        | 657          | 1,701        | 1,094        | 626          | 1,720        |
| Qualified admin. and sales | 2,133        | 2,315        | 4,448        | 2,193        | 2,358        | 4,551        |
| Administrative support     | 1,092        | 1,206        | 2,298        | 1,082        | 1,160        | 2,242        |
| <b>Total</b>               | <b>4,390</b> | <b>4,206</b> | <b>8,596</b> | <b>4,500</b> | <b>4,171</b> | <b>8,671</b> |

The total number of employees as at 31 December 2025 is 8,980 (8,876 as at 31 December 2024).

With regards to disability, the Group complies with the LISMI (Law on social integration of disabled people) in different ways, either complying with the requirement to integrate 2% of the staff with a disability, or opting for a mixed formula between this integration and economic support of Special Employment Centres.

### 21.b) Audit fees

The fees for auditing and other services provided by the auditor of the Group's consolidated annual accounts, PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L. and by firms belonging to the PwC network, as well as the fees for services billed by the auditors of the individual annual accounts of the companies included in the consolidation and by the entities related to them by control, common ownership or management, are shown below:

#### Year 2025

| Description                            | Thousands of Euros                          |                                                      |                                                           |                                            |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
|                                        | Services provided by PwC Auditores S.L. (*) | Services provided by entities in the PwC network (*) | Services provided by the main auditor and its network (*) | Services provided by other audit firms (*) |
| Audit Services                         | 3,233                                       | 2,207                                                | 5,440                                                     | -                                          |
| Other services required by regulations | 945                                         | -                                                    | 945                                                       | -                                          |
| Other verification services            | 177                                         | -                                                    | 177                                                       | -                                          |
| Tax services                           | -                                           | -                                                    | -                                                         | -                                          |
| All other services                     | 11                                          | 387                                                  | 398                                                       | -                                          |
| <b>Total Professional Services</b>     | <b>4,366</b>                                | <b>2,594</b>                                         | <b>6,960</b>                                              | <b>-</b>                                   |

(\*) Amounts without expenses or VAT.

## Year 2024

| Description                            | Thousands of Euros                          |                                                      |                                                           |                                            |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
|                                        | Services provided by PwC Auditores S.L. (*) | Services provided by entities in the PwC network (*) | Services provided by the main auditor and its network (*) | Services provided by other audit firms (*) |
| Audit Services                         | 2,945                                       | 2,065                                                | 5,010                                                     | 63                                         |
| Other services required by regulations | 908                                         | -                                                    | 908                                                       | -                                          |
| Other verification services            | 227                                         | 6                                                    | 233                                                       | 5                                          |
| Tax services                           | -                                           | -                                                    | -                                                         | -                                          |
| All other services                     | 110                                         | 154                                                  | 264                                                       | -                                          |
| <b>Total Professional Services</b>     | <b>4,190</b>                                | <b>2,225</b>                                         | <b>6,415</b>                                              | <b>68</b>                                  |

(\*) Amounts without expenses or VAT.

The section "Other services required by regulations" mainly includes the fees for the review of the Report on the financial position and solvency of the Group and its subsidiaries, as well as the independent external assurance service under limited assurance of the Statement of Non-Financial Information (NFI), among others.

The main items included under "Other assurance services" correspond to the issuance of the agreed-upon procedures report on the Group's Internal Control over Financial Reporting System (ICFR) and the limited review of the consolidated condensed interim financial statements for the year, among others. No services of a tax nature have been provided to Group entities. Similarly, "Other services" includes the fees for other services provided to Group entities that do not fall into the other categories indicated.

### 21.c) Information on the average period of payment to suppliers

The information required by the third additional provision of Law 15/2010, of 5 July (amended by the second final provision of Law 31/2014, of 3 December and the third additional provision of Law 18/2022, of 28 September) prepared in accordance with the Resolution of the ICAC of 29 January 2016, on the information to be included in the notes to the annual accounts in relation to the average period of payment to suppliers in commercial transactions, is detailed below.

|                                     | Days  |       |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|
|                                     | 2025  | 2024  |
| Average payment period to suppliers | 22.97 | 22.13 |
| Ratio of transactions paid          | 23.16 | 22.00 |
| Ratio of outstanding transactions   | 19.67 | 25.00 |

|                                                                         | 2025    | 2024    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Total payments made (thousands of euros)                                | 575,377 | 528,868 |
| Total payments made within the regulatory deadline (thousands of euros) | 499,999 | 465,172 |
| Percentage over total payments made to suppliers                        | 86.9%   | 88.0%   |
| Total payments pending (thousands of euros)                             | 33,082  | 24,937  |
| Total number of invoices paid                                           | 167,096 | 160,058 |
| Number of invoices paid within the deadline established in regulations  | 143,745 | 135,886 |
| Percentage on the total number of invoices                              | 86.0%   | 84.9%   |

According to the ICAC resolution, for the calculation of the average period of payment to suppliers, the commercial operations corresponding to the delivery of goods or services payable from the date of entry into force of the Law 31/2014, of 3 December were taken into consideration.

On 31 December 2025, the Group does not have pending payments to suppliers beyond the legal term deferral balance.

## **22. Subsequent events**

In addition to the definitive delisting of GCO shares mentioned in note 1.d, the takeover bid mentioned in note 5.a and the interim dividend mentioned in note 16, after the end of the financial year and up to the date of preparation of these financial statements, there have been no other events not explained in previous notes that significantly affect them.

## **Appendices**

Appendix I: List of subsidiaries on 31 December 2025

Appendix II: List of associated entities on 31 December 2025

## Appendix I: List of subsidiaries on 31 December 2025

(Figures in € thousand)

| Company<br><br>(Name and address)                                                                                            | Activity                                                           | % of voting rights |          |        | Summarised financial information |               |                 |                              |                                        |           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|--------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                                                                                              |                                                                    | Direct             | Indirect | Total  | Total assets                     | Share Capital | Equity reserves | Year result, net of dividend | Other accumulated comprehensive income | Income    |
| Occident GCO, S.A.U. de Seguros y Reaseguros<br>Méndez Álvaro, 31<br>Madrid                                                  | Insurance and reinsurance                                          | 100%               | -        | 100%   | 12,678,467                       | 18,030        | 899,851         | 302,801 (1)                  | 958,682                                | 3,282,950 |
| Grupo Compañía Española de Crédito y Caución, Sociedad Limitada<br>Méndez Álvaro, 31<br>Madrid                               | Holding company                                                    | 73.84%             | -        | 73.84% | 647,848                          | 18,000        | 626,095         | 1,376 (2)                    | -                                      | 380,150   |
| Atradius N.V. And subsidiaries<br>David Ricardostraat, 1<br>1066 JS Amsterdam (The Netherlands)                              | Credit and surety insurance and complementary insurance activities | 35.77%             | 47.43%   | 83.20% | 5,755,927                        | 79,122        | 2,189,643       | 401,014                      | 42,662                                 | 2,277,873 |
| Sociedad Gestión Catalana Occidente, S.A.U.<br>Méndez Álvaro, 31<br>Madrid                                                   | Investment management                                              | 100%               | -        | 100%   | 1,511                            | 721           | 315             | 469 (3)                      | -                                      | 3,188     |
| Grupo Catalana Occidente<br>Gestión de Activos S.A.U., S.G.I.I.C.<br>Méndez Álvaro, 31<br>Madrid                             | Management of IIC                                                  | 100%               | -        | 100%   | 8,472                            | 391           | 5,991           | 686 (4)                      | 320                                    | 21,315    |
| Occident Pensiones E.G.F.P., S.A.U.<br>Méndez Álvaro, 31<br>Madrid                                                           | Pension fund management                                            | 100%               | -        | 100%   | 4,274                            | 2,500         | 755             | 311                          | 20                                     | 7,607     |
| Grupo Catalana Occidente, Tecnología y Servicios, A.I.E.<br>Avenida Alcalde Barnils, 63<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona) | Auxiliary insurance services                                       | 0.42%              | 99.54%   | 99.96% | 84,152                           | 35,826        | (517)           | 525                          | -                                      | 116,644   |
| GCO Ventures, S.L.U.<br>Avenida Alcalde Barnils, 63<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)                                     | Corporate venturing                                                | 100%               | -        | 100%   | 44,822                           | 4,800         | 40,060          | (1,047)                      | (127)                                  | 337       |
| Mémora Servicios Funerarios, S.L.U. And subsidiaries<br>Paseo Zona Franca (torre Auditori), 111, 8ª planta<br>Barcelona      | Funeral services                                                   | 100%               | -        | 100%   | 840,799                          | 27,106        | 658,931         | 23,050                       | -                                      | 297,072   |

(Figures in € thousand)

| Company                                                                                                                             |                                                          | % of voting rights |            |            | Summarised financial information |               |                 |                              |                                        |        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------|
| (Name and address)                                                                                                                  | Activity                                                 | Direct             | Indirect   | Total      | Total assets                     | Share Capital | Equity reserves | Year result, net of dividend | Other accumulated comprehensive income | Income |
| Grupo Catalana Occidente Contact Center, A.I.E.<br>Jesús Serra Santamans, 3 - 4ª planta<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)        | Telephone attention                                      | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 2,471                            | 600           | 84              | 1                            | -                                      | 10,253 |
| Occident GCO Capital, Agencia de Valores, S.A.U.<br>Avenida Alcalde Barnils, 63<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)                | Stock broker                                             | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 3,508                            | 300           | 2,452           | 531                          | -                                      | 1,648  |
| Prepersa, Peritación de Seguros y Prevención, S.L.U.<br>Jesús Serra Santamans, 1<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)               | Prevention and loss adjustment                           | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 4,374                            | 60            | 1,333           | 919                          | -                                      | 8,609  |
| Occident GCO Mediadores, Sociedad de Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.<br>Avenida Alcalde Barnils, 63<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona) | Insurance broker                                         | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 3,633                            | 60            | 1,074           | 545                          | -                                      | 17,062 |
| Occident Inversions, S.A.U.<br>Avinguda Carlemany, 65<br>Escaldes Engordany (Andorra)                                               | Creation, management and operation of insurance entities | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 9,417                            | 60            | 292             | (9)                          | -                                      | 3,938  |
| Multirepar Servicio Técnico de Reparaciones, S.L.U.<br>Jesús Serra Santamans 1, planta baja<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)    | Auxiliary insurance services                             | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 694                              | 90            | 16              | (120)                        | -                                      | 4      |
| Occident Hipotecaria, S.A.U., E.F.C.<br>Avenida Sabino Arana, 20, 1ª planta<br>Bilbao                                               | Mortgage Credit                                          | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 48,012                           | 8,000         | 1,856           | 42                           | -                                      | 2,377  |
| S. Órbita, Sociedad Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.<br>Avenida Sabino Arana, 20, 1ª planta<br>Bilbao                                     | Insurance broker                                         | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 2,446                            | 1,100         | 487             | (2)                          | -                                      | -      |
| Occident Direct, S.L.U.<br>Avenida Alcalde Barnils, 63<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)                                         | Telemarketing                                            | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 1,441                            | 37            | 296             | 55                           | -                                      | 1,356  |
| Occident GCO Canal Mediación, Sociedad de Agencia de Seguros, S.A.U.<br>Méndez Álvaro, 31<br>Madrid                                 | Insurance broker                                         | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 4,571                            | 60            | 1,872           | 660                          | -                                      | 24,505 |
| Hercasol, S.A. SICAV<br>Avenida Diagonal, 399<br>Barcelona                                                                          | Investment company                                       | -                  | 95.59% (*) | 95.59% (*) | 80,290                           | 57,792        | 19,731          | 2,611                        | -                                      | 3,389  |
| Grupo Catalana Occidente Activos Inmobiliarios S.L.U.<br>Avenida Alcalde Barnils 63<br>Sant Cugat del Vallés (Barcelona)            | Property Management                                      | -                  | 100%       | 100%       | 589,195                          | 174,436       | 324,453         | 9,811                        | 48,384                                 | 27,322 |

- (\*) Only the shares outstanding have been taken into account to determine the share percentage. Likewise, the value of treasury shares has been deducted from the above equity reserves.
- (1) The Company has recognised an increase in the stabilisation reserve for an amount of €20,919 thousand.
- (2) The Company paid an interim dividend of €374,940 thousand.
- (3) The Company paid an interim dividend of €78,100 thousand.
- (4) The Company paid an interim dividend of €2,000 thousand.

The financial information indicated for the above companies included in the scope of consolidation (total assets, share capital, equity reserves, profit for the year net of dividends and income) has been obtained from the latest available individual or consolidated financial statements for the 2025 financial year, prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to each of the companies. These financial statements have been duly adapted by each company to the Group's accounting policies. The financial statements of the above companies are for the period ended 31 December 2025.

The figures for Atradius N.V. include the data for their subsidiaries relating to the profit or loss for the year and equity reserves.

At 31 December 2025, the list of subsidiaries of Atradius N.V., which are wholly owned unless otherwise indicated, is as follows:



| Company                                                       | Country         | Company                                                                 | Country                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Atradius Collections B.V.                                     | The Netherlands | Atradius Credit Management Services B.V.                                | The Netherlands        |
| Branch in Belgium                                             | Belgium         | Atradius Crédito y Caución Seguradora S.A.                              | Brazil                 |
| Branch in Croatia                                             | Croatia         | Atradius Dutch State Business N.V.                                      | The Netherlands        |
| Branch in Czech Republic                                      | Czech Republic  | Atradius Debt Collections Services L.L.C.                               | UAE                    |
| Branch in Denmark                                             | Denmark         | Atradius Enterprise Management Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.          | China                  |
| Branch in France                                              | France          | Atradius Information Services B.V.                                      | The Netherlands        |
| Branch in Germany                                             | Germany         | Branch in Belgium                                                       | Belgium                |
| Branch in Hungary                                             | Hungary         | Branch in Denmark                                                       | Denmark                |
| Branch in Ireland                                             | Ireland         | Branch in France                                                        | France                 |
| Branch in Italy                                               | Italy           | Branch in Germany                                                       | Germany                |
| Branch in Poland                                              | Poland          | Branch in Ireland                                                       | Ireland                |
| Branch in Portugal                                            | Portugal        | Branch in Italy                                                         | Italy                  |
| Branch in Turkey                                              | Turkey          | Branch in Japan                                                         | Japan                  |
| Atradius Collections DMCC                                     | UAE             | Branch in Norway                                                        | Norway                 |
| Atradius Collections Holding B.V.                             | The Netherlands | Branch in Spain                                                         | Spain                  |
| Atradius Collections Limited                                  | Canada          | Branch in Sweden                                                        | Sweden                 |
| Atradius Collections Limited                                  | Hong Kong       | Branch in Switzerland                                                   | Switzerland            |
| Atradius Collections Limited                                  | United Kingdom  | Branch in Taiwan                                                        | Taiwan                 |
| Atradius Collections Pte. Limited                             | Singapore       | Branch in Thailand                                                      | Thailand               |
| Atradius Collections Pty. Limited                             | Australia       | Branch in the United Kingdom                                            | United Kingdom         |
| Atradius Collections Serviços de Cobranças de Dívidas Ltda    | Brazil          | Atradius Corporate Member Limited                                       | United Kingdom         |
| Atradius Collections, S.A. de C.V.                            | Mexico          | Atradius Credit Insurance Solutions B.V.                                | The Netherlands        |
| Atradius Collections S.L.                                     | Spain           | Atradius Trade Credit (Re)insurance (DIFC) Ltd                          | UAE                    |
| Atradius Collections, Inc.                                    | EU              | Atradius Information Services Vietnam Company Limited                   | Vietnam                |
| Atradius Corporate Management Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. | China           | Atradius India Credit Management Services Private Ltd.                  | India                  |
| Atradius Credit Insurance Agency, Inc.                        | EU              | Atradius Insurance Holding N.V.                                         | The Netherlands        |
| Atradius Credit Management Services (RUS) LLC                 | Russia          | Atradius Italia Intermediazioni S.R.L.                                  | Italy                  |
| Atradius Crédito y Caución S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros       | Spain           | Atradius Participations Holding S.L.U.                                  | Spain                  |
| Branch in Australia                                           | Australia       | Atradius Pension Trustees Ltd.                                          | United Kingdom         |
| Branch in Austria                                             | Austria         | Atradius Escritório de Representação no Brasil Ltda.                    | Brazil                 |
| Branch in Belgium                                             | Belgium         | Atradius Seguros de Crédito, S.A.                                       | Mexico                 |
| Branch in Bulgaria                                            | Bulgaria        | Atradius Trade Credit Insurance, Inc.                                   | EU                     |
| Branch in Canada                                              | Canada          | Atradius Trade Insurance Brokerage Yuhan Hoesa                          | South Korea            |
| Branch in Czech Republic                                      | Czech Republic  | Crédito y Caución do Brasil Gestao de Riscos de Crédito e Serviços LTDA | Brazil                 |
| Branch in Denmark                                             | Denmark         | Iberinform Internacional S.A.U.                                         | Spain                  |
| Branch in Finland                                             | Finland         | Branch in Portugal                                                      | Portugal               |
| Branch in France                                              | France          | Iberinmobiliaria, S.A.U.                                                | Spain                  |
| Branch in Germany                                             | Germany         | Informes Mexico, S.A. de C.V.                                           | Mexico                 |
| Branch in Greece                                              | Greece          | Pakula, Podebski i Wspólnicy Kancelaria Prawna spółka komandytowa (*)   | Poland                 |
| Branch in Hong Kong                                           | Hong Kong       | Atradius Collections, družba za izterjavo, d.o.o.                       | Slovenia               |
| Branch in Hungary                                             | Hungary         | Atradius Collections S.R.L.                                             | Romania                |
| Branch in Ireland                                             | Ireland         | PRO KOLEKT d.o.o.                                                       | Croatia                |
| Branch in Italy                                               | Italy           | "Pro Kolekt" d.o.o. Sarajevo                                            | Bosnia and Herzegovina |
| Branch in Japan                                               | Japan           | PRO KOLEKT DOOEL Skopje                                                 | Macedonia              |
| Branch in Lithuania                                           | Lithuania       | Atradius Collections d.o.o. Belgrade                                    | Serbia                 |
| Branch in Luxembourg                                          | Luxembourg      | Atradius Collections EOOD                                               | Bulgaria               |
| Branch in The Netherlands                                     | The Netherlands | PT Atradius Information Services Indonesia                              | Indonesia              |
| Branch in New Zealand                                         | New Zealand     | PT Atradius Management Consulting Indonesia                             | Indonesia              |
| Branch in Norway                                              | Norway          |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Poland                                              | Poland          |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Portugal                                            | Portugal        |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Romania                                             | Romania         |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Singapore                                           | Singapore       |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Slovakia                                            | Slovakia        |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Slovenia                                            | Slovenia        |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Sweden                                              | Sweden          |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Switzerland                                         | Switzerland     |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in Turkey                                              | Turkey          |                                                                         |                        |
| Branch in the United Kingdom                                  | United Kingdom  |                                                                         |                        |

(\*) The percentage of ownership is 99.99%

At 31 December 2025, the list of subsidiaries of the Mémora Group is as follows:

| Company                                                                | Address                      | % of voting rights |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Mémora Group companies in Spain</b>                                 |                              |                    |
| Mémora Servicios Funerarios, S.L.U.                                    | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Mémora Servicios Funerarios Internacionales, S.L.U.                    | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Serveis Funeraris de Barcelona, S.A.                                   | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Mémora Serveis Funeraris del Camp, S.L.U.                              | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Portal Funerario, S.L.U.                                               | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Olympia Mediación, Agencia de Seguros Exclusiva, S.L.U.                | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Servicios Funerarios Montero, S.A.U.                                   | Getafe                       | 100%               |
| Tanatorio Donostialdea - Donostialdeko Beilatoki S.A.                  | San Sebastián                | 100%               |
| Landarri, S.L.U.                                                       | Errenteria                   | 100%               |
| Zentolen Berri, S.A.U.                                                 | Errenteria                   | 100%               |
| Flores Mémora, S.L.U.                                                  | Barcelona                    | 100%               |
| Tanatorio de Palencia, S.L.U.                                          | Palencia                     | 100%               |
| Servicios Funerarios Baztan Bidasoa, S.L.                              | Elizondo                     | 100%               |
| Servicios Funerarios Sever, S.L.U.                                     | Zamora                       | 100%               |
| Asistea Servicios Integrales, S.L.U.                                   | Bilbao                       | 100%               |
| Funerarias Bilbaina y La Auxiliadora, S.L.U.                           | Bilbao                       | 100%               |
| Funeraria Nuestra Señora de los Remedios, S.L.U.                       | Madrid                       | 100%               |
| Funcantabria Servicios Funerarios, S.L.U.                              | Torrelavega                  | 100%               |
| Funeraria Merino Diez, S.L.U.                                          | Castro Urdiales              | 100%               |
| Mediagen, S.L.U.                                                       | Bilbao                       | 100%               |
| Pompas Fúnebres Mediterráneas, S.L.                                    | Barcelona                    | 99.99%             |
| Eurofunerarias, S.A.                                                   | Barcelona                    | 92.47%             |
| Servicios Funerarios de Guadalajara Nuestra Señora de la Antigua, S.A. | Guadalajara                  | 90.00%             |
| Servicios Funerarios del Torrero, S.A.                                 | Zaragoza                     | 74.00%             |
| Tanatorio SE-30 Sevilla, S.L.                                          | Zaragoza                     | 73.50%             |
| Serveis Funeraris Memora Santa Tecla, S.L.                             | Tarragona                    | 65.00%             |
| Funeflor, S.L.                                                         | Barcelona                    | 60.00%             |
| <b>Mémora Group companies in Portugal</b>                              |                              |                    |
| Servilusa Agencias Funerarias, S.A.U.                                  | Alfragide, Amadora           | 100%               |
| Servilusa, Lda.                                                        | Alfragide, Amadora           | 100%               |
| Funelvas, Lda.                                                         | Elvas                        | 100%               |
| Servilusa - Centro Funerario de Cascais, Lda.                          | Cascais                      | 100%               |
| Funeraria Triunfo, Lda.                                                | Lisbon                       | 100%               |
| Crematorio de Leiria, Lda.                                             | Amadora                      | 100%               |
| Crematorio de Santarem, Lda.                                           | Amadora                      | 100%               |
| Funeraria Santos & Filho II, Lda.                                      | Almada                       | 100%               |
| Funerária Central de Valongo de Aloisio Pauperio & Amaro, Lda.         | Porto                        | 100%               |
| Crematorio de Faro, Lda.                                               | Faro                         | 100%               |
| Tributo 2013 Unipessoal, Lda.                                          | Lisbon                       | 100%               |
| Agência Funerária Santo André, Lda.                                    | Amadora                      | 100%               |
| Servilusa - Crematório de Torres Vedras, Unipessoal, Lda.              | Amadora                      | 100%               |
| Agencia Funeraria Belavista, Lda.                                      | Amadora                      | 100%               |
| SM - Serviços Funerarios, Lda.                                         | Pragal e Cacilhas, Almada    | 100%               |
| Funerario de Arroios, Lda.                                             | Freguesia de Arroios, Lisbon | 100%               |
| Servilusa - Centro Funerário da Maia, S.A.                             | Amadora                      | 99.00%             |
| Funfoz, Lda.                                                           | Alfragide, Amadora           | 95.00%             |
| Servilusa Crematorio Guimaraes, Lda.                                   | Amadora                      | 95.00%             |
| Servilusa Centro Funerario de Aveiro, Lda.                             | Amadora                      | 95.00%             |

## Appendix II: List of associated entities on 31 December 2025

(Figures in € thousand)

| Company<br><br>(Name and address)                                                               | Activity                    | % of voting rights |            |            | Summarised financial information |               |                 |                              |                                        |         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------|
|                                                                                                 |                             | Direct             | Indirect   | Total      | Total assets                     | Share Capital | Equity reserves | Year result, net of dividend | Other accumulated comprehensive income | Income  |
| Inversiones Credere S.A.<br>Santiago - Chile                                                    | Holding company             | 49.99%             | -          | 49.99%     | -                                | -             | -               | -                            | -                                      | -       |
| Asitur Asistencia, S.A.<br>Avenida Encuartes, 21<br>Tres Cantos (Madrid)                        | Assistance                  | -                  | 42.86%     | 42.86%     | 67,470                           | 2,945         | 19,664          | 2,601                        | -                                      | 346,908 |
| Gesuris Asset Management,<br>S.G.I.I.C., S.A.<br>Rambla de Cataluña, 38, 9ª planta<br>Barcelona | Investment company          | -                  | 26.12% (*) | 26.12% (*) | 12,200                           | 301           | 7,966           | 443 (1)                      | 836                                    | 11,020  |
| CLAL Credit Insurance Ltd.<br>Tel Aviv - Israel                                                 | Credit and surety insurance | -                  | 16.64%     | 16.64%     | 131,504                          | 3,379         | 90,330          | 13,171                       | 2,379                                  | 15,955  |
| Compañía de Seguros de Crédito<br>Continental S.A.<br>Santiago - Chile                          | Credit and surety insurance | -                  | 41.60%     | 41.60%     | 157,005                          | 3,031         | 88,389          | 9,037                        | (2,739)                                | 12,968  |
| Credit Guarantee Insurance<br>Corporation of Africa Ltd.<br>Johannesburg-South Africa           | Credit and surety insurance | -                  | 20.80%     | 20.80%     | 157,618                          | 134           | 67,775          | 23,876                       | (517)                                  | 55,795  |
| Serfunle, S.A.<br>Avda. Peregrinos, 14<br>León                                                  | Funeral services            | -                  | 49%        | 49%        | 4,943                            | 2,000         | 3,973           | 259                          | -                                      | 5,628   |
| Serveis Funeraris Costa de<br>Barcelona, S.L.<br>Paseo Zona Franca, 111, 8ª planta<br>Barcelona | Funeral services            | -                  | 50%        | 50%        | 40                               | 40            | 5               | (4)                          | -                                      | -       |
| Funerarias Gaditanas Asociadas,<br>S.A.<br>Pol.Las Salinas C/Canales, 7<br>Cádiz                | Funeral services            | -                  | 50%        | 50%        | 3,545                            | 1,365         | 336             | 388                          | -                                      | 13      |

(\*) Only the shares outstanding have been taken into account to determine the share percentage. Likewise, the value of treasury shares has been deducted from the above equity reserves.

(1) The Company paid an interim dividend of €500 thousand.

The financial information indicated for the above companies included in the scope of consolidation (total assets, share capital, equity reserves, profit for the year net of dividends and income) has been obtained from the latest available individual or consolidated financial statements for the 2025 financial year, prepared in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to each of the companies. These financial statements have been duly adapted by each company to the Group's accounting policies. The financial statements of the above companies are for the period ended 31 December 2025.



## **IV. Auditor's report**

# **Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and its subsidiaries**

Independent auditor's report

Consolidated annual accounts at December 31th, 2025

Consolidated management report





*This version of our report is a free translation of the original, which was prepared in Spanish. All possible care has been taken to ensure that the translation is an accurate representation of the original. However, in all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the original language version of our report takes precedence over this translation.*

## **Independent auditor's report on the consolidated annual accounts**

To the shareholders of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A.:

### **Report on the consolidated annual accounts**

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#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated annual accounts of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. (the Parent company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2025, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and related notes, all consolidated, for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated annual accounts present fairly, in all material respects, the equity and financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2025, as well as its financial performance and cash flows, all consolidated, for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU) and other provisions of the financial reporting framework applicable in Spain.

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#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated annual accounts section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those relating to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated annual accounts in Spain, in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice. In this regard, we have not rendered services other than those relating to the audit of the accounts, and situations or circumstances have not arisen that, in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned legislation, have affected our necessary independence such that it has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated annual accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated annual accounts as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## Valuation of liabilities for remaining coverage

The Group operates through three segments, "Occident", "Atradius" and "Memora".

In the activities of the insurance segments, the Group estimates an obligation for liabilities for remaining coverage of 8,010 million euros as of December 31, 2025.

In these liabilities for remaining coverage, the Group records insurance contracts in accordance with the three measurement models established in the applicable regulations, which include: the general model (BBA), the premium allocation approach (PAA) and the variable rate approach (VFA). The model applicable to each group is determined based on the characteristics of said contracts.

The liabilities for remaining coverage recorded in accordance with the BBA and VFA measurement models incorporate components of certain judgment and estimation by management when determining the value of future cash flows (FCF), the determination of the non-financial risk adjustment (RA), the contractual service margin (CSM) and the loss component.

For the reasons set out above, the valuation of the liabilities for remaining coverage has been considered a key audit matter.

See notes 3.i, 4.b, y 14 of the attached consolidated financial statements for the year 2025.

We have obtained an understanding of the process for estimating and recording liabilities for remaining coverage, which has included an assessment of the internal control environment, including information system controls related to the valuation and recording of these liabilities.

Our procedures on these liabilities for remaining coverage, in which actuarial specialists and specialists in information systems and processes have participated, have focused on aspects such as:

- Verification of the integrity, accuracy and reconciliation of the data used in the calculation engines of said liabilities at the end of the year.
- Verification the value of future cash flows (FCF) and assumptions applied for a sample of selected products in various units of account and analyzing the change in these during the financial year.
- Verification the methodology and reasonableness of the risk adjustment (RA) for a sample of selected units of account.
- Verification the contractual service margin (CSM) initially recorded for a sample of selected products and analyzing its amortization during the financial year.
- Verification the discount rates used in a sample of selected units of account.
- Verification the information broken down in the attached consolidated financial statements.

In our previous procedures, we have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the estimates and approaches determined by management on this matter.



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## Valuation of liabilities for incurred claims

In the insurance segment activities (Occident and Atradius), the Group estimates an obligation for liabilities for incurred claims of 2,659 million euros as of December 31, 2025.

The estimation of these liabilities for incurred claims is complex, and in the case of certain products of the "Occident" and "Atradius" business, it is significantly influenced by the projection methods used, the claim settlement periods and the assumptions used by management.

For the reasons set out above, the valuation of liabilities for incurred claims has been considered a key audit matter.

See notes 3.i, 4.b, and 14 of the notes to the consolidated annual accounts for the year 2025.

We have obtained an understanding of the process for estimating and recording liabilities for incurred claims, which has included an assessment of the internal control environment, including the controls over the information systems related to the valuation and recording of these liabilities.

Our procedures on these liabilities for incurred claims, in which actuarial specialists and specialists in information systems and processes have participated, have focused on aspects such as:

- Verification of the integrity, accuracy and reconciliation of the data used in the calculation systems for these liabilities at the end of the year.
- Verification through actuarial and statistical contrast tests of the reasonableness of a sample of products selected at the end, including the non-financial risk adjustment.
- Verification of the sufficiency of the liabilities for incurred claims established at the end of the annual period.
- Carrying out detailed tests on the liabilities for incurred claims on a case-by-case basis established at the end of the period and payments made during the same, using sampling techniques.
- Verification of the completeness of the disclosures included in the consolidated financial statements.

In our previous procedures, we have obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to support management's estimates on this matter.

## **Evaluation of Impairment of the consolidated Goodwill and intangible assets arising from business combinations**

The Group has recorded consolidation goodwill derived mainly from the acquisition of stakes in the subsidiaries, Atradius NV (€461 million), Occident Seguros (€279 million) and Mémora (€376 million), as well as other intangible assets, such as administrative concessions (€198 million) and brands (€117 million), allocated to the Mémora segment.

As of December 31, 2025, management has assessed the impairment of goodwill and intangible assets, based on the determination of the cash-generating units (CGUs) and estimating their recoverable value, at least annually. To do so, the Group uses internal estimates and valuations carried out by management experts.

These estimates consider market methodologies and incorporate a high level of judgment, since they are based on hypotheses and assumptions determined by management and its experts, such as the cash flows considered, the solvency capital requirements, the discount rate and the long-term growth rate.

For the reasons set out above, the valuation of goodwill and intangible assets arising from business combinations has been considered a key audit matter.

See notes 3.e and 10 of the consolidated annual accounts for the year 2025.

We have gained an understanding of the methodology and process for recording and assessing impairment of intangible assets and goodwill, including internal control.

Our procedures on the impairment test of goodwill and other intangible assets, in which valuation experts have participated, have focused on aspects such as:

- Assessment of the definition of cash-generating units.
- Verification of the mathematical accuracy of discounted cash flow projections, including the reconciliation of the flows used with those approved by the respective governing bodies.
- We have verified the adequacy of the methodology and assumptions applied in determining the recoverable value, such as: the business plan, solvency capital requirements, discount rates and long-term growth rates used.
- Obtaining evidence of the specific sensitivity analyses for each of the main assumptions considered, taking into account different scenarios that consider uncertainty and the current macroeconomic context.
- Verification of the information broken down in the attached consolidated financial statements.

In our previous procedures, we have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support management's estimates on this matter.



## **Valuation of financial investments not listed in active markets recorded at fair value**

Due to the nature of the activity carried out by the Group, the main assets recorded in the consolidated balance sheet correspond to financial investments.

Most of the Group's financial instruments are valued using active and observable market prices. However, there are certain assets in the Group's financial investment portfolio (761 million euros) whose fair value is not linked to quoted prices in active markets, but rather generally accepted valuation techniques are used, whose significant variables could be based on observable data.

These instruments are valued on the basis of models and assumptions that are not observable by third parties, so these investments have a greater component of judgment and estimation in the selection of the valuation method to be applied, as well as in the assumptions and hypotheses used in the determination of its fair value, from the management.

For the reasons set out above, the valuation of financial investments not listed in active markets recorded at fair value has been considered a key audit matter.

See notes 3.b, 4.c and 7 of the report to the consolidated annual accounts for fiscal year 2025.

We have obtained an understanding of the procedures and criteria used by the Group in determining the fair value of financial instruments in order to consider whether they are appropriate, which has included an evaluation of the internal control related to these financial instruments.

Our procedures have focused on aspects such as:

- Verification of the data integrity and accounting records of said financial instruments, as well as their variations during the period.
- Request to the depository entities, in the development of their surveillance, supervision, custody and administration functions for the Group, for confirmation regarding the existence of all the financial investments included in their portfolio as of December 31, 2025.
- Verification of the valuation of a sample of these financial instruments, with the collaboration of the auditor's internal valuation experts and comparison of the valuations obtained from the counterparty and, where appropriate, from management's experts.
- Verification of the adequacy of the information disclosed in the attached consolidated annual accounts, in accordance with IFRS 7 Financial Instruments.

In our previous procedures, we have obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support management's estimates on this matter.



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## **Other information: Consolidated management report**

Other information comprises only the consolidated management report for the 2025 financial year, the formulation of which is the responsibility of the Parent company's directors and does not form an integral part of the consolidated annual accounts.

Our audit opinion on the consolidated annual accounts does not cover the consolidated management report. Our responsibility regarding the consolidated management report, in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice, is to:

- a) Verify only that the consolidated statement of non-financial information, certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration, as referred to in the Auditing Act, have been provided in the manner required by applicable legislation and, if not, we are obliged to disclose that fact.
- b) Evaluate and report on the consistency between the rest of the information included in the consolidated management report and the consolidated annual accounts as a result of our knowledge of the Group obtained during the audit of the aforementioned financial statements, as well as to evaluate and report on whether the content and presentation of this part of the consolidated management report is in accordance with applicable regulations. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that material misstatements exist, we are required to report that fact.

Based on the work carried out, as described above, we have verified that the information mentioned in section a) above is not provided in the manner required by the applicable regulations, as indicated in the following paragraph. However, we have verified that the remaining information contained in the consolidated management report, except for the material misstatement indicated in the following paragraph, is consistent with that of the consolidated financial statements for the 2025 financial year, and its content and presentation comply with the applicable regulations.

After the close of the 2025 financial year, the shares of the parent company were delisted from the Spanish regulated markets where they were listed as of December 31, 2025 (note 5). Therefore, the directors of the parent company consider that, as of the date of preparation of the consolidated management report, the parent company is not obliged to prepare and publish the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report, even though such an obligation existed as of December 31, which is why these reports have not been included in the attached consolidated management report.

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## **Responsibility of the directors and the audit committee for the consolidated annual accounts**

The Parent company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated annual accounts, such that they fairly present the consolidated equity, financial position and financial performance of the Group, in accordance with IFRS-EU and other provisions of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain, and for such internal control as the aforementioned is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated annual accounts, the Parent company's directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the aforementioned directors either to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Parent company's audit committee is responsible for overseeing the process of preparation and presentation of the consolidated annual accounts.



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## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated annual accounts**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent company's directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Parent company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated annual accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated annual accounts. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the Parent company's audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Parent company's audit committee with a statement that we have complied with ethical requirements relating to independence and we communicate with the aforementioned those matters that may reasonably be considered to threaten our independence and, where applicable, the safeguards adopted to eliminate or reduce such threat.

From the matters communicated with the Parent company's audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated annual accounts of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

## **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

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### **European single electronic format**

We have examined the digital files of the European single electronic format (ESEF) of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. and its subsidiaries for the 2025 financial year that comprise an XHTML file which includes the consolidated annual accounts for the financial year and XBRL files with tagging performed by the entity, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The directors of Grupo Catalana Occidente, S.A. are responsible for presenting the annual financial report for the 2025 financial year in accordance with the formatting and markup requirements established in the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 of the European Commission (hereinafter the ESEF Regulation).

Our responsibility is to examine the digital files prepared by the Parent company's directors, in accordance with legislation governing the audit practice in Spain. This legislation requires that we plan and execute our audit procedures in order to verify whether the content of the consolidated annual accounts included in the aforementioned digital files completely agrees with that of the consolidated annual accounts that we have audited, and whether the format and markup of these accounts and of the aforementioned files has been effected, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described below, the digital files examined correspond in full to the audited consolidated annual accounts, and these are presented and have been marked, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

After the close of the 2025 financial year, the shares of the Parent Company were delisted from the Spanish regulated markets where they were listed as of December 31, 2025 (Note 5). Therefore, the directors of the Parent Company consider that, as of the date of preparation of the consolidated management report, the Parent Company is not required to prepare and publish the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report, even though such an obligation existed as of December 31. For this reason, these reports have not been included in the accompanying consolidated management report.

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## **Report to the audit committee of the Parent company**

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with the content of our additional report to the audit committee of the Parent company dated 26 February 2026.

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### **Appointment period**

The General Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on 30 April 2025 appointed us as auditors of the Group for a period of one year, for the year ended 31 December 2025.

Previously, we were appointed by resolution of the General Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for a period of three years and we have audited the accounts continuously since the year ended 31 December 2018.

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### **Services provided**

Services provided to the Group for services other than the audit of the accounts are disclosed in note 21.b to the consolidated annual accounts.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L. (S0242)

**PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L.**

Original in Spanish signed by  
Enrique Anaya Rico (23060)

26 February 2026





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